

岩石汽车工业集团

SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD REGISTRATION NO. 201201032237 (1016725-P)

THE SPECIALIST IN AUTOMOTIVE PARTS



ANNUAL REPORT 2022





To be the most successful & market leading automotive aftermarket parts provider.

MISSION

- To create value for our stakeholders through profitable growth and sustainability.
- To relentlessly focus on value, quality and comprehensive automotive aftermarket parts.
- To excel in customer service.
- To constantly seek and develop markets for our automotive aftermarket parts.
- To actively engaged in our employees development.
- To continuously improve and inspire innovation.
- To leverage on technology to be at the leading edge of the automotive aftermarket parts industry.
- To operate with passion and share our success.



10 th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD

VENUE

PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa, Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia

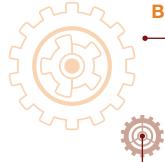




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CORPORATE INFORMATION



BOARD ØF DIRECTORS

Mr. Kek Kok Swee

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Ms. Tan Lay Beng

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Chai Yee Man

Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Ker Min Choo

Managing Director

Mr. Ker Mong Keng

Executive Director

Mr. Ker Keddy

Executive Director

Mr. Ker Hong

Alternate Director to Mr. Ker Min Choo (Appointed on 19 January 2022)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chairman

Ms. Tan Lay Beng

Member

Mr. Chai Yee Man Mr. Kek Kok Swee

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Chairman

Ms. Tan Lay Beng

<u>Member</u>

Mr. Chai Yee Man Mr. Kek Kok Swee

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Chairman

Mr. Chai Yee Man

<u>Member</u>

Mr. Kek Kok Swee Ms. Tan Lay Beng

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Santhi A/P Saminathan

(MAICSA 7069709)

Ms. Tai Yit Chan (MAICSA 7009143)

(Appointed on 30 May 2022)

Ms. Leong Siew Foong (MAICSA 7007572) (Resigned on 30 May 2022)

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd

Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3 Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi 59200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Tel : (603) 2783 9299 Fax : (603) 2783 9222

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 9D, Level 9 Menara Ansar 65, Jalan Trus 80000 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia

Tel : (607) 224 1035 Fax : (607) 221 0891

HEAD OFFICE

PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang 81700 Pasir Gudang

Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia

Tel : (607) 288 1313 Fax : (607) 251 4668

Website: www.solidautomotive.com
Email: ir@solidautomotive.com

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

OCBC Bank (Malaysia) Berhad Hong Leong Bank Berhad CIMB Bank Berhad

AUDITORS

CROWE MALAYSIA PLT

Johor Bahru Office 201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA & AF 1018) E-2-3, Pusat Komersial Bayu Tasek Persiaran Southkey 1, Kota Southkey 80150 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities")

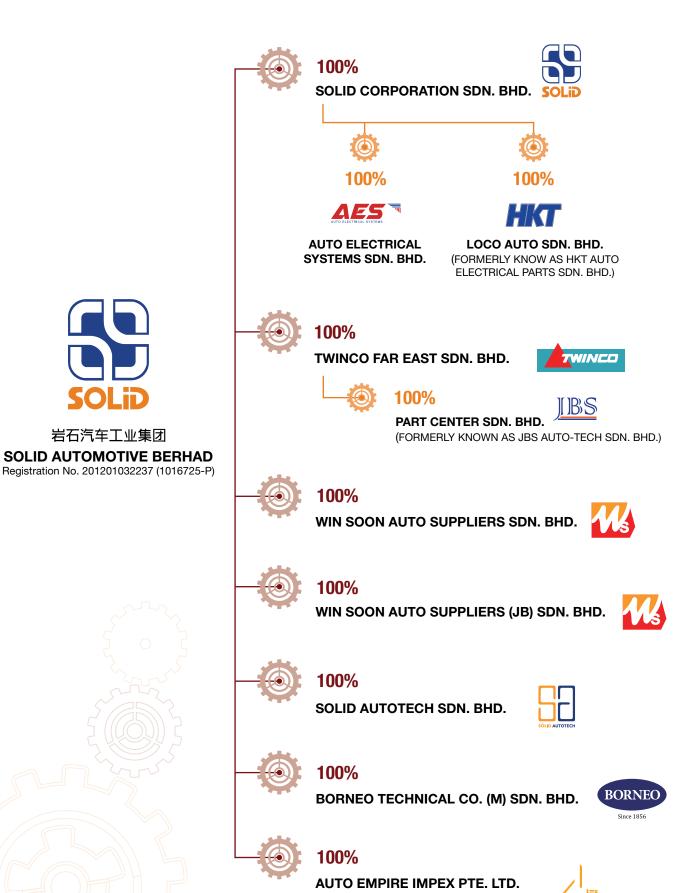
Sector : Consumer Products

and Services

Sub Sector : Automotive
Stock name : SOLID
Stock Code : 5242



CORPORATE STRUCTURE





岩石汽车工业集团

DIRECTORS' PROFILE

MR. KEK KOK SWEE

Independent Non-Executive, Chairman



04

Malaysian



He was appointed to the Board on 9 October 2012. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee.

He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce and Administration from Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand. He is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants.

He has vast experience and exposure in the field of accounting, finance and consulting in various countries, namely New Zealand, Singapore, China, Cambodia and Malaysia.

Mr. Kek Kok Swee does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

MR. KER MIN CHOO

Managing Director

Malaysian 60 AGE

Male

He was appointed to the Board on 9 October 2012 and is one of the founding members of our Group.

He has extensive experience and in-depth knowledge of the automotive electrical parts trade in Malaysia as well as overseas. He has been actively involved in the automotive aftermarket for electrical parts and components in Malaysia for over 30 years.

Mr. Ker Min Choo does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company except for Mr. Ker Mong Keng (a director of the Company) and Mr. Ker Boon Kee (a substantial shareholder) who are his siblings, Mr. Ker Keddy (a director of the Company) who is his nephew, Mr. Ker Hong who is his son, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

MR. KER MONG KENG

Executive Director



Malaysian

67 Male የለ

He was appointed to the Board on 9 October 2012 and is one of the founding members of our Group.

He has extensive exposure in the local automotive aftermarket for parts and components used in commercial and heavy-duty vehicles.

Mr. Ker Mong Keng does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company except for Mr. Ker Min Choo (a director of the Company) and Mr. Ker Boon Kee (a substantial shareholder) who are his siblings, Mr. Ker Keddy (a director of the Company) and Mr. Ker Hong (a alternative director of Mr. Ker Min Choo) who are his nephews, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended all the 5 (five) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)

MR. KER KEDDY

Executive Director

Malaysian

AGE 41

Male

He was appointed to the Board on 1 May 2021.

He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Management from University of Kinki, Japan.

Mr. Ker Keddy has 13 years of experience on commercial and truck spare parts industry.

Mr. Ker Keddy does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company except for Mr. Ker Min Choo (a director of the Company) and Mr. Ker Mong Keng (a director of the Company) who are his uncles, Mr. Ker Boon Kee (a substantial shareholder) who is his father, Mr. Ker Hong (a alternative director of Mr. Ker Min Choo) who is his cousin, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended all the 5 (five) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

MR. KER HONG

Alternative Director of Mr. Ker Min Choo

Malaysian

AGE 35

% Male

He was appointed to the Board on 17 January 2022.

He holds a Bachelor's Degree in Electrical and Electronics Engineering from University of Adelaide, Australia and a Master of Business Administration specializing in Strategic Management from University of Technology Malaysia (UTM), Malaysia.

Mr. Ker Hong joined Solid Corporation Sdn Bhd on March 2012 as a Purchasing Manager and has been appointed as the Quality Management Representative (QMR) to set up and maintaining ISO 9001 system. He joined Borneo Technical Co. (M) Sdn Bhd, Malaysia in January 2019 and currently he is the Chief Operating Officer of the Company.

Mr. Ker Hong does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company except for Mr. Ker Min Choo (a director of the Company) who is his father, Mr. Ker Mong Keng (a director of the Company) and Mr. Ker Boon Kee (a substantial shareholder) who are his uncles, Mr. Ker Keddy (a director of the Company) who is his cousin, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended 1 of 1 (one) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022

DIRECTORS' PROFILE (CONT'D)

MS. TAN LAY BENG

Independent Non-Executive Director



Malaysian





She was appointed to the Board on 18 August 2014. She is the Chairman of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nominating Committee.

She is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants of United Kingdom, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Fellow of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia.

She has wide experience in accounting, audit and tax having worked with a mid-size and an international accounting firm before starting her own consulting practice in 1999.

Ms. Tan Lay Beng does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does she have any conflict of interest with the Group. She has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

She attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

MR. CHAI YEE MAN

Independent Non-Executive Director



Malaysian



44 Male He was appointed to the Board on 26 February 2020. He is the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee.

He is a graduate from University of London, England and held the Certificate in Legal Practice of Legal Profession Qualifying Board, Malaysia.

He started his career as a pupillage in Messrs K.H. Teoh & Associates in year 2003 and with Messrs T.G. Koh, Chai & Song as partner from 2005 to 2008. He joined Mahkota Medical Centre Sdn Bhd as a Legal & Secretarial Manager from 2008 to 2010 and subsequently with Danga Bay Sdn Bhd and Iskandar Waterfront Holdings Sdn Bhd group of companies as their legal adviser from 2010 to 2014. In 2015, he joined Messrs Choo & K.C. Kok as a partner and was subsequently appointed the Senior Partner.

Mr. Chai Yee Man has vast experience in contentious civil litigation, corporate and conveyancing matters and including litigation areas such as insurance claims, medical services, property development, construction, retail, food & beverage, plantation as well as strata management & maintenance and gated & guarded community matters.

Mr. Chai Yee Man does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the past five (5) years.

He attended all the five (5) Board meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

PROFILE OF **KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

MR. LIEW CHEONG SENG

Chief Operating Officer - Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd.

Malaysian

AGE 44

Male

Date Appointed as Key Senior Management:

Year 2015

Qualification:

Bachelor of Economics (University of Malaya, Malaysia)

Working Experience:

• Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd. since 2002

Mr. Liew Cheong Seng does not hold any directorships in public companies or listed issuers.

He does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the last five (5) years.

MR. KER SHILOONG

Chief Operating Officer - Auto Empire Impex Pte. Ltd.

Malaysian

AGE 34

Male

Date Appointed as Key Senior Management:

Year 2014

Qualification:

BSc. Business (University of London) (London School of Economics & Political Science)

Working Experience:

• Auto Empire Impex Pte. Ltd. since 2011

Mr. Ker Shiloong does not hold any directorships in public companies or listed issuers. He is the son of Mr. Ker Mong Keng and nephew of Mr. Ker Min Choo and Mr. Ker Boon Kee (a substantial shareholder). He does not have any conflict of interest with the Group and has not been convicted of any offences within the last five (5) years.

MR. LOO CHEE HOW

Director - Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd. / Win Soon Auto Suppliers (JB) Sdn. Bhd.

Malaysian

AGE 54

Male

Date Appointed as Key Senior Management:

Year 2019

Qualification:

Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia (SPM)

Working Experience:

- Sales Representative in SM Mechanical (M) Sdn. Bhd. since 1990
- Sales Representative in APM MKT Sdn. Bhd. since 1992
- Director of Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd. / Win Soon Auto Suppliers (JB) Sdn. Bhd. since 2009

Mr. Loo Chee How does not hold any directorships in public companies or listed issuers.

He does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the last five (5) years.

MR. MAH KOK MING

Director - Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd. / Win Soon Auto Suppliers (JB) Sdn. Bhd.

Malaysian

AGE 46

Male

Date Appointed as Key Senior Management:

Year 2019

Qualification:

Sijil Pelajaran Malaysia (SPM)

Working Experience:

- Sales Representative in Gee Heng Trading since 1995
- Sales Representative in Poal & Yik Auto Parts (M) Sdn. Bhd. since 1996
- Sales Representative in German Auto Electric Sdn. Bhd. since 1997
- Sales Representative in APM Auto Parts Marketing Sdn. Bhd. since 2000
- Director of Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd. / Win Soon Auto Suppliers (JB) Sdn. Bhd. since 2008

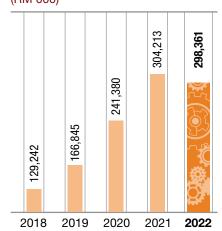
Mr. Mah Kok Ming does not hold any directorships in public companies or listed issuers.

He does not have any family relationship with any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company, nor does he have any conflict of interest with the Group. He has not been convicted of any offences within the last five (5) years.

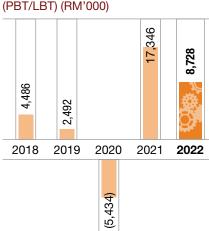
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	Financial Year Ended 30 April					
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Revenue	RM'000	129,242	166,845	241,380	304,213	298,361
Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation & Amortisation (EBITDA)	RM'000	7,691	7,193	2,753	24,278	15,167
Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation (PBT/LBT)	RM'000	4,486	2,492	(5,434)	17,346	8,728
Profit/(Loss) After Taxation (PAT/LAT)	RM'000	2,672	1,601	(6,640)	15,444	6,646
Profit/(Loss) Attributable to Owners						
of the Company	RM'000	2,661	1,415	(7,063)	15,481	6,661
Shareholders' Equity	RM'000	140,202	141,565	140,395	181,847	187,164
Total Assets	RM'000	167,336	234,818	235,536	250,889	288,221
Net Assets Per Share	RM	0.36	0.36	0.35	0.35	0.36
Basic Earnings/(Loss) Per Share	sen	0.68	0.36	(1.80)	3.42	1.28
Dividend Per Share	sen	0.20	-	-	0.30	-

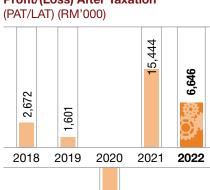
Revenue (RM'000)



Profit/(Loss) Before Taxation (PBT/LBT) (RM'000)

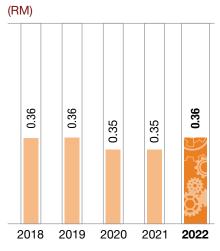


Profit/(Loss) After Taxation

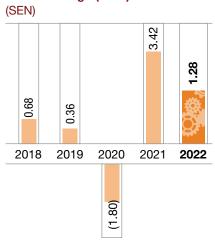


(6,640)

Net Assets Per Share



Basic Earnings/(Loss) Per Share



STATEMENT ON MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



OVERVIEW

Solid Automotive Berhad ("The Group") was incorporated on 12 September 2012 and is principally an investment holding company. The business activities of the Group consist of mainly trading and distribution of automotive spare parts and components in the following segments:

- a) Automotive Electrical parts and components ("AE") for passenger and commercial vehicles; and
- b) Automotive Engine and Mechanical parts and components ("AEM") for commercial vehicles.

As at end of financial year under review, the Group has 30 locations/branches/outlets throughout Malaysia and 1 subsidiary in Singapore.



REVIEW OF OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Financial Year ("FY") 2022 was a challenging year, impacted by intermittence closure of businesses in Malaysia due to the Movement Control Order ("MCO") and National Recovery Plan ("NRP") imposed by the government in Q1 & Q2 FY 2022, flash flood in Q3 FY 2022 and Russia-Ukraine war in Q4 FY 2022.

Despite the challenges, with agile management team, the Group managed to maintain its revenue. AE segment remains as main contributor of revenue, which accounted for approximately 89.1% of total revenue, while AEM segment accounted for approximately 10.8% of total revenue.

Profit was lower mainly due to absence of extraordinary items, such as gain from asset disposal and subsidy from government, and increased employee benefits to retain talents. Overall, the Group achieved reasonable profit margin.

FINANCIAL RESULTS AND CONDITIONS

Revenue

The Group's revenue for FY 2022 decreased to RM298.361 million, a decrease of 1.9% as compared to RM304.213 million in FY 2021.

Decrease in revenue was predominantly from international sales. The contribution decreased from RM54.675 million in FY 2021 to RM40.854 million in FY 2022, a decrease of RM13.821 million or 25.3%, mainly due to impromptu surge in demand in FY 2021 and changes in market conditions. Variable countermeasures are in place.

On the other hand, domestic sales increased to RM257.507 million in FY 2022, an increase of RM7.969 million or 3.2% as compared RM249.538 million in FY 2021, primarily contributed by new products and customer groups.

Profit/(Loss) Before Tax

Profit before tax of the Group for FY 2022 was RM8.728 million, a decrease of RM8.618 million as compared to profit before tax of RM17.347 million in FY 2021, mainly due to absence of extraordinary items, performance incentive, warranty and expected credit losses.

Financial Position

Inventories of the Group increased by RM16.942 million to RM84.139 million as at end of FY 2022. Inventory turnover days increased to 133 days as compared to 105 days as at end of FY 2021. This led to higher trade payables. The Group expects better sales in Q1 FY 2023.

Higher sales in Q4 FY 2022 led to higher trade receivables as at end of FY 2022.

As at end of FY 2022, cash and cash equivalents of the Group increased by RM6.588 million to RM39.319 million largely because of yet to be utilized term loan.

Borrowings from financial institutions of the Group increased by RM25.922 million, from RM22.265 million to RM48.187 million, as at end of FY 2022 mainly due RM20 million Danajamin 4-year term loan and increased trade financing for working capital purposes. The Group's debt-to-equity ratio stood at 0.083 times as at end of FY 2022 compared to -0.071 times as at end of FY 2021.

The Group continues to exercise prudence in its financial management as part of its strategic objectives in building and maintaining a strong financial position.

Capital Structure

During FY 2022, there were no changes to the capital. No share options under the ESOS were granted by the Company.

STATEMENT ON MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

ANTICIPATED OR KNOWN RISKS

1) Competition Risks

The automotive aftermarket for parts and components in Malaysia (which includes the automotive aftermarket for electrical and non-electrical parts and components) is large, growing and provides market opportunities to a large and wide range of participants. The Group faces competition from existing players as well as new entrants to the industry with low entry barrier that may offer similar products of varying quality and price range. High product availability, wide range of reliable and quality products offering excellent value to our customers and stronger brand image are key factors to our continued profitability and growth.

With the above key factors, the Group has implemented strategic sales and marketing initiatives as well as enhanced our supply chain management to create a sustainable competitive advantage in the automotive aftermarket.

2) Technological risks

Existing automotive parts and components are constantly being improved or innovated from the advancement in automotive technologies while new materials are also being explored for their potential usages in the manufacture of automotive parts and components that can offer cost savings and better performance.

As such, the automotive aftermarket parts and components industry that our Group participates in, requires us to keep abreast with the latest models of automotive parts and components introduced to the market. This is important to our efforts in staying competitive by enabling us to expand our products range, increase our market share and penetrate into new markets.

Our Group strives to keep abreast with the latest development in the industry. We actively participate in various international trade fairs and exhibitions to get the necessary industry exposures and seek feedback from our customers in respect of their new product requirements.

3) Foreign Exchange Risks

We are exposed to the foreign currency risks as a significant portion of our purchases are transacted in foreign currencies, namely the United States Dollar ("USD"), Euro ("EUR") and Japanese Yen ("JPY").

To mitigate this risk, we maintain foreign currency accounts for the purposes of holding foreign currencies for future payments on purchases to be transacted in foreign currencies and/or for future receipts from export sales. We use the foreign currency denominated proceeds from our export sales to pay our imports whenever possible. We constantly monitor our foreign exchange exposures and will continue to evaluate the requirement for hedging our foreign currency exposures taking into account the foreign currency, transaction cost and period amongst other factors.

However, there can be no assurance that any future fluctuations in the foreign exchange will not adversely impact our Group's operating and financial performance.

4) Political, Economic and Regulatory Risks

Given that the Group purchases and sells our products in both local and oversea markets, any adverse development in the political, economic and regulatory environment in the countries involved may adversely affect the financial and operational conditions as well as the overall profitability of the Group.

Political, economic and regulatory uncertainties include but are not limited to changes in general economic and business conditions, government legislations and policies affecting our industry, inflation, fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and interest rates, political and social development, risks of war, expropriation, nationalisation, renegotiation or nullification of existing contracts, methods of taxation and currency exchange controls.

Recent China lockdowns and Russia-Ukraine war lead to uncertainties in supply chain on a global scale. Volatilities in, inclusive but not limited to, material prices, materials supplies and currencies are keeping us on our toes.

The Group will continue to adopt a prudent management and precautionary measures but there can be no assurance that these measures are sufficient to address any future changes in the political, economic and regulatory environment in the countries involved.

STATEMENT ON MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONT'D)

ANTICIPATED OR KNOWN RISKS (Cont'd)

Dependence on Key Management Personnel

The Group's continued success depends, to a significant extent, upon the capabilities, skill, knowledge and continued efforts of its key management personnel to lead the Group to achieve its business and corporate objectives. The loss of key management personnel may adversely affect the Group performance.

The Group recognises the importance of attracting and retaining key management personnel and have in place competitive compensation packages and reward schemes. Further, the Group has a formal Succession Policy in place to ensure that a systematic succession planning process in place to identify, recruit and groom candidates for our management team to meet the Group's plans for the future.

Nevertheless, there can be no assurance that the above measures will always be successful in retaining key management or ensuring smooth succession should changes occur.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENT

From the current market and economic outlook, the Group is anticipating a challenging economic environment in both Malaysian and overseas market. Uncertainties from above mentioned pandemic, unstable global political and economic environment have risen over the past few years with events that are creating a spill over effect to the Group. Nevertheless, despite the uncertain economic conditions, there are still available opportunities and markets that the Group can act on. Hence, the following measures are being currently taken to improve on overall profitability and market presence.

Domestic market

The Group will apply its sales and marketing strategies to boost its market presence and promote its established inhouse brands and leverage on their reputations to achieve improved market penetration.

International market

The Group continuously monitors developments in our key overseas markets on the political, economic and regulatory front. We actively promote our products and brand names with a focus on ASEAN region. Additionally, we will aggressively participate in international automotive exhibitions.

Others

The Group continuously and actively seeks to expand its product range to provide its customers with the widest range of automotive aftermarket parts and increases efforts to enhance its supply chain management, productivity and cost management.

Developing new product groups which are suitable for both Internal Combustion Engines and Electric Vehicles is one of our main strategies.

DIVIDEND POLICY

On 29 October 2021, the Company paid a final dividend of RM0.0030 per ordinary share amounting to RM1.558 million in respect of FY 2021.

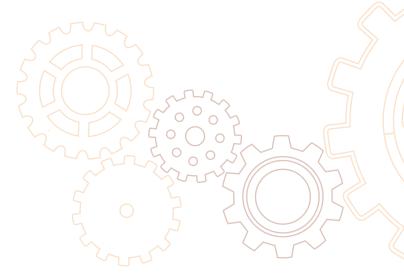
The Board do not recommend the payment of any dividend for FY 2022.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to convey our appreciation to our shareholders as well as other stakeholders for their continuous trust and support. I would like to thank the Board of Directors, the management and employees of Solid Group for their continuous commitment and dedication without which we would not be where we are today.

MR. KER MIN CHOO

MANAGING DIRECTOR



SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

INTRODUCTION



At Solid Automotive Berhad, we recognise that prioritising sustainability is vital in driving business continuity and equitable growth as well as in creating shared value for our stakeholders. We strive to address our economic, environmental and social ("EES") responsibilities by embedding effective sustainable practices into our day-to-day operations and business policies.

This Sustainability Statement ("Statement") serves to communicate our EES practices and performance to our stakeholders.

ABOUT THIS STATEMENT

This Statement is prepared in accordance with the Main Market Listing Requirements and with reference to the Sustainability Reporting Guide (2nd Edition) ("the Guide") issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia").

All references to "the Company" in this Statement are to Solid Automotive Berhad, references to "the Group" are to the Company and its subsidiaries, and references to "the Board" are to the Board of Directors.

As at the date of this Statement, information disclosed in this Statement involves the informal Sustainability Framework adopted by the Group during financial year ended 30 April 2022 and status of discussed formal sustainability management process for the Group's operations. The Board has yet to undertake a formal material sustainability assessment of sustainability matters for the Group and is committed to perform such assessment by stages and report the outcome in accordance with MMLR and the Guide in near future

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE AND PROCESS

The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the integration of sustainable economic, environment and social practices throughout the Group to ensure business strategies of the Group take into consideration sustainability policies and to ensure sustainability performance is monitored for its achievement from time to time. The governance structure in relation to the Group's sustainability management is guided by the Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia with necessary adaption based on the nature and scale of the businesses of the Group.

The Group's commitment towards sustainable business practices is imputed throughout all levels of its organisation. At the leadership level, the Board, Executive Directors and management recognise the importance of ensuring that good sustainable economic, environment and social practices are clearly understood and implemented by all level of organisation.

To ensure such commitment, good sustainable economic, environment and social practices are embedded throughout the Group, and the Board has put in place a formal structure to ensure accountability, oversight and review in the identification, management and reporting of sustainability matters and performance. Such formal structures are important to ensure that sustainable initiatives at all level of the organisation and business units are aligned with the Board's sustainability and business strategy are properly implemented and progress reported to management and the Board at predetermined intervals. The duties for identification, management and reporting of sustainability matters and performance are delegated to Risk Management Committee ("RMC").

The Board has yet to formalise the sustainability principles, policies and processes. However, formal governance structures, based on the existing geographical scope, scale and nature of the business the Group is pursuing, for the identification, management and reporting of sustainability matters and performance of the Group has been established by the Board in the following manner:



The governance structure defines clearly on the roles and responsibilities expected of the Board, Audit Committee, Risk Management Committee, head of departments/divisions and internal audit function. In a nutshell, the Board assumes the ultimate responsibility for sustainability management and performance within the Group, while the Audit Committee is tasked with the duties to oversee the sustainability management and performance of the Group for reporting to the Board.

The Board envisages that in near future, the RMC will implement discussed formal sustainability management process, framework and strategies to be approved by the Board, to lead and implement the process of sustainability management and to monitor and devise appropriate action plans, to conduct periodic review of all sustainability matters of the Group (at least on an annual basis) and report the review results and recommendations to the Audit Committee, to implement the material sustainability matters' indicator and the targeting and monitoring thereof and the preparation of sustainability disclosures and ensure that relevant sustainability trainings are provided.

As for head of departments/divisions, their primary responsibilities are to manage sustainability matters of the business processes under his/her control and to assist the RMC with sustainability process including identification, assessment, management and monitoring of all sustainability matters.

SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT ACTIVITY

As at the date of this Statement, the Board has in place an informal Sustainability Framework. To ensure appropriate implementation, the Group is taking a soft-landing approach, including but not limited to structuring, developing and managing its human capital. Hence, discussed formal sustainability management process has yet to be implemented, the Group targets to finalise it in near future. The Board has yet to undertake a formal material sustainability assessment to determine material sustainability matters that are of importance to the Group's internal and external stakeholders. The Board is committed to perform formal material sustainability assessment upon the formalisation of sustainability assessment process and to report the sustainability assessment activities undertaken, the performance indicator(s) and target(s) used to measure progress, the actual performance with comparison to preceding financial year(s) and target(s), effectiveness or efficiency of the policies, measures or actions taken to manage associated sustainability risks in near future.

During the financial year under review and up to the date of this Statement, the Board relied on the informal assessment system at strategic and operation level and existing formal risk management process for the identification of the sustainability matters that requires the attention of the Board and responses to mitigate the sustainability risk factors. Based on the informal assessment at strategic and operation level and formal risk management process carried out during the financial year under review, the Group had identified several sustainability matters that may have a direct or indirect impact on the Group's ability to create, preserve or enhance economic, environment and social values and responses had been formulated by the Management to address potential sustainability risk(s) identified by incorporating adequate and effective control activities in that respect. Based on the above processes, the sustainability matters were identified through informal stakeholder engagement activities, operational and management reporting systems and key risk profile of the Group.

STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT

The Board recognises and admits that the contribution and support of the internal and external stakeholders are utmost important for the realisation the Group's missions and the Group's long-term business sustainability and excellence. By engaging with all stakeholders, the Board can identify risks and opportunities in the way the businesses of the Group are carried out. During such engagement, the Group can validate the sustainable matters identified by the Management of the Group. The Group's stakeholder engagement process is guided by the Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia with necessary adaption based on the nature and scale of the businesses of the Group.

During the financial year under review and up to the date of this Statement, the stakeholder engagement was largely led by the respective head of departments/divisions of the business unit whose operations were most impacted or depended by such stakeholder group. The Group engaged with the internal and external stakeholders in both formal (for example, formal performance appraisal) and informal manners (for example, meetings with stakeholders, and informal feedback from stakeholders). Based on the business model employed by the Group and the informal and formal engagement deployed, the Management had identified the investors, Board of Directors and employees as its internal stakeholder groups while its external stakeholder groups are suppliers, customers, media, financial institutions, industry peers, government and local authorities, local community and trade associations.

Stakeholders Group	Engagement Objective(s)	Preferred Engagement Method(s)
Investor	To demonstrate financial sustainability To build up shareholder and investor confidence level	 Annual report Annual general meeting Shareholder communication Press releases and public announcements
Board of Directors	To ensure the going concern and substantiality of the Group	Board meetings Electronic mail system
Employees	To retain competent employees To ensure a safe working environment for employees	Management, operational and committee meetings Annual performance appraisal Briefing and training Memorandums Employee dialogues Electronic mail system
Suppliers	 To ensure a sustainable supply of quality services and materials To supply high quality products to the market To ensure product quality and safety 	Meetings Factory visits
Customers	To improve our distribution platform	Marketing plans Product promotions Events and training Feedback and surveys

STAKEHOLDERS' ENGAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Stakeholders Group	Engagement Objective(s)	Preferred Engagement Method(s)
Media	 To minimise negative reporting and protect the Group image To ensure reporting accuracy 	Press releasesCompany website and social mediaMeetings
Financial institutions	To finance the Group	Annual reportPress releases and public announcementsMeetings
Industry peers	To maintaining the business value, price advantage and market share	Regular updatesMarketing resurvey
Government and local authorities	To ensure full compliance with the relevant laws and regulations	 Official Submissions Official Letters Public dialogue involving government officials Public announcements Meetings Electronic mail system
Local community	To improve the overall well-being of the community	 Social activities organised by the Group's CSR Committee Press releases.
Trade associations	To maintain fair competition To communicate and provide feedback the trade associations	Trade member meetings Electronic mail system

The Board will continually seek to improve stakeholder engagement.

MAJOR ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN DURING FINANCIAL YEAR

A. Economic .

The Board recognises the importance in supporting the growth of local economy where the Group is operating in, and one of the ways is to encourage the development of local talents. It is the practice of the group to provides employment opportunity and priority to the locals, and to attract such local talents. Competitive remuneration package, trainings and career development are in place to attract and develop locals to work in the Group and for their career development. As at 30 April 2022, the Group and its network of over 30 locations/branches/outlets located throughout Malaysia and 1 subsidiary in Singapore employed 484 local employees.

In line of the Group's mission, the Group continues to support the development of the local industries that the Group is operating in by supporting and sponsoring the activities organised by relevant local trade associations.

B. Environment

The Group is committed to comply with the relevant environmental laws and regulatory requirements of relevant authorities where the Group is operating, i.e. Environmental Quality Act 1974 and its regulations. The Group's business being trading in nature does not generate any harmful scheduled waste. As for non-scheduled waste generated, it is scrapped or collected by selected waste collectors to be recycled or disposed at landfills.

The Group has consistently strived to improve its waste management and energy conservation through the practice of 3R's (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle), the Group's initiatives pertaining to the practice of 3R's during the financial year ended 30 April 2022 are as follow:

- Recycle / Reuse program, the use of bin system for segregation of waste papers, stationery and envelopes for re-use or scrap at designated locations
- Encourages employees to go paperless whenever possible
- Use of sustainable materials and packaging
- Encourages employees to recycle through "Solid Go Green Campaign"
- Electricity and water conservation practice (such as the use of energy efficient lighting system, turn off unnecessary electrical appliances when not in use, turn off taps when not in use)

To ensure the awareness and effectiveness of the environmental preservation effort by the Group, new employees will be briefed during induction training on the company's effort in preserving the environment to instill environment friendly mindset in all employees.

During the financial year under review and up to the date of this Statement, there was no legal action taken against the Group nor any fine related to environmental aspects during the year.

MAJOR ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN DURING FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D)

C. Social



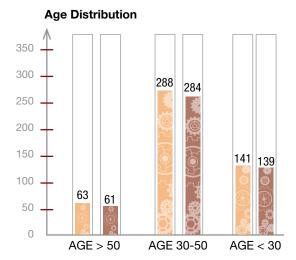
i. Our People and workforce

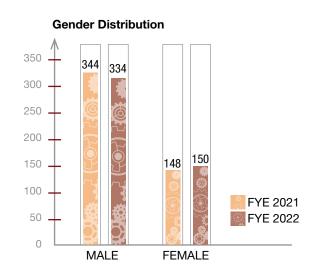
The Board recognises that employees are valuable resources and a key business success factor for the Group. The Group's long-term business success and sustainability lies in each employee and it is critical for the Board to treat them equally, provide them with a safe, healthy and sustainable working environment as well as to develop and foster the growth of the employees. Formal Employee Handbook are established by the management for the management of human resources in a transparent manner.

To ensure the Group remains competitive and continues to attract the right talents, the Group provides our people with competitive remuneration and benefits that commensurate with duties and responsibilities, on-going opportunities for training and development, transparent career scale system and formal succession policy for long-term career prospects. The Group encourages employees to undergo trainings to support their career development, improve their work knowledge, skills and abilities that are relevant to the current or future job function.

The Board is committed to build performance-based culture by allowing employees to demonstrate their capabilities, monitor their achievement and growth, and to continuously motivate the employees through the annual performance appraisals. Annual performance appraisals are performed not only for the performance-based remuneration, but also to have effective two-way communication with our people, whereby the past performance and expectations for the future by the Management are communicated while the commitment and concerns of our people are conveyed for future monitoring.

The Board is committed in providing equal opportunity for all employees regardless of ethnicity, religion, nationality, age, gender, marital status or any other characteristics. In addition, equal access and opportunities are provided to our employees in terms of recruitment, training and retention. This is evidenced by the diversity profile of our people in the Company.





In order to accord our people with their rights as an employee of the Company, it is the policy of the Group to comply with all applicable laws and regulations for human resource, at the minimum. It is also paramount for the Group to also comply with other relevant laws and regulations, such as Federal Constitution of Malaysia, Minimum Wages Order, Competition Act, Personal Data Protection Act, Minimum Retirement Age Act and Child Act.

Formal code of conduct, whistle blowing policy and grievance procedure is included in the employee handbook and communicated to the employees. This enables our employees to report any inappropriate ethical behaviours, conducts and workplace grievances through formal channel to the appropriate level of authority. The confidentiality of the identification of the whistle-blowers is strictly maintained, unless prohibited by law.

During the financial year under review and up to the date of this Statement, there was no major legal action taken against the Group.

MAJOR ECONOMIC, ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIAL ACTIVITIES UNDERTAKEN DURING FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D)

C. Social (Cont'd)

ii. Occupational Safety and Health

A safe and healthy workplace is not only the fundamental right of the employees but also relevant stakeholder groups, such as customers, suppliers and contractors. It is the priority of the Group to take responsibility to maintain a safe and healthy workplace by minimising the risk of accidents, injury and exposure to health hazards.

The safety and health management at workplace is managed by the Safety and Health Committee (made up of representatives from the management and the employees) in compliance with Occupational Safety and Health Act 1994 and Occupational Safety and Health (Safety and Health Committee) regulations 1996. The Committee is guided by a formal policy. The responsibilities include overseeing the due observance of safety and health rules and regulations established at workplace and to promote safe and healthy conducts and environment at workplace.

The safety and health policy formulated by the Safety and Health Committee is included in the Employee Handbook which is approved by the Managing Director. New employees are briefed on such policy and safety and health rules and regulations during induction training to ensure there is sufficient awareness on the importance of workplace safety.

Periodical safety and health inspections are performed by Safety and Health Committee of the Company to ensure that incidents of non-compliance of safety and health rules are identified promptly, and the corresponding corrective actions are implemented in a timely manner. Identification of anticipated hazards and assessment of corresponding risks to safety and health arising from existing or proposed work environment via risk identification, assessment and control are performed by the Safety and Health Committee with planned controls formulated to eliminate hazards or control risks at regular intervals.

Scheduled meetings of the Safety and Health Committee are held at predetermined interval in accordance with the rules and regulations to monitor the trends of accident and immediately investigate near-miss accident, dangerous occurrence, occupational poisoning or occupational disease which occurs at the workplace. Awareness programme for safety and health are established and implement to ensure that all relevant stakeholders are competent to uphold the safety and health during the execution of their duties and responsibilities.

Safety measures, safety notices and indicators are placed at strategic and hazard-prone locations to convey safety messages and potential safety hazard to the employees, customers, suppliers, contractors, and other visitors. Personal protective equipment will

be provided to relevant stakeholders with access to our warehouse, testing and packing area. Visitors are required to report to the security personnel for security clearance and visitor registration.

In addition, fire preventive equipment and systems are installed and inspected at regular interval to ensure its functionalities are not compromised over time and clear emergency escape route plans are placed at strategic locations. To ensure our readiness in the event of any unfortunate event, we have established emergency response teams and conduct drills and practice at predetermined intervals to ensure that such unlikely incident can be handled satisfactorily and promptly to minimise damage to the properties, people and surrounding communities.

During the financial year under review and up to the date of this Statement, there was no accident or nearmiss accident reported and there was no legal action taken against the Group nor any fine or monetary sanction imposed related to occupational safety and health aspects.

iii. Quality and Safety of Our Product

In line with the Group's Mission Statement to relentlessly focus on value, quality and comprehensive automotive markets parts while seeking to the deliver the best value products to our customers, it is paramount that our customer can safely and confidently rely on our products installed into their vehicles.

One of the Company's subsidiary, Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd. is ISO 9001:2015 certified, an international standard that specifies the requirements for a quality management system (QMS). The Group ensure the safety and the quality of the products through some of the following actions:

- Sourcing of quality products from reputable and reliable supplier via performance of Supplier Evaluation, product testing and performance of annual appraisal for active suppliers
- Where applicable, source for products that are safe for the environment with no health hazards (e.g. brake pads that are asbestos free)
- Inhouse reliability laboratory for quality control
- Product Traceability for some of our products through engraving/marking to enable the tracking of product batch and origin
- Obtain feedback from customers to monitor on customer satisfaction

iv. Others

Lastly, the Company is committed in giving back to communities. The Company will continue to invest in community programmes and other corporate social responsibility initiatives, with the intention to contribute towards the betterment of local communities.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Solid Automotive Berhad ("Solid Automotive" or "the Company") is fully committed to ensure that good corporate governance practices are adopted throughout the Company and its subsidiaries ("the Group"). The Board supports the Principles and Practices of good corporate governance practices (including the intended outcomes) as promulgated by the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2017 ("MCCG") to direct and manage the business and affairs of the Group towards promoting business and corporate governance with the ultimate objective of realising long-term shareholder value while taking into account the interest of other stakeholders.

The Board is pleased to set out the manner in which the Company has applied the Principles and Practices of good corporate governance practices (including the intended outcomes) as promulgated by the Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance 2021 ("MCCG") and the extent of compliance with the principles of MCCG and compliance with paragraph 15.25 and Practice Note 9 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

The Board acknowledges the importance of achieving best practice in its standard of business performance and corporate accountability and is committed to subscribe to the recommendations of the Code. The CG Report is available for download from the Company's website at www.solidautomotive.com.

The following disclosure statements provides an overview of the Company's application of the Principles set out in MCCG that has been in place throughout the financial year ended 30 April 2022, except as disclosed otherwise.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

Board Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall performance of the Group and focuses mainly on the strategic management, performance measurement and monitoring, enterprise risk management and internal controls, standards of conduct, corporate governance and sustainability, effective communication with shareholders and investors and key business issues and decisions. The Board comprises of a mix of directors who are entrepreneurs and highly knowledgeable in the Group's business industry and in areas including business management, finance and accountancy, and whose combined skills and knowledge enables the Board to function effectively in discharging its fiduciary and leadership functions

The Board is guided by the Board Charter approved by the Board and led by an Independent Non-Executive Chairman to ensure its effectiveness. Together with other Directors, the Chairman leads the Board in the discussion on the strategies and policies recommended by the Management. A summary of the responsibilities of the Chairman is disclosed in Practice 1.2 of CG Report.

The Board has established the Group's Board Charter and relevant board policies and the Managing Director, with the assistance of the Management, is responsible for the implementation of operating policies and procedures that are in line with the Group's Board Charter and relevant board policies.

The Board assumes amongst others, the following roles and responsibilities: -

- 1. Establish and review the strategic direction of the Group;
- 2. Oversee the conduct and performance management of the business of the Group;
- 3. Set the tone from the Top;
- 4. Identify principal risks faced by the Group and ensure the implementation of appropriate controls and systems to monitor and manage these risks;
- 5. Succession planning and performance appraisal of the Board and Senior Management;
- 6. Overseeing the development and implementation of a shareholders' communication policy;
- 7. Review the adequacy and the integrity of internal control systems and management information systems, including systems for ensuring compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines; and
- 8. Review corporate governance compliance.

The roles and responsibilities of the Board and the application of the MCCG's practice is disclosed in Practice 1.1 of the CG Report.

Aside from the core responsibilities listed above, significant matters required deliberation and approval from the Board are clearly defined by the Board in the Board Charter as Matters Reserved for the Board for consideration and approval during the Board's meeting.

The Board has delegated specific duties to the Board Committees which operate within a clearly defined Terms of Reference approved by the Board.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

To ensure that there is a balance of power and authority within the Board, the position of the Chairman and the Managing Director is separated and there is a clear division of responsibility between the Chairman who is an Independent Non-Executive Director and the Managing Director who is an Executive Director. The Independent Non-Executive Chairman is responsible for the governance, orderly conduct and effectiveness of the Board while the Managing Director is responsible for managing the Group's business operations and implementation of policies and strategies approved by the Board.

The Independent Non-Executive Directors play a crucial role in ensuring that the strategies proposed by the management are properly deliberated and reviewed, and to ensure that the interest of the shareholders, including minority shareholders are given due consideration in the decision-making process.

The Board has not nominated a Senior Independent Non-Executive Director whom the shareholders and other stakeholders can address directly or to chair the Nominating Committee as the Independent Non-Executive Chairman can be directly addressed by the shareholders and other stakeholders and possesses the required skills, knowledge and experience to lead the Nominating Committee in ensuring an effective and well-balanced board composition.

All board members shall notify the Chairman of the Board before accepting any new directorship outside the Company, including an indication of the time that will be spent on the new appointment. All Directors have confirmed that their directorship in listed companies do not exceed 5 (five) to meet the expectation on time commitment.

The Board is assisted by a qualified Company Secretary and the details of the Company Secretary are disclosed in Practice 1.5 of CG Report.

Board Charter

The Board is guided by a formal Board Charter approved by the Board. The Board Charter sets out the governance structure of the Board and the Management as well as composition, roles, functions, responsibilities and authorities of the Board and the Board Committees of the Company, including the roles and responsibilities of the Independent Non-Executive Chairman, Chairman of the Board and the Managing Director, specific responsibilities and matters reserved for the Board, Independent Non-Executive Directors and their tenure's requirement, Board proceedings and activities, financial reporting responsibilities, unrestricted rights to access to information and independent advice, Board's evaluation and performance, Board's remuneration, Directors' training and continuing education, investors' relations, corporate disclosure, code of conduct and sustainable management.

The Board regularly reviews the Board Charter as and when required. The latest Board Charter is available on the Company's website at www.solidautomotive.com/investor-relations.

Code of Conduct, Whistle-blowing Policy and Anti-Corruption Policy

The Board is fully committed to the highest standards of integrity, transparency and accountability in the conduct of the Group's business and operations to ensure business sustainability through their conduct, individually or collectively, by way of the Code of Conduct approved by the Board that is applied to every employee, customer and vendor worldwide. The Code of Conduct focuses on the key principles of respecting others, serving our customers with integrity, avoiding conflict of interest, preserving confidentiality and privacy, effective channel of communication and corporate citizenship.

For employees, the acceptable conduct expected from them is stated in the Terms and Conditions of Employment established by the Group and briefings are conducted with them during induction training.

The Board has established a formal Whistle-Blowing Policy to foster an environment where integrity and ethical behaviour are maintained and any illegal or improper action and/or wrongdoing in the Company may be exposed.

The formal Whistle-Blowing Policy provides a mechanism for employees and other interested parties to confidentially bring to the attention of the members of the Audit Committee any concerns related to matters covered by the Group Code of Conduct, legal issues and financial, accounting or audit matters. The policy is also designed in such a way that any improper conduct (misconduct or criminal offence) is reported to representative of the Audit Committee directly. The whistle-blower will be accorded with protection of confidentiality of identity and be protected against any adverse and detrimental actions for disclosing any improper conduct committed or about to be committed, to the extent reasonably practicable.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Code of Conduct, Whistle-blowing Policy and Anti-Corruption Policy

At the same time, the Board has in accordance with the requirements of Paragraph 15.29 of Listing Requirement of Bursa Securities adopted the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, to prevent corrupt practices, and to provide a measure of assurance and a defence against corporate liability for corruption under Section 17A of the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 and Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (Amendment) Act 2018.

The Code of Ethics and Conduct, Whistleblowing policy and Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy are published on the Company's website at the Investor Relations section at www.solidautomotive.com.

To further enhance the ethical value throughout the Group, a formal Fraud Policy (reviewed by the Audit Committee) had been put in place by the Board to manage the risk of fraud within the Group.

Please refer to Practice 3.1 of CG Report for details.

Board Meetings

The Board meets regularly to perform its main function on the development and implementation of strategic plans, formulation of policies, overseeing the conduct and operations of the businesses of the Group, succession planning and ensuring appropriateness of internal control and effectiveness of the risk management. The Board plans to meet at least four (4) times a year at quarterly intervals, with additional meetings convened when urgent and important decisions are required to be made between the scheduled meetings and the attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings are as follows:

Name of Members	Designations	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	Chairman, Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Mr. Chai Yee Man	Independent Non-Executive Director	5/5
Mr. Ker Min Choo (Alternative director: Mr. Ker Hong)	Managing Director	5/5
Mr. Ker Mong Keng	Executive Director	5/5
Mr. Ker Keddy	Executive Director	5/5

All meetings of the Board are duly recorded in the Board minutes by the Company Secretary who attended all the Board Meetings of the Company. The Company Secretary ensures that all Board meetings are properly convened and that accurate and proper records of the deliberations, proceedings and resolutions passed are recorded and maintained in the statutory register at the registered office of the Company.

Supply of Information

The Board members in their individual capacity have unrestricted access to complete information on a timely basis in the form and quality necessary for the discharge of their duties and responsibilities. Prior to each Board meeting, all Board members are furnished with the board paper normally no later than seven (7) days before the meeting to enable them to have sufficient time in obtaining a comprehensive understanding of the issues to be deliberate.

Besides direct access to Senior Management, external independent professional advisers are also available to render their independent views and advice to the Board, whenever deemed necessary and in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

The Directors also have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary who is responsible for ensuring that the Board's procedures are adhered to.

Please refer to Practice 1.6 of CG Report for details of the Board's proceedings on meeting materials and supply of information.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Composition of the Board

The Board currently has six (6) members comprising one (1) Independent Non-Executive Chairman, three (3) Executive Directors (including the Managing Director) and two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors. The profile of each Director is presented on pages 4 to 6 of this Annual Report. The composition of Independent Non-Executive Directors of at least 2 directors or one third (1/3) of the Board are independent, whichever is the higher is in compliance with the minimum prescribed in the MMLR to ensure that there is sufficient independent element in the Board to provide the necessary check and balance within the Board.

It is the responsibility of the Board to ensure that all members of the Board possess the necessary leadership experience, skill and diverse background, integrity and professionalism to discharge their duties and responsibilities diligently and effectively and are subjected to performance appraisals annually.

While the above composition departs from Practice 5.2 of MCCG (which requires at least half of the Board comprises of independent non-executive directors), the Board is of the opinion that, through formal performance appraisals conducted on the Board, the Board Committees and the independence and objectivity of the Independent Non-Executive Directors, the Independent Non-Executive Directors are able to bring the required independent and objectivity elements to the Board and possess the requisite range of skills, knowledge and experiences in relevant fields required to discharge their duties and responsibilities as independent non-executive directors. The Board is also of the opinion that the Independent Non-Executive Directors had demonstrated their independence and objectivity during the Board's and Board committees' proceedings and adequate independence and objectivity within the Board have been maintained. The Board will continue to monitor and review the adequacy and effectiveness of the independent and objectivity element within the Board from time to time to ensure its adequacy and effectiveness.

The position of the Chairman of the Board, an Independent Non-Executive Director who is responsible for the governance and orderly conduct and effectiveness of the Board and position of the Managing Director are separated to further enhance the independent element within the Board.

Please refer to Practice 5.2 of CG Report for further details.

Board Diversity

In promoting diversity and to mitigate the risk of population ageing and new generation of workforce, the Board is promoting the right mix of gender, ethnic and age group at all level of the Group and the composition of the Board to mitigate such risks. Currently, the Board does not have a formal gender diversity policy. Whilst the Board supports gender diversity, the Board firmly believes in recruiting and retaining the right talent for every position, regardless of gender, and taking into account the requisite knowledge, skill set, and experience required. The Board comprises of six (6) members, one of whom is a female director.

As at the date of this annual report, none of the Directors holds directorships in more than five (5) public listed companies as required under paragraph 15.06 of MMLR.

Please refer to Practice 5.6 of the CG Report for the detailed disclosure on the Boardroom Diversity and Practice 5.10 of the CG Report for the detailed disclosure on the gender diversity.

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Independence of the candidates to act as Independent Non-Executive Director is assessed by the Nominating Committee prior to their appointment based on formal nomination and selection process and the results of the review are reported to the Board for consideration and decision.

On an annual basis, all Independent Non-Executive Directors are subjected to independence and objectivity assessment based on prescribed criteria via Independent Directors' Self-Assessment Form in line with the Corporate Governance Guide issued by Bursa Securities on their independence and objectivity, for the Nominating Committee's review and recommendation to the Board to form an opinion on the independence and objectivity of the Independent Non-Executive Directors. Based on the above assessment performed for the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Board is satisfied with the level of independence demonstrated by all the Independent Non-Executive Directors, and their ability to bring independent and objective judgement for board deliberations.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Independent Non-Executive Directors (Cont'd)

The tenure of an Independent Non-Executive Director, as stated in the Board Charter, shall not exceed a cumulative term of 9 years. If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should provide justification and seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

As at the date of this Annual Report, there is one (1) director who has served for more than nine (9) years.

Please refer to Practice 5.3 of CG Report for further details.

Appointment to the Board and Re-election of Directors

It is the policy of the Board that highly qualified candidates with sufficient and relevant knowledge, skills and competency are sought to serve as members of the Board to effectively discharge its responsibilities and duties and contribute to the governance of the Group while at the same time diversity is being upheld within the Board should such a potential candidate be available.

All Board members who are newly appointed are subject to retirement at the subsequent Annual General Meeting of the Company. All Directors (including the Managing Director) will retire at regular intervals by rotation at least once every three years and shall be eligible for re-election.

During the financial year under review, there was one (1) new appointment.

The Board intends to put in place a formal policy to diversify its dependency on existing board members, management or major shareholders for the nomination of new director by seeking recommendations by other professionals and open search. While it is the intention of the Nominating Committee and the Board to have independent sources for the identification of candidates for appointment of directors, the existing Non-Executive members of the Board of the Company were recommended by the Board member(s) and existing shareholder(s) of the Company.

Please refer to Practice 5.5 and 5.6 of CG Report for the details on the nomination and election process of the directors.

Performance Assessment and Evaluation of Board and Senior Management

On an annual basis, the Company Secretary circulates to each director with the relevant assessment and review forms/ questionnaires with sufficient time for all directors to complete in advance of the meeting of the Nominating Committee and the Board in order for the Company Secretary to collate the evaluations results for the Nominating Committee to review and report to the Board.

The following evaluations were performed for the financial year under review: -

- 1. The Board Performance Evaluation via Board and Board Committee Evaluation Form;
- 2. Individual directors' self-evaluation via Directors'/Key Officers' Evaluation Form on the fit and proper, contribution and performance and calibre and personality of individual directors;
- 3. Self and peer review of the performance, knowledge, competency and skills of fellow directors by individual directors via Board Skill Matrix Form;
- 4. Performance evaluation of board committees, i.e. the Audit Committee, Nominating Committee, Remuneration Committee and Option Committee via Board and Board Committee Evaluation Form;
- 5. Self and peer evaluation by members of Audit Committee via Audit Committee Member's Self and Peer Evaluation Form and Audit Committee Evaluation; and
- 6. Independence and objectivity assessment of individual Independent Non-Executive Directors based on results of self-assessment conducted.

With the above evaluations, the Board, through the Nominating Committee, reviewed and assessed its required mix of skills and experience and other qualities, including core competencies which directors should bring to the Board, and the size and composition of the Board to ensure that it has the appropriate mix of skills and competencies to lead the Group effectively.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Performance Assessment and Evaluation of Board and Senior Management (Cont'd)

Based on the above evaluations conducted for financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Board, through reports by the Nominating Committee, was satisfied with the composition, performance and effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and directors.

Please refer to Practice 6.1 of CG Report for the details on the performance evaluation of the Board, Board Committee (including the Audit Committee), the contribution of each individual Director, and independence assessment of Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Director's and Key Senior Management's Remuneration

The Board assumes the overall responsibility to establish and implement effective remuneration review practice for the members of the Board in order to attract, retain and motivate directors positively in pursue of the medium to long term objectives of the Group and are reflective of their experience and level of responsibilities. The Board had put in place a formal Board Remuneration Policy as guidance for the Remuneration Committee in its review and consideration of proposed remuneration package of the members of the Board. Major components of the remuneration package for executive directors and non-executive directors are identified for review based on criteria established in the formal policy.

The Remuneration Committee is responsible for reviewing and recommending to the Board the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. None of the Directors participated in any way in determining their individual remuneration. The Board as a whole determines the remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors. Individual directors are abstained from deliberation and approval of his own remuneration.

Directors' and Key Senior Management's Remuneration

The total remuneration of the Directors for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 are set out below in Ringgit Malaysia (RM):-

		Salaries,		
		Bonuses and	Defined	
Director	Fees	Other Benefits	Contribution Plan	Total
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	52,000	-	•	52,000
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	40,000	-	-	40,000
Mr. Chai Yee Man	40,000	-	-	40,000
Mr. Ker Min Choo	45,000	504,120	62,465	611,585
Mr. Ker Mong Keng	45,000	478,493	19,112	542,605
Mr. Ker Keddy	45,000	411,390	46,856	503,246

Remuneration of Key Senior Management

For the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the aggregate total remuneration (in the band of RM50,000) of the top five (5) Key Senior Management personnel, who are not Directors of the Company, which comprises the Chief Operating Officers and Deputy Chief Operating Officers are as follows:

Remuneration bands per annum	Number of Key Management
RM250,000 to RM300,000	1
RM300,001 to RM350,000	1
RM350,001 to RM400,000	1
RM400,001 to RM450,000	1
RM450,001 to RM500,000	1

The MCCG has recommended that the Company should disclose on a named basis, the detailed remuneration of the top five (5) Key Senior Management. The Board has considered and is of the opinion that the disclosure on the remuneration of the Key Senior Management is not on a named basis as it is imperative for the Company to maintain employees' remuneration private and confidential and avoid discontentment among employees and talent retention issues.

The Company will consider disclosing the remuneration of individual key senior management in detail as and when it is deemed appropriate.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Directors' Training

As per the Board Charter, the Board is assigned with the responsibility to ensure Directors update their knowledge and enhance their skills through attending training programs.

All Executive Directors have been with the Company for several years and are familiar with their duties and responsibilities as Directors. In addition, any newly appointed directors will be given briefings and orientation by the Executive Directors and Senior Management of the Company on the business activities of the Group and its strategic directions, as well as their duties and responsibilities as Directors.

All the Directors have completed the Mandatory Accreditation Program prescribed by Bursa Securities and they are mindful that they should receive appropriate continuous training and to attend seminars and briefings in order to broaden their perspective and to keep abreast with new developments for the furtherance of their duties.

During the financial year ended 30 April 2022, all Directors received regular briefings and updates on the Group's business and operations as well as being updated on new regulations and statutory requirements.

During the financial year under review, all Directors have attended training(s) as shown in the following table: -

Name of Directors	Seminar and Briefing Attended	
Mr. Ker Min Choo	Corporate Directors Training Programme Fundamental 4.0	
Mr. Ker Mong Keng	Corporate Directors Training Programme Fundamental 4.0	
Mr. Ker Keddy	Mandatory Accreditation Program	
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	2022 Budget Seminar	
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	Corporate Tax Strategies	
	 Latest Tax Considerations and Issues for SMEs 	
	Virtual MIA International Accountants Conference 2021	
	Taxation of Companies & Limited Liability Partnership	
	Service Tax, Sales Tax, GST & Customs Duties: Special Tax	
	Incentives in 2022	
Mr. Chai Yee Man	ESG Oversight on Boards	
	The updated Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance	

It is the Board's commitment to ensure that all Directors are equipped with the right level of knowledge and skills through structured and unstructured training in order for them to fulfil their fiduciary duties and responsibilities and all directors shall continue to undergo relevant training programs and seminars as and when required and from time to time to update their knowledge and skills.

Board Committees

In discharging its fiduciary duties, the Board has delegated specific duties to three (3) board committees (Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nominating Committee). The Committees have the authority to examine particular issues under their duties and report to the Board with their recommendation. The ultimate responsibility for the final decision on all matters, however, lies with the Board.

All committees have written terms of references and the Board receives reports on their proceedings and deliberations. The Chairman of the respective committees will brief the Board on the matters discussed at the committee meetings and minutes of these meetings are circulated at the Board meetings.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Audit Committee

The terms of reference, the number of meetings held and activities carried out during the financial year and the attendance of each member can be found on pages 29 to 33 of the Audit Committee Report.

There is no change in composition of the Audit Committee during the year under review.

Please refer to Practice 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4 and 9.5 of CG report on disclosure in relation Audit Committee.

Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee comprises exclusively of Independent Non-Executive Directors, which meet the requirement under MMLR. The Nominating Committee is guided by written terms of reference duly approved by the Board with rights, authorities and responsibilities. The Nominating Committee is chaired by the Independent Non-Executive Director.

The Nominating Committee's Terms of Reference are published in the Investor Relation section of the Company's website at www.solidautomotive.com.

The composition of the Nominating Committee and the attendance record of members for meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022 are as follows: -

Name of Members	Designations	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Chai Yee Man	Chairman	2/2
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	Member	2/2
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	Member	2/2

During the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Nominating Committee conducted evaluation/review of the performance of the Board, Board committees, Audit Committee and its members, performance/knowledge/competency/skills possessed by each individual director (including the Group Financial Controller). the independence assessment of independent non-executive directors based on the pre-determined processes and evaluation criteria as well as the training needs of the individual directors. The Nominating Committee reported the results of all evaluations to the Board for review and deliberation to enable effective actions to be formulated and implemented for the proper and effective functioning of the Board and its committees.

During the financial year, the Nominating Committee also reviewed and assessed the retirement and re-election of Directors pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association and reported to the Board for its review and decision. There is no change in composition of the Nominating Committee during the year under review.

Please refer to Practice 5.5, 5.6, 5.7, 5.8 and 6.1 of the CG Report for details on the Nominating Committee and its activities.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is to assist the Board in reviewing and recommending an appropriate remuneration policy and remuneration package for Directors so as to attract, retain and motivate the Directors. The Remuneration Committee is guided by formal terms of reference. Further disclosure on the Remuneration Committee (and its activities) and the Board Remuneration Policy are disclosed in Practice 7.1 and 7.2 of CG Report.

PRINCIPLE A - BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONT'D)

Board Responsibilities (Cont'd)

Remuneration Committee (Cont'd)

The Remuneration Committee is led by an Independent Non-Executive Director and comprises exclusively of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The attendance record of the members for meetings held during the financial year ended 30 April 2022 are as follows: -

Name of Members	Designations	No. of Meetings Attended
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	Chairman	2/2
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	Member	2/2
Mr. Chai Yee Man	Member	2/2

The details of the members of the Remuneration Committee is set out in the Profile of Directors section of this Annual Report.

There is no change in composition of the Remuneration Committee during the financial year under review.

The full details of the Remuneration Committee's Terms of Reference are published in the Investor Relation section of the Company's website at www.solidautomotive.com.

Economic, Environment and Social

In order to promote sustainability in the conduct of the business of the Group, one of the business strategies adopted by the Board is to ensure the economic, environmental and social aspects of the businesses undertaken are well taken care of. The Group upheld the principle to maintain effective sustainability management continuously in order to contribute positively to the socio-economic development of the communities, to promote environmental friendly business practices and to uphold good governance practice.

Please refer to the Sustainability Statement for the governance structure and process employed as well as the identification, assessment, management and reporting of sustainability matters during the financial year under review and up to the date of this Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE B - EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Audit Committee is tasked with the oversight role on the effectiveness of Audit and Risk Management. The composition and terms of reference of Audit Committee, the number of meetings held, attendance, and activities carried out during the financial year are set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 34 to 40 of this Annual Report and Practice 9.1 to 9.5 of CG Report.

Relationship with External Auditors

The Group maintains a close and transparent relationship with its External Auditors and outsourced Internal Audit Function in seeking professional advice and ensuring compliance with the company policies and procedures, approved accounting standards and relevant regulations in Malaysia.

The role and responsibilities of the Audit Committee in relation to the External Auditors and outsourced Internal Audit Function are prescribed in the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference.

The engagement of the External Auditors is governed by the engagement letter with terms of engagement which includes, amongst others, the scope of coverage, the responsibilities of the External Auditors, confidentiality, independence and the proposed fees reviewed by the Audit Committee and its recommendation to the Board.

PRINCIPLE B - EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

Relationship with External Auditors (Cont'd)

The Audit Committee meets with the External Auditors at least once a year to discuss their Audit Plans, their audit findings and other special matters that require the Audit Committee's attention and the financial statements. During the financial year under review, the Audit Committee met once privately with the External Auditors prior to the commencement of the audit and at the conclusion of the audit without the presence of the Executive Directors and management to encourage free exchange of information and views and for the External Auditors to freely express their opinion.

The oversight of the External Auditors is enhanced by the conduct of annual assessment of the suitability independence and objectivity of the external auditors by the Audit Committee via the External Auditor Performance and Independence Checklist which results are subsequently reported to the Board. The External Auditors of the Group confirmed to the Audit Committee on their independence and objectivity in relation to the audit work to be performed and their commitment to communicate to the Audit Committee on their independence and objectivity status on an ongoing manner.

The Audit Committee also considered the nature of other non-audit services provided during the year by the External Auditors and the quantum of the fees as tabulated in the table below and was satisfied that the provision of these services did not in any way compromise their independence.

The audit and non-audit fees incurred for services rendered by the External Auditors and their affiliated firms and companies to the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year were as follows:

	Company (RM)	Group (RM)	Description
Audit Fees	40,000	251,880	Statutory audit
Non-Audit Fees	31,000	31,000	Tax return and compliance, Review of Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, Review of Interim Financial Statement
Total	71,000	282,880	

Risk Management

The Board recognises the importance of Risk Management in pursuing its company's objective and has in place a formal risk management framework. The details of the framework and risk management process is disclosed in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on page 34 to 40 of this Annual Report.

• Internal Control & Internal Audit Function

The Board recognises the importance of sound internal control for good corporate governance. The Internal Audit Function of the Group is carried out by an outsourced internal audit firm, reporting directly to the Audit Committee and provides the Audit Committee with the assurance it requires on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control system.

The state of system of internal control and Internal Audit Function of the Group is explained in the greater detail in Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control on pages 34 to 40 of this Annual Report and Practice 11.1 & 11.2 of the CG Report.

Uphold integrity in financial reporting

The Directors strive to ensure that a balanced, clear and meaningful assessment of the financial position and prospects of the Group are made in all disclosures to shareholders, investors and the regulatory authorities.

All financial statements, both annual financial statements to shareholders and quarterly announcement of financial results, were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board to ensure accuracy, adequacy and completeness of information and compliance with relevant accounting standards and regulations prior to the release to regulatory authorities.

A summary of the work carried out by the Audit Committee in the discharge of its functions and duties during the financial year is set out in the Audit Committee Report on pages 29 to 33 of this Annual Report.

PRINCIPLE C - INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

Corporate Disclosure and Stakeholders Communication

The core communication channel with the stakeholders employed by the Company is the announcements made through Bursa Securities and it is the Company's procedure that all material announcements to be made through Bursa Securities are to be approved by the Board, prior to its release. The Board observes all disclosure requirements as laid down by MMLR and Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 in order to have all material events and information to be disseminated publicly and transparently on a timely basis to ensure fair and equitable access by all stakeholders, without selective disclosure of such information to specific individual or groups. The corporate disclosure by the Company is further enhanced by way of the Chairman of the Board, Managing Director and Executive Director/ Chief Financial Officer assuming the role of authorized speakers for the Company during the General Meetings to ensure timely, factual, accurate and consistent disclosure.

To ensure that communications to the public are timely, factual, accurate and complete, the Board has adopted a Corporate Disclosure Policy which set out the policies and procedures for the disclosure of material information of the Group.

The Annual Report and quarterly interim financial reports are the main communication tools between the Company and its stakeholders. The Annual Report communicates comprehensive information of the financial results and activities undertaken by the Group.

Please refer to Practice 12.1 of CG Report on further disclosure of stakeholders' communication.

Encourage shareholders' participation at general meetings

The Annual General Meeting is the principal forum for dialogue with shareholders. The shareholders are given the opportunity and are encouraged to participate in general meetings of the Company. Notice of the Annual General Meeting and Annual Reports are sent out to shareholders at least 21 days before the date of the meeting in compliance with Companies Act 2016 and MMLR.

Adequate time is given during general meetings to encourage and allow the shareholders to seek clarification or ask questions on pertinent and relevant matters. The External Auditors are also present at Annual General Meeting to provide their professional and independent clarification on issues and concerns that may be raised by the shareholders during the meeting.

Poll Voting

Pursuant to the Paragraph 8.29A(1) of the MMLR of Bursa Securities, the Company is required to ensure that any resolution set out in the notice of general meetings is to be voted by poll. All resolutions put forth for shareholders' approval at the 10th Annual General Meeting to be held are to be voted by way of poll voting.

Leverage on Information Technology

In order to promote transparency and thoroughness in public dissemination of material information, the Company's website incorporates an "Investor Relations" section which provides all relevant information on the Company and is accessible by the public via www.solidautomotive.com. The website enhances the Investor Relations function by including all the announcements made by the Company, annual reports on the Company and relevant Board Charter and policies as well as terms of reference of relevant Board Committees established and implemented by the Board for the public to access. Furthermore, contact details of the personnel in-charge of investor relations are provided in "Investor Relations" section of Company's website to which concerns or request of any investor can be forwarded to.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the annual audited financial statements of the Group and the Company are prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Malaysian Companies Act, 2016 and applicable approved accounting standards of Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and the Company as at 30 April 2022, and of the results of their operations and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

In preparing the annual audited financial statements, the Directors have:

- applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepared the annual audited financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are also responsible for taking reasonable steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

Material Contracts with Related Parties

The Company and its subsidiaries did not enter into any material contract and/or loan with its directors and/or its chief executive who is not a director or major shareholder.

• Employees' Share Option Scheme

During the financial year under review, there was no Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") which was approved by the Company.

KEY FOCUS AREAS AND FUTURE PRIORITIES

The key focus areas of the Board on corporate governance practices during the financial year under review were to enhance the existing corporate governance practices by updating Board Charter, relevant Board Committees' terms of reference and Board's policies to take into account changes resulting from the revamped Companies Act and MCCG.

The Board will continue to strengthen the compliance of the corporate governance practices as established in Board Charter and relevant Board Committees' terms of reference and Board's policies as well as the independent elements within the Board such that the independent non-executive directors make up at least half of the composition of the Board.

AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

COMPOSITION

The Audit Committee comprises the following members:-

Chairman : Ms. Tan Lay Beng (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Members : Mr. Kek Kok Swee (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr. Chai Yee Man (Independent Non-Executive Director)

The composition of the Audit Committee is in compliance with paragraph 15.09 of the Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR") of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, where the Audit Committee consists of three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman and one (1) of the members of the Audit Committee, namely Ms. Tan Lay Beng and Mr. Kek Kok Swee, are members of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants which fulfils the requirements under paragraph 15.09(1)(c)(i) and paragraph 7.1 of Practice Note 13 of MMLR. No alternate director has been appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

In compliance with Practice 9.1 of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG"), the Audit Committee Chairman is not the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Company.

All members of the Audit Committee (including the Chairman) are independent directors.

The profile of the members is shown on pages 4 to 6 of this Annual Report.

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Terms of Reference of the Audit Committee is available for download on the Company's website at the "Investors Relations" section of www.solidautomotive.com.

MEETINGS

During the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Audit Committee held five (5) meetings. Details of each member's meeting attendances are as follows: -

Name of Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Ms. Tan Lay Beng	5/5
Mr. Kek Kok Swee	5/5
Mr. Chai Yee Man	5/5

The meetings were conducted with sufficient quorum under the Audit Committee's Term of Reference.

The meetings were appropriately structured through the use of agendas, which were distributed to the members, together with the minutes of meetings and relevant papers and reports at least seven (7) days before the meetings with sufficient notification and time allowed for review by the members of the Audit Committee for the proper discharge of their duties and responsibilities and compliance with the MMLR and its Terms of Reference. The Company Secretary of the Company, the appointed secretary of the Audit Committee attended all the meetings during the financial year under review.

The representatives of the external auditors and internal auditors, Executive Directors, Group Financial Controller, Chief Operating Officer, and key management, at the invitation of the Audit Committee, attended the Audit Committee meetings to present their reports and/or findings or required information and explanations for the proper deliberation of the matters on hand.

The Audit Committee reported to and updated the Board on significant issues and matters discussed during the Audit Committee's meetings and where appropriate, made the necessary recommendations to the Board.

Minutes of the Audit Committee's meetings were made available to all Board members for their review and to seek clarification and confirmation from the Audit Committee Chairman where necessary.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The Audit Committee carried out its duties in accordance with its Terms of Reference during the financial year. The main activities undertaken by the Audit Committee during the financial year included the following: -

1) Reviewed the Quarterly Financial Results Announcement

During each scheduled financial quarter meeting for the financial year under review, the Group Financial Controller/ Assistant Finance Manager presented the draft unaudited quarterly results for the Audit Committee's review and briefed the Audit Committee on the contents of the financial results, announcements and notes therein, answered all queries raised and clarifications sought by the Audit Committee. The review focused mainly on key financial results and comparison to the immediate preceding quarter and corresponding quarter of the preceding financial year with reasons for major variances explained by the Group Financial Controller / Assistant Finance Manager. In addition, the business prospects of the Group for the remainder of the financial year were presented by the Management to the Audit Committee for discussion.

The review of the quarterly financial results performed by the Audit Committee was done in conjunction with a review of the key financial information (such as trade receivables aging analysis, inventory aging analysis and write-down provision for inventories, trade payables aging analysis and major expenses) as well as comparison of actual financial results with budgeted financial results. The Audit Committee further assessed the reasonableness of the assumptions and estimates made in the draft quarterly financial statements based on the updates by management on the operations and proposed business strategies and business expansions.

The unaudited quarterly financial results reviewed by the Audit Committee were then recommended to the Board for approval prior to announcement to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

2) Review the Company's Compliance with Regulatory, Statutory and Accounting Standards

During the quarterly Audit Committee meeting, with respect of the quarterly and annual financial statements, the Audit Committee reviewed the Company's compliance with the MMLR, accounting standards promulgated by Malaysian Accounting Standards Board and other legal and regulatory requirements.

3) Reviewed the Latest Changes of Pronouncements Issued by Accountancy, Statutory and Regulatory Bodies

At such quarterly meetings, the Audit Committee sought clarification of the application and impact of new and revised accounting standards with the external auditors as necessary. The Audit Committee members also underwent training conducted by external trainers during the financial year under review to keep themselves updated on the latest developments and to assess the impact on the financial reporting and corporate governance compliance requirements.

The minutes of the Audit Committee's meetings were made available to all Board Members for review and to seek clarification and confirmation from the Audit Committee Chairman where necessary.

4) Reviewed the External Auditors' Audit Plan, Scope of Work and Audit Fee

During the financial year, the external auditors presented their Audit Planning Memorandum to the Audit Committee for review and comment prior to the commencement of the audit to ensure that the audit scope is adequate and reasonable time was allowed to ensure the audit was carried out effectively and not under undue time pressure. The audit plan presented included the engagement team, audit scope, materiality, audit approach and methodology, timing of audit, areas of audit emphasis and significant events for the financial year. The audit plan was discussed and clarifications were sought from the external auditors prior to approval of the said plan by the Audit Committee. During the same meeting, the audit fees and non-audit fees as disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements were presented by the external auditors for review by the Audit Committee, which were then recommended to the Board for approval.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D)

5) Reviewed the Audited Financial Statements and Audit Results with External Auditors

Prior to announcement of the final quarterly financial statements, the external auditors presented their Audit Review Memorandum and briefed the Audit Committee on the audit findings for the current financial year under review.

During the meeting, the audit findings on the significant risk areas, deficiencies in internal control and status of the audit were presented to the Audit Committee for deliberations and approval. The audit findings were then presented to the Board by the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee reviewed the audited financial statements of the Company and the Group for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 and satisfied themselves that the audit had been adequately carried out in accordance with the approved audit plan and approved auditing standards and that the presentation of the financial statements was in compliance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Audit Committee then recommended the audited financial statements for the Board's approval and adoption.

6) Private Sessions with External Auditors

For the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Audit Committee met once, i.e. on 27 July 2021 with the External Auditors without the presence of the Executive Directors and management in order for the Audit Committee and the external auditors to freely exchange views and opinions between both parties as well as discuss any significant audit issues.

7) Reviewed the Independence and Objectivity of the External Auditors

During the financial year, confirmation on the independence of the external auditor was obtained by the Audit Committee from the external auditors in relation to their work on the statutory audit to be performed and their commitment to communicate to the Audit Committee their independence status on an ongoing basis. In addition, the Audit Committee reviewed the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and the services provided, including non-audit services and noted that the non-audit fee is immaterial, justifiable and does not impair the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

8) Reviewed the Internal Audit Function

During the financial year, the Audit Committee received internal audit reports presented by the outsourced internal audit function that contain the findings, recommendations and agreed management action plans for the internal audits conducted based on approved internal audit plan. Aside from reporting on the audit findings, the status of agreed management action plans for previous internal audit findings were also presented to the Audit Committee. Additionally, the Audit Committee had assessed the adequacy and effectiveness of the outsourced internal audit function through the review of the resources, experience and continuous professional development of the outsourced internal audit function.

During the financial year, the internal audit plan (including progress of approved internal audit plan) and subsequent changes, if any, were presented by the outsourced internal audit function for the review and approval by the Audit Committee.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2022, the Audit Committee met once, i.e. on 27 July 2021 with the outsourced internal audit function without the presence of the Executive Directors and management in order for the Audit Committee and the outsourced internal audit function to freely exchange views and opinions between both parties, as well as discuss any significant audit issues.

The oversight role of Audit Committee on the internal audit function is contained in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control set out on pages 34 to 40 of this Annual Report.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR (CONT'D)

9) Reviewed Related Party Transactions

During the scheduled quarterly meetings, the Audit Committee conducted review of related party transactions (including recurring related party transactions) entered by the Group with related parties to ensure that all transactions are conducted at arms length's basis on normal commercial terms and are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company or its minority shareholders.

10) Reviewed the Annual Report

For the financial year under review, the Audit Committee reviewed the Annual Report (which includes the Management Discussion and Analysis, Corporate Governance Overview Statement, Sustainability Statement, Audit Committee Report, Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control and Audited Financial Statements of the Group) and recommended to the Board for approval.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The internal audit function of the Group is outsourced to an independent professional firm, namely NeedsBridge Advisory Sdn. Bhd. to undertake independent, objective, regular and systematic review of the internal control system of the Group. The outsourced internal audit function reports directly to the Audit Committee. The appointment and resignation of the outsourced internal audit function as well as the proposed audit fees are subject to review and approval by the Audit Committee for its reporting to the Board for final approval.

The audit engagement of the outsourced internal audit function is governed by the engagement letter and Internal Audit Charter approved by the Board during the financial year under review. Key terms of the engagement include the purpose and scope of works, accountability, independence, the outsourced internal audit function's responsibilities, the Management's responsibilities, authority accorded to the outsourced internal audit function, limitation of scope of works, confidentiality, proposed fees and engagement team.

On the other hand, the Internal Audit Charter governs the internal audit function by specifying the purpose and mission of internal audit function, its roles, professionalism required (including adherence to The Institute of Internal Auditors' mandatory guidance including the Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing, Definition of Internal Auditing, the Code of Ethics, and the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing (hereinafter referred to as "Standards")), its authorities, the reporting structure, independence and objectivity, its responsibilities, purpose of internal audit plan, reporting and monitoring, as well as the quality assurance and improvement programme. The internal audits are carried out, in material aspects, in accordance with the International Professional Practices Framework ("IPPF") established by the Institute of Internal Auditors Global.

The Audit Committee reviews the internal audit plan tabled to ensure the adequacy of the audit scope and coverage in relation to the key business risk exposure and risk appetite of the Group prior to its approval for execution. The approved internal audit plan is duly carried out by the outsourced internal audit function with any subsequent changes to the plan determined and approved by the Audit Committee with feedback from the Senior Management. Furthermore, the Audit Committee regularly reviewed the internal audit plans during the financial year to take into account any changes in the prevailing business environment, business structure and composition and its associated risks to ensure the continuing relevance of the approved internal audit plans, adequacy of the scope and resources being allocated to the outsourced internal audit function and any changes are approved by the Audit Committee prior to execution.

The Audit Committee ensures the effectiveness and adequacy of the outsourced internal audit function, its competency and adequacy of resources allocated to the outsourced internal audit function through the review of the resources of the outsourced internal audit function provided in terms of the qualification, experience, exposure and continuous professional development of the personnel of the outsourced internal audit function which was tabled by the outsourced internal audit function at the Audit Committee meetings during the financial year under review. The performance, independence and objectivity of the internal audit function is formally evaluated by the Audit Committee through prescribed evaluation form adapted from Corporate Governance Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia Berhad.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)

To preserve the independence and objectivity, the outsourced internal audit function is not permitted to act on behalf of Management, decide and implement management action plan, perform on-going internal control monitoring activities (except for follow up on progress of action plan implementation), authorize and execute transactions, prepare source documents on transactions, have custody of assets or act in any capacity equivalent to a member of the Management or the employee. The outsourced internal audit function is accorded unrestricted access to all functions, records, property, personnel, Audit Committee and other specialised services from within or outside the Group and necessary assistance of personnel in units of the Group where they perform audits.

During the financial year under review, the outsourced internal audit function conducted scheduled internal audits in accordance with the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. Areas of improvement in internal controls identified together with the risks/ potential implications, recommendations, management action plans, person in-charge as well as the target dates of implementation were presented directly to the Audit Committee during the corresponding Audit Committee meetings. In addition, the outsourced internal audit function performed follow up reviews to ascertain the status of implementation of the agreed management action plans. The results of the follow up reviews were reported to the Audit Committee for their review and deliberation.

The cost incurred in connection with the internal audit function during the financial year amounted to RM27,000.

Further details of the outsourced internal audit function and activities as well as the oversight roles of the Audit Committee in relation to the risk management and internal controls are disclosed in the Statement of Risk Management and Internal Control set out on pages 34 to 40 in this Annual Report.

STATEMENT OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors ("the Board") of Solid Automotive Berhad ("the Company") (collectively with its subsidiaries, "the Group") is pleased to present the statement on the risk management and internal control of the Group for the financial year ended 30 April 2022, pursuant to paragraph 15.26(b) and Practice Note 9 of the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR"), and as guided by the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers ("the Guidelines") and the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG") 2021. The scope of this Statement covers the Company and its subsidiaries.

BOARD RESPONSIBILITY

The Board affirms its responsibility to maintain a sound governance, risk management and internal control system and for reviewing their adequacy and effectiveness to safeguard its stakeholders' interests and the Group's assets. The Board is to establish risk appetite of the Group based on the corporate objectives, strategies, external environment, business nature and corporate lifecycle. The Board has delegated these aforementioned responsibilities to the Audit Committee whereby the Audit Committee is assigned with the duty, through its terms of reference approved by the Board, to review and consider the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group. Through the Audit Committee, the Board is kept informed of all significant control issues brought to the attention of the Audit Committee by the management, the internal audit function and the external auditors.

The system of internal control covers, inter-alia, control environment, risk assessment, control activities, information and communication as well as monitoring activities. However, the Board recognises that, in view of the limitations that are inherent in any system of internal control, the system of internal control is designed to manage, rather than to eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives. Accordingly, the system of internal controls can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement of losses and fraud.

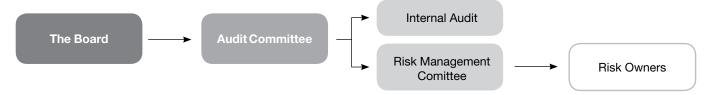
KEY ELEMENTS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board recognises that an effective risk management process is key to good corporate governance in pursuit of the Group's strategic business objectives and there is a continuous process to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks faced by the Group systematically during the financial year under review.

The Board has adopted a systematic risk management framework which are embedded into the Group processes and structure.

The Board has a formal risk management reporting structure of the Board, the Audit Committee and management to ensure effective risk management as set out below:



The Risk Management of the Group is delegated to the Risk Management Committee comprising an Managing Director and Senior Management to assess and monitor the Group's risk as well as to discuss, evaluate and address matters associated with strategic, financial, operational and governance aspects of the Group.

The systematic risk management framework encompasses risk identification, risk assessment, control identification, risk treatment and control activities. Risk assessment, at gross and residual level, are guided by the likelihood rating and impact rating established by the Board. Based on the risk management process, key risks profiles were compiled, with relevant key risks identified and rated based on an agreed upon risk rating. The key risks profiles are used for the identification of high residual risks which are above the risk appetite of the Group that require the Management and the Board's immediate attention.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

STATEMENT OF RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL (CONT'D)

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

The roles and responsibilities of the Risk Management Committee include the following:

- (a) Implementation of risk management framework as approved by the Board;
- (b) Develop and implement the risk management process;
- (c) Ensure that risk management exercises are aligned with the Group's strategies (e.g. vision/mission, corporate strategies and goals);
- (d) Periodic review and update of Key Risks Registers; and
- (e) Update the Audit Committee on changes to the Key Risk Registers on periodical basis.

The roles and responsibilities of the Risk Owners (i.e. operational management) as defined in the Risk Management Framework are as follow:

- (a) Manage the risks under his/her control;
- (b) Assess risks and evaluate existing controls to identify areas with controls that were ineffective, inadequate or non-existent and report and to assist the Risk Management Committee in the development of the management action plans and implementation of the action plans formulated; and
- (c) Assist the Risk Management Committee with the periodic update on the changes in the Key Risk Registers.

The systematic risk management process as defined in the Risk Management Framework is employed by the Risk Management Committee and the Management for risk identification, risk assessment, control identification, risk treatment and control activities.

As an important risk monitoring mechanism, the Risk Management Committee and the Management reviews the key risk registers of key operating subsidiaries and assessment of emerging risks identified at strategic and operational level on an annual basis or on more frequent basis (if circumstances required) and report (if circumstances required) to the Audit Committee on the results of the review and assessment.

During the financial year under review, the Risk Management Committee and the Management followed-up on the existing strategic, governance and key operational risks of key subsidiaries that were reviewed with emerging risks identified, assessed and incorporated into the key risk registers for on-going risk monitoring and assessment, after taking into consideration the internal audit findings. The key risk profile, which consists of strategic risks and key operational risks, was compiled from the key risk registers and tabled to the Audit Committee for review and deliberation and for its reporting to the Board, which assumes the primary responsibility of the risk management of the Group.

To align the Group's anti-bribery activities to the Adequate Procedures Principle II – Risk Assessment per Guidelines on Adequate Procedures Pursuant to Subsection 5 of Section 17A under the Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission Act 2009 and compliance with Paragraph 15.29(c) of MMLR, the risk owners and the Risk Management Committee performed bribery risk assessment (covering bribery governance risks, transactional bribery risks, country and industry specific bribery risks and business relationship and opportunity risks), facilitated by the outsourced internal audit function during the financial year under review with Bribery Risk Report (consists of key bribery risk profile and likelihood and impact rating used during bribery risk assessment by SRMC) prepared and tabled to the Audit Committee and Board for review and deliberation.

At the strategic level, business plans, strategies and investment proposals with risks consideration are formulated by the Managing Director and Senior Management and presented to the Board for review and deliberation to ensure proposed plans and strategies are in line with the Group's risk appetite. In addition, specific strategic and key operational risks are highlighted and deliberated by the Audit Committee and the Board during the review of the financial performance of the Group in the scheduled meetings.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

RISK MANAGEMENT (CONT'D)

At the operational level, the respective heads of department/division (i.e. risk owners) are responsible for managing the risks under their responsibilities. The respective heads of department/division are responsible for adequate and effective operational monitoring and management by way of maintaining adequate and effective internal controls and executing control procedures on a day-to-day basis. Changes in the key operational risks or emergence of new key business risks are identified through daily operational management and controls as well as review of financial and operational reports by respective levels of Management. The respective heads of department/division are responsible to assess the changes to the existing operational risks and emerging new risks and to determine the risk treatment and implement effective controls to manage the risks, if applicable. Critical and material risks are highlighted to the Risk Management Committee for final decision on the risk treatment and implementation as well as its reporting to the Audit Committee and the Board.

The monitoring of the risk management process by the Group is enhanced by the internal audits carried out by the outsourced internal audit function with specific audit objectives and business risks identified for each internal audit cycle based on the internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee.

The above process has been practiced by the Group for the financial year under review and up to the date of approval of this statement.

Please refer to the "Risk Factors Exposure" of the Management Discussion and Analysis for the significant risks faced by the Group and the mitigation plans implemented.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Group relies on the internal audit function to provide the Board and the Management with the required level of assurance that the governance, risk management and internal control system are operating adequately and effectively in order to provide reasonable assurance that the business objectives of the Group are achievable. The Group's internal audit function is outsourced to an independent professional firm, namely, NeedsBridge Advisory Sdn. Bhd. To uphold the professional firm's independence and objectivity, the outsourced internal audit function is reporting to the Audit Committee directly. At least once annually, the Audit Committee will meet with the outsourced internal audit function without the presence of the Executive Directors and Management to promote free flow of information.

The engagement director of the outsourced internal audit function, Mr. Pang Nam Ming, is accredited by the Institute of Internal Auditors Global as a Certified Internal Auditor and for Certification in Risk Management Assurance. He is also a professional member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia. As a Certified Internal Auditor accredited by Institute of Internal Auditors, the engagement director is required to declare the compliance of the Standards to Institute of Internal Auditors during his renewal as Certified Internal Auditor. The internal audits are carried out, in all material aspects, in accordance with the International Professional Practices Framework ("IPPF"), i.e. Mission, Core Principles for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing, Code of Ethics and the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing established by the Institute of Internal Auditors Global.

The audit engagement of the outsourced internal audit function is governed by the engagement letter and Internal Audit Charter approved by the Board during the financial year under review. Key terms of the engagement include the purpose and scope of works, accountability/responsibility, authority, independence, limitation of scope of works, confidentiality, proposed fees and engagement team. The appointment and resignation of the outsourced internal audit function as well as the proposed audit fees are subject to review by the Audit Committee and for its reporting to the Board for ultimate approval. During the financial year under review, the resources allocated to the fieldworks of the internal audit by the outsourced internal audit function were one (1) manager and assisted by at least one (1) senior consultant and one (1) consultant per one (1) engagement with oversight performed by the director.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)

To preserve the independence and objectivity, the outsourced internal audit function is not permitted to act on behalf of Management, decide and implement management action plan, perform on-going internal control monitoring activities (except for follow up on progress of action plan implementation), authorise and execute transactions, prepare source documents on transactions, have custody of assets or act in any capacity equivalent to a member of the Management or the employee. The outsourced internal audit function is accorded unrestricted access to all functions, records, property, personnel, Audit Committee and other specialised services from within or outside the Group and necessary assistance of personnel in units of the Group where they perform audits.

The Group's outsourced internal audit function adopts a risk-based approach and prepares its internal audit plan based on the Group's key risks profile. The risk-based internal audit plan takes into consideration the existing and emergent key business risks identified in the Group's key risk profile. The audit plan and any subsequent amendments are reviewed and approved by the Audit Committee prior to their execution. Each internal audit cycles within the internal audit plan are specific with regard to audit objective, key risks to be assessed and scopes of the internal control review.

The internal control review procedures performed by the outsourced internal audit function are designed to understand, document and evaluate risks and related controls to determine the adequacy and effectiveness of governance, risk and control structures and processes. The root causes of the internal audit observations are included as part of "Findings" or "Recommendations", and the recommendations formulated by the outsourced internal audit function are based on the root cause(s) of the internal audit observations.

The internal audit procedures applied principally consisted of process evaluations through interviews with relevant personnel involved in the process under review, review of the Standard Operating Procedures and/or process flows provided and observations of the functioning of processes in compliance with results of interviews and/or documented Standard Operating Procedures and/or process flows. Thereafter, testing of controls for the respective audit areas are performed through the review of the samples selected based on sample sizes calculated in accordance with a predetermined formulation, subject to the nature of testing and verification of the samples.

Regular internal audit reviews are performed based on the outsourced internal audit plan approved by the Audit Committee. For the financial year under review, the outsourced internal audit function conducted review of Inventory Management of Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd., as well as Anti-Bribery and Corruption Management of Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd. based on the internal audit plan (and any amendments thereof) approved by the Audit Committee.

Upon completion of the internal audit work, the internal audit reports were presented to the Audit Committee during its scheduled meetings. During these meetings, the internal audit findings, priority levels, risks/potential implications, recommendations, management responses/action plans and person-in-charge together with dates of implementation were presented by the outsourced internal audit function to the Audit Committee for review and deliberation.

Progress follow ups were performed by the outsourced internal audit function on the management action plans that were not implemented in the previous internal audit fieldworks by way of verification via physical observation or through verification of sample provided by person-in-charge to substantiate the implementation of the management action plans. The updates on the implementation progress of management's action plans as identified in the previous internal audit reports were also presented to the Audit Committee during the financial year under review for their review and deliberation. The Audit Committee reported the results of the review and deliberation to the Board in order for the Board to discharge its responsibility to ensure that the risk management and sound internal controls are in place to manage the risks within the risk appetite of the Group and for regulatory compliance.

In addition, during the Audit Committee meeting, the outsourced internal audit function reported its staff strength, qualification and experience as well as continuous professional education to the Audit Committee for their review and assessment on the adequacy and effectiveness of the outsourced internal audit function.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONT'D)

Based on the formal evaluation of the internal audit function and review of the works performed and deliverables by the outsourced internal audit function during the financial year, the Audit Committee and the Board are satisfied:

- that the outsourced internal audit function is free from any relationships or conflicts of interest which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- with the scope of the outsourced internal audit function;
- that the outsourced internal audit function possesses relevant experience, knowledge, competency and authority
 to discharge its functions effectively, possesses sufficient resources and has unrestricted access to employees and
 information for the internal audit activities; and
- with the internal audit plan, processes, the results of the internal audit and/or investigation undertaken (if any).

The cost incurred in maintaining the outsourced internal audit function for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 amounted to RM27,000.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The key features of the Group's internal control system is made up of five core components, i.e. Control Environment, Risk Assessment, Control Activities, Information and Communication and Monitoring Activities with principles representing the fundamental concepts associated with each component as follows:

Board of Directors/Board Committees

The role, functions, composition, operation and processes of the Board are guided by formal Board Charter whereby roles and responsibilities of the Board, Managing Director and Executive Directors are specified to preserve the independence of the Board from the Management for its oversight role.

Board Committees (i.e. Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Employee Share Options Scheme ("ESOS") Committee) have been established to carry out duties and responsibilities delegated by the Board and are governed by their written terms of reference respectively

Meetings of Board of Directors and respective Board Committees are carried out on scheduled basis to review the business plans, business strategies and performance of the Group, from financial and operational perspectives. Business plans and business strategies are proposed by the Managing Director to the Board for their review and approval after taking into account the risk consideration and responses.

Integrity and Ethical Value

The tone from the top on integrity and ethical value are enshrined in the formal Code of Conduct established and approved by the Board. The Code of Conduct forms the foundation of the integrity and ethical value of the Group.

Integrity and ethical value expected from the employees are incorporated in the Human Resource Policy whereby the ethical behaviours expected with customers, suppliers, employees to carry out their duties and responsibilities assigned are also established and formalised in the Human Resource Policy. Codes of conduct expected from employees to carry out their duties and responsibilities assigned are also established and formalised in the Employee Handbook.

In order to bring the ethical value throughout the Group in line with the Code of Conduct, a formal Anti Bribery Corruption Policy had been put in place by the Board to prevent the risk of bribery and conflict of interest within the Group. A Whistle Blowing Policy is also put in place for employees and other stakeholders to raise genuine concerns about possible improprieties in matters of unethical behaviour, malpractices, illegal acts or failure to comply with regulatory requirements at the earliest opportunity.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

Organisation Structure and Authorisation Procedures

The Group has a well-defined organisation structure with clear reporting line in place to ensure appropriate level of authorities and responsibilities are delegated accordingly to competent staffs in achieving operational effectiveness and efficiency. The Group has established authorisation and approval levels for management to follow including those requiring approval from the Board.

Risk Assessment and Control Activities

Risk assessment (including sustainability, fraud and bribery related risks) is performed by Risk Management Committee and risk owners at scheduled interval or when there is change in internal and/or business context in accordance with Risk Management Framework. Control activities, as risk responses, are formulated and put in place to mitigate risks that are identified to a level acceptable by the Board, i.e. the risk appetite.

The Group has documented policies and procedures for key business processes that are regularly reviewed and updated to ensure its relevance in support of the Group's business activities and business objectives. Standard operating procedures and work instructions are established by Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd. in compliance with the International Standard Organisation ("ISO") certification.

The Group has a whistle blowing policy to provide employees with a transparent and confidential process to report instances of corruption, fraud, misconduct, abuse of rules and regulations, misuse of company assets or resources within the Group.

Human Resource Management

Formal human resource policies and Employee Handbook are in place to ensure the Group's ability to operate in an effective and efficient manner by employing and retaining adequate level of suitably qualified and competent employees possessing necessary knowledge, skill and experience to carry out their duties and responsibilities effectively and efficiently.

Performance evaluations are carried out for all levels of staffs to identify performance gaps, for training needs identification and talent management.

• Information and Communication

At operational levels, clear reporting lines are established across the Group. Management reports are prepared for dissemination to relevant personnel throughout the Group for effective and timely decision making and execution in pursuit of the business objectives. Matters that require the Board and Senior Management's attention are highlighted for review, deliberation and decision on a timely basis.

The Group has in place effective and efficient information and communication infrastructures and channels, i.e. computerised enterprise resources planning systems, secured intranet, electronic mail system and modern telecommunication, so that operational data and management information can be communicated timely and securely to dedicated personnel within the Group for decision making and for communication with relevant external stakeholders. Relevant financial, operational and management reports are generated to cater to the varying requirements of the different level of management within the Group for information and decision making. The management and board meetings are held regularly for effective two-way communication of information at different level of management and the Board.

Communication of policies and procedures of the Group are conducted via written format, electronic mail system and inhouse trainings by respective risk or control owners.

KEY ELEMENTS OF THE INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM (CONT'D)

Monitoring and Review

The Executive Directors being closely involved in the daily operations regularly review the operational information including sales, inventory and financial information. The quarterly financial results containing key financial results and comparisons and management commentaries are presented to the Board for their review.

Furthermore, internal audits are scheduled and carried out by the outsourced internal audit function (which reports directly to the Audit Committee) on key areas identified based on the key risk profile of the Group. The outsourced internal audit function assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls in relation to specific governance, risk and control processes and highlights potential risks and implications of its observations that may impact the Group as well as recommend improvements on the observations made to minimise the risks. The results and recommendations of the internal audits carried out are reported to the Audit Committee.

ASSURANCE PROVIDED BY THE MANAGING DIRECTOR AND GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

In compliance with the Guidelines, the Managing Director, being the highest-ranking executive in the Company and the Group Financial Controller, being the person primarily responsible for the management of the financial affairs of the Company have provided assurance to the Board that the Group's risk management and internal control system have operated adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, during the financial year under review.

REVIEW OF STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS

The external auditors have reviewed the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control pursuant to Paragraph 15.23 of the MMLR and in accordance with the Audit and Assurance Practice Guide 3 ("AAPG 3"): Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("MIA"). Based on their review, nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe that the Statement intended to be included in the Annual Report of the Group, in all material respects:

- (a) Has not been prepared in accordance with the disclosures required by paragraphs 41 and 42 of the Guidelines and Practices 10.1 and 10.2 of the MCCG 2021; or
- (b) Is factually inaccurate.

AAPG 3 does not require the external auditors to consider whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control system, including the assessment and opinion by the Board and management thereon. The auditors are also not required to consider whether the processes described to deal with material internal control aspects of any significant problems disclosed in the Annual Report will, in fact remedy the problems.

OPINION AND CONCLUSION

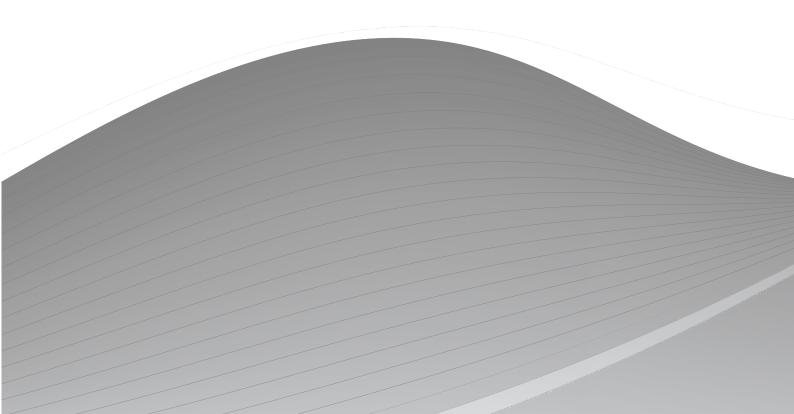
The Board believes that the Group's risk management and internal control system provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that weaknesses or deficiencies are identified on a timely basis and dealt with appropriately. Based on the review of risk management process and internal control system as well as the monitoring and review mechanism stipulated above, coupled with the assurance provided by the Managing Director and the Group Financial Controller, the Board is of the view that the risk management and internal control system are operating satisfactory and have not resulted in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties that would require disclosure in the Group's Annual Report. The Board continues to take measures to review and, where necessary, to enhance the Group's risk management and internal control system to meet the Group's strategic objectives.

The Board is committed towards maintaining an adequate and effective governance, risk management and internal control system throughout the Group and reaffirms its commitment to continuously review and where necessary, to further enhance the Group's governance, risk management and internal control system.

This Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control is made in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors dated 25 August 2022.



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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in the business of investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 5 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

RESULTS

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	The Group RM	The Company RM
Profit after taxation for the financial year	6,645,453	470,958
Attributable to:- Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	6,660,851 (15,398)	470,958 -
	6,645,453	470,958

DIVIDENDS

Dividends paid or declared by the Company since 30 April 2021 is as follows:-

Ordinary Share RM

In respect of the financial year 30 April 2021

A final dividend of 0.30 sen per ordinary share, approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting held on 28 September 2021, paid on 29 October 2021

1,558,108

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

There were no material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year.

ISSUES OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

During the financial year:-

- (a) there were no changes in the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company; and
- (b) there were no issues of debentures by the Company.

OPTIONS GRANTED OVER UNISSUED SHARES

During the financial year, no options were granted by the Company to any person to take up any unissued shares in the Company.

BAD AND DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment losses on receivables and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for impairment losses on receivables.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would require the further writing off of bad debts, or the additional allowance for impairment losses on receivables in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

CURRENT ASSETS

Before the financial statements of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, including their value as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company, have been written down to an amount which they might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements misleading.

VALUATION METHODS

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

CONTINGENT AND OTHER LIABILITIES

At the date of this report, there does not exist:-

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company that has arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial year.

No contingent or other liability of the Group and of the Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due.

CHANGE OF CIRCUMSTANCES

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

ITEMS OF AN UNUSUAL NATURE

The results of the operations of the Group and of the Company during the financial year were not, in the opinion of the directors, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely, in the opinion of the directors, to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

DIRECTORS

The names of directors of the Company who served during the financial year and up to the date of this report are as follows:-

Ker Min Choo Ker Mong Keng Chai Yee Man Kek Kok Swee Tan Lay Beng Ker Keddy

(Appointed on 1.5.2021)

Ker Hong (Alternate to Ker Min Choo) (Appointed on 17.1.2022)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS (CONT'D)

The names of directors of the Company's subsidiaries who served during the financial year and up to the date of this report, not including those directors mentioned above, are as follows:-

Chu Kian Hoo Ker Shiloong Ker Yan Ling Ker Young Ker Yun Liew Cheong Seng

Liew Cheong Sen Loo Chee How Mah Kok Ming

Voon Kwee Loon(Appointed on 1.5.2021)Lai Kian Yoeng(Appointed on 15.2.2022)Lee Kok Ping(Resigned on 25.8.2021)Loh Sai Kiang(Resigned on 25.8.2021)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, the interests of directors holding office at the end of the financial year in shares and options over unissued shares of the Company and its related corporations during the financial year are as follows:-

	← At 1.5.2021/	Number of Ordin	nary Shares _	→
	Date of	5	0.11	At
	Appointment	Bought	Sold	30.4.2022
The Company				
Direct Interests				
Ker Min Choo	97,555,203	-	_	97,555,203
Ker Mong Keng	43,515,945	-	-	43,515,945
Kek Kok Swee	3,572,800	-	-	3,572,800
Ker Hong	4,143,899	-	-	4,143,899
Ker Keddy	322,000	-	-	322,000
The Company Indirect Interests *				
Ker Min Choo	12,012,130	-	_	12,012,130
Ker Mong Keng	56,000	-	-	56,000
Kek Kok Swee	10,500,000	-	-	10,500,000

^{*} Deemed interested through spouse's and children's shareholding in the Company.

By virtue of his shareholdings in the Company, Ker Min Choo is deemed to have interests in shares in its related corporations during the financial year to the extent of the Company's interests, in accordance with Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.

The other directors holding office at the end of the financial year had no interest in shares and options over unissued shares of the Company or its related corporations during the financial year.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than directors' remuneration as disclosed in the "Directors' Remuneration" of this report) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest except for any benefits which may be deemed to arise from transactions entered into in the ordinary course of business with companies in which certain directors have substantial financial interests as disclosed in Note 38(b) to the financial statements.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONT'D)

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS (CONT'D)

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Group or the Company a party to any arrangements whose object is to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The details of the directors' remuneration paid or payable to the directors of the Company during the financial year are as follows:-

	The Group RM	The Company RM
Fees	294,987	274,987
Salaries, bonuses and other benefits	1,448,651	-
Defined contribution benefits	140,775	-
	1,884,413	274,987

The estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind provided by the Group to the directors of the Company were RM60,295.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE COST

During the financial year, there was no indemnity given to or professional indemnity insurance effected for directors, officers or auditors of the Company.

SUBSIDIARIES

The details of the Company's subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

The significant event during the financial year is disclosed in Note 41 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Crowe Malaysia PLT, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

The details of the auditors' remuneration for the financial year are as follows:-

	The Group RM	The Company RM
Audit fees	251,880	40,000
Non-audit fees	31,000	31,000
	282,880	71,000

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 August 2022.

Ker Min Choo Ker Mong Keng

STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, Ker Min Choo and Ker Mong Keng, being two of the directors of Solid Automotive Berhad, state that, in the opinion of the directors, the financial statements set out on pages 50 to 108 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 30 April 2022 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 August 2022.

Ker Min Choo Ker Mong Keng

STATUTORY DECLARATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, Tan Wee Kiat, MIA Membership Number: 46819, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Solid Automotive Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that the financial statements set out on pages 50 to 108 are, to the best of my knowledge and belief, correct and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the declaration to be true, and by virtue of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovementioned Tan Wee Kiat at Johor Bahru in the State of Johor on this 25 August 2022

Before me Tan Wee Kiat

Nur Amreeta Kaur Gubachen Singh Commissioner for Oaths No. J276

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA) REGISTRATION NO: 201201032237 (1016725-P)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Solid Automotive Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 April 2022 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 50 to 108.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 April 2022, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics*, *Conduct and Practice*) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Slow-Moving And Obsolete Inventories Refer to Notes 4.1(d) and 12 to the financial statements

Key Audit Matter

The Group is in the business of trading and distribution of automotive parts and components. The balance of inventories as at 30 April 2022 was RM84,139,307 after writing down slow moving and obsolete inventories. This represents the single largest asset component in the Group's statements of financial position.

Management determines the write down for obsolete inventories for each stock keeping unit ("SKU") when the age of the inventories exceed 2 years. The inventories to be written down are those which are expected to remain unsold after 3 years from the end of the reporting period based on past historical trend.

We have identified this as a risk area in view of the significance of inventories as a component of the Group's statements of financial position and the judgement required in making the write down.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our procedures included, amongst others:-

- Assessing the reasonableness of management's methodology employed for estimating the inventories write down;
- Performing aging test on inventories aging report by selecting samples and checking to the date of stock-in (purchase date) to the appropriate age band;
- Assessing the reasonableness of the assumptions used to derive the estimated future sales; and
- Testing the mathematical accuracy of management's method by re-performing the calculations on selected samples, using the inventories aging report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONT'D) TO THE MEMBERS OF SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REGISTRATION NO: 201201032237 (1016725-P)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:-

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether
 due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient
 and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or
 the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTD)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

REGISTRATION NO: 201201032237 (1016725-P)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Crowe Malaysia PLT 201906000005 (LLP0018817-LCA) & AF 1018 Chartered Accountants **Tan Guan Seng** 03387/08/2024 J Chartered Accountant

Johor Bahru

25 August 2022

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

		T	he Group	The Company		
	NI - 4 -	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM	
ASSETS						
NON-CURRENT ASSETS						
Investments in subsidiaries	5	-	-	101,774,365	101,774,365	
Property, plant and equipment	6	29,093,204	33,956,537	-	-	
Investment properties	7	14,294,800	10,634,666	-	-	
Right-of-use assets	8	25,845,600	26,087,215	-	-	
Other investments	9	238,610	238,610	-	-	
Deferred tax assets	10	120,588	168,001	-	-	
Other receivable	11	230,498		-		
		69,823,300	71,085,029	101,774,365	101,774,365	
CURRENT ASSETS						
Inventories	12	84,139,307	67,196,525	-	-	
Trade receivables	13	70,907,091	63,377,469	-	- 0.007	
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	11	9,349,471	5,154,257	11,548	9,227	
Amounts owing by subsidiaries	14 15	10.060.040	10.050.040	24,247,404	26,373,774	
Short-term investments	15	13,263,343	10,050,848	13,263,343	10,050,848	
Current tax assets	10	1,310,731	1,795,838	155,675	185,715	
Derivative assets	16	108,649	-	-	-	
Fixed deposit with a licensed bank Cash and bank balances	17	4,347,000 34,971,811	5,125,000	1 560 600	- 0 607 466	
Cash and bank balances			27,103,549	1,563,682	3,687,466	
		218,397,403	179,803,486	39,241,652	40,307,030	
TOTAL ASSETS		288,220,703	250,888,515	141,016,017	142,081,395	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
EQUITY						
Share capital	18	135,761,642	135,761,642	135,761,642	135,761,642	
Reserves	19	51,402,054	46,085,183	5,137,625	6,224,775	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		187,163,696	181,846,825	140,899,267	141,986,417	
Non-controlling interests	5	-	18,916	-	-	
TOTAL EQUITY	•	187,163,696	181,865,741	140,899,267	141,986,417	
	•					
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	00	16 100 005	E 670 400			
Long-term borrowing Lease liabilities	20 22	16,130,395 4,297,428	5,678,429	-	-	
Lease liabilities	22		4,948,147	<u>-</u>		
		20,427,823	10,626,576	-		
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Trade payables	23	26,875,300	22,639,174	_	_	
Other payables and accruals	24	6,189,336	3,558,381	116,750	94,978	
Lease liabilities	22	2,307,769	2,197,382	-	-	
Short-term borrowings	25	32,055,888	16,586,370	_	-	
Derivative liabilities	16	, , , <u>-</u>	46,797	-	-	
Provisions	26	13,200,891	13,368,094	-	-	
		80,629,184	58,396,198	116,750	94,978	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	,	101,057,007	69,022,774	116,750	94,978	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	•	288,220,703	250,888,515	141,016,017	142,081,395	

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

	Note	T/ 2022 RM	he Group 2021 RM	The C 2022 RM	ompany 2021 RM
REVENUE	27	298,360,885	304,212,481	-	-
OTHER OPERATING INCOME		6,566,777	7,245,220	1,151,300	769,478
CHANGES IN INVENTORIES		(230,071,008)	(234,617,184)	-	-
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	28	(35,670,320)	(31,746,782)	(277,297)	(233,370)
DEPRECIATION EXPENSES		(4,811,209)	(5,227,746)	-	-
FINANCE COSTS		(1,627,722)	(1,703,811)	(882)	(364,485)
OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES		(22,597,875)	(20,793,731)	(297,176)	(219,268)
NET IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS	29	(1,422,227)	(22,188)	-	
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	30	8,727,301	17,346,259	575,945	(47,645)
TAX EXPENSE	31	(2,081,848)	(1,901,802)	(104,987)	(100,199)
PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION		6,645,453	15,444,457	470,958	(147,844)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Item that Will be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss Foreign currency translation differences	32	214,128	155,303	-	<u>-</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSES) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		6,859,581	15,599,760	470,958	(147,844)
PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAXATION ATTRIBUTABLE TO:- Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		6,660,851 (15,398)	15,480,796 (36,339)	470,958 -	(147,844) -
, i.e., com cam g and code		6,645,453	15,444,457	470,958	(147,844)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(EXPENSES) ATTRIBUTABLE TO:- Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests		6,874,979 (15,398) 6,859,581	15,636,099 (36,339) 15,599,760	470,958 - 470,958	(147,844) - (147,844)
EARNINGS PER SHARE (SEN)					
Basic	33	1.28	3.42		

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

Balance at 1.5.2020 99,636,752 (43,360,988) 2,613,436 15,134,428 66,371,229 140,394,857 73,673 140,468,530 Profit after taxation for the financial year Other comprehensive income for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences Interests in a subsidiary and distributions to owners Accretion in equity income/for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences Interests in a subsidiary and distributions to owners for the financial year: - Exercise of warrants Interests in a subsidiary and distributions to owners and distributions to owners for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences Interests in a subsidiary and distributions to owners and the financial year of the financial year o	The Group	Note	Share Capital RM	Merger Deficit RM	Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve RM	Warrants Reserve RM	Retained Profits RM	Attributable to Owners of the Company RM	Non- Controlling Interests RM	Total Equity RM
the financial year Other comprehensive income for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year - Total contributions to owners Accretion in equity interests in a subsidiary - Foreign currency translation of the financial year - Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year - Total com	Balance at 1.5.2020		99,636,752	(43,360,988)	2,613,436	15,134,428	66,371,229	140,394,857	73,673	140,468,530
Translation differences 155,303 - 155,303 - 155,303 - 155,303	the financial year Other comprehensive income for the financial year:		-	-	-	-	15,480,796	15,480,796	(36,339)	15,444,457
Income/(expenses) For the financial year	translation differences		-	-	155,303	-	-	155,303	-	155,303
Exercise of warrants 19 36,124,890 - - (10,277,439) - 25,847,451 - 25,847,451 Transfer of reserve upon expiry of warrants 19 - - (4,856,989) 4,856,989 - - - -	income/(expenses) for the financial year	18 &	-	-	155,303	-	15,480,796	15,636,099	(36,339)	15,599,760
Expiry of warrants 19				-	-	(10,277,439)	-	25,847,451	-	25,847,451
Accretion in equity interests in a subsidiary 34 - - - - - - - - -	expiry of warrants	19	-	-	-	(4,856,989)	4,856,989	-	-	-
Interests in a subsidiary 34 - - - (31,582) (31,582) (18,418) (50,000)	distributions to owners		36,124,890	-	-	(15,134,428)	4,856,989	25,847,451	-	25,847,451
Profit after taxation for the financial year Other comprehensive income for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year 214,128 Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year 214,128 214,128 214,128 214,128 6,660,851 214,128 - 6,660,851 214,128 6,660,851		34	-	-	-	-	(31,582)	(31,582)	(18,418)	(50,000)
Other comprehensive income for the financial year: - Foreign currency translation differences 214,128 214,128 - 214,128 Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year Dividends: 214,128 - 6,660,851 6,874,979 (15,398) 6,859,581 Dividends: - by the Company 36 (1,558,108) (1,558,108) - (1,558,108) Disposal of a subsidiary 35 (3,518) (3,518)		1	135,761,642	(43,360,988)	2,768,739	-	86,677,432	181,846,825	18,916	181,865,741
differences - - 214,128 - - 214,128 - 214,128 Total comprehensive income/(expenses) for the financial year - - 214,128 - 6,660,851 6,874,979 (15,398) 6,859,581 Dividends: - - - - - (1,558,108) - (1,558,108) - (1,558,108) - (1,558,108) - (3,518) Disposal of a subsidiary 35 - - - - - - - - (3,518)	Other comprehensive income for the financial year:		-	-	-	-	6,660,851	6,660,851	(15,398)	6,,645,453
income/(expenses) for the financial year 214,128 - 6,660,851 6,874,979 (15,398) 6,859,581 Dividends: - by the Company 36 (1,558,108) (1,558,108) - (1,558,108) Disposal of a subsidiary 35 (3,518) (3,518)	-		-	-	214,128	-	-	214,128	-	214,128
Disposal of a subsidiary 35 (3,518) (3,518)	income/(expenses) for the financial year		-	-	214,128	-	6,660,851	6,874,979	(15,398)	6,859,581
Balance at 30.4.2022 135,761,642 (43,360,988) 2,982,867 - 91,780,175 187,163,696 - 187,163,696			-	-	-	-	(1,558,108)	(1,558,108)	- (3,518)	
	Balance at 30.4.2022		135,761,642	(43,360,988)	2,982,867	-	91,780,175	187,163,696	-	187,163,696

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

The Company	Note	Share Capital RM	Warrants Reserve RM	Retained Profits RM	Total Equity RM
Balance at 1.5.2020		99,636,752	15,134,428	1,515,630	116,286,810
Loss after taxation/Total comprehensive expenses for the financial year		-	-	(147,844)	(147,844)
Issuance of shares: Exercise of Warrants Transfer of reserve upon expiry of warrants	18 & 19	36,124,890	(10,277,439) (4,856,989)	- 4,856,989	25,847,451
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	L	36,124,890	(15,134,428)	4,856,989	25,847,451
Balance at 30.4.2021/1.5.2021	_	135,761,642	-	6,224,775	141,986,417
Profit after taxation/Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	-	470,958	470,958
Dividend	36	-	-	(1,558,108)	(1,558,108)
Balance at 30.4.2022		135,761,642	-	5,137,625	140,899,267

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

		The Group		The C	ompany
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM
			(Restated)		(Restated)
CASH FLOWS (FOR)/FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Profit/(Loss) before taxation		8,727,301	17,346,259	575,945	(47,645)
Adjustments for:-					
Bad debts written off		86	937	-	-
Bad debts recovered		(27,479)	(32,294)	-	-
COVID-19-related rent concessions	22	(3,587)	(3,230)	-	-
Depreciation of:					
 property, plant and equipment 	6	2,058,640	2,392,132	-	-
- investment properties	7	292,505	292,697	-	-
- right-of-use assets	8	2,460,064	2,542,917	-	-
Fair value (gain)/loss on derivative		(155,446)	30,776	-	-
Fair value (gain)/loss on		(04.004)	0.000	(04.004)	0.000
short term investment		(81,824)	2,823	(81,824)	2,823
Impairment losses:	7		00.000		
investment propertiestrade receivables	7 13	1 0/6 2/9	80,000	-	-
- other receivables	11	1,946,248	660,511 53,311	-	-
Interest expense on lease liabilities	22	264,375	317,819	-	-
Other interest expenses	22	1,021,549	1,281,447	<u>-</u>	363,535
Other interest expenses Other receivable written off		23,793	1,201,447	_	-
Inventories written down	12	830,224	1,622,449	_	_
Inventories written off	12	2,880,353	1,022,440	_	_
Loss/(Gain) on foreign exchange - unrealised		77,196	(136,266)	_	_
Property, plant and equipment written off	6	22,261	224,247	_	_
Provisions	26	18,756,242	17,351,657	_	_
Gain on disposal of investment properties		-	(2,823,229)	-	_
Gain on disposal of property,			,		
plant and equipment		(463,613)	(340,998)	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	35	(41,791)	-	-	-
Gain on lease termination		(14,094)	(11,297)	-	-
Interest income		(512,268)	(223,652)	(1,069,476)	(769,461)
Reversal of impairment losses on					
trade receivables	13	(524,021)	(691,634)	-	-
Reversal of inventories written down	12	(1,708,694)	(1,226,083)	-	-
Reversal of provisions	26	(668,002)	-	-	-
Operating profit/(loss) before	-				
working capital changes		35,160,018	38,711,299	(575,355)	(450,748)
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories		(19,172,883)	13,866,407	-	-
Increase in trade and other receivables		(13,370,361)	(8,548,078)	(2,321)	_
Increase/(Decrease) in trade					
and other payables		7,297,135	(1,050,925)	21,772	(302,228)
Provisions claimed	26	(18,255,443)	(15,710,483)	-	-
CASH (FOR)/FROM OPERATIONS	-	(8,341,534)	27,268,220	(555,904)	(752,976)
Income tax paid		(1,861,624)	(1,867,154)	(110,000)	(149,502)
Real property gains tax paid		(1,001,027)	(1,88,464)	(110,000)	(1-10,002)
Income tax refunded		296,176	862,195	35,053	_
Interest received		381,598	169,980	1,816	7,224
	-		,	-,	
NET CASH (FOR)/FROM		(0 E0E 204)	06 044 777	(600 00E)	(OOE OE 4)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-	(9,525,384)	26,244,777	(629,035)	(895,254)

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONT'D)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

	Note	Tr 2022 RM	ne Group 2021 RM (Restated)	The C 2022 RM	Company 2021 RM (Restated)
CASH FLOWS (FOR)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			, ,		, ,
Advances to subsidiaries		-	_	(950,000)	(15,094,703)
Interest income received		130,670	53,672	1,067,660	762,237
Proceeds from disposal of					
investment properties		-	3,422,000	-	-
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		557,461	719,825		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(1,190,545)	(1,117,595)	_	_
Addition to right-of-use assets	37(a)	(432,207)	(76,709)	_	_
Placement of short-term investment	07 (d)	(3,130,671)	(10,053,671)	(3,130,671)	(10,053,671)
Repayment from subsidiaries		-	-	3,076,370	4,916,248
Subsequent expenditure on				, ,	, ,
investment properties		-	(32,338)	-	-
Disposal of a subsidiary, net of cash					
and cash equivalents disposed of	35	(5,019)	-	-	-
NET CASH (FOR)/FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	(4,070,311)	(7,084,816)	63,359	(19,469,889)
CASH FLOWS FROM/(FOR) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Acquisition of non-controlling interests	34	_	(50,000)	_	_
Dividends paid	36	(1,558,108)	-	(1,558,108)	_
Drawdown of bankers' acceptances	37(b)	43,144,684	29,190,580	-	-
Drawdown of foreign currency loans	37(b)	48,063,226	37,260,103	-	-
Drawdown of term loans	37(b)	20,000,000	-	-	-
Drawdown of trust receipts	37(b)	3,650,001	4,480,243	-	-
Interest paid	37(b)	(1,285,924)	(1,599,266)	-	(363,535)
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	18	- (0.007.440)	25,847,451	-	25,847,451
Repayment of lease liabilities	37(b)	(2,337,110)	(2,332,388)	-	-
Repayment of bankers' acceptances	37(b)	(39,043,000)	(35,018,580)	-	-
Repayment of foreign currency loans Repayment of term loans	37(b) 37(b)	(41,882,469) (4,610,919)	(40,189,553) (14,229,367)	_	_
Repayment of trust receipts	37(b)	(3,956,608)	(4,734,082)	_	_
Repayment of revolving credits	37(b)	(0,000,000)	(1,500,000)	_	_
Repayment to subsidiaries	37(b)	-	-	-	(2,863,015)
NET CASH FROM/(FOR) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-	20,183,773	(2,874,859)	(1,558,108)	22,620,901
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	_	6,588,078	16,285,102	(2,123,784)	2,255,758
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE TRANSLATION		502,184	(236,100)	_	_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		32,228,549	16,179,547	3,687,466	1,431,708
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	37(d)	39,318,811	32,228,549	1,563,682	3,687,466

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia. The registered office and principal place of business are as follows:-

Registered office : Suite 9D, Level 9, Menara Ansar

65, Jalan Trus 80000 Johor Bahru

Johor

Principal place of business : PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa

Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang

81700 Pasir Gudang

Johor

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 25 August 2022.

2. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is principally engaged in the business of investment holding and the provision of management services. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 5 to the financial statements. There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial year.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Group are prepared under the historical cost convention and modified to include other bases of valuation as disclosed in other sections under significant accounting policies, and in compliance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

3.1 During the current financial year, the Group has adopted the following new accounting standards (including the consequential amendments, if any):-

MFRSs (Including The Consequential Amendments)

Amendment to MFRS 16: Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021

Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139, MFRS 7, MFRS 4 and MFRS 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

The adoption of the above accounting standards (including the consequential amendments, if any) did not have any material impact on the Group's financial statements.

3.2 The Group has not applied in advance the following accounting standards (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year:-

MFRSs (Including The Consequential Amendments)	Effective Date
MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 3: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128: Sale or Contribution of Assets between	
an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	Deferred
Amendments to MFRS 17 Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendment to MFRS 17: Initial Application of MFRS 17 and MFRS 9	
- Comparative Information	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 108: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 112: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities	•
arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONT'D)

3.2 The Group has not applied in advance the following accounting standards (including the consequential amendments, if any) that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board (MASB) but are not yet effective for the current financial year (Cont'd):-

MFRSs (Including The Consequential Amendments)

Effective Date

Amendments to MFRS 116: Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use Amendments to MFRS 137: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2018 - 2020

1 January 2022 1 January 2022

1 January 2022

The adoption of the above accounting standards (including the consequential amendments, if any) is expected to have no material impact on the financial statements of the Group upon their initial application.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below:-

(a) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the property, plant and equipment are based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions. The Group anticipates that the residual values of its property, plant and equipment will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the depreciable amount. Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised. The carrying amount of property, plant and equipment as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The Group determines whether its investments in subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets are impaired by evaluating the extent to which the recoverable amount of the asset is less than its carrying amount. This evaluation is subject to changes such as market performance, economic and political situation of the country. A variety of methods is used to determine the recoverable amount, such as valuation reports and discounted cash flows. For discounted cash flows, significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the assets, which involve uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions used and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates. The carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-of-use assets as at the reporting date are disclosed in Notes 5, 6, 7 and 8 to the financial statements respectively.

(c) Fair Value Estimates for Certain Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Group carries certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are not traded in an active market at fair value. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. The amount of fair value changes would differ if the Group uses different valuation methodologies and assumptions, and eventually affect profit and/or other comprehensive income.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (Cont'd)

Management believes that there are no key assumptions made concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year other than as disclosed below (Cont'd):-

(d) Write-down of Inventories

Reviews are made periodically by management on damaged, obsolete and slow- moving inventories. These reviews require management to consider the future demand for the products and subsequent events. The Group also adopts the write-down policy for slow-moving inventories which are aged more than 2 years by estimating the inventories which will remain unsold after 3 years from the end of the reporting period based on past historical trend for each stock keeping unit.

In general, such an evaluation process requires significant judgement and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories. The carrying amount of inventories as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

(e) Impairment of Trade Receivables

The Group uses the simplified approach to estimate a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables. The Group develops the expected loss rates based on the payment profiles of past sales and the corresponding historical credit losses, and adjusts for qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables. The carrying amount of trade receivables as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

(f) Income Taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Group recognises tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax expense and deferred tax balances in the year in which such determination is made.

(g) Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits would be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances could be utilised. Management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based on the assessment of the probability of the future taxable profits. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets as at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

(h) Provision for Warranties

Judgement has been applied in determining the provision for warranties for products sold under the warranty terms ranging from one to two years from the date of sale. The provision is computed based on the past return percentage of those products sold with defects quality. Based on the past experience, it is probable that certain claims will be made within the given warranty period. The carrying amount of provision for warranties as at reporting date is disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.1 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONT'D)

Critical Judgements Made in Applying Accounting Policies

Management believes that there are no instances of application of critical judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies which will have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements other than as disclosed below:-

Lease Terms

Some leases contain extension options exercisable by the Group before the end of the non- cancellable contract period. In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances including the past practice and any cost that will be incurred to change the asset if an option to extend is not taken. An extension option is only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

4.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries made up to the end of the reporting period.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has de facto power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group up to the effective date on which control ceases, as appropriate.

Intragroup transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Intragroup losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

(a) Business Combinations

A business combination involving entities under common control is a business combination in which all the combining entities or business are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory.

An acquisition that resulted in a business combination involving common control entities is outside the scope of MFRS 3 Business Combinations. For such common control combinations, the merger accounting principles are used to include the assets, liabilities, results, equity changes and cash flows of the combining entities in the audited financial statements.

In applying merger accounting, financial statements items of the combining entities or businesses for the reporting period in which common control combination occurs are included in the audited financial statements of the Group as if the combination had occurred from the date when the combining entities or business come under the control of the controlling party or parties.

Under merger accounting, the Group recognises the assets, liabilities and equity of the combining entities or businesses at the carrying amount as if such audited financial statements had been prepared by the controlling party including adjustments are required for conforming to the Group's accounting policies and applying those policies to all period presented. There is no recognition of any goodwill or a gain from a bargain purchase at the time of the common control combination. The effect of all transactions and balances between combining entities, whether occurring before or after the combination, are eliminated in preparing the audited financial statements of the Group.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONT'D)

(a) Business Combinations (Cont'd)

However, acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method subsequently. Under the acquisition method, the consideration transferred for acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group at the acquisition date. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs, other than the costs to issue debt or equity securities, are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

In a business combination achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquiree are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests in the acquiree may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquiree's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

(b) Non-controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests are presented within equity in the consolidated statements of financial position, separately from the equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(c) Changes in Ownership Interests in Subsidiaries Without Change of Control

All changes in the parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity of the Group.

(d) Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group recognises any gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss which is calculated as the difference between:-

- (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest in the former subsidiary; and
- (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the former subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the former subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits). The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under MFRS 9 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

4.3 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES

(a) Functional and Presentation Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, which is the functional currency.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.3 FUNCTIONAL AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES (CONT'D)

(b) Foreign Currency Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the respective functional currencies on initial recognition, using the exchange rates at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are translated at the exchange rates ruling as of that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. All exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Foreign Operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations (including any goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition) are translated to the Group's presentation currency at the exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. Income, expenses and other comprehensive income of foreign operations are translated at exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. All exchange differences arising from translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity; attributed to the owners of the Company and non-controlling interests, as appropriate.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign subsidiary, or partial disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation of which the retained interest becomes a financial asset), all of the exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that foreign operation attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. The portion related to non-controlling interests is derecognised but is not reclassified to profit or loss.

In addition, in relation to partial disposal of a subsidiary that does not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiary, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are reattributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. When the Group disposes of only part of its investment in an associate that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence, the proportionate share of the accumulative exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

In the consolidated financial statements, when the settlement of an intragroup loan is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, the exchange differences arising from translating such monetary item are considered to form part of a net investment in the foreign operation and are recognised in other comprehensive income.

4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the statements of financial position when the Group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial instruments are classified as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and their definitions in MFRS 132. Interest, dividends, gains and losses relating to a financial instrument classified as liability are reported as an expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are charged directly to equity.

Financial instruments are offset when the Group has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

A financial instrument is recognised initially at its fair value (other than trade receivables without significant financing component which are measured at transaction price as defined in MFRS 15 at inception). Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial instrument (other than a financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss) are added to/deducted from the fair value on initial recognition, as appropriate. Transaction costs on the financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

Financial instruments recognised in the statements of financial position are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item.

(a) Financial Assets

All recognised financial assets are measured subsequently in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value (through profit or loss, or other comprehensive income), depending on the classification of the financial assets.

Debt Instruments

(i) Amortised Cost

The financial asset is held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. When the asset has subsequently become credit-impaired, the interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the financial asset or a shorter period (where appropriate).

(ii) Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income

The financial asset is held for both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial asset, where the asset's cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment, interest income and foreign exchange difference which are recognised directly in profit or loss. Interest income is calculated using the effective interest rate method.

(iii) Fair Value through Profit or Loss

All other financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The fair value changes do not include interest or dividend income.

The Group reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets change.

Equity Instruments

All equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in profit or loss except where the Group has elected to present the subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve at initial recognition.

The designation at fair value through other comprehensive income is not permitted if the equity investment is either held for trading or is designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise.

Dividend income from this category of financial assets is recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment is established unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the equity investments.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(b) Financial Liabilities

(i) Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are either held for trading or are designated to eliminate or significantly reduce a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise. The changes in fair value (excluding interest expense) of these financial liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Other Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts), through the expected life of the financial liability or a shorter period (where appropriate).

(c) Equity Instruments

Equity instruments classified as equity are measured initially at cost and are not remeasured subsequently. Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recorded at the proceeds received, net of directly attributable transaction costs. Dividends on ordinary shares are recognised as liabilities when approved for appropriation.

(d) Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in fair value on derivatives during the reporting period, other than those accounted for under hedge accounting, are recognised directly in profit or loss.

Any derivative embedded in a financial asset is not accounted for separately. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is classified and subsequently measured as either amortised cost or fair value as appropriate.

An embedded derivative is recognised separately from the host contract which is a financial liability as a derivative if, and only if, its risks and characteristics are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss.

(e) Derecognition

A financial asset or part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of a debt instrument classified as fair value through other comprehensive income, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the fair value reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. In contrast, there is no subsequent reclassification of the fair value reserve to profit or loss following the derecognition of an equity investment.

A financial liability or a part of it is derecognised when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.4 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

(f) Financial Guarantee Contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specific debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as liabilities at fair value, net of transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial guarantee contracts are recognised as income in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee or, when there is no specific contractual period, recognised in profit or loss upon discharge of the guarantee. If the debtor fails to make payment relating to a financial guarantee contract when it is due and the Company, as the issuer, is required to reimburse the holder for the associated loss, the liability is measured at the higher of the amount of the credit loss determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation.

4.5 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost in the statement of financial position of the Company, and are reviewed for impairment at the end of the reporting period if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs.

On the disposal of the investments in subsidiaries, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments is recognised in profit or loss.

4.6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all property, plant and equipment, other than freehold land, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that are replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property, plant and equipment are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other property, plant and equipment is charged to profit or loss (unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset) on a straight-line method to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation of an asset does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:-

Buildings	2%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	10% to 50%
Motor vehicles	20%
Plant and machinery	10% to 20%
Renovation and electrical installation	10% to 20%

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amounts, method and periods of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of the property, plant and equipment. Any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate.

When significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from derecognition of the asset, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount, is recognised in profit or loss.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are properties which are owned or right-of-use asset held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes.

Investment properties which are owned are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. The cost of self-constructed investment property includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the investment property to a working condition for its intended use. The right-of-use asset held under a lease contract that meets the definition of investment property is measured initially similarly as other right-of-use assets.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the investment properties. Freehold land is not depreciated. The estimated useful lives of the investment properties are within 50 years to 99 years.

Investment properties are derecognised when they have either been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future benefit is expected from its disposal.

On the derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. All transfers do not change the carrying amount of the property reclassified.

4.8 LEASES

The Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease, at the inception of the contract. The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for low-value assets and short-term leases with 12 months or less. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line method over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use assets and the associated lease liabilities are presented as a separate line item in the statements of financial position.

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost. Cost includes the initial amount of the corresponding lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred, less any incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The depreciation starts from the commencement date of the lease. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group expects to exercise a purchase option, the related right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of the right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those property, plant and equipment.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

The lease liability is subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the future lease payments (other than lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease) with the corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount has been reduced to zero.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.9 INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average cost method and comprises the purchase price and incidentals incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

4.10 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, and demand deposits, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturity periods of three months or less.

4.11 IMPAIRMENT

(a) Impairment of Financial Assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised costs and trade receivables, as well as on financial guarantee contracts.

The expected credit loss is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument. The Group always recognises lifetime expected credit losses for trade receivables using the simplified approach. The expected credit losses on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience and are adjusted for forward-looking information (including time value of money where appropriate).

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime expected credit losses when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. However, if the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-months expected credit losses.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve, and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset in the statements of financial position.

(b) Impairment of Non-financial Assets

The carrying values of assets, other than those to which MFRS 136 does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for impairment when an annual impairment assessment is compulsory or there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value-in-use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flows using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any impairment loss recognised in respect of a cash-generating unit is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets other than goodwill, and when there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.12 PROVISIONS

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is the present value of the estimated expenditure required to settle the obligation. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as interest expense in profit or loss.

(a) Product Warranties

A provision for warranties is recognised based on the best estimated liabilities to repair or replace products when the underlying products or services are sold. The estimated liabilities are based on historical warranty data and a weighting of all possible outcomes against their associated probabilities.

(b) Rebates

Provision for rebates is in respect of volume rebates and prompt payment rebates payable to customers upon achieving the sales target of qualifying products and prompt payment scheme set by the Group.

The provision is recognised for expected rebates to be paid based on sales during the reporting period and also past experience on the likelihood of the customers achieving sales target and meeting the prompt payment timeline.

(c) Staff Sales Commission

Provision for staff sales commission is based on management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date based on the performance conditions of individual employees over sales collections.

(d) Relocation and Restoration Costs

Provision for relocation and restoration cost is based on management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date.

(e) Advertising and Promotion

Provision for advertising and promotion is in respect of travel campaigns, signboard, banner, poster, catalogue and other premium items payable to customers upon achieving the sales target of qualifying products set by the Group.

The provision is recognised for expected expenses to be paid based on sales during the reporting period and also past experience on the likelihood of the customers achieving the sales target.

(f) Others

Provisions for others is in respect of the annual dinner, bonus, computer charges, royalty fee, staff training, tax fees and unutilised leave based on the management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date in the next reporting period.

4.13 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

(a) Short-term Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and bonuses are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group.

(b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Group's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.14 INCOME TAXES

(a) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the taxation authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

(b) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method for all temporary differences other than those that arise from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Current and deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transactions either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

Current tax assets and liabilities or deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity (or on different tax entities but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis) and the same taxation authority.

4.15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

4.16 OPERATING SEGMENTS

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.17 EARNINGS PER ORDINARY SHARE

Basic earnings per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the reporting period, adjusted for own shares held.

Diluted earnings per ordinary share is determined by adjusting the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

4.18 BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

4.19 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For non-financial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into level 1 to level 3 as follows:-

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

4.20 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Revenue is recognised by reference to each distinct performance obligation in the contract with customer and is measured at the consideration specified in the contract of which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to a customer, net of sales and service tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) it transfers control over a product or service to customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of the asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service at a point in time unless one of the following overtime criteria is met:-

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided as the Group performs.
- The Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced.
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

4.20 REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (CONT'D)

Sale of Automotive and Industrial Parts

Revenue from sale of automotive and industrial parts is recognised when the Group has transferred control of the goods to the customer, being when the goods have been delivered to the customer and upon its acceptance. Following delivery, the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, and bears the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods.

The Group's obligation to repair or replace faulty products under the standard terms is recognised as a provision.

A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

4.21 OTHER OPERATING INCOME

(a) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

(b) Dividend Income

Dividend income from investment is recognised when the right to receive dividend payment is established.

(c) Lease Income

Lease income is accounted for on a straight-line method over the lease term.

5. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	The C	The Company	
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
Unquoted shares, at cost	102,014,365	102,014,365	
Accumulated impairment losses	(240,000)	(240,000)	
	101,774,365	101,774,365	

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:-

Name of Subsidiaries	Principal Place of Business/ Country of Incorporation	Issued Share Capital Held by		Principal Activities
		2022	2021	
		%	%	
Subsidiaries of the Company				
Solid Corporation Sdn. Bhd. ("Solid Corporation")	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive electrical parts and components
Twinco Far East Sdn. Bhd. ("Twinco")	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive engine and mechanical parts and components
Solid Autotech Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Property and investment holding
Borneo Technical Co. (M) Sdn. Bhd. ("Borneo")	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive spare parts, lubricants, batteries, and industrial supplies
Win Soon Auto Suppliers Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive spare parts and components

5. **INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONT'D)**

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows (Cont'd):-

Name of Subsidiaries	Principal Place of Business/ Country of Incorporation	Issued Capital	tage of Share Held by rent 2021	Principal Activities
		%	%	
Subsidiaries of the Company (Cont'd	d)			
Win Soon Auto Suppliers (JB) Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Property and investment holding
Auto Empire Impex Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive engine and mechanical parts and components
Subsidiaries of Solid Corporation				
Auto Electrical Systems Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive electrical parts and components
Loco Auto Sdn. Bhd. (Formerly known as HKT Auto Electrical Parts Sdn. Bhd.)	Malaysia	100	100	Trading and distribution of automotive spare parts, lubricants and batteries
Autoworld Parts Services Sdn. Bhd. ("Autoworld")	Malaysia	-	70	Trading, repairing and servicing of automotive electrical parts and components
Subsidiary of Borneo				
Part Center Sdn. Bhd. (Formerly known as JBS Auto-Tech Sdn. Bhd. ("Part Center"))	Malaysia	-	100	Dormant
Subsidiary of Twinco				
Part Center Sdn. Bhd. (Formerly known as JBS Auto-Tech Sdn. Bhd. ("Part Center"))	Malaysia	100	-	Dormant

- This subsidiary was audited by other firm of chartered accountants.
- During the current financial year, Borneo has disposed of its entire equity interest in Part Center to Twinco for a cash consideration of RM1.
- During the current financial year, Solid Corporation has disposed of its entire equity interest in Autoworld. The details (b) of the disposal are disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements.
- In the previous financial year, Solid Corporation has acquired an additional 50,000 ordinary shares in Autoworld for a cash consideration of RM50,000. Following the completion of the acquisition, Autoworld became a 70%-owned subsidiary of Solid Corporation. The details of the acquisition are disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.
- (d) In the previous financial year, Solid Corporation had disposed of its entire equity interest in Part Center to Borneo for a cash consideration of RM1.
- (e) The non-controlling interests at the end of the reporting period comprise the following:-

	Effective Ed	quity Interest	The Gr	oup
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	%	%	RM	RM
Autoworld	-	30	-	18,916

⁽f) Summarised financial information of non-controlling interest has not been presented as the non-controlling interests of the subsidiary is not individually material to the Group.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

The Group 2022 Carrying Amount Freehold land Buildings Furniture, fixtures and equipment Motor vehicles Plant and machinery Renovation and electrical installation	At 1.5.2021 RM 6,006,328 23,008,358 3,789,175 661,497 22,762 468,417 33,956,537	Additions RM RM - 238,365 736,671 131,000 19,598 64,911 1,190,545	Disposals RM (33,794) (60,054) (60,054)	Write Off (Note 30) RM (22,258) - (3) - (3) - (3)	Transfer to Trans Investment Right Properties (Note 7) RM RM (2,300,000) (1,652,639)	rer to Transfer from ment Right-of-Use Assets Assets RM RM RM RM RM C,000) 2,639) - 68,172 - 68,172 - 68,172 68,172 68,172 68,172 Right-of-Use Right-of-Use	Translation Differences RM 62,936 1,943 671 671	Charges (Note 30) RM 523,187 (990,582 (449,959 (94,069 (94,069	Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 35)	At 30.4.2022 RM 3,706,328 21,133,833 3,423,610 348,660 41,514 439,259 29,093,204
	At 1.5.2020 RM	Additions RM	Disposals RM		Write Off (Note 30) (P		Reclassification I	Translation Differences RM	Charges (Note 30) RM	At 30.4.2021 RM
	6,006,328	•			,	,	ı	•	•	6,006,328
	16,489,725	26,882			,	'	6,897,603	46,539	(452,391)	23,008,358
	6,851,840	45,763			1	-	(6,897,603)		` I	
	4,002,136	940,508	(16,095)		(160,219)	,	` 1	1,792	(978,947)	3,789,175
	1,409,700	1,086	9			367,454	1	1,213	(755,224)	661,497
	129,320		•		(4,406)	1	ı	ı	(102,152)	22,762
	528 101	103 356			(50 622)			,	(103 418)	768 A17
	101,020	000,001				1	1	' ;	(014,001)	- t,00t
	35,417,150	1,117,595	(378,827)		(224,247) 30	367,454	ı	49,544	(2,392,132)	33,956,537

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONT'D)

The Group 2022	At Cost RM	Accumulated Impairment Losses RM	Accumulated Depreciation RM	Carrying Amount RM
Freehold land	3,706,328	_	_	3,706,328
Buildings	59,278,587	(19,077,919)	(19,066,835)	21,133,833
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	26,475,483	(1,222,515)	(21,829,358)	3,423,610
Motor vehicles	8,517,873	(77,558)	(8,091,655)	348,660
Plant and machinery	2,289,055	-	(2,247,541)	41,514
Renovation and electrical installation	1,185,845	-	(746,586)	439,259
	101,453,171	(20,377,992)	(51,981,975)	29,093,204

The Group 2021	At Cost RM	Accumulated Impairment Losses RM	Accumulated Depreciation RM	Carrying Amount RM
Freehold land	6,006,328	_	-	6,006,328
Buildings	61,008,761	(19,077,919)	(18,922,484)	23,008,358
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	26,217,674	(1,222,515)	(21,205,984)	3,789,175
Motor vehicles	9,251,393	(77,558)	(8,512,338)	661,497
Plant and machinery	2,275,569	-	(2,252,807)	22,762
Renovation and electrical installation	1,120,934	-	(652,517)	468,417
	105,880,659	(20,377,992)	(51,546,130)	33,956,537

Included in the carrying amount of the property, plant and equipment of the Group are the following asset pledged to licensed banks for banking facilities extended to the Group as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements are as follows:-

	Th	e Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Building	4,257,272	4,295,468

7. **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	The	Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Cost:-		
At 1 May 2021/2020	54,939,302	57,943,889
Additions	-	32,338
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	4,339,436	-
Transfer to right-of-use assets (Note 8)	_	(1,207,007)
Disposal	-	(1,829,918)
At 30 April 2022/2021	59,278,738	54,939,302

7. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONT'D)

	The	Group
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Accumulated depreciation:-		
At 1 May 2021/2020 Depreciation during the financial year (Note 30) Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 6) Transfer to right-of-use assets (Note 8) Disposal	(21,003,221) (292,505) (386,797) - -	(21,986,934) (292,697) - 45,263 1,231,147
At 30 April 2022/2021	(21,682,523)	(21,003,221)
Accumulated impairment loss:-		
At 1 May 2021/2020 Additions (Note 30)	(23,301,415)	(23,221,415) (80,000)
At 30 April 2022/2021	(23,301,415)	(23,301,415)
	14,294,800	10,634,666
Represented by:-		
Freehold land	3,287,365	987,365
Leasehold land	4,679,754	4,705,250
Buildings	6,327,681	4,942,051
At 30 April 2022/2021	14,294,800	10,634,666
Fair value:-		
Freehold land	4,190,000	710,000
Leasehold land	6,661,926	6,661,926
Buildings	11,494,892	9,284,892
At 30 April 2022/2021	22,346,818	16,656,818

(a) Included in the carrying amount of the investment properties of the Group in the previous financial year were the following assets pledged to licensed bank for banking facilities extended to the Group as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements:-

	The C	iroup
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Freehold land	-	400,000
Building	-	499,200
	-	899,200

(b) The fair value of the investment properties have been determined based on valuations performed by independent professional valuers at the end of the reporting date using the sales comparison approach. Sales price of comparable properties in close proximity are adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size, location, market trends and facilities available. The most significant input into this valuation approach is the price per square foot of comparable properties. There has been no change to the valuation technique during the financial year.

The fair values of the investment properties are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value measurements of the investment properties are based on the highest and best use which does not differ from their actual use.

30 to 96 years 1 to 5 years 1 to 5 years

1 to 6 years 1 to 6 years 29 to 95 years

2021

The Group 2022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

			Derecognition	Transfer to	Disnocal of	Modification of		Denreciation	
The Group	At 1.5.2021 RM	Additions (Note 37(a)) RM	Due to Lease Modification RM	and Equipment (Note 6) RM	a subsidiary (Note 35) RM		Translation Differences RM	Charges (Note 30) RM	At 30.4.2022 RM
2022									
Carrying Amount									
Leasehold land	19,184,521	•	•	1	•	ı	•	(223,367)	18,961,154
Premises	6,022,000	1,381,819	(351,800)	1	(154,659)	(185,859)	1	(1,880,027)	4,831,474
Motor vehicles	880,694	1,619,561	ı	(68,172)	(33,625)	1	11,184	(356,670)	2,052,972
	26,087,215	3,001,380	(351,800)	(68,172)	(188,284)	(185,859)	11,184	(2,460,064)	25,845,600
	At	Additions	Derecognition Due to Lease	Transfer to Property, Plant and Equipment	Transfer from Investment Properties	nsfer from nvestment Modification of Properties Lease Liabilities	Translation	Depreciation Charges	Ą
The Group	1.5.2020 RM	(Note 37(a)) RM	Modification RM	(Note 6) RM	(Note 7) RM	(Note 22) RM	Differences RM	(Note 30) RM	30.4.2021 RM
2021									
Carrying Amount									
Leasehold land	18,246,143	1	•	ı	1,161,744	ı	•	(223,366)	19,184,521
Premises	7,520,578	771,197	(302,795)	ı	ı	98,085	ı	(2,065,065)	6,022,000
Motor vehicles	900,700	601,819	•	(367,454)	•	ı	115	(254,486)	880,694
	26,667,421	1,373,016	(302,795)	(367,454)	1,161,744	98,085	115	(2,542,917)	26,087,215

The Group has lease contracts for leasehold land, premises and motor vehicles used in its operations. Their remaining lease terms are as below:-

<u>a</u>

Premises Motor vehicles Leasehold land

RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONT'D)

- (b) The Group also has several leases with lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of equipment with low value. The Group has applied the 'short-term lease' and 'lease of low-value assets' recognition exemptions for these leases.
- (c) The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. These options are negotiated by management to provide flexibility in managing the portfolio of leased asset and align with the Group's business needs. Management exercises judgement in determining whether these extension and termination options are reasonably certain to be exercised.
- (d) The Group has leased its motor vehicles under hire purchase arrangements. The leases are secured by the leased assets. The Group has an option to purchase the asset at the expiry of the lease period at an insignificant amount.
- (e) Included in the right-of-use assets of the Group are leasehold land with a total carrying amount of RM4,136,288 (2021 RM4,166,353) which has been pledged to licensed banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements.

9. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	The (Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Transferable golf club memberships, at cost	374,200	374,200
Less: Impairment losses	(135,590)	(135,590)
	238,610	238,610

10. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

		Recognised in	
	At	Profit or Loss	At
	1.5.2021	(Note 31)	30.4.2022
The Group	RM	RM	RM
2022			
Deferred Tax Liabilities			
Accelerated capital allowances	(854,804)	-	(854,804)
Deferred Tax Assets			
Impairment losses on trade receivables	183,400	-	183,400
Inventories written down	575,400	-	575,400
Provisions	57,900	-	57,900
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	22,000	-	22,000
Others	184,105	(47,413)	136,692
	1,022,805	(47,413)	975,392
	168,001	(47,413)	120,588

DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (CONT'D)

The Group 2021	At 1.5.2020 RM	Recognised in Profit or Loss (Note 31) RM	At 30.4.2021 RM
Deferred Tax Liabilities			
Accelerated capital allowances	(854,804)	-	(854,804)
Deferred Tax Assets			
Impairment losses on trade receivables	183,400	-	183,400
Inventories written down	575,400	-	575,400
Provisions	57,900	-	57,900
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	22,000	-	22,000
Others	165,185	18,920	184,105
	1,003,885	18,920	1,022,805
	149,081	18,920	168,001

At the end of the reporting period, the amounts of deferred tax asset not recognised (stated at gross) due to uncertainty of their realisation are as follows:-

	The	Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Unabsorbed capital allowances	609,800	560,000
Unused tax losses:		
- expires by 30 April 2025	-	32,385,700
- expires by 30 April 2026	-	260,300
- expires by 30 April 2027	-	425,800
- expires by 30 April 2028	27,934,000	474,300
- expires by 30 April 2029	260,300	-
- expires by 30 April 2030	425,800	-
- expires by 30 April 2031	474,300	-
- expires by 30 April 2032	1,335,700	-
Other deductible temporary differences	26,459,100	26,685,900
	57,499,000	60,792,000

For Malaysia entities, the unused tax losses are allowed to be utilised for 10 (2021 - 7) consecutive years of assessment while the unabsorbed capital allowances are allowed to be carried forward indefinitely.

The use of tax losses of subsidiary in other country is subject to agreement of the tax authority and compliance with certain provisions of the Income Tax Act of the country in which the subsidiary operates.

11. OTHER RECEIVABLES, DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS

	The	Group	The Cor	npany
	2022 RM	2021 RM	2022 RM	2021 RM
Non-current				
Other receivable	230,498	-	-	-
Current				
Other receivables:-				
Third parties	3,694,437	766,681	4,486	-
Advances to suppliers	2,369,756	1,736,767	-	-
Goods and services tax recoverable	-	191,302	-	-
Sales tax recoverable	1,011,883	649,086	-	-
	7,076,076	3,343,836	4,486	_
Allowance for impairment losses	(53,311)	(53,311)	-	-
	7,022,765	3,290,525	4,486	_
Deposits	1,682,752	1,065,012	5,000	5,000
Prepayments	643,954	798,720	2,062	4,227
	9,349,471	5,154,257	11,548	9,227
	9,579,969	5,154,257	11,548	9,227
Allowance for impairment losses:-				
At 1 May 2021/2020	53,311	16,750	-	-
Addition during the financial year (Note 29)	-	53,311	-	-
Written off during the financial year	-	(16,750)	-	-
At 30 April 2022/2021	53,311	53,311	-	-

The advances to suppliers are unsecured and interest-free. The amount owing will be offset against future purchases from the suppliers.

12. INVENTORIES

	The Group	
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Trading goods	72,945,326	58,851,293
Goods-in-transit	11,193,981	8,345,232
	84,139,307	67,196,525
Recognised in profit or loss:-		
Inventories recognised as cost of sales	230,071,008	234,617,184
Inventories written down (Note 30)	830,224	1,622,449
Inventories written off (Note 30)	2,880,353	-
Reversal of inventories written down (Note 30)	(1,708,694)	(1,226,083)

13. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	The Group	
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Trade receivables	74,579,210	66,152,268
Allowance for impairment losses	(3,672,119)	(2,774,799)
	70,907,091	63,377,469
Allowance for impairment losses:-		
At 1 May 2021/2020	2,774,799	3,647,085
Addition during the financial year (Note 29)	1,946,248	660,511
Reversal during the financial year (Note 29)	(524,021)	(691,634)
Written off during the financial year	(455,186)	(841,620)
Foreign exchange translation differences	2,757	457
Disposal of a subsidiary	(72,478)	-
At 30 April 2022/2021	3,672,119	2,774,799

The Group's normal trade credit terms range from 7 to 180 (2021 – 7 to 150) days.

In the previous financial year, included in trade receivables was an amount of RM7,263 owing by a Company in which a director has financial interest.

14. AMOUNTS OWING BY SUBSIDIARIES

	The C	ompany
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Amount Owing by Subsidiaries		
<u>Current</u> Non-trade balances Allowance for impairment losses	25,511,601 (1,264,197)	27,637,971 (1,264,197)
	24,247,404	26,373,774
Allowance for impairment losses:- At 30 Apr 2022/2021	1,264,197	1,264,197

The non-trade balances represent unsecured advances granted to subsidiaries which are repayable on demand. Interest is charged at 3.87% (2021 – 2.30% to 4.08%) per annum on the outstanding balance. The amounts owing are to be settled in cash.

15. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

	The Group/The Company	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Money market funds, at fair value	13,263,343	10,050,848

The funds invest mainly into debentures, deposits and money market instruments and thus have minimum exposure to changes in market value. There is no maturity period for money market funds as these money is callable on demand.

16. DERIVATIVE ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

	Contract/Notional Amount		The G	iroup
	2022 2021	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Derivative Assets				
Forward currency contracts	7,660,010		108,649	
Derivative Liabilities				
Forward currency contracts	-	5,579,466	-	(46,797)

The Group does not apply hedge accounting.

The forward currency contract are used to hedge a subsidiary's purchases denominated in United States Dollar (USD) for which firm commitments existed at the end of the reporting period. The settlement dates on forward currency contracts range between 1 to 2 (2021 – 1 to 3) months after the end of the reporting period.

17. FIXED DEPOSIT WITH A LICENSED BANK

The fixed deposit with a licensed bank of the Group at the end of the reporting period bore effective interest rate of 1.55% (2021 – 2.20%) per annum. The fixed deposit has maturity period of 6 (2021 – 3) days for the Group.

18. SHARE CAPITAL

	The Group/The Company			
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Numb	er Of Shares	RM	RM
Issued and Fully Paid-Up				
Ordinary Shares				
At 1 May 2021/2020	519,371,864	396,288,761	135,761,642	99,636,752
Transfer from warrants reserve	-	-	-	10,277,439
Issuance of shares pursuant to:				
- Exercise of warrants	-	123,083,103	-	25,847,451
At 30 April 2022/2021	519,371,864	519,371,864	135,761,642	135,761,642

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company and are entitled to one vote per ordinary share at meetings of the Company. The ordinary shares have no par value.

19. RESERVES

	The	e Group	The C	Company
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Foreign exchange translation reserve	2,982,867	2,768,739	-	-
Merger deficit	(43,360,988)	(43,360,988)	-	-
Retained profits	91,780,175	86,677,432	5,137,625	6,224,775
	51,402,054	46,085,183	5,137,625	6,224,775

19. RESERVES (CONT'D)

19.1 Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve

The foreign exchange translation reserve arose from the translation of the financial statements of a foreign subsidiary whose functional currency is different from the Group's presentation currency.

19.2 Merger Deficit

The merger deficit represents the difference between the carrying value of the investment in subsidiaries and the nominal value of shares of the Company's subsidiaries upon consolidation under the merger accounting principle.

19.3 Warrants Reserve

At 30 April 2021

The movements of the Warrants Reserve are as follows:-

The Group/ The Company 2021 RM

15,134,428

(10,277,439)

(4,856,989)

At 1 May 2020
Exercise of Warrants
Transfer of reserve upon expiry of warrants

The salient terms of the Warrants are as follows:-

- (a) The Warrants are constituted by a Deed Poll executed on 11 November 2015;
- (b) The Warrants are traded separately;
- (c) The Warrants are exercisable any time during the tenure of 5 years commencing the date of issue of 17 December 2015 to 16 December 2020 ("Exercise Period") at an exercise price of RM0.21 per Warrant. Warrants not exercised during the Exercise Period will lapse and cease to be valid;
- (d) The exercise price is RM0.21 per Warrant. The exercise price and the number of outstanding Warrants may be subject to adjustments that may be required during the exercise period in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Deed Poll;
- (e) Subject to the provisions in the Deed Poll, the exercise price and the number of Warrants held by each Warrant holder may from time to time be adjusted by the Company in consultation with the approved adviser and certified by the auditors appointed by the Company; and
- (f) Subject to the provisions in the Deed Poll, the Company is at liberty to issue shares or other securities convertible to shares to shareholders either for cash or as a bonus distribution and further subscription rights upon such terms and conditions as the Company sees fit but the Warrant holders will not have any participating rights in such issues unless and until the Warrant holders exercise their Warrants into new shares of the Company or otherwise resolved by the Company in general meeting.

20. LONG-TERM BORROWING

The Group
2022 2021
RM RM
16,130,395 5,678,429

Term loans (Note 21)

21. TERM LOANS (SECURED)

	The	The Group	
	2022 RM	2021 RM	
Current liabilities (Note 25)	5,370,394	404,617	
Non-current liabilities (Note 20)	16,130,395	5,678,429	
	21,500,789	6,083,046	

- (a) The term loans are secured by:-
 - (i) corporate guarantee provided by the Company;
 - (ii) a first party legal charge over the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties and right-ofuse assets as disclosed in Notes 6, 7 and 8 to the financial statements; and
 - (iii) jointly and severally guaranteed by certain directors of the Group and of the Company.
- (b) The interest rate profile of the term loans are summarised below:-

		The	Group
	Effective Interest Rate	2022	2021
	%	RM	RM
Floating rate term loans	2.50 - 3.90	21,500,789	6,083,046

22. LEASE LIABILITIES

	The Group		
	2022	2021	
	RM	RM	
At 1 May 2021/2020	7,145,529	8,400,087	
Additions (Note 37(a))	2,569,173	1,296,307	
Interest expense recognised in profit or loss (Note 30)	264,375	317,819	
COVID-19-related rent concessions (Notes 30 and 37(b))	(3,587)	(3,230)	
Changes due to lease modification (Notes 8 and 37(b))	(185,859)	98,085	
Disposal of a subsidiary (Note 35)	(223,827)	-	
Derecognition due to lease modification (Note 37(b))	(365,894)	(314,092)	
Repayment of principal	(2,337,110)	(2,332,388)	
Repayment of interest expense	(264,375)	(317,819)	
Effects on foreign exchange	6,772	760	
At 30 April 2022/2021	6,605,197	7,145,529	
Analysed by:-			
Current liabilities	2,307,769	2,197,382	
Non-current liabilities	4,297,428	4,948,147	
	6,605,197	7,145,529	

23. TRADE PAYABLES

The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group range from 30 to 120 (2021 - 30 to 120) days.

Included in trade payables is an amount of RM66,920 (2021 - RM26,647) owing to companies in which a director has financial interest.

24. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	Th	The Group		The Group The Compa		mpany
	2022	2022 2021 2022	2021 2022 2021	2021		
	RM	RM	RM	RM		
Other payables	1,108,662	856,169	-	3,145		
Accruals	3,862,693	1,919,567	116,750	91,833		
Deposits received	1,217,981	782,645	-	-		
	6,189,336	3,558,381	116,750	94,978		

25. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Bankers' acceptances Foreign currency loans Term loans (Note 21) Trust receipts

Th	The Group				
2022	2021				
RM	RM				
11,856,684	7,755,000				
14,636,205	7,920,029				
5,370,394	404,617				
192,605	506,724				
32,055,888	16,586,370				

- (a) Bankers' acceptances are drawn for a period ranging from 58 to 120 (2021 58 to 123) days and bore interests ranging from 2.54% to 3.85% (2021 2.54% to 3.31%) per annum.
- (b) Foreign currency loans are drawn for a period from 99 to 147 (2021 64 to 120) days and bore interest ranging from 1.10% to 2.36% (2021 1.10% to 1.35%) per annum.
- (c) Trust receipts are drawn for a period of 90 (2021 90) days and bore interests of 2.05% (2021 2.05%) per annum.
- (d) The bankers' acceptances, foreign currency loans and trust receipts are secured by corporate guarantee provided by the Company.

26. PROVISIONS

	Product Warranties RM	Rebates RM	Staff Sales Commission RM	Relocation and Restoration Costs RM	Advertising and Promotion RM	Others RM	Total RM
The Group							
At 1 May 2020	6,019,389	467,345	694,582	210,079	2,651,600	1,683,925	11,726,920
Provision made during the financial year Claimed/Utilised during	3,646,112	5,979,151	3,315,190	-	2,383,233	2,027,971	17,351,657
the financial year	(4,637,397)	(5,189,282)	(3,142,123)	(210,059)	(1,293,449)	(1,238,173)	(15,710,483)
At 30 April 2021/ 1 May 2021 Provision made during	5,028,104	1,257,214	867,649	20	3,741,384	2,473,723	13,368,094
the financial year	3,233,706	6,291,820	3,318,873	-	1,915,045	3,996,798	18,756,242
Claimed/Utilised during the financial year Reversal during the	(3,172,394)	(6,169,398)	(3,191,134)	-	(2,953,607)	(2,768,910)	(18,255,443)
financial year	(18,000)	-	-	-	-	(650,002)	(668,002)
At 30 April 2022	5,071,416	1,379,636	995,388	20	2,702,822	3,051,609	13,200,891

26. PROVISIONS (CONT'D)

(a) Product Warranties

The Group provides warranty on certain products and goods bearing in-house brand names sold in the past one (1) to two (2) years. The provision is derived based on the past return percentage of those products sold with defect quality. Based on the past experience, it is probable that certain claims will be made within the given warranty period.

(b) Rebates

Provision for rebates is in respect of volume rebates and prompt payment rebates payable to customers upon achieving the sales target of qualifying products and prompt payment scheme set by the Group.

The provision is recognised for expected rebates to be paid based on sales during the reporting period and also past experience on the likelihood of the customers achieving sales target and meeting the prompt payment timeline.

(c) Staff Sales Commission

Provision for staff sales commission is based on management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date based on the performance conditions of individual employees over sales collections.

(d) Relocation and Restoration Costs

Provision for relocation and restoration cost is based on management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date.

(e) Advertising and Promotion

Provision for advertising and promotion is in respect of the travel campaigns, signboard, banner, poster, catalogue and other premium items payable to customers upon achieving the sales target of qualifying products set by the Group.

The provision is recognised for expected expenses to be paid based on sales during the reporting period and also past experience on the likelihood of the customers achieving the sales target.

(f) Others

Provision for others is in respect of the annual dinner, bonus, computer charges, royalty fee, staff training, tax fees and utilised leave based on the management's best estimate of the total amount payable as at reporting date in the next reporting period.

27. REVENUE

	The	The Group		
	2022 RM	2021 RM		
Sale of goods Rental income	297,873,485 487,400	303,759,951 452,530		
	298,360,885	304,212,481		

The other information on the disaggregation of revenue is disclosed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The key management personnel of the Group and of the Company include executive directors and non-executive directors.

The key management personnel compensation during the financial year are as follows:-

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Directors				
Directors of the Company Executive Directors Short-term employee benefits:				
- fees	155,000	101,250	135,000	101,250
- salaries, bonuses and other benefits	1,448,651	1,136,513	-	-
	1,603,651	1,237,763	135,000	101,250
Defined contribution plan	140,775	98,816	-	-
	1,744,426	1,336,579	135,000	101,250
Non-executive Directors Short-term employee benefits: - fees Directors of the Subsidiaries	139,987	132,000 1,468,579	139,987 274,987	132,000
Executive Directors Short-term employee benefits:				
- fees	73,333	161,110	-	-
- salaries, bonuses and other benefits	3,147,835	2,358,564	-	-
5.6	3,221,168	2,519,674	-	-
Defined contribution plan	361,600	292,584	-	
	3,582,768	2,812,258	-	-
Total directors' remuneration	5,467,181	4,280,837	274,987	233,250
Other staff costs				
Short-term employee benefits:				
- salaries, bonuses and other benefits	27,380,738	24,781,433	2,310	120
- defined contribution plan	2,822,401	2,684,512	-	-
Total other staff costs	30,203,139	27,465,945	2,310	120
Total employee benefits	35,670,320	31,746,782	277,297	233,370

The estimated monetary value of benefits-in-kind provided by the Group to the directors of the Company were RM60,295 (2021 – RM39,100).

29. NET IMPAIRMENT LOSSES ON FINANCIAL ASSETS

	The Group		The Company	
	2022	2022 2021 2022	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Impairment losses:				
- trade receivables (Note 13)	1,946,248	660,511	-	-
- other receivables (Note 11)	-	53,311	-	_
Reversal of impairment losses:				
- trade receivables (Note 13)	(524,021)	(691,634)	-	-
	1,422,227	22,188	-	-

30. PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION

	The Group		The Co	mpany
	2022 202 ⁻		2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit/(Loss) before taxation is arrived at:				
After Charging				
Auditors' remuneration:				
- audit fee:				
- current financial year	253,897	242,514	40,000	40,000
 underprovision in the previous financial year 	-	1,531	-	-
- non-audit fee	31,000	5,000	31,000	5,000
Bad debt written off	86	937	-	-
Depreciation of:				
 property, plant and equipment (Note 6) 	2,058,640	2,392,132	-	-
- investment properties (Note 7)	292,505	292,697	-	-
- right-of-use assets (Note 8)	2,460,064	2,542,917	-	-
Fair value loss on derivative	-	30,776	-	-
Fair value loss on financial asset measured				
at fair value through profit or loss				
- short-term investments	-	2,823	-	2,823
Impairment loss on investment properties (Note 7)	-	80,000	-	-
Interest expense on financial liabilities that				
are not at fair value through profit or loss:				
- bankers' acceptances	259,554	337,762	-	-
- foreign currency loans	149,741	221,418	-	-
- imputed interest on advances from a subsidiary	-	-	-	363,535
- revolving credits	-	94,518	-	-
- term loans	596,502	606,978	-	-
- trust receipts	15,752	20,771	-	-
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 22)	264,375	317,819	-	-
Inventories written down (Note 12)	830,224	1,622,449	-	-
Inventories written off (Note 12)	2,880,353	-	-	-
Lease expenses:				
- short-term leases	367,166	329,004	6,000	6,000
- low-value assets	224,634	209,379	-	-
Loss on foreign exchange:				
- realised	33,114	49,454	-	-
- unrealised	170,918	7,358	-	-
Other receivable written off	23,793	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off (Note 6)	22,261	224,247	-	-
-				

PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION (CONT'D)

	The Group		The Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Profit/(Loss) before taxation is arrived at (Cont'd):-				
After Crediting				
Bad debts recovered	27,479	32,294	-	-
COVID-19-related rent concessions (Note 22)	3,587	3,230	-	-
Gain on disposal of investment properties	-	2,823,229	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	463,613	340,998	-	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiary (Note 35)	41,791	-	-	-
Gain on foreign exchange:				
- realised	684,041	713,949	-	-
- unrealised	93,722	143,624	-	-
Gain on lease termination	14,094	11,297	-	-
Fair value gain on financial asset measured				
at fair value through profit or loss:				
- derivative	155,446	-	-	-
- short-term investments	81,824	-	81,824	-
Interest income on financial assets measured				
at amortised cost:				
- bank interest	242,674	90,141	1,816	7,224
- fixed deposit interest	121,019	65,311	-	-
- imputed interest on trade receivables	10,977	14,528	-	-
- imputed interest on other receivables	6,928	-	-	<u>-</u>
- imputed interest on advances to subsidiaries	-		936,990	708,565
- short-term investments	130,670	53,672	130,670	53,672
Lease income:				
- rental income from investment properties	57,000	-	-	-
- rental income from motor vehicles	-	8,750	-	-
Reversal of inventories written down (Note 12)	1,708,694	1,226,083	-	-
Reversal of provision of warranty	18,000	-	-	-

31. TAX EXPENSE

	The Group		Group The Compa	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Current tax expense Under/(Over) provision in the	1,975,910	1,638,300	142,900	101,900
previous financial year	58,525	93,958	(37,913)	(1,701)
	2,034,435	1,732,258	104,987	100,199
Real property gains tax	-	188,464	-	-
Deferred tax (Note 10): - origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	47,413	(18,920)	-	-
	2,081,848	1,901,802	104,987	100,199

31. TAX EXPENSE (CONT'D)

A reconciliation of tax expense applicable to the profit/(loss) before taxation at the statutory tax rate to tax expense at the effective tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:-

	The Group		The Company	
	2022 RM	2021 RM	2022 RM	2021 RM
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	8,727,301	17,346,259	575,945	(47,645)
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 24% (2021 - 24%)	2,094,552	4,163,102	138,227	(11,435)
Tax effects of:-				
Non-taxable income	(42,455)	(720,214)	(31,361)	(12,881)
Non-deductible expenses	782,455	407,394	36,034	126,216
Deferred tax assets not recognised				
during the financial year	351,387	581,880	-	-
Utilisation of deferred tax assets				
previously not recognised	(1,151,999)	(2,802,166)	-	-
Effects of differential in tax rates of				
a foreign subsidiary	(10,617)	(10,616)	-	-
Real property gains tax arising from				
disposal of investment properties	-	188,464	-	-
Under/(Over) provision of income				
tax in the previous financial year	58,525	93,958	(37,913)	(1,701)
Tax expense for the financial year	2,081,848	1,901,802	104,987	100,199

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2021 – 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial year. The taxation of other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdiction.

32. OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	The Group	
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Items that Will be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss		
Foreign currency translation: - changes during the financial year	214,128	155,303

33. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	The Group	
	2022	2021
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM)	6,660,851	15,480,796
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue:- Ordinary shares at 1 May 2021/2020 Effect of exercise of warrants	519,371,864 -	396,288,761 56,822,476
Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 30 April 2022/2021	519,371,864	453,111,237
Basic earnings per share (sen)	1.28	3.42

The Company has not issued any dilutive potential ordinary shares and hence, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

ACQUISITIONS OF NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS 34.

On 30 June 2020, the Group acquired an additional 10% equity interests in Autoworld for RM50,000 in cash, increasing its ownership from 60% to 70%. The carrying amount of Autoworld's net assets in the Group's financial statements on the date of the acquisition was RM184,182. The Group recognised a decrease in non-controlling interests of RM18,418 and a decrease in retained profits of RM31,582.

	The Group 2021 RM
Equity interest at 1 May 2020 Effect of increase in the Company's ownership interest Share of post acquisition losses	110,509 18,418 (84,790)
Equity interest at 30 April 2021	44,137

35. **DISPOSAL OF A SUBSIDIARY**

On 25 August 2021, the Group disposed of its entire equity interests in Autoworld for a total consideration of RM50,000.

The financial effects of the disposal at the date of disposal are summarised below:-

	The Group
	2022
	RM
Property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	60,212
Right-of-use assets (Note 8)	188,284
Inventories	256,677
Trade receivables	139,356
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments	11,122
Current tax assets	16,120
Cash and bank balances	55,019
Trade payables	(86,627)
Other payables and accruals	(404,609)
Lease liabilities (Note 22)	(223,827)
Non-controlling interests	(3,518)
Carrying amount of net assets disposed of	8,209
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (Note 30)	41,791
Consideration received, satisfied in cash	50,000
Less: Cash and bank balances of subsidiary disposed of	(55,019)
Net cash outflow for the disposal of a subsidiary	(5,019)

There were no disposals of subsidiaries in the previous financial year.

36. **DIVIDENDS**

The Group/
The Company
2022
RM

Ordinary Shares

Final dividends of 0.30 sen per ordinary share in respect of the previous financial year 1,558,108

37. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) The cash disbursed for the addition of right-of-use assets is as follows:-

	The	Group
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Right-of-use assets Cost of right-of-use assets acquired (Note 8) Less: Addition of new lease liabilities (Notes 22 and 37(b))	3,001,380 (2,569,173)	1,373,016 (1,296,307)
	432,207	76,709

(b) The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows:-

The Group 2022	Bankers' Acceptances RM	Trust Receipts RM	Foreign Currency Loans RM	Term Loans RM	Lease Liabilities RM	Total RM
At 1 May 2021 Changes in Financing Cash Flows	7,755,000	506,724	7,920,029	6,083,046	7,145,529	29,410,328
Proceeds from drawdown	43,144,684	3,650,001	48,063,226	20,000,000	-	114,857,911
Repayment of principal	(39,043,000)	(3,956,608)	(41,882,469)	(4,610,919)	(2,337,110)	(91,830,106)
Repayment of interests	(259,554)	(15,752)	(149,741)	(596,502)	(264,375)	(1,285,924)
	3,842,130	(322,359)	6,031,016	14,792,579	(2,601,485)	21,741,881
Other Changes COVID-19-related rent						
concessions (Note 22)	_	-	_	_	(3,587)	(3,587)
Disposal of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(223,827)	(223,827)
Derecognition due to lease						, ,
modification (Note 22)	-	-	-	-	(365,894)	(365,894)
Foreign exchange adjustments Acquisition of new leases	-	(7,512)	535,419	28,662	6,772	563,341
(Notes 22 and 37(a))	-	-	-	-	2,569,173	2,569,173
Changes due to lease modification (Notes 8 and 22)	-	-	-	-	(185,859)	(185,859)
Interest expense recognised						
in profit or loss (Note 30)	259,554	15,752	149,741	596,502	264,375	1,285,924
	259,554	8,240	685,160	625,164	2,061,153	3,639,271
At 30 April 2022	11,856,684	192,605	14,636,205	21,500,789	6,605,197	54,791,480

CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT'D)

The reconciliations of liabilities arising from financing activities are as follows (Cont'd):-(b)

The Group	Bankers' Acceptances RM	Trust Receipts RM	Foreign Currency Loans RM	Term Loans RM	Revolving Credits RM	Lease Liabilities RM	Total RM
2021						11111	
2021							
At 1 May 2020	13,583,000	750,634	11,181,604	20,289,685	1,500,000	8,400,087	55,705,010
Changes in Financing Cash Flows							
Proceeds from drawdown Repayment of	29,190,580	4,480,243	37,260,103	-	-	-	70,930,926
principal Repayment of	(35,018,580)	(4,734,082)	(40,189,553)	(14,229,367)	(1,500,000)	(2,332,388)	(98,003,970)
interests	(337,762)	(20,771)	(221,418)	(606,978)	(94,518)	(317,819)	(1,599,266)
	(6,165,762)	(274,610)	(3,150,868)	(14,836,345)	(1,594,518)	(2,650,207)	(28,672,310)
Other Changes COVID-19-related rent concessions (Note 22) Derecognition due to lease	-	-	-	-	-	(3,230)	(3,230)
modification (Note 22) Foreign exchange	-	-	- (220 105)	-	-	(314,092) 760	(314,092)
adjustments Acquisition of new leases (Notes 22 and 37(a)) Changes due to	-	9,929	(332,125)	22,728	-	1,296,307	(298,708)
lease modification (Notes 8 and 22) Interest expense recognised in profit or loss		-	-	-	-	98,085	98,085
(Note 30)	337,762	20,771	221,418	606,978	94,518	317,819	1,599,266
	337,762	30,700	(110,707)	629,706	94,518	1,395,649	2,377,628
At 30 April 2021	7,755,000	506,724	7,920,029	6,083,046	-	7,145,529	29,410,328

The Company	Amount Owing to Subsidiaries 2021 RM
At 1 May 2020	2,863,015
Changes in Financing Cash Flows Repayment of principal Repayment of interests	(2,863,015) (363,535) (3,226,550)
Other Changes Interest expense recognised in profit or loss (Note 30) At 30 April 2021	363,535

37. CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONT'D)

(c) The total cash outflows for leases as a lessee are as follows:-

	The Group		Group The Compa	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Payment of short-term leases	367,166	329,004	-	6,000
Payment of low-value assets	224,634	209,379	-	-
Interest paid on lease liabilities	264,375	317,819	-	-
Payment of lease liabilities	2,337,110	2,332,388	-	-
	3,193,285	3,188,590	-	6,000

(d) The cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:-

	The Group		The C	Company
	2022 RM	2021 RM (Restated)	2022 RM	2021 RM (Restated)
Fixed deposit with a licensed bank Cash and bank balances	4,347,000 34,971,811	5,125,000 27,103,549	- 1,563,682	3,687,466
	39,318,811	32,228,549	1,563,682	3,687,466

38. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(a) Identities of Related Parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group or the Company has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control or jointly control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group or the Company and the party are subject to common control.

In addition to the information detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group has related party relationships with its directors, key management personnel, entities in which certain directors have substantial financial interests and entities within the same group of companies.

(b) Significant Related Party Transactions and Balances

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company also carried out the following significant transactions with the related parties during the financial year:-

	The	Group
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Companies in which certain directors have substantial financial interests		
Lease expense paid/payable	84,000	150,200
Lease income received/receivable	4,000	6,000
Sales of goods	54,924	542,628
Purchases of goods	242,555	265,331
Directors and a family member		
Lease expense paid/payable	212,131	219,977
		Company
	2022 RM	2021 RM
Subsidiaries		
Advances granted	950,000	15,094,703
Interest expense paid/payable	-	363,535
Interest income received/receivable	936,990	708,565

The significant outstanding balances of the related parties together with their terms and conditions are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

OPERATING SEGMENTS 39.

Operating segments are prepared in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Managing Director as its chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance on a monthly basis. For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services provided.

The Group is organised into 3 main reportable segments as follows:-

- Automotive electrical parts- involved in the trading and distribution of automotive batteries, lubricants, industrial supplies, electrical parts and components;
- Automotive engine and mechanical parts
- involved in the trading and distribution of automotive engine and mechanical parts and components; and
- Others
- involved in the property and investment holding and provision of management services.
- The Managing Director assesses the performance of the reportable segments based on their profit before interest (a) expenses and taxation. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.
- Each reportable segment assets is measured based on all assets (including goodwill) of the segment other than (b) tax-related assets.
- (c) Each reportable segment liabilities is measured based on all liabilities of the segment other than borrowings and tax-related liabilities.
- (d) Assets, liabilities and expenses which are common and cannot be meaningfully allocated to the reportable segments are presented under unallocated items. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets (primarily the Group's headquarters) and head office expenses.

Transactions between reportable segments are carried out on agreed terms between both parties. The effects of such inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

39.1 BUSINESS SEGMENTS

2022	Automotive Electrical Parts RM	Automotive Engine and Mechanical Parts RM	Others RM	The Group RM
Revenue				
External revenue Inter-segment revenue	265,774,968 4,158,649	32,098,517 1,477,367	487,400 664,000	298,360,885 6,300,016
	269,933,617	33,575,884	1,151,400	304,660,901
Consolidation adjustments				(6,300,016)
Consolidated revenue				298,360,885
Represented by:- Revenue recognised at a point in time				
- Sales of goods Revenue recognised over time	269,933,617	33,575,884	-	303,509,501
- Rental income	-	-	1,151,400	1,151,400
	269,933,617	33,575,884	1,151,400	304,660,901
Consolidation adjustments				(6,300,016)
Consolidated revenue				298,360,885

39. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

39.1 BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

2022	Automotive Electrical Parts RM	Automotive Engine and Mechanical Parts RM	Others RM	The Group RM
Results				
Segment profit before interest and taxation Finance costs Unallocated expenses Consolidation adjustments	9,504,861	213,069	710,118	10,428,048 (1,627,722) (574,473) 501,448
Consolidated profit before taxation				8,727,301
Other Information Depreciation of investment properties	(53,018)	-	(239,487)	(292,505)
Depreciation of property,	(1.000.444)	(470.004)	(105.000)	(0.050.040)
plant and equipment	(1,390,444)	(472,864)	(195,332)	(2,058,640)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Fair value gain on derivative	(2,197,458) 155,446	(241,411)	(21,195)	(2,460,064) 155,446
Fair value gain on short-term investments	-		81,824	81,824
Gain on foreign exchange:			01,021	01,021
- realised	536,580	147,461	-	684,041
- unrealised	70,190	23,532	-	93,722
Gain on disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	172,805	290,808	-	463,613
Gain on disposal of subsidiary	-	-	41,791	41,791
Impairment losses on:	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(2.1.2.2.2)		(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
- trade receivables	(1,130,668)	(815,580)	-	(1,946,248)
Interest expenses Interest income	(1,154,832)	(131,092)	- 132,486	(1,285,924)
Inventories written down	368,306 (731,366)	11,476 (98,858)	132,400	512,268 (830,224)
Inventories written off	(2,880,353)	(50,050)	_	(2,880,353)
Loss on foreign exchange:	(2,000,000)			(2,000,000)
- realised	(33,114)	_	-	(33,114)
- unrealised	(170,918)	-	-	(170,918)
Other receivable written off	-	(23,793)	-	(23,793)
Property, plant and equipment written off	(19,461)	(2,800)	-	(22,261)
Provisions	(18,756,242)	-	-	(18,756,242)
Reversal of allowance for impairment	0.47.750	000 005		504.004
losses on trade receivables	217,756	306,265	-	524,021
Reversal of inventories written down Reversal of provision	1,706,008 668,002	2,686	-	1,708,694 668,002
Treversal of provision	000,002	-		000,002
Assets				
Segment assets	218,233,156	38,818,564	153,590,025	410,641,745
Unallocated assets:				
- current tax assets				1,310,731
- deferred tax assets				120,588
- assets used for general enterprised				04 000
or head office purpose Consolidation adjustments				91,396 (123,943,757)
·				
Consolidated total assets				288,220,703

OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

39.1 BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

	Automotive Electrical Parts	Automotive Engine and Mechanical Parts	Others	The Group
2022	RM	RM	RM	RM
Assets (Cont'd) Additions to non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets are:-				
Property, plant and equipment	1,100,451	83,044	7,050	1,190,545
Right-of-use assets	1,953,186	1,048,194	-	3,001,380
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities:	61,406,625	12,283,625	2,938,439	76,628,689
 bankers' acceptances foreign currency loans lease liabilities term loans trust receipts Consolidation adjustments 				11,856,684 14,636,205 6,605,197 21,500,789 192,605 (30,363,162)
Consolidated total liabilities				101,057,007
2021 Revenue				
External revenue	269,058,400	34,701,551	452,530	304,212,481
Inter-segment revenue	430,914	49,351	690,000	1,170,265
-	269,489,314	34,750,902	1,142,530	305,382,746
Consolidation adjustments				(1,170,265)
Consolidated revenue				304,212,481
Represented by:- Revenue recognised at a point in time - Sales of goods Revenue recognised over time	269,489,314	34,750,902	-	304,240,216
- Rental income	-	-	1,142,530	1,142,530
-	269,489,314	34,750,902	1,142,530	305,382,746
Consolidation adjustments				(1,170,265)
Consolidated revenue				304,212,481
Results Segment profit before interest and taxation Finance costs Unallocated expenses Consolidation adjustments	16,394,972	349,931	2,682,621	19,427,524 (1,703,811) (452,638) 75,184
Consolidated profit before taxation				17,346,259

39. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

39.1 BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

2021	Automotive Electrical Parts RM	Automotive Engine and Mechanical Parts RM	Others RM	The Group RM
Results (Cont'd)				
Other Information				
Depreciation of investment properties	(37,352)	-	(255,345)	(292,697)
Depreciation of property,				
plant and equipment	(1,669,474)	(527,993)	(194,665)	(2,392,132)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	(2,347,922)	(194,995)	-	(2,542,917)
Fair value loss on derivative	(30,776)	-	-	(30,776)
Fair value loss on short-term investments	-	-	(2,823)	(2,823)
Gain on foreign exchange:				
- realised	638,450	75,499	-	713,949
- unrealised	143,624	-	-	143,624
Gain on disposal of property,	0.40,000			0.40,000
plant and equipment	340,998	-	-	340,998
Gain on disposal of investment properties Impairment losses on:	-	-	2,823,229	2,823,229
- investment property	(80,000)	_	_	(80,000)
- other receivable	(53,311)	_	_	(53,311)
- trade receivables	(357,213)	(303,298)	_	(660,511)
Interest expenses	(1,455,566)	(143,700)	_	(1,599,266)
Interest income	148,484	14,271	60,897	223,652
Inventories written down	(891,816)	(730,633)	-	(1,622,449)
Loss on foreign exchange:	, ,	, , ,		(, , , ,
- realised	(122)	(49,332)	_	(49,454)
- unrealised	-	(7,358)	-	(7,358)
Property, plant and equipment written off	(224,247)	-	-	(224,247)
Provisions	(17,351,657)	-	-	(17,351,657)
Reversal of allowance for impairment				
losses on trade receivables	441,308	250,326	-	691,634
Reversal of inventories written down	1,226,083	-	-	1,226,083
				_
Assets				
Segment assets	180,999,943	37,482,741	155,122,324	373,605,008
Unallocated assets:				
- current tax assets				1,795,838
- deferred tax assets				168,001
- assets used for general enterprised				
or head office purpose				106,945
Consolidation adjustments				(124,787,277)
Consolidated total assets				250,888,515
Additions to non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets are:-				
Investment properties	-	-	32,338	32,338
Property, plant and equipment	184,562	906,150	26,883	1,117,595
Right-of-use assets	1,259,411	113,605	-	1,373,016

39. OPERATING SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

39.1 BUSINESS SEGMENTS (CONT'D)

2021	Automotive Electrical Parts RM	Automotive Engine and Mechanical Parts RM	Others RM	The Group RM
Liabilities				
Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities: - bankers' acceptances - foreign currency loans - lease liabilities - term loans - trust receipts Consolidation adjustments	55,684,937	11,712,539	2,971,135	70,368,611 7,755,000 7,920,029 7,145,529 6,083,046 506,724 (30,756,165)
Consolidated total liabilities				69,022,774

39.2 GEOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

Revenue is based on the country in which the customers are located.

Non-current assets are determined according to the country where these assets are located. The amounts of non-current assets do not include financial instruments and deferred tax assets.

		Revenue	Non-current Assets		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
The Group	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Malaysia	257,506,472	249,537,810	65,338,864	67,151,820	
Middle East and Africa	17,167,963	30,539,025	-	-	
Others	23,686,450	24,135,646	4,263,848	3,765,208	
	298,360,885	304,212,481	69,602,712	70,917,028	

The information on the disaggregation of revenue based on geographical region is summarised below:-

	At A Point in Time	Over Time	Group
	2022	2022	2022
	RM	RM	RM
Malaysia	257,019,072	487,400	257,506,472
Middle East and Africa	17,167,963		17,167,963
Others	23,686,450	-	23,686,450
	297,873,485	487,400	298,360,885
	At A Point in Time	Over Time	Group
	2021	2021	2021
	RM	RM	RM
Malaysia	249,085,280	452,530	249,537,810
Middle East and Africa	30,539,025	-	30,539,025
Others	24,135,646		24,135,646
	303,759,951	452,530	304,212,481

39.3 MAJOR CUSTOMERS

There is no single customer that contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of market risks (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Group's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are as follows:-

(a) Market Risk

(i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on transactions and balances that are denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currencies of entities within the Group. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States Dollar ("USD"), Euro ("EUR"), Japanese Yen ("JPY") and Singapore Dollar ("SGD"). Foreign currency risk is monitored closely on an ongoing basis to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level. On occasion, the Group enters into forward foreign currency contracts to hedge against its foreign currency risk. The Group also holds cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies for working capital purposes.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk (a currency which is other than the functional currencies of the entities within the Group) based on the carrying amounts of the financial instruments at the end of the reporting period is summarised below:-

Foreign Currency Exposure

The Group	USD RM	EUR RM	JPY RM	Total RM
2022				
Financial Assets Trade receivables Other receivables Cash and bank balances	5,097,690 1,062,173 1,676,713	70,371 5,707 137,977	- 72,929 -	5,168,061 1,140,809 1,814,690
	7,836,576	214,055	72,929	8,123,560
Financial Liabilities Trade payables Other payables Short-term borrowings	(9,819,853) (532,677) (14,636,205)	(777,958) (38) (192,605)	(762,932) (132,658) -	(11,360,743) (665,373) (14,828,810)
Currency Exposure	(24,988,735)	(970,601) (756,546)	(895,590) (822,661)	(26,854,926)
2021 Financial Assets Trade receivables Cash and bank balances	6,668,642 2,165,278 8,833,920	147,933 50,053 197,986	- - -	6,816,575 2,215,331 9,031,906
<u>Financial Liabilities</u> Trade payables Short-term borrowings	(8,452,110) (7,920,029)	(715,450) (506,724)	(1,310,788)	(10,478,348) (8,426,753)
Currency Exposure	(16,372,139) (7,538,219)	(1,222,174) (1,024,188)	(1,310,788)	(18,905,101) (9,873,195)

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(a) Market Risk (Cont'd)

(i) Foreign Currency Risk (Cont'd)

Foreign Currency Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The following table details the sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant:-

		The C	Group
		2022	2021
		RM	RM
Effects on F	Profit After Taxation		
USD/RM	- strengthened by 6% (2021 - 8%)	(826,279)	(467,847)
	- weakened by 6% (2021 - 8%)	826,279	467,847
EUR/RM	- strengthened by 11% (2021 - 7%)	(88,957)	(54,721)
	- weakened by 11% (2021 - 7%)	88,957	54,721
JPY/RM	- strengthened by 14% (2021 - 8%)	(88,863)	(76,520)
	- weakened by 14% (2021 - 8%)	88,863	76,520
Effects on E	Equity		
SGD/RM	- strengthened by 4% (2021 - 2%)	479,506	238,504
	- weakened by 4% (2021 - 2%)	(479,506)	(238,504)

(ii) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises mainly from long-term borrowings with floating rate. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available and by maintaining a balanced portfolio mix of fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The Group's fixed rate borrowings and fixed deposit with a licensed bank are carried at amortised cost. Therefore, they are not subject to interest rate risk as defined in MFRS 7 since neither the carrying amounts nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk based on the carrying amounts of the financial instruments at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Notes 21 and 25 to the financial statements.

Interest Rate Risk Sensitivity Analysis

The following table details the sensitivity analysis to a reasonably possible change in the interest rates at the end of the reporting period, with all other variables held constant:-

The Group	
2022 RM	2021 RM
(24,773) 24,773	(20,720) 20,720
	2022 RM (24,773)

There is no impact on the Company's equity.

(iii) Equity Price Risk

Any reasonably possible change in the prices of quoted investments at the end of the reporting period does not have a material impact on the profit after taxation and other comprehensive income of the Group and of the Company and hence, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from trade and other receivables. The Group manages its exposure to credit risk by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures on an ongoing basis. For other financial assets (including cash and bank balances and derivatives), the Group minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Company's exposure to credit risk arises principally from loans and advances to subsidiaries, and corporate guarantee given to financial institutions for credit facilities granted to certain subsidiaries. The Company monitors the results of these subsidiaries regularly and repayments made by the subsidiaries.

(i) Credit Risk Concentration Profile

The Group does not have any major concentration of credit risk related to any individual customer or counterparty.

In addition, the Group also determines concentration of credit risk by monitoring the geographical region of its trade receivables on an ongoing basis. The credit risk concentration profile of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:-

	The	The Group		
	2022	2021		
	RM	RM		
Malaysia	65,976,499	56,764,392		
Middle East and Africa	3,162,081	4,399,742		
Others	1,768,511	2,213,335		
	70,907,091	63,377,469		

(ii) Maximum Exposure to Credit Risk

At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

In addition, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk also includes corporate guarantees provided to its subsidiaries of RM31,652,830 (2021 – RM9,833,696), representing the outstanding banking facilities of the subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period. These corporate guarantees have not been recognised in the Company's financial statements since their fair value on initial recognition were not material.

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses

The Group has an informal credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is monitored on an ongoing basis through periodic review of the ageing of the trade receivables. The Group closely monitors the trade receivables' financial strength to reduce the risk of loss.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether any of financial assets at amortised cost are credit impaired.

The gross carrying amounts of financial assets are written off against the associated impairment, if any, when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery despite the fact that they are still subject to enforcement activities.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

A financial asset is credit impaired when any of following events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred:

- Significant financial difficult of the receivable;
- A breach of contract, such as default or past due event;
- Restructuring of a debt in relation to the receivable's financial difficulty;
- It is becoming probable that the receivable will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

The Group considers a receivable to be in default when the receivable is unlikely to repay its debt to the Company in full or is more than 90 days past due.

Trade Receivables

The Group applies the simplified approach to measure expected credit losses using a lifetime expected credit loss allowance for all trade receivables.

Inputs, Assumptions and Techniques used for Estimating Impairment Losses

To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on the days past due.

The Group measures the expected credit losses of certain major customers, trade receivables that are credit impaired and trade receivables with a high risk of default on individual basis.

The expected loss rates are based on the Group's historical credit losses experienced. The historical loss rates are adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the trade receivables to settle their debts using the linear regressive analysis. The Group has identified the unemployment rate, local car sales and Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) as the key macroeconomic factors of the forward-looking information.

There are no significant changes in the estimation techniques and assumptions as compared to the previous financial year.

Allowance for Impairment Losses

The Group	Gross Amount RM	Individual Impairment RM	Collective Impairment RM	Carrying Amount RM
2022				
Current (not past due)	57,753,476	-	(394,065)	57,359,411
1 to 90 days past due	11,866,930	-	(804,273)	11,062,657
91 to 180 days past due	2,171,157	-	(225,604)	1,945,553
181 to 270 days past due	687,679	(124,503)	(23,706)	539,470
Credit impaired	2,099,968	(2,099,968)	-	_
	74,579,210	(2,224,471)	(1,447,648)	70,907,091

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Trade Receivables (Cont'd)

Allowance for Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

The Group	Gross Amount RM	Individual Impairment RM	Collective Impairment RM	Carrying Amount RM
2021				
Current (not past due)	50,860,429	-	(113,170)	50,747,259
1 to 90 days past due	10,579,341	-	(169,049)	10,410,292
91 to 180 days past due	2,127,375	-	(132,107)	1,995,268
181 to 270 days past due	247,465	(21,625)	(1,190)	224,650
Credit impaired	2,337,658	(2,337,658)	-	-
	66,152,268	(2,359,283)	(415,516)	63,377,469

The movements in the loss allowances in respect of trade receivables are disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

Other Receivables

Other receivables are also subject to the impairment requirements of MFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

Fixed Deposit with a Licensed Bank, Cash and Bank Balances

The Group considers these licensed banks and financial institutions have low credit risks. In addition, some of the bank balances are insured by Government agencies. Therefore, the Group is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

Amount Owing By Subsidiaries (Non-trade Balances)

The Group applies the 3-stage general approach to measuring expected credit losses for all intercompany balances.

Inputs, Assumptions and Techniques used for Estimating Impairment Losses

The Company measures the expected credit losses on individual basis, which is aligned with its credit risk management practices on the inter-company balances.

The Company considers loans and advances to subsidiaries have low credit risks. The Company assumes that there is a significant increase in credit risk when a subsidiary's financial position deteriorates significantly.

For loans and advances that are repayable on demand, impairment loss is assessed based on the assumption that repayment of the outstanding balances is demanded at the reporting date. If the subsidiaries does not have sufficient highly liquid resources when the loans and advances are demanded, the Company will consider the expected manner of recovery to measure the impairment loss; the recovery manner could be either through 'repayable over time' or a fire sale of less liquid assets by the subsidiaries.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

Credit Risk (Cont'd) (b)

(iii) Assessment of Impairment Losses (Cont'd)

Amount Owing By Subsidiaries (Non-trade Balances) (Cont'd)

For loans and advances that are not repayable on demand, loss allowance is measured on either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, by considering the likelihood that the subsidiary would not be able to repay during the contractual period (probability of default, PD), the percentage of contractual cash flows that will not be collected if default happens (loss given default, LGD) and the outstanding amount that is exposed to default risk (exposure at default, EAD).

In deriving the PD and LGD, the Company considers the receivable's past payment status and its financial condition as at the reporting date. The PD is adjusted to reflect current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the receivable to settle its debts.

There are no significant changes in the estimation techniques and assumptions as compared to the previous financial year.

Allowance for Impairment Losses

The Company	Gross Amount RM	Individual Impairment RM	Carrying Amount RM
2022			
Low credit risk Credit impaired	24,247,404 1,264,197	- (1,264,197)	24,247,404
	25,511,601	(1,264,197)	24,247,404
The Company	Gross Amount RM	Individual Impairment RM	Carrying Amount RM
Low credit risk Credit impaired	26,373,774 1,264,197	(1,264,197)	26,373,774
	27,637,971	(1,264,197)	26,373,774

The movement in the loss allowances are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

Financial Guarantee Contracts

All of the financial guarantee contracts are considered to be performing, have low risks of default and historically there were no instances where these financial guarantee contracts were called upon by the parties of which the financial guarantee contracts were issued to. Therefore, the Group is of the view that the loss allowance is immaterial and hence, it is not provided for.

(c) **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Group practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period):-

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate	Carrying Amount	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows	Within 1 Year	1 - 5 Years	Over 5 Years
The Group	%	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
2022						
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	-	26,875,300	26,875,300	26,875,300	-	-
Other payables and accrua	als -	4,971,355	4,971,355	4,971,355	-	-
Lease liabilities	3.87	6,605,197	6,955,345	2,536,447	4,321,929	96,969
Bankers' acceptances	3.32	11,856,684	11,856,684	11,856,684	-	-
Foreign currency loans	1.55	14,636,205	14,636,205	14,636,205	-	-
Term loans	3.72	21,500,789	24,442,680	6,057,386	14,141,851	4,243,443
Trust receipts	2.05	192,605	192,605	192,605	-	-
	_	86,638,135	89,930,174	67,125,982	18,463,780	4,340,412
2021						
Non-derivative Financial Liabilities						
Trade payables	-	22,639,174	22,639,174	22,639,174	-	-
Other payables and accrua	als -	2,775,736	2,775,736	2,775,736	-	-
Lease liabilities	4.35	7,145,529	7,591,475	2,354,955	5,236,520	-
Bankers' acceptances	3.26	7,755,000	7,755,000	7,755,000	-	-
Foreign currency loans	1.20	7,920,029	7,920,029	7,920,029	-	-
Term loans	3.05	6,083,046	8,371,388	521,216	2,084,865	5,765,307
Trust receipts	2.05	506,724	506,724	506,724	-	-
<u>Derivative Financial Liabili</u> Foreign currency contracts						
(gross settled):	-	46,797				
 gross payments 	-		5,579,466	5,579,466	-	-
- gross receipts	-		(5,532,669)	(5,532,669)	-	-
	_	54,872,035	57,606,323	44,519,631	7,321,385	5,765,307
	_					

The Company	Carrying Amount RM	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	Within 1 Year RM
2022			
Other payables and accruals Financial guarantee contracts in relation to corporate	116,750	116,750	116,750
guarantee given to certain subsidiaries	*	31,652,830	31,652,830
	116,750	31,769,580	31,769,580

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.1 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES (CONT'D)

(c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

Maturity Analysis (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period) (Cont'd):-

The Company	Carrying Amount RM	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	Within 1 Year RM
2021			
Other payables and accruals Financial guarantee contracts in relation to corporate	94,978	94,978	94,978
guarantee given to certain subsidiaries	*	9,833,696	9,833,696
	94,978	9,928,674	9,928,674

^{*} The contractual undiscounted cash flows represent the outstanding credit facilities of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period. The financial guarantees have not been recognised since their fair value on initial recognition were not material.

40.2 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities within the Group will be able to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to support its businesses and maximise shareholders value. To achieve this objective, the Group may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

The Group manages its capital based on debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt covenants and regulatory, if any. The debt-to-equity ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. The Group includes within net debt, loans and borrowings from financial institutions less cash and cash equivalents. Capital includes equity attributable to the owners of the parent and non-controlling interests. The debt-to-equity ratio of the Group at the end of the reporting period was as follows:-

	The Group	
	2022	2021
	RM	RM
Term loans (Note 21)	21,500,789	-
Lease liabilities (Note 22)	6,605,197	-
Bankers' acceptances (Note 25)	11,856,684	-
Foreign currency loans (Note 25)	14,636,205	-
Trust receipts (Note 25)	192,605	-
	54,791,480	-
Less: Fixed deposit with a licensed bank (Note 17)	(4,347,000)	-
Less: Cash and bank balances	(34,971,811)	
Net debt	15,472,669	-
Total equity	187,163,696	-
Debt-to-equity ratio	0.08	Note 1

There was no change in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial year.

Note 1: The debt-to-equity ratio of the Group at the end of the previous reporting period was not presented as its cash and cash equivalents exceeded the total external borrowings.

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.3 CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group 2022 2021		2022	Company 2021
KIVI	KIVI	KIVI	RM
13,263,343 108,649	10,050,848 -	13,263,343	10,050,848
13,371,992	10,050,848	13,263,343	10,050,848
70,907,091	63,377,469		-
3,871,624	713,370	•	-
-	-	24,247,404	26,373,774
4,347,000 34,971,811	5,125,000 27,103,549	- 1,563,682	3,687,466
114,097,526	96,319,388	25,815,572	30,061,240
			_
-	46,797	-	<u>-</u>
26.875.300	22.639.174	_	_
		116,750	94,978
11,856,684	7,755,000	-	-
14,636,205	7,920,029	-	-
6,605,197	7,145,529	-	-
		-	-
192,605	506,724	-	-
86,638,135	54,825,238	116,750	94,978
	13,263,343 108,649 13,371,992 70,907,091 3,871,624 - 4,347,000 34,971,811 114,097,526 - 26,875,300 4,971,355 11,856,684 14,636,205 6,605,197 21,500,789 192,605	2022 RM RM 13,263,343 10,050,848 108,649 - 13,371,992 10,050,848 70,907,091 63,377,469 3,871,624 713,370 - 4,347,000 5,125,000 34,971,811 27,103,549 114,097,526 96,319,388 - 46,797 26,875,300 22,639,174 4,971,355 2,775,736 11,856,684 7,755,000 14,636,205 7,920,029 6,605,197 7,145,529 21,500,789 6,083,046 192,605 506,724	2022 RM 2021 RM 2022 RM 13,263,343 108,649 10,050,848 - 13,263,343 - 70,907,091 3,871,624 - 63,377,469 713,370 - - 24,247,404 - 4,347,000 34,971,811 5,125,000 27,103,549 - 1,563,682 114,097,526 96,319,388 25,815,572 26,875,300 4,971,355 11,856,684 14,636,205 6,605,197 7,745,529 21,500,789 192,605 22,639,174 6,083,046 6- 192,605 - 7,145,529 506,724

40.4 GAINS OR LOSSES ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	The Group 2022 2021 RM RM		The Company 2022 202 RM R	
Financial Assets				
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Net gains recognised in profit or loss	367,940	50,849	212,494	50,849
Amortised Cost Net (losses)/gains recognised in profit or loss	(28,204)	71	938,806	715,789
Financial Liabilities				
Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Net gains recognised in profit or loss	-	30,776	-	
Amortised Cost Net losses recognised in profit or loss	(1,539,014)	(565,755)	-	(363,535)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

40.5 FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group and of the Company which are maturing within the next 12 months approximated their carrying amounts due to the relatively short-term maturity of the financial instruments or repayable on demand terms.

The following table sets out the fair value profile of financial instruments that are carried at fair value and those not carried at fair value at the end of the reporting period:-

	Fair Value of Financial Instruments Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value not Carried at Fair Value			Total Fair	Carrying			
70.00	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Value	Amount
The Group	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
2022								
Financial Asset Derivative assets - forward currency								
contracts		108,649	-	-	-	-	108,649	108,649
<u>Financial Liability</u> Term loans		-	-	- 2	21,500,789	-	21,500,789	21,500,789
2021								
Financial Liabilities Term loans Derivative liabilities - forward currency	-	-	-	-	6,083,046	-	6,083,046	6,083,046
contracts	_	46,797	-	-	-	-	46,797	46,797

(a) Fair Value of Financial Instruments Carried at Fair Value

- (i) The fair values of forward currency contracts are determined by discounting the difference between the contractual forward prices and the current forward prices for the residual maturity of the contracts using a risk-free interest rate (government bonds).
- (ii) There were no transfer between level 1 and level 2 during the financial year.

(b) Fair Value of Financial Instruments Not Carried at Fair Value

The fair values of the Group's term loans that carry floating interest rates approximated their carrying amounts as they are repriced to market interest rates on or near the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONT'D) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022

41. SIGNIFICANT EVENT DURING THE FINANCIAL YEAR

A subsidiary of the Group has been affected by the flood due to the continuous heavy rain on 18 and 19 December 2021 at its head office located at Lot DC01, Lot 2, Persiaran Sukan, Seksyen 13, 40100 Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia. The head office is for administration purposes and storage of tradable automotive service parts and industrial supplies. Nonetheless, all the assets are adequately covered by insurance.

42. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The following figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation of the current financial year:

The Group	As Previously Reported RM	As Restated RM
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Extract):		
Net cash flows from operating activities Fair value loss on short-term investment	-	2,823
Net cash flows for investing activities Placement of short-term investment	-	(10,053,671)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	42,279,397	32,228,549
The Company		
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Extract):		
Net cash flows for operating activities Fair value loss on short-term investment	-	2,823
Net cash flows from investing activities Placement of short-term investment	-	(10,053,671)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	13,738,314	3,687,466

The Group and the Company have reclassified short-term investments of RM10,050,848 from cash and cash equivalents to non-cash and cash equivalents, to be in line with the definitions of "cash equivalents" in accordance with MFRS 107: Statement of Cash Flows.

LIST OF PROPERTIES AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

No.	Title/Address	Existing use	Tenure of land/ Age of building	Land area/ built up area (sq feet)	Carrying Amount RM'000	Year of Acquisition
1	H.S.(D) 160852, PTD 28180 Mukim of Tebrau District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim/ No. 5, Jalan Dataran 5 Taman Kempas 81200 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim	Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 30 years	43,559/ 34,012	2,379	2005
2	H.S.(D) 160851, PTD 28179 Mukim of Tebrau District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim/ No. 7, Jalan Dataran 5 Taman Kempas 81200 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim	Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 28 years	43,560/ 23,025	3,912	2011
3	H.S.(D) 11901, PTB 4970 Bandar of Johor Bahru District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim/ No. 17, Jalan Kukuh Off Jalan Tampoi Kawasan Perusahaan Tampoi, Larkin 80350 Johor Bahru Johor Darul Takzim	Vacant warehouse, factory cum office	60 years leasehold expiring on 21.01.2079/ 38 years	115,432/ 43,527	1,962	2009
4	H.S.(D) 120704, PT 27183 Mukim of Batu District of Kuala Lumpur State of Wilayah Persekutuan/ No. 28 & 30 Persiaran Segambut Tengah 51200 Kuala Lumpur	Warehouse cum office	99 years leasehold expiring on 27.06.2117/ 1 year	22,395/ 29,637	10,869	2008 & 2013
5	PN 197652, Lot 318007 Mukim of Hulu Kinta District of Kinta State of Perak Darul Ridzuan/ No. 10, Laluan Perusahaan Menglembu 6 Kawasan Perusahaan Menglembu 31450 Menglembu Perak Darul Ridzuan	Warehouse cum office	99 years leasehold expiring on 18.06.2098/ 17 years	7,201/ 5,400	245	2004
6	GM 3636, Lot 4740 Place of Payar Makbar Mukim of Kuala Kuantan District of Kuantan State of Pahang Darul Makmur/ Lot 4740, Jalan Wong Ah Jang 25100 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur	Vacant Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 13 years	6,265/ 7,470	595	2008

LIST OF PROPERTIES (CONT'D) AS AT 30 APRIL 2022

No.	Title/Address	Existing use	Tenure of land/ Age of building	Land area/ built up area (sq feet)	Carrying Amount RM'000	Year of Acquisition
7	H.S.M 72578, PT 104549 Place of Payar Makbar Mukim of Kuala Kuantan District of Kuantan State of Pahang Darul Makmur/ A249, Jalan Wong Ah Jang 25100 Kuantan Pahang Darul Makmur	Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 11 years	1,345/ 3,887	755	2011
8	PM 3775/M1/1/1 (Lot 4360), PM3776/M1/1/1 (Lot 4361), PM3777/M1/1/1 (Lot 4362) & PM3778/M1/1/1 (Lot 4363), Bangunan M1, Tingkat 1, Petak 1 Mukim of Bachang District of Melaka Tengah State of Melaka/ G4, G5, G6 & G7, Blok B4 Jln Rahmat 3 Taman Malim Jaya 75250 Melaka	Warehouse cum office	99 years leasehold expiring on 12.04.2081/ 22 years	N/A/ 1,206 each	569	2008
9	H.S.(D) 27733 & 27734, PT 533 & 534 Seksyen 4 Bandar Butterworth District of Seberang Perai Utara State of Pulau Pinang/ No.3 & 5 Lorong Limbungan Indah 1 Taman Limbungan Indah 12100 Butterworth Pulau Pinang	Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 11 years	1,432 each/ 3,894 each	1,580	2010
10	H.S.(M) 44365, PT 3663 (29, 29A, 29B) Place of Telok Gadong Besar Bandar of Klang District of Klang State of Selangor/ No.29, Jalan Jelai 10/KS1 Taman Teluk Gadong Besar 41200 Port Klang	Warehouse cum office	Freehold/ 13 years	1,604/ 4,750	728	2011
11	HS(D) 79442 PT 11320 Mukim Bandar Selayang Daerah Gombak Negeri Selangor Darul Eshan Lot 27, Jalan Perusahaan 1 Pusat Industri Amari Kawasan Perindustrian Batu Caves 68100 Batu Caves Selangor Darul Eshan	Warehouse cum office	99 years leasehold expiring on 10.02.2113/ 8 years	8,808/ 14,000	6,741	2014

LIST OF PROPERTIES (CONT'D) **AS AT 30 APRIL 2022**

No.	Title/Address	Existing use	Tenure of land/ Age of building	Land area/ built up area (sq feet)	Carrying Amount RM'000	Year of Acquisition
12	H.S.(D) 500355, PTD 101353 Mukim of Plentong District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim/ PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang 81700 Pasir Gudang Johor Darul Takzim	Warehouse cum office	60 years leasehold expiring on 29.03.2051/ 31 years	435,605/ 352,193	11,247	2015
13	Parcel No 05-66; 05-68; 05-70; 05-72; 05-74; 05-76;05-78 & 05-80 (under Parent Lot PTD No. 71045) Mukim Plentong District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim/ Unit No 05-66; 05-68; 05-70; 05-72; 05-74; 05-76;05-78 & 05-80 Block Mawar 7, Jalan Mawar Putih Taman Mawar 81700 Pasir Gudang Johor Darul Takzim	Residential Flat	99 years leasehold expiring on 22.02.2087/ 31 years	N/A/ 5,568	106	2015
14	GRN 540531 Lot 37460 Mukim of Kulai District of Johor Bahru State of Johor Darul Takzim No. 1051, Jalan Muhibah 1 Taman Perindustrian Muhibah 81400 Kulai Johor Darul Takzim	Terraced Factory	Freehold/ 4 year	2,400/ 4,800	889	2016
15	HS(D) 79428 PT 11306 Mukim Bandar Selayang Daerah Gombak Negeri Selangor Darul Eshan No. 20, Jalan Perusahaan Amari Pusat Industri Amari Kawasan Perindustrian Batu Caves 68100 Batu Caves Selangor Darul Eshan	Terraced Factory	99 years leasehold expiring on 10.02.2113/ 8 years	6,594/ 6,512	3,513	2015
16	Title Volume: 899 Folio: 194 Lot No. MK13-U85663N 10 Admiralty Street #01-86 Singapore 757695	Warehouse cum Office	60 years leasehold expiring on 08.10.2059/ 31 years	521	SGD1,116/ MYR3,518	2017

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 15 AUGUST 2022

Total Number of Issued Shares : 519,371,864
Paid-Up Share Capital : RM 135,761,642
Class of Shares : Ordinary Shares

Voting Rights : One (1) Vote Per Ordinary Share

Number of Holders : 2,832

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Category	Number of Holders	%	Number of Shares Held	%
1 - 99	143	5.049	6,122	0.001
100 - 1,000	386	13.630	125,371	0.024
1,001 - 10,000	800	28.249	4,963,901	0.956
10,001 - 100,000	1,159	40.925	43,672,149	8.409
100,001 - 25,968,592 *	341	12.041	312,004,543	60.073
25,968,593 and above **	3	0.106	158,599,778	30.537
Total	2,832	100.000	519,371,864	100.000

^{*} less than 5% of issued shares

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 15 August 2022

		Direct		Indirect	
No	Name of Director	Shareholding	%	Shareholding	%
1	Ker Min Choo	97,755,203	18.822	12,012,130#	2.313
2	Ker Mong Keng	43,515,945	8.379	56,000#	0.011
3	Kek Kok Swee	3,572,800	0.687	10,500,000#	2.022
4	Chai Yee Man	-	-	-	-
5	Tan Lay Beng	-	-	-	-
6	Ker Keddy	322,000	0.062	-	-
7	Ker Hong	4,143,899	0.798	459,700	0.089

Deemed interest in shares held by his spouse and/or children

LIST OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 15 August 2022

		Direct		Indirect	
No	Name of Director	Shareholding	%	Shareholding	%
1	Ker Min Choo	97,755,203	18.822	12,012,130#	2.313
2	Ker Mong Keng	43,515,945	8.378	56,000#	0.011
3	Ker Boon Kee	68,441,513	13.718	1,593,666#	0.307

Deemed interest in shares held by his spouse and/or children

^{** 5%} and above of issued shares

ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS (CONT'D) AS AT 15 AUGUST 2022

LIST OF TOP 30 HOLDERS

As at 15 August 2022

_		Holdings	%
1	Ker Min Choo	75,251,537	14.489
2	Ker Mong Keng	43,515,945	8.379
3	Ker Boon Kee	35,175,896	6.773
4	Ker Soo Ha	16,834,972	3.241
5	AllianceGoup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	16,333,333	3.145
	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Min Choo		
6	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	15,000,017	2.888
	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Boon Kee		
7	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	10,609,200	2.043
	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Boon Kee		
8	Amsec Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd	10,500,000	2.022
	Kgi Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. For Kek Meng Kai, Kennick		
9	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	10,053,800	1.936
	Pledged Securities Account For Neo Eng Hui		
10	Ker Meng Oi	9,404,595	1.811
11	AllianceGroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	9,340,566	1.798
	Pledged Securities Account For Neo Eng Hui		
12	Ng Chit Pin	8,795,599	1.693
13	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	5,000,200	0.963
	Pledged Securities Account For Tan Keng How		
14	Ker Boon Kee	4,656,400	0.896
15	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	4,600,000	0.886
	Pledged Securities Account For Tan Ah Guan @ Tang Koon Guan		
16	Maybank Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	4,488,000	0.864
	Pledged Securities Account For Tan Siok Wee		
17	Wong Guey Feon	4,036,000	0.777
18	AllianceGroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	4,000,000	0.770
	Pledged Securities Account For Tan Siok Wee		
19	RHB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	4,000,000	0.770
	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Kai Xiang		
20	Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,572,800	0.688
	KGI Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. For Kek Kok Swee		
21	AllianceGroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,500,000	0.674
	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Meng Oi		
22	AllianceGroup Nominees (Asing) Sdn Bhd	3,383,066	0.651
	Han Xianjun	0.070.000	0.040
23	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,370,333	0.649
0.4	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Min Choo	0.400.000	0.507
24	Public Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,100,000	0.597
05	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Soo Ha	0.000.700	0.504
25	AllianceGroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,083,733	0.594
26	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Yun Allianas Craup Naminasa (Tampatan) Sdp Rhd	3,060,000	0.589
20	AllianceGroup Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd Pledged Securities Account For Sett Ee-Rlan	3,000,000	0.569
27	CimSec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,000,000	0.578
27	CIMB For Ker Hong (PB)	3,000,000	0.576
28	HLB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	3,000,000	0.578
20	Pledged Securities Account For Ker Boon Kee	3,000,000	0.576
29	CGS-CIMB Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd	2,878,500	0.554
23	Pledged Securities Account For Lee Kah Koon	2,070,000	0.004
30	Liew Cheong Seong	2,814,700	0.541
	Total	326,359,192	62.837

NOTICE OF TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Tenth Annual General Meeting ("10th AGM") of Solid Automotive Berhad ("Solid" or "the Company") will be held at PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa, Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang, 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia on Tuesday, 27 September 2022 at 10.00 a.m. for the following purposes:-

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 together (Please refer to with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.

Note 1)

2. To sanction the payment of Directors' fees for the financial year ending 30 April 2023, to be payable on quarterly basis in arrears.

RESOLUTION 1

3. To re-elect the following Directors who retire in accordance with Clause 110 of the Company's

3.1 Mr. Ker Min Choo 3.2 Ms. Tan Lay Beng **RESOLUTION 2 RESOLUTION 3**

To re-appoint the retiring Auditors, Messrs Crowe Malaysia PLT as Auditors and to authorise the 4. Directors to fix their remuneration.

RESOLUTION 4

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Ordinary Resolutions:

5. **Ordinary Resolution**

Proposed Authority to Issue Shares Pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

"THAT, subject always to the Companies Act 2016, the Constitution of the Company and the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby empowered, pursuant to Section 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016, to issue shares in the Company from time to time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may deem fit provided that the aggregate number of shares issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for the time being and that such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company."

RESOLUTION 5

To transact any other business for which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the 6. Company's Constitution and the Companies Act 2016.

FURTHER NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that for the purpose of determining who shall be entitled to attend the 10th AGM, the Company shall be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn. Bhd. to make available to the Company pursuant to Paragraph 7.16(2) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, a Record of Depositors as at 20 September 2022 and only a Depositor whose name appears on such Record of Depositors shall be entitled to attend the said meeting or appoint proxies to attend and/or vote on his/her behalf.

By Order of the Board

TAI YIT CHAN (SSM PC No. 202008001023) (MAICSA 7009143) **SANTHI A/P SAMINATHAN** (SSM PC No. 201908002933) (MAICSA 7069709) Company Secretaries

Johor Bahru 29 August 2022

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

NOTICE OF TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

NOTES:

1. Audited Financial Statements

The audited financial statements are laid in accordance with Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act 2016 for discussion only under Agenda 1. They do not require shareholders' approval and hence, will not be put forward for voting.

2. Vote by way of poll

Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A(1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, all resolutions set out in this Notice shall be put to vote by way of poll.

3. Form of Proxy

- i. A member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote at the meeting, shall be entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead at the meeting, and that a proxy may but need not be a Member. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy.
- ii. Where a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, he shall specify the proportion of his holdings to be represented by each proxy, failing which the appointment shall be invalid.
- iii. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company shall have the same rights as the Member to speak at the meeting.
- iv. Appointment of proxies (2) where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple Beneficial Owners in one Securities Account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- v. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under the corporation's common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.
- vi. The appointment of a proxy may be made in hard copy form or by electronic form. In the case of an appointment made in hard copy form, the Form of Proxy, duly completed must be deposited at Share Registrar, Tricor Investor & Issuing House Services Sdn Bhd at Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur or its Customer Service Centre at Unit G-3, Ground Floor, Vertical Podium, Avenue 3, Bangsar South, No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi, 59200 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. In the case of electronic appointment, the Form of Proxy must be deposited via TIIH Online at https://tiih.online. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for further information on electronic submission. All Form of Proxy submitted must be received by the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote.
- vii. Please ensure ALL the particulars as required in the Form of Proxy are completed, signed and dated accordingly. If no name is inserted in the space provided for the name of your proxy, the Chairman of the meeting will act as your proxy.
- viii. Last date and time for lodging the Form of Proxy is Sunday, 25 September 2022 at 10.00 a.m.
- ix. For the purpose of determining who shall be entitled to participate in the meeting, the Company will be requesting Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd in accordance with Clause 75 of the Company's Constitution to issue a Record of Depositors as at 20 September 2022. Only members whose names appear in the said Record of Depositors shall be eligible to participate, speak and vote at the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to participate, speak and vote on his/her behalf.
- x. A member is permitted to give the Company notice of revocation of a person's authority to act as proxy not less than forty eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting. The notice of revocation must be in writing and be deposited at the registered office of the Company or via email to is.enguiry@my.tricorglobal.com.
- xi. Please bring along the ORIGINAL of the following documents (whichever applicable) for verification purposes at the registration counter:- (a) Identity Card (NRIC for Malaysian), or (b) Police report (for loss of NRIC for Malaysian), or (c) Passport (for Foreigner).

NOTICE OF TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONT'D)

4. Explanatory Notes:

i. Ordinary Resolution 1 - To sanction the payment of Director's fees for the financial year ending 30 April 2023, to be payable on quarterly basis in arrears.

Section 230(1) of the CA 2016 provides that "fees" of the directors and "any benefits" payable to the directors of a listed company and its subsidiaries shall be approved at a general meeting. Pursuant thereto, shareholders' approval shall be sought at this Annual General Meeting ("AGM") for the payment of Directors' fees to the Directors of the Company under Resolution 1.

Under Ordinary Resolution 1, the quantum of the Directors' fees proposed for the financial year ending 30 April 2023 of RM267,000.00 payable on the quarterly basis in arrears and assuming that all the Directors will hold office until the conclusion of the aforesaid financial year and there is no appointment of additional Board member(s) during the said financial year ending 30 April 2023. The total Directors' fees paid for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 did not exceed the amount of RM267,000.00 approved by the shareholders at the Company's Ninth AGM held on 28 September 2021.

The proposed Resolution 1, if passed, is to facilitate the payment of Directors' fees on a quarterly basis and/or as and when incurred. The Board opined that it is just and equitable for the Directors to be paid such payment on such basis upon them discharging their responsibilities and rendering their services to the Company. In the event, where the payment of Directors' fees payable during the above period exceeded the estimated amount sought at this AGM, a shareholders' approval will be sought at the next AGM.

ii. Ordinary Resolution 2 and 3 - Re-election of retiring Directors

Clause 110 of the Company's Constitution expressly states that at the AGM in every subsequent year, one-third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then, the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office and be eligible for re-election.

Pursuant to Clause 110 of the Company's Constitution, Mr Ker Min Choo and Ms Tan Lay Beng are standing for re-election at this AGM. The profile of Mr Ker Min Choo and Ms Tan Lay Beng are provided on pages 4 to 6 of the Directors' Profile in the Annual Report 2022.

iii. Ordinary Resolution 5 - Proposed Authority to Issue Shares Pursuant to Section 75 and Section 76 of the Companies Act 2016

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 6, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, from the date of the above AGM, authority to issue and allot shares from the unissued capital of the Company up to an amount not exceeding in total ten percent (10%) of the total issued and paid-up share capital of the Company for such purposes and to such person or persons as the Directors in their absolute discretion consider to be in the interest of the Company. This authority, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the next AGM of the Company.

The mandate sought under Ordinary Resolution 5 above is a renewal of an existing mandate and there was no proceed raised from the previous mandate up to the last practicable date, 15 August 2022.

The renewal of the general mandate is to provide flexibility to the Company to issue new securities without the need to convene separate general meeting to obtain its shareholders' approval so as to avoid incurring additional cost and time. The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund-raising exercise including but not limited to further placement of shares for purposes funding current and/or future investment projects, working capital, repayment/paring down of borrowings, acquisitions and/or for issuance of shares as settlement of purchase consideration.

PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representatives for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

ANNUAL REPORT 2022

STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF **TENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 8.27(2) OF THE BURSA MALAYSIA SECURITIES BERHAD LISTING REQUIREMENTS

- There is no person seeking for election as Director of the Company at this Annual General Meeting except for the 1. following Directors standing for re-election as follows:-
 - Mr. Ker Min Choo (RESOLUTION 2) (a) (b) Ms. Tan Lay Beng (RESOLUTION 3)

Further details of the above named Directors who are standing for re-election and their securities holdings in the Company are set out in the Profile of Directors on pages 4 to 6 of this Annual Report respectively.

2. The general mandate for issuance of shares by the Company under Section 75(1) and 76(1) of the Companies Act 2016 is for the purpose of granting renewal of the mandate obtained from its shareholders at the Ninth Annual General Meeting held on 28 September 2021. The Company did not issue any shares pursuant to this mandate obtained.

The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund-raising exercise including but not limited to further placement of shares for purposes of funding current and/or future investment projects, working capital, repayment of bank borrowings, acquisitions and/or for issuance of shares as settlement of purchase consideration.





SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD

FORM OF PROXY

Registration No. 201201032237 (1016725-P) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

		No of Shares Held	CDS	Accoun	t No.	
l/We	*NF	RIC No./Passport No./Company	y No			o
	and telephone no./e					
	a *member/members of SOLID AUTOMOTIVE					
Jenig	a member/members of SOLID ACTOMICTIVE	beniab (the Company), here	ву арропіі.			
Full 1	Name and Address (in Block Letters)	NRIC/Passport No.	No. of Sha	ares	% of	Shareholding
*and/d	or					
Full 1	Name and Address (in Block Letters)	NRIC/Passport No.	No. of Sha	ares	% of	Shareholding
or fail	ing *him/her, THE CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETIN	IG as *my/our *proxy/proxies to	vote for *me	e/us on *	my/ou	r behalf at the
	Annual General Meeting of the Company, to b Pasir Gudang, Johor, Malaysia on Tuesday, 27					
	e indicate with an "x" in the appropriate space ion as to voting is given, the proxy will vote or a			ites to b	e cast	. If no specific
				1		l
NO.	ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS			FO	R	AGAINST
1	Payment of Directors' Fees					
2	Re-election of Retiring Director - Ker Min Cho	0				
3	Re-election of Retiring Director - Tan Lay Beng	-				
4	Re-appointment of Retiring Auditors, Crowe N					
5	Authority to issue shares pursuant to Section 7	'5 and Section 76 of the Compani	es Act 2016			
		· · ·				1
Signo	d this day of, 202	20				
Signe	u IIIs, 202					
Signa	ture of Member/Common Seal of Member					

*Strike out whichever is not desired.

Notes:

- A member of the Company who is entitled to attend and vote at the meeting, shall be entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead at the meeting, and that a proxy may but need not be a Member. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy.
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PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of 10th AGM dated 29 August 2022.

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Affix stamp

SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD

Registration No. 201201032237 (1016725-P)

C/O TRICOR INVESTOR & ISSUING HOUSE SERVICES SDN. BHD.

Unit 32-01, Level 32, Tower A, Vertical Business Suite Avenue 3, Bangsar South No. 8, Jalan Kerinchi 59200 Kuala Lumpur



WWW.SOLIDAUTOMOTIVE.COM



岩石汽车工业集团 **SOLID AUTOMOTIVE BERHAD** REGISTRATION NO. 201201032237 (1016725-P)

PLO 436, Jalan Gangsa, Kawasan Perindustrian Pasir Gudang 81700 Pasir Gudang, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia Tel No : (+607) 288 1313 | Fax No : (+607) 251 4668