STAYING A STEP AHEAD FOR A BETTER FUTURE

SMIRACK ANNUAL REPORT-2020

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### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid

(Appointed on 8 October 2020 and Re-designated on 19 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

#### Azmi Bin Osman

(Re-designated on 8 October 2020) (Deputy Executive Chairman)

#### Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim

(Appointed on 30 September 2020) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### **Mahnorizal Bin Mahat**

(Appointed on 8 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)

Ng Swee Tuo (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed on 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### Datuk Tan Choon Hwa (JP, JMK)

(Resigned on 3 August 2020) (Executive Director)

#### **Chow Hung Keey**

(Resigned on 5 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### **Terence Cheah Eu Lee**

(Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas

(Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### **AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE**

Mahnorizal Bin Mahat *(Chairman)* (Appointed on 8 November 2019)

Ng Swee Tuo (Member)

Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Member) (Appointed on 30 September 2020)

Datuk Chua Wei Kee *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 October 2020)

Chow Hung Keey (*Chairman*) (Resigned on 5 November 2019)

Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020) Terence Cheah Eu Lee *(Member)* (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019)

#### **NOMINATING COMMITTEE**

Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (*Chairman*) (Appointed on 8 November 2019)

Ng Swee Tuo (Member)

Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Member) (Appointed on 30 September 2020)

Datuk Chua Wei Kee *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 October 2020)

Chow Hung Keey (*Chairman*) (Resigned on 5 November 2019)

Dato' Haji Rosly Bin Abas *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020)

Terence Cheah Eu Lee *(Member)* (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019)

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Azmi Bin Osman (Chairman)

Mahnorizal Bin Mahat *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 November 2019)

Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Member) (Appointed on 30 September 2020)

Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Member) (Appointed on 8 October 2020)

Chow Hung Keey *(Member)* (Resigned on 5 November 2019)

Terence Cheah Eu Lee *(Member)* (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019) Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas *(Member)* (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Wong Youn Kim (MAICSA 7018778) SSM Practising Certificate No. 201908000410

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Level 2, Tower 1, Avenue 5 Bangsar South City 59200 Kuala Lumpur Tel : (603) 2241 5800 Fax : (603) 2282 5022

#### **HEAD OFFICE**

W07A1, 7th Floor, West Block Wisma Golden Eagle Realty No. 142C, Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur Wilayah Persekutuan, Malaysia Tel : (603) 2201 4131 Fax : (603) 2201 9414 Website: http://www.smtrackberhad.my Email: info@smtrackberhad.my

#### **AUDITORS**

Jamal, Amin & Partners (AF 1067) No. 60-2B, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Jalan 2/23A Off Jalan Genting Klang Taman Danau Kota, Setapak 53300 Kuala Lumpur Tel : (603) 4142 1626 Fax : (603) 4142 1601

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom Share Registrars Sdn Bhd (378993-D) 11th Floor, Menara Symphony No. 5, Jalan Professor Khoo Kay Kim Seksyen 13 46200 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan Tel : (603) 7890 4700 Fax : (603) 7890 4670

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

CIMB Bank Berhad (13491-P) Malayan Banking Berhad (3813-K)

#### **STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING**

ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Stock Name : SMTRACK Stock Code : 0169 Sector : Technology

# CORPORATE PROFILE

SMTrack Berhad ("**SMTrack**" or the "**Company**") was incorporated in Malaysia on 12 January 2004 under the Companies Act, 1965 as a private limited company under the name of Smartag Solutions Sendirian Berhad and was subsequently converted into a public limited company on 11 June 2008. The Company changed its name from Smartag Solutions Sendirian Berhad to SMTrack Berhad on 2 May 2014.

The corporate structure of SMTrack and its subsidiaries and jointly controlled entity ("Group") is as follows:

S	MTRACK Be	rhad	
Date / Country of incorporation		12.01.2004 / Malaysia	
Issued paid-up capital (RM)	32,014,414.12 as at the report date		
Principal activities	Provisi	on of RFID solutions for various applications	
		Smartag Technolog	ijes Sdn. Bhd.
	30%	Date / Country of incorporation	27.11.2002 / Malaysia
		Issued paid-up capital (RM)	50,098
		Principal activities	Currently dormant
		My Record So	dn. Bhd.
	50%	Date / Country of incorporation	11.03.2010 / Malaysia
		Issued paid-up capital (RM)	10,030,000
		Principal activities	R&D on information technologies
		Citilink Aviation (N (Formerly known as Dexma	
	60%	Date / Country of incorporation	12.04.2016 / Malaysia
		Issued paid-up capital (RM)	5,400,000
		Principal activities	Deliver services of goods, merchandise, parcels, packages, baggage freight by any mode of transportation
		Smart Marine Te	ch Sdn Bhd
	100%	Date / Country of incorporation	20.02.2018 / Malaysia
		Issued paid-up capital (RM)	100
		Principal activities	To provide vessel fuel intelligent tracking system

# LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

## **DEAR SHAREHOLDERS**

Another year has passed and I am pleased to present, on behalf of the Board of Directors of the Company, the Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2020 of SMTrack Berhad.

During the year, the Management is reiterating our commitment to cultivate revenue growth of higher profit margin products, driving cost down, efficiency savings and improve our Current Ratio. Our Group will continue focusing on creating values for all stakeholders with the regular evaluation of the effectiveness of the Group strategies. This will improve the core business models and achieve sustainable profitability in the long run.

The Group is confident that it could re-built in the business after the acquisition of Citilink Aviation (M) Sdn Bhd (Formerly known as Dexma Express Sdn Bhd) ("CASB"). The acquisition will enable SMTrack to venture into the Air Carriage Services and is envisaged to have a new stream of income arising from the acquisition. SMTrack intends to promote its RFID Technologies to be applied into the airline operations such as baggage and ticketing.

On 12 May 2020, the Company had announced its proposal to undertake a private placement comprising the issuance of up to 53,007,100 new ordinary shares ("Placement Shares") representing approximately thirty (30) per centum of the existing number of issued Shares of SMTrack ("Proposed Private Placement"), and made an application to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") for the listing of and quotation for the Placement Shares to be issued pursuant to the Proposed Private Placement on the ACE Market of Bursa Securities. This exercise has been completed on 6 August 2020 whereby the Group has successfully raised approximately RM8.359 million from the Proposed Private Placement in which the proceeds will be utilised for purchase of CASB, working capital and expenses relating to Proposed Private Placement.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors, I wish to extend my thanks to my fellow Board members for their valuable advice and contributions and staff and management in their dedication in carrying out their duties over the past year I also wish to extend my gratitude and appreciation to our customers, shareholders, financial institution for your continuous support and confidence placed in us.

Further information of SMTRack's performance in the financial year is detailed in the Management Discussion and Analysis on page 6.



### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

On behalf of the Board of Directors of SMTrack Berhad, it is my pleasure to present to you the Management Discussion and Analysis("MDA") on the Group. The objective of this MDA is to provide shareholders with a better understanding and an overview of the Group's business, operations, financial position in the year 2020 and the outlook for the year 2021.

#### **OVERVIEW**

SMTrack Berhad, a MSC status Company, is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Securities under the Industrial Products category. The company has an issued share capital of RM23,655,293 comprising 176,690,656 shares at 7 November 2019. Accordingly, the concept of "authorised share capital" and "par value" have been abolished.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS REVIEW

The Group recorded a revenue of RM1.787 mil for financial year ended (FYE) 2020 as compared to RM1.698 mil registered in FYE 2019. This represent an increase of RM0.089 mil or 5.24%. The Group registered a loss after tax and controlling interest of RM0.816 mil as compared to RM1.776 mil in FYE 2019. The decrease in loss is due to the cost cutting measurement and reduction in the administrative expenses.

Total current assets of the Group increased from RM9.229 mil in FYE 2019 to RM12.828 mil in FYE 2020 mainly attributable to the increase in other receivables as a result of the acquisition of CASB.

The Group's other payables decreased by RM0.251 mil to RM2.374 mil from RM2.625 mil in previous year. However, trade payables remained relatively unchanged compared with previous year.

The Group currently has no short term and long-term borrowings and has funds for working capital requirement.

#### **BUSINESS OVERVIEW, GROWTH & STRATEGY**

The Group is principally involved in RFID solutions products. The products are highly in demand due to its uniqueness in design and not much competitive products in the market. The Company aim to diversify into other market segment in order to increase the Group revenue. Initiatives are being planned to increase the staffs in sales and marketing department. Though it is in a planning stage, the Group is optimistic that by increasing staff, more sales will be registered and is a boost to Company's aspiration to become regional RFID solution providers.

#### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

The Management will continue its efforts on operational efficiency and effective cost management in order to maintain the Group's competitive edge in the RFID industry. Besides maintaining the RFID businesses, the Group will continue to seek new business opportunities and projects in other sector in order to diversify the revenue base. The Group has acquired majority stake in an entity that is involved in the aviation. The Group is positive that with the acquisition, its revenue will be enhanced in future. The Group has plan to diversify into other sectors such as construction industries.

It is expected that this year is a tough year for most companies in Malaysia after change of new government and due to Covid-19 pandemic. But the Group is very optimistic towards the Malaysia economic outlook for the ensuring year. Moving forward, we expect the financial performance of the Group will be improved by gradual executing the Group's strategic businesses.

# DIRECTORS' PROFILE



AZMI BIN OSMAN Deputy Executive Chairman Age 44, Male, Malaysian

**Azmi Bin Osman** was appointed to the Board on 9 November 2017, he re-designated as Executive Chairman on 22<sup>nd</sup> November 2018 and subsequently re-designated as Deputy Executive Chairman on 8 October 2020. He is currently the Chairman of Remuneration Committee.

He holds a Bachelor of Arts in Accountancy from University of Humberside, Hull, United Kingdom. He is a member of the Malaysia Institute of Accountants, Member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and Member of the Mongolian Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

He started his career as a Team Leader and Country Director in 2000 with KPMG Kuala Lumpur and from 2006 till 2009 he was the Audit Partner of Tentsver Orgil Audit LLC. He was the Managing Partner and Shareholder of CNM Audit LLC from 2010 till 2014. He left CNM Audit LLC and joined Asian Metal Exploration Consultancy Sdn Bhd as the Chief Financial Officer till 2016. From 2016 till 2017, he is the Financial adviser of Malaysia Smelting Corporation Berhad. He currently the Managing Partner of ABO Consultancy Sdn Bhd, Advisor of Crowe Horwath Mongolia TMZ LLC and Managing Partner of Wall Bridge Consulting LLC.



DATO' ZAIDI BIN MAT ISA @ HASHIM Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Age 51, Male, Malaysian

**Dato' Zaidi** was appointed to the Board on 30 September 2020. He is currently the member of Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

He holds a Master's in Business Administration from University Malaysia Pahang.

Dato' Zaidi's corporate and entrepreneurial experience spans over two decades in private and listed entities. Dato' Zaidi is the Board Chairman of Metronic Global Berhad and Key Alliance Group Berhad, he also the board members of APFT Berhad and MBB Global Berhad and a number of private companies. Dato' Zaidi's achievement in chronical order started with his appointment as Group Managing Director of Kedah based Darulaman Consolidated (M) Berhad and its subsidiaries from 1995 to 2000. In 2002 to 2005 he was appointed as Chief Executive Officer of MyPrima Group of Companies which specialised in media advertisement, branding, and marketing. Consecutively in 2006 Dato' Zaidi was appointed as Director of Investment for the 3.6 billion (Gross Development Value in Malaysia Ringgit) Eco Marine Theme Park and Resort project in the state of Melaka which specialised in niche property development and real estate management. Dato' Zaidi's corporate experience is not limited to Malaysia's domestic market as he was appointed as Senior Vice President for Corporate Planning and Strategy with London listed Radiant Growth Investment Ltd with business ventures in a USD200 million plantation development in Kampong Thom, Cambodia in 2012. The most recent corporate achievement of Dato's Zaidi was his 2016 corporate entry as Executive Director in Bursa listed INIX Technologies Holdings Berhad which overseeing governmental relations, public and private sector markets while at the same time being appointed Director of NWP Holdings Berhad with interests in property development and forest management with sawmills in the state of Sabah in East Malaysia and Laos.



#### MAHNORIZAL BIN MAHAT Senior Independent Non-Executive Director Age 44, Male, Malaysian

**MAHNORIZAL BIN MAHAT** was appointed to the Board on 8 November 2019. He is currently the Chairman of Audit and Risk Management Committee and Nomination Committee and member of Remuneration Committee.

He holds Bachelor Degree in Accounting from University Tenaga Nasional.

He started his career in year 2002 as Executive in Sales and Marketing Department for RHB Bank Berhad and subsequently as Manager, Corporate Finance Department with MCCM Management Sdn. Bhd. which involved in financial restructuring with 23 financial institutions and until year 2009. During the period from May 2009 to October 2011, Mahnorizal served in various department for a premier logistic company and DRB-Hicom Berhad dealing with strategy, business development and operational restructuring.

In November 2011 he joined Kontena Nasional Global Transport Sdn Bhd as Chief Operating Officer. He subsequently joined Malaco Mining Sdn Bhd as Financial Controller until current. He also the Subject Matter Expert for Front and Sulivan Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., a position which he is currently holding. His area of expertise and experience includes the provision of advisory and consultancy services, various aspects of accounting, restructuring and business development.

He is also a volunteer and acts as the Treasurer for Malaysia Cricket Association. He is currently a Certified Defensive Driving Trainer and Transport Safety Management for major oil and gas company.



**NG SWEE TUO** Independent Non-Executive Director Age 48, Female, Malaysian

**Ng Swee Tuo** was appointed to the Board on 21 June 2019. She is currently the member of Audit and Risk Management Committee and Nomination Committee.

Madam Ng is in finalising of The Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA).

She started her career as an Admin cum Account Executive in 1996 with Asatec Sdn Bhd (Consultancy of civil and mechanical, architectural, contractor company) and from 2000 till 2003 she was a Human Resource Executive of Safari Office System Sdn Bhd. She joined Perbandaran Pengurusan Victoria (PPV) in 2013 and currently is an employee in the Admin and Account Department of PPV. Ms. Ng have experience in real estate industry and running of a tuition and day care centre. She also has experience in training of staff.



DATO' SRI SHAHARUDDIN BIN KHALID Independent Non-Executive Chairman Age 60, Male, Malaysian

**Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid** was appointed to the Board on 8 October 2020 and subsequently redesignated as Chairman on 19 October 2020.

He holds a Master in Criminal Justice from University of New Haven, Connecticut, USA. He also holds Bachelor's degree in literature from University of Malaya.

Dato Sri Shaharuddin has 40 years' experience in Road Transport industry and Anti-Corruption Department. Dato Sri Shaharuddin last position was Director General, Road Transport Department of Malaysia, leading the integrity, financial management, administration, and management of the said Department.

Dato Sri Shaharuddin started his career as an Investigation Officer in Malaysian Anti-Corruption Commission (MACC) in 1984. He was promoted as the Director of MACC in 2004 and held the position until 2006. Dato Sri was appointed as the Acting Chief Compliance Officer at Integrity Management and Compliance Office, Felda Global Ventures Berhad from 2010 to October 2016. From November 2016 to September 2017, Dato Sri was the Chief Executive Adviser at Pejabat Penasihat Undang-Undang, Pejabat Ketua Pesuruhanjaya SPRM and Pejabat Ketua Pesuruhanjaya, SPRM Head Quarter which was later on promoted as the Director General of Road Transport Department Malaysia.

Throughout the years with MACC and Road Transport Department Malaysia, Dato Sri was responsible for the enforcement and administration of traffic laws, creation and administration of a coherent, effective and safe registration and licensing system, ensuring the integrity of the Department and ensuring prompt and efficient collection of lines.



DATUK CHUA WEI KEE Independent Non-Executive Director Age 47, Male, Malaysian

**Datuk Chua Wei Kee** was appointed to the Board on 8 October 2020. He is currently the member of Audit and Risk Management Committee, Nomination Committee and Remuneration Committee.

He holds a Master's in Business Administration from Asia Metropolitan University and RMIT University, respectively.

Datuk Chua is a businessman with twenty-five (25) years of experience in various industries such as education, media and advertising, mining, manufacturing, finance investment, property, and metal distribution. Datuk Chua started his career in 1995 in US Trading (M) Sdn Bhd as an Accounts Assistant and later as an Accounts and Admin Manager.

Datuk Chua started his own business, JD Resources (JDR) in year 1998 to act as commission agent and trader in the field of metals and minerals. Ranges of metal products are zinc, zinc alloy, aluminium, aluminium alloy, tin and lead and ranges of mineral products are alumina, bentonite, iron, and graphite.

In order for a better company financial structure and to get across to international market, Datuk Chua has set up various JDR units over the years in many countries, JDR Hong Kong being the holding company. JDR Group turnover surpassed USD350 million per annum. In year 2007 JDR was appointed as sole and exclusive distributor for Nyrstar NV in South East Asia.

Throughout the years, JDR also ventured into pre-school education in China, set up zinc alloy production unit in China, Datuk Chua in personal capacity has acquired a stake in AGV Group Limited, a SGX listed company and was appointed as Executive Chairman. JDR has establish its regional presence across Southeast Asia and Greater China including Malaysia, Indonesia, Brunei, Singapore, Thailand, Vietnam, Hong Kong and China. JDR sources, markets and distributes zinc and zinc alloy for building construction, automotive, healthcare and agriculture industry. Datuk Chua was appointed as Honorary Consul of Hungary to Malaysia Northern Region in year 2018. Datuk Chua currently is the Officer of JD Resources International Limited and JD Zinc Group Limited.

#### Notes to Directors' Profile:

- 1. Family Relationship None of the Directors have family relationship with any Director and/or major shareholders of the Company.
- 2. Conflict of Interest None of the Directors have any conflict of interest with the Company.
- 3. Conviction of Offences None of the Directors have any conviction for offences other than traffic offences within the past 5 years.
- Attendance at Board Meetings The details of the Directors' Attendance at Board Meetings are set out on pages 22 to 23 of this Annual Report.
- Shareholdings The details of the Directors' interest in the securities of the Company is set out on page 40 of this Annual Report.
- 6. Directorship in other public companies Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors hold any directorship in public companies.

### SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

#### **Business Philosophy and Vision**

SMTrack Berhad ("SMTrack") was incorporated in Malaysia under the Companies Act, 1965 on 12 January 2004 as a private limited company under the name of Smartag Solutions Sdn. Bhd. Subsequently, on 11 June 2008, it converted to a public limited company. The company changed to its present name on 02 May 2014.

SMTrack is an investment holding company and involve in provision for RFID solutions for various applications. Its subsidiaries My Record Sdn. Bhd. providing R & D on Info Tech and Smart Marine Tech Sdn. Bhd. in vessels fuel efficient tracking systems. The Group's core business is in the RFID solutions.

#### **OUR VALUES**

#### Mission

- To become the "Unique of Choice" by providing our customers with quality products at most competitive price.
- Maximize the customer satisfaction with implementation of stringent process control and cost control system in place.

#### QUALITY

SMTrack have built quality checks in each and every step of the RFID solutions process. Stringent process controls are employed up to final inspection of the finished product solutions. As an added value, we are equipped with a full set of quality control equipment. Coupled with highly skilled manpower for sound judgement and expertise, The Company thrives to eliminate nonconformance in our quest to achieve maximum returns.

While ensuring that investors' needs are taken care of, SMTrack also practices good business ethics and transparency, taking into consideration the welfare of its employees while ensuring an inclusive and holistic approach towards building a sustainable business that is both beneficial to the society the environment. In line with the United Nation's 17 Sustainable Development Goals, SMTrack made every possible effort to include these SDGs into our daily operations.

#### **Corporate Governance**

The Company conducts business responsibly and fairly, adhering to the long-standing business philosophy of providing our customers with the highest quality at the most competitive price. The Company upholds the principles of corporate governance, the Code of ethic and compliance and adheres to anti-corruption and anti-trust practices. Corporate Governance is incorporated into our Company's working culture to ensure sustainability.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)**

SMTrack's CSR activities reflects the ever-changing needs of the society by holding dialogues with its employees and stakeholders to build trust and to better the overall conditions of the existing communication structure. The Company recognizes the need to improve social conditions by working in partnership with the local communities. When implementing policies, the Company takes into consideration the social, economic and environmental impact to the society to generate better social values.

#### **Education / Quality Training**

The Company sends technical staffs for periodical trainings to upgrade their skills. This will enhance their performance and productivity while at the same time, increase their value and future marketability. Our Company utilises an integrated and accurate procurement and accounting management system which eases streamlines the workflow.

The Company is committed to staff development by proving on-the-job training and external training programs for all level of staff in order to improve their skills and knowledge for their career advancement. The Company reviews the adequacy and suitability of the training requirements of the staff on a regular basis.

#### **Climate Action, Green Effort and Waste Management**

As climate change affects everyone, the Company plays an active role in promoting a green and healthy living. Forty percent of the lights are energy-saving LED lights and efforts are being made to reduce wastage further in the organization. Water and electricity consumption are monitored closely; and technical errors are minimised to prevent unnecessary use of materials and resources. Our employees are also reminded to reduce stationery and paper usage to protect the environment.

The Company recognises the importance of pollution prevention and environmental protection by reducing the usage of the hazardous compounds in materials.

#### Employee Welfare, Well-being, Gender Equality and Anti-Discrimination Policies

The Company adopts a non-discriminatory policy for hiring and promoting employees. Employees are the most important assets to the Company; therefore, we offer attractive benefits packages to retain and attract staff with relevant experience and expertise to continue serving the company. Our Human Resource Department also offer jobs to persons with disabilities, especially to those who are autistic. To recognize the efforts and to boost the morale of our employees, the Company holds annual dinners in appreciation of all of our employees who are have tirelessly worked to meet the demands of their jobs. The annual dinner provides a chance for staff from all departments and subsidiaries to bond and forge teamwork.

Employees are welcome to give their suggestions and feedback through the employee suggestion box. The Human Resource Department will then look into these suggestions, collate and escalate them to the Senior Management and the Board of Directors. If viable, these will be implemented. The Company encourages a bottom-up approach where input from employees are highly appreciated.

#### **Health and Safety**

SMTrack – rented office at a strategic location in the urban area fully equipped with CCTVs and fire extinguishers to ensure safety. The building management are responsible for contributing towards a safe working environment including fostering safe working attitudes to avoid workplace accidents.

No smoking signs are placed at intervals, and the floorplan of our premises are prominently displayed for evacuation purposes. The Company also carry out mock fire drills and mock emergency situations to prepare our employees in case of unforeseen circumstances such as fire, chemical spill, explosion, medical emergency and injury.

#### **Economic Growth**

While vulnerable US and China trade ties continue to threaten economic stability globally especially in the manufacturing sector, SMTrack's diversified interests provide for greater economic value to the Company. The aviation industry in which SMTrack tied up with a local company will provide an increase in the growth of revenue.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

#### INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance defines corporate governance as "the process and structure used to direct and manage the business and affairs of the company towards promoting business prosperity and corporate accountability with the ultimate objective of realising long-term shareholder value, whilst taking into account the interests of the other stakeholders."

The Board of Directors remains committed to subscribe to the principles of good corporate governance that is central to the effective operation of the Company and to ensure the highest standards of accountability and transparency. The Board supports the Corporate Governance Framework and continues to improve existing practices and achieve the objectives of the Company.

The Board is pleased to set out below the manner in which the Group has applied the three main principles in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance ("MCCG<sup>1</sup>) during the financial year ended 31 July 2020. This statement is prepared in compliance with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ACE Market Listing Requirements ("AMLR") and it is to be read together with the CG Report 2020 of the Company which is available on SMTrack's website at <u>www.smtrackberhad.mv</u>

#### **CLEAR ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

#### **Board of Directors**

The Board's pivotal role is to lead and establish the Group's vision, provision of strategic direction, formulation of policies and enhancement of resources for the Group. The Board takes into consideration the interests of all stakeholders in the decision making process so as to ensure the Group's objectives of creating long term shareholder value are met.

An effective Board is the one that made up of a combination of executive directors with intimate knowledge of the business and non-executive directors from diversified industry/business background to bring broad business and commercial experience to the Group. The Group is led by a strong and experienced Board under the Chairman.

The Board placed great importance on the balance of its Independent Directors where they serve as an essential source of impartial and professional guidance to protect the interest of the shareholders. The Independent Non-Executive Directors are professionals of high calibres and credibility who play a pivotal role in corporate accountability by contributing their knowledge, advice and experience towards making independent judgment on issues of strategies, performance, resources and standards of conducts.

#### Board Role and Responsibilities

The Board consists of six (6) members comprising one (1) Executive Deputy Chairman, one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and four (4) Independent Non-Executive Directors. This is in compliance with the AMLR which requires at least two (2) Directors or one-third (1/3) of the Board, whichever is higher, are Independent Directors.

The Board is primarily responsible for charting and reviewing the strategic direction of the Group. The Board delegates and monitors the implementation of these directions to the management.

The responsibilities of the Board are inclusive of but not limited to:

- Reviews and adopts a strategic and business plan for the Group;
- Oversees the conduct of the Group's business and evaluates whether the business is being properly managed;
- Identifies principal risks and ensure the implementation of appropriate systems to manage these risks in order to achieve a proper balance between risk incurred and potential returns to shareholders;

- Reviews the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's internal control systems for compliance with the applicable laws, regulations, rules, directive and guidelines. The Board ensures that there is a satisfactory reporting framework on internal financial controls and regulatory compliance;
- Examines its own size and composition to determine the impact on the Board's effectiveness. The Board ensures it has enough Directors to discharge its responsibilities and perform its functions;
- Receives and seeks relevant information for the assessment of the performance of the Group;
- Establishes the Group's authority limits which outline the materiality of any transaction entered into by the Group and determine its approving authorities; and
- Ensures that the Group's financial statements are true and fair, and comply with all applicable laws and governmental regulations applicable to the Group's business and its conduct.

The Board retains full and effective control of the Group and has developed corporate objectives and position descriptions including the limits to Management's responsibilities, which the Executive Director is aware and is responsible for meeting. The Board had an understanding of matters reserved to itself for decision, which includes investment policy, approval for major capital expenditures, strategic planning, overseeing financial and operational performance, monitoring risk management processes, merger and acquisition activities and reviewing the adequacy of internal control systems.

The presence of Independent Non-Executive Directors provides a good complementing role to ensure a balance of power and authority. The role of Independent Non-Executive Directors is particularly important in ensuring that the strategies proposed by the executive management are fully discussed and examined as they provide unbiased and independent views, advice and judgment to take account of interests, not only of the Group, but also of shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the many communities in which the Group conducts business.

Any material and important proposals that will significantly affect the policies, strategies, directions and assets of the Group will be subject to approval by the Board. None of the members of the Board has unfettered powers of decision.

The Board is confident that its current size and composition is sufficient and effective in discharging the Board's responsibilities and in meeting the Group's current needs and requirements.

All the Directors have given their undertaking to comply with the Listing Requirements and the Independent Directors have confirmed their independence.

#### Role and Responsibilities of the Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is a qualified Chartered Secretary (ICSA) and Fellow Member of the Malaysian Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators (MAICSA).

The Company Secretary plays an advisory role to the Board in relation to the Company's Constitution, the Board's policies and procedures, and compliance with the relevant regulatory requirements, codes or guidance and legislations. The Company Secretary is suitably qualified, competent and capable of carrying out the duties required and has attended training and seminars conducted by relevant regulatory to keep abreast with the relevant updates on statutory and regulatory requirements and updates on the AMLR of Bursa Securities.

The Company Secretary advises the Board on corporate disclosures and compliance with the relevant changes to the laws, rules and regulations, which include Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance and AMLR.

The Company Secretary also serves notice to the Directors and Principal Officers to notify them of closed periods for trading in the Company's shares, in accordance with Chapter 14 of the AMLR of Bursa Securities. Deliberations during the Board and Board Committees' meetings were properly minute and documented by the Company Secretary.

#### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three (3) principal Board Committees, to which it has delegated certain responsibilities, namely the Nominating Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit & Risk Management Committee. The membership responsibilities, roles and activities of these Committees are described in greater detail in this statement.

#### Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee comprises solely Non-Executive Directors as follows:-

	Directors	Number of Meetings Attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Chairman:	Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (Appointed on 8 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
Members:	Ng Swee Tuo (Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
	Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Appointed on 30 September 2020) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Terence Cheah Eu Lee (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100

The Nominating Committee is empowered to bring to the Board, recommendations as to the appointment of any new Executive or Non-Executive Director, provided that the Chairman of the Nominating Committee, in developing such recommendations, consults all directors and reflects that consultation in any recommendation of the Nomination Committee brought forward to the Board. In making its recommendation, the Nominating Committee will consider the required mix of skills, knowledge, expertise, experience and other qualities, including core competencies which Directors of the Company should bring to the Board.

The Nominating Committee meets at least once a year and is directly accountable to the Board.

During the financial year ended July 2020, the Nominating Committee undertook the following:

- i) reviewed the composition of the Board and Board Committees and mix of diversity (including gender, ethnicity and age);
- ii) assessed the performance of individual Directors and the Board as a whole as part of the Annual Assessment, which covered performance of the Board, Board Committee and individual Directors;
- iii) assessed the fitness and propriety of the Directors;
- iv) assessed the independence of the Independent Directors;
- v) determined and assessed the performance of those Directors who would retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and make recommendation to the Board for their re-election; and
- vi) reviewed the training needs of the Directors.

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The objectives of the Remuneration Committee is to provide a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy for Directors and Senior Management.

The Remuneration Committee meets at least once a year and is directly accountable to the Board.

The Remuneration Committee comprises one (1) Executive Director, one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director and two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors as follows:

	Directors	Number of Meetings Attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Chairman:	Azmi Bin Osman (Deputy Executive Chairman)	1/1	100
Members:	Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (Appointed on 8 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
	Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Appointed on 30 September 2020) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Chow Hung Keey (Resigned on 5 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
	Terence Cheah Eu Lee (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
	Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A

The Remuneration Committee recommends to the Board the policy framework for Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. Directors' fees are subject to shareholders' approval. Additional allowances are paid to Non-Executive Directors in accordance to the number of meetings attended during the financial year.

The Remuneration Committee also review Executive Directors' scope of service contract (if any) and any major changes in remuneration policy and employee benefit structures throughout the Company or Group and if thought fit recommend them to the Board for adoption.

#### Audit & Risk Management Committee

The Audit & Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") comprises three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors and one (1) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director. During the financial year ended 31 July 2020, the ARMC held a total of four (4) meetings.

The ARMC's Terms of Reference include the review of and deliberation on the Group's financial statements, the audit findings of the external auditors arising from their audit of the Group's financial statements and the audit findings and issues raised by internal audit together with the Management's responses thereon.

The Company's Internal Auditors, External Auditors and members of Senior Management attend the meetings at the invitation of the ARMC.

#### **Supply of Information**

The Board has timely access to information pertaining to the Group. Quarterly Board meetings are prescheduled with additional meetings convened as and when urgent issues and/or important decisions are required to be addressed between the scheduled meetings. Board meetings are structured with a pre-set agenda which encompasses all aspects of matters under discussion. The Board papers are circulated to directors at least seven (7) days in advance prior to each Board meeting. Board papers consisted of Notice and Agenda of the Meetings supported by working papers and reports would be sent to the Directors. This will enable the Directors to have sufficient time to obtain further explanations, where necessary, in order to be briefed properly before the meeting.

In addition, there are matters reserved specifically for the Board's decision, including the approval of corporate plans and budgets, acquisitions and disposals of assets that are material to the Group, major investments and control structure of the Group including key policies, procedures and authority limits.

In furtherance of their duties, the Board has unrestricted access to any information pertaining to the Group as well as to the advice and services of the Company Secretary and independent professional adviser, whenever appropriate, at the Group's expense.

#### **Directors' Code of Ethics**

The Company has established a code of conduct and ethics that provides an overview of the various policies, procedures and guidelines that have been adopted by the Company to steer acceptable employment practices, ethical values and conduct for behavior of employees, which is available on the Company's website.

#### Whistle-blowing Policy

The Board had adopted the Whistle-blowing Policy that provides a channel to enable employees and other stakeholders to report any suspected breaches of law, regulations or any illegal acts observed in the Group but not limited to financial malpractice or fraud, non-compliance, criminal activity and corruption. The Whistle-blowing Policy is reviewed annually and is available on the Company's website. There were no reported incidents pertaining to whistleblowing during the financial year.

#### **Gender Diversity**

The Board is committed to maintain an appropriate balance in terms of diversity in experience, skills, competence, caliber and gender in order to have balanced, comprehensive and thorough decision makings. The Board consists of members with a broad range of skills, well-rounded experience and knowledge in different fields relevant to oversee the business. The Board ensures that each member has a proper understanding of the Group's business and competence to deal with current and emerging issues of the Group.

The Board currently does not have a formal policy on its boardroom or gender diversity. The evaluation and selection criteria of a Director are very much dependent on the effective blend of knowledge, skills, competencies, experiences and time commitment of the new Board member. Nonetheless, the Board is supportive of gender diversity in the Boardroom composition as recommended by the MCCG and will endeavour to consider suitable and qualified female candidates for appointment to the Board.

#### Appointments to the Board and Re-election

In accordance with Clause 97 of the Company's Constitution, all Directors of the Company shall retire from office at the first AGM and at the AGM in every subsequent year, one-third (1/3) of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three or a multiple of three (3), then the number nearest one-third (1/3) shall retire from office.

In accordance with Clause 104 of the Company's Constitution, all newly appointed Directors of the Company during the financial year shall retire at the forthcoming AGM.

Based on the results of the assessment undertaken for the financial year ended 31 July 2020, the Nomination Committee resolved to recommend to the Board that:

- Mr. Azmi Bin Osman who is due to retire pursuant to Clause 97 of the Company's Constitution stands for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.
- Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim, Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid and Datuk Chua Wei Kee who are due to retire pursuant to Clause 104 of the Company's Constitution stand for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

#### STRENGTHEN COMPOSITION

The Group take serious effort to ensure the Board comprises members with suitable academic and professional qualifications, skills, expertise and wide exposure.

The Nomination Committee assesses the strength, effectiveness and the level of diversity of the Board in determining the need for proposing new appointment of Director. As and when necessary, recommendation will be made to the Board for consideration.

In evaluating the suitability of the candidates, the Nomination Committee consider the following factors:

- Qualification, skills, knowledge, expertise and experience;
- Competencies and capabilities;
- Character, personal integrity and reputation;
- Willingness to devote time to effectively discharge his/her duties as Director;
- In the case of candidates for the position of Independent Non-Executive Director, the independence of the candidates and the candidate's ability to discharge such responsibilities/functions as are expected from Independent Non-Executive Directors.

Appropriate measures shall also be taken in its selection and recruitment exercise to achieve boardroom diversity, in particular to identify woman candidates with sufficient calibre to be part of the Board.

The Nomination Committee also applies the Directors evaluation criteria and assessment forms as recommended in the Corporate Governance Guide for evaluating and selecting candidates for new directorships.

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

#### Remuneration procedure

The Remuneration Committee reviews the remuneration policy each year with a view to ensure that the policy is fair and able to attract and maintain talent. The Non-Executive Directors' fees are tabled at the Company's AGM.

The Company has adopted the objective as recommended by the Code to determine the remuneration for Directors so as to ensure that the Company attracts and retains suitable Directors needed to run the Group successfully. The component parts of remuneration are structured so as to link rewards to corporate and individual performance. In the case of Executive Directors, the level of remuneration reflects the experience and level of corporate and fiduciary responsibilities borne by the Directors concerned.

The determination of the remuneration of the Executive Directors is a matter for consideration and decision of the Board.

The remuneration of the Directors for the financial year ended 31 July 2020 is as follows:

	Salaries RM	Allowances RM	Fee RM	Others RM	Total RM
Executive Directors Azmi Bin Osman	120,000				120,000
	120,000	-	-	-	120,000
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa (JP, JMK)	60,000	-	-	-	60,000
Non- Executive Directors Mahnorizal Bin Mahat	-	-	26,000	-	26,000
(Appointed on 8 November 2019)					
Ng Swee Tuo	-	-	36,000	-	36,000
Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Appointed on 30 September 2020)	-	-	-	-	-
Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid (Appointed on 8 October 2020)	-	-	-	-	-

	Salaries RM	Allowances RM	Fee RM	Others RM	Total RM
Non- Executive Directors Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed on 8 October 2020)	-	-	-	-	-
Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020)	-	-	23,000	-	23,000
Chow Hung Keey (Resigned on 5 November 2019)	-	-	9,000	-	9,000
Terence Cheah Eu Lee (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019)	-	-	2,000	-	2,000

#### **REINFORCE INDEPENDENCE**

The Board perform an assessment of its Independent Directors, with a view to ensure the Independent Directors bring independent and objective judgement to the Board and this mitigates arising from conflict of interest or undue influence from interested parties. Where there is a likely conflict of interest position, the Board would take appropriate action to rectify the situation.

Also, in line with the objectives of the MCCG for the Company to seek shareholders' approval for retention of long serving Independent Directors, the Board will seek annual one-tier shareholders' approval for Independent Directors whose tenure has exceeded nine (9) years as well as twelve (12) years respectively.

The Company currently does not have a policy to limit the tenure of its Independent Directors. In compliance with the recommendations of Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance, none of the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company has served more than nine (9) years.

There is clear separation of powers between the Chairman, and the Executive Director, and this further enhances the independence of the Board. Should any Director have an interest in any matter under deliberation, he is required to disclose his interest and abstain from participating in the discussions on the matter.

#### FOSTER COMMITMENT

#### **Time Commitment**

Four (4) Board meetings were held during the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

Details of attendance of Directors holding office during the financial year are as follows:-

Directors	Number of Board Meetings Attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Encik Azmi Bin Osman (Deputy Executive Chairman)	4/4	100
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa (JP, JMK) (Executive Director)	2/4	50
Ms. Ng Swee Tuo (Independent Non-Executive Director)	4/4	100
Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (Appointed on 8 November 2019) <i>(Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)</i>	3/3	100
Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas (Appointed on 8 November 2019 and Resigned on 1 July 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	2/3	66.7

Directors	Number of Board Meetings Attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Mr. Chow Hung Keey (Resigned on 5 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
Mr. Terence Cheah Eu Lee (Appointed on 20 March 2019 and Resigned on 20 August 2019) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	2/2	100
Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Appointed on 30 September 2020) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A
Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid (Appointed on 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)	N/A	N/A
Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed on 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	N/A	N/A

#### **Directors' Continuous Professional Development**

As an integral element of the process of appointing new Directors, the Nominating Committee ensures that there is an orientation and education programme for new Board members. Directors also receive further training from time to time, particularly on relevant new laws and regulations and changing commercial risks.

During the financial year, all the Directors had participated in various training programs. Particulars of the seminars and courses attended are as follows:

Name of Directors	Date	Programmes/Seminar
Mahnorizal Bin Mahat	13-14 January 2020	Mandatory Accreditation Programme

All Directors (except for Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid and Datuk Chua Wei Kee) had attended the Mandatory Accreditation Programme as required by Bursa Securities on all Directors of listed companies.

The External Auditors briefed the Board members on any changes to the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard that affect the Group's financial statements during the year. In addition, the Board is briefed by the Company Secretary on changes in laws and regulation and Section 17A of the MACC Act. The Directors will continue to undergo other relevant training programmes to keep themselves abreast with the relevant changes in laws, regulations and business development.

#### UPHOLD INTEGRITY IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board has always endeavour to provide true, fair and comprehensive financial reporting of the Group's performance in the audited financial statements and quarterly financial reports together with material disclosures in the notes to accounts, in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and Listing Requirements. Thus, a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial performance and prospects are presented primarily through the financial statements in the Annual Report.

In presenting the annual financial statements and quarterly announcement to shareholders, the Directors aim to present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's position and prospects. This also applies to other price-sensitive public reports and reports to regulators.

The Group's quarterly and annual results announcements were within the stipulated time frame, reinforcing the Board's commitment to provide a true and fair view of the Group's operations.

The Board stance on presenting true, fair, and comprehensive financial reporting with a balanced and meaningful assessment of the Group's financial performance is reinforced by both the Internal and External Audit functions.

#### Internal Audit

The Board acknowledges the importance of the internal audit function and has outsourced its internal audit function to a professional service firm, as part of its efforts in ensuring that the Group's System of internal control are adequate and effective. Details of the internal audit function and a summary of its activities, together with the state of the Group's internal control, are given in the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control as set out on pages 29 to 31 of the Annual Report.

#### • External Audit

The Group's independent external auditors fill an essential role for the shareholders by enhancing the reliability of the Group's financial statements and giving assurance of the reliability to users of these financial statements. Where deemed appropriate, the Board may discuss audit findings in the absence of the Management.

The External Auditors will report on any weaknesses in the internal control systems and any non-compliance of the accounting standards that come to their attention during their audit work to the Management and the ARMC.

#### **RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISKS**

The Group has an embedded process for the identification, evaluation, reporting, treatment, monitoring and review of major strategic, business and operation risks within the Group. Risk management principles, policies, procedures and practices are updated regularly to ensure relevance and compliance with current/applicable laws and regulations.

The Board has also established an Internal Audit Function which has an independent reporting channel to the ARMC and is authorised to conduct independent audits on all the departments and offices within the Group and reports the findings to the ARMC quarterly.

The ARMC review, deliberate and decide on the next course of actions and evaluates the effectiveness and efficiency of the internal control systems.

#### ENSURE TIMELY AND HIGH QUALITY DISCLOSURE

The Board has set up appropriate corporate disclosure policies and exercises close monitoring of all price sensitive information required to be released to Bursa Securities and makes material announcements to Bursa Securities in a timely manner. In accordance with best practices, the Board would strive to disclose price sensitive information to the public as soon as practicable through Bursa Securities, the media and the Company's website. Price sensitive information refers to any information that, on becoming generally available, would tend to have a material effect on the market price of the Company's listed shares.

Members of the Board and Senior Management with privy to price sensitive information are prohibited from dealing in the shares of the Company until such information is publicly available. This is in addition to the provisions relating to the "closed period" for dealing in the Company's shares.

#### STRENGTHEN RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN COMPANY AND SHAREHOLDERS

The Company refers to ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities as a fundamental basis for the ongoing disclosure and announcement to Bursa Securities. The Board is advised by Management, Company Secretary, the External Auditors and Advisors on the contents and timing of disclosure of the financial results and various announcements in accordance with the Listing Requirements.

The Board is committed in providing accurate, useful and timely information about the Company, its business and its activities. Realising the importance of timely and thorough dissemination of material information to the shareholders, investors and the public at large, the Company maintains an open communication policy with its shareholders, investors and public at large and welcome feedback from them.

The Group's information is disseminated through various disclosures and announcements made to Bursa Securities.

#### **Integrated Reporting**

The nature and pace of change in businesses today have evolved over time and stakeholders are now placing greater emphasis on the future performance and non-financial information of a company. In tandem with the growing demand, the Company would consider adopting integrated reporting in the near future.

#### **Conduct of General Meetings**

#### Notice of general meeting

The Board recognises the rights of shareholders. In order to continue encouraging shareholders participation in the general meetings, the Board would ensure that the Notice of AGM is sent to shareholders at least twentyeight (28) days ahead of the date of general meeting and to provide sufficient time and opportunities for shareholders to seek clarifications during general meetings on any matters pertaining to the issues in the Annual Report, corporate developments in the Group, the resolutions being proposed and the operational and financial performance of the Company.

#### Attendance of Directors at general meetings

The AGM is the key element of the Company's dialogue with its shareholders. During the AGM, shareholders are encouraged to ask questions about the resolutions being proposed, about the Company's operations in general or about the annual reports of the Company and of the Group. All the Directors, Senior Management and External Auditors are available in the AGM to provide responses to questions from the shareholders.

The Chairman plays a vital role in fostering constructive dialogue between the Board and the shareholders. All the members of the Board and the respective Chairmen of the Board's Committees are present at the meetings to address queries raised by the shareholders which are relevant to their areas of responsibility.

#### Voting

In the event that shareholders are unable to attend the AGM in person, they are encouraged to appoint one (1) or up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. The outcome of the meeting is announced to Bursa Securities on the same day, which is also accessible on the Company's website.

The Company conducts a poll voting on each resolution tabled during the general meetings to support shareholders participation. As the number of shareholders of the Company is not large, the Company currently conducts a manual poll voting instead of electronic poll voting. With the poll voting, each shareholder present in person or represented by proxy at the general meeting will be entitled to vote on a one-share, one-vote basis. At least one (1) Independent scrutineer is appointed to validate the votes cast at the meeting.

In addition, the Audited Financial Statements, Annual Report, Interim Financial Statements together with the Company's announcements and other information about the Group are available on the Company's website www.smtrackberhad.my.

Investors and the public who wish to contact the Group on any enquiry, comment or proposal can channel them through e-mail or contact our Investor Relation at <u>info@smtrackberhad.my</u> or phone at 03 2701 4352.

### AUDIT & RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Audit & Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") was established with the objective of assisting the Board of Directors ("Board") in the areas of corporate governance, risk management and financial reporting.

#### COMPOSITION

The ARMC comprises the following four (4) members of the Board, all the members of the Committee are Non-Executive Directors:-

Chairman:	Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (Resigned on 8 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)
Members:	Ng Swee Tuo (Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim (Appointed on 30 September 2020) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
	Datuk Chua Wei Kee (Appointed on 8 October 2020) (Independent Non-Executive Director)

#### SECRETARY

The Company Secretary of SMTrack acts as the Secretary to the ARMC.

#### **MEETINGS**

During the financial year ended 31 July 2020, the ARMC held a total of five (5) meetings. The details of attendance of the ARMC members are as follows:

	Directors	Number of Meetings attended	Percentage of Attendance (%)
Chairman:	Mahnorizal Bin Mahat (Appointed on 8 November 2020) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	3/3	100
	Chow Hung Keey (Resigned on 5 November 2019) (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director)	1/1	100
Members:	Ng Swee Tuo (Independent Non-Executive Director)	4/4	100
	Dato Haji Rosly Bin Abas (Appointed on 8 November 2019) (Independent Non-Executive Director)	2/3	66.7

All meetings to review the quarterly results and annual financial statements are held prior to such quarterly results and annual financial statements being presented to the Board for approval.

After each ARMC meeting, the ARMC reported to, and updated the Board on significant issues and concerns discussed during the ARMC meetings and where appropriate, made the necessary recommendations to the Board.

Representatives from the External Auditors and Internal Auditors, as the case may be, and the Account Manager were in attendance to present the relevant reports and proposals to the ARMC at the meetings which included inter alia, the Auditors' audit plans and audit reports, the quarterly results of the Company and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

In the ARMC meetings, the external auditors were given opportunities to raise any matters and gave unrestricted access to the External Auditors to contact them at any time should they become aware of incidents or matters during the course of their audits or reviews. Minutes of the ARMC meetings were tabled for confirmation at the following ARMC meeting and subsequently presented to the Board for notation.

#### SUMMARY ACTIVITIES

The ARMC activities during the financial year under review comprised the following:-

#### **Quarterly Financial Statements and Audited Financial Statements**

- review the audited financial statements of the Company prior to submission to the Directors for their
  perusal and approval. This was to ensure compliance of the financial statements with the provisions of
  the Companies Act, 2016 and the applicable approved accounting standards as per Malaysian Accounting
  Standards Board; and
- Review the unaudited financial results before recommending them for Board's approval, focusing particularly on:-
  - Any change in accounting policies
  - Significant adjustments arising from audit
  - Compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements

#### **External Auditors**

- review of external audit plan, outlining the audit scope, audit process and areas of emphasis based on the External Auditors' presentation of audit plan;
- review of external audit review memorandum and the response from the Management;
- review with the External Auditors, their evaluation of the system of internal controls and audit findings;
- consideration and recommendation to the Board for approval of the audit fees payable to the External Auditors;
- discuss problems and reservations arising from the interim and final audits and any matter the auditor may wish to discuss (in the absence of Management where necessary);
- review the External Auditor's Management Letter and Management's response;
- review of the performance and effectiveness of the external auditors in the provision of statutory audit services and recommend to the Board for approval on the re-appointment of External Auditors; and
- review and evaluation of factors relating to the independence of the External Auditors.

#### **Internal Auditors**

The Group outsources its Internal Audit Function to a professional services firm. The Internal Auditors were engaged to conduct regular review and appraisals of the effectiveness of the governance, risk management and internal control process within the Company and the Group. The Internal Audit function shall be responsible for the regular review and/or appraisal of the effectiveness of the risk management, internal control, and governance processes within the Company.

The Internal Audit Report directly to the ARMC, the appointed Internal Auditors are given full access to all the documents relating to the Company and Group's governance, financial statements and operational assessments.

The ARMC had reviewed:-

- internal audit's resource requirements, scope, adequacy and function;
- suggestion on improvement opportunities in the areas of internal controls, systems and efficiency improvements; and
- appointment of Internal Auditors who will report functionally directly to the ARMC and review their performance on an annual basis.

#### Internal Control and Risk Management

- review the following internal audit function: -
  - the adequacy of the scope, functions, competency and resources of the internal audit function;
  - ensure the internal audit function is independent of the activities it audits;
  - the internal audit programme, processes, the results of the internal audit programme, process or investigation undertaken and where necessary, ensure that appropriate action is taken by Management on the recommendations of the internal audit function;
- monitoring and communication of the risk assessment results to the Board;
- consider any related party transactions and conflict of interest that may arise within the Company or Group;
- consider the major findings of internal investigations and management's response; and
- consider any other areas as defined by the Board.

#### **Internal Audit Function**

The Company has outsourced the internal audit function to Vaersa Advisory Sdn Bhd. The outsourced internal audit function is independent and performs audit assignments with impartiality, proficiency and due professional care. Reporting directly to the ARMC, it provides the Board with a reasonable assurance of the effectiveness of the system of internal control in the Group and that the internal control system is operating satisfactorily.

The Internal Auditors adopts risk-based approach auditing approach towards the planning and conduct of audits. During the financial year, the Internal Auditors carried out its activities and performed assignments based on the annual Audit Plan approved by the ARMC.

The findings of the Internal Auditors are communicated to the Management for the necessary corrective actions. These are being followed-up by the Internal Auditors and reported accordingly to the ARMC.

The total cost incurred by the Internal Audit function of the Group for the financial year ended 31 July 2020 amounted to RM4,000.00.

### STATEMENT ON RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

#### INTRODUCTION

The Malaysia Code on Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound system of risk management and internal control to safeguard shareholders' investment, the Group's assets and the interest of other stakeholders.

The Board of Directors of SMTrack Berhad is pleased to present its Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control which outlines the Group's internal control framework and risk management systems for the financial year ended 31 July 2020 as required by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). This Statement has been prepared pursuant to Rule 15.26(b) of ACE Market Listing Requirements, and in accordance with the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control - Guideline for Directors of Listed Issuers (the Guidelines").

#### **BOARD RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board recognises the importance of a sound system of internal control risk management practices for a good corporate governance. The Board acknowledges that the overall responsibility of maintaining a reliable system of risk management and internal control lies with them and is achieved through the process of reviewing controls which includes the establishment of an appropriate control environment and framework, and the review of the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity. The system of risk management and internal control is meant to effectively manage business risk towards the achievement of objectives, to enhance the value of shareholders' investments and to safeguard the Group's assets.

Due to the inherent limitations of the system of internal control, such system is designed to manage rather than to eliminate the risks of failure to achieve the Group's corporate objectives. Therefore, in pursuing these objectives, the system can only provide a reasonable and not absolute assurance against the occurrence of any material misstatement or losses and fraud.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK**

The Board recognises the importance of the risk management framework to manage the risk within the Group and regards as an integral part of business operations. and to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks of the Group which will be an on-going process of identifying, assessing and managing risks faced.

The functional management is given a clear line of accountability and delegated authorities were established as part of the internal control efforts through the standard operating practices. The internal audit function supports the review and assists the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") in conducting their review more effectively and not to engage in speculative transactions.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The Board maintains an organisational structure with clearly defined levels of responsibility and authority and appropriate reporting procedures. The Board meets regularly and has a schedule of matters that are brought to it for decision making process in order to ensure effective control over strategic, financial, operation and compliance issues can be maintained.

The following outlines the main elements of the Group's internal control system:

- i. Having an organisational structure that ensures segregation of duties among employees so that there is an appropriate level of checks and balances on the activities of individual employee.
- ii. Supplying comprehensive financial and management reports to the ARMC and the Board on a quarterly basis for review, monitoring, decision making and facilitate effective discussion at Board meeting.
- iii. Stringent recruitment policy is set to ensure that only capable and competent staffs are employed which in turn ensures each operating unit is functioning effectively.
- iv. The Group's performance is monitored through management meeting attended by Head of Department (HOD). Head of Department within the group exercise a hand-on approach.
- v. On the operational and financial affairs of the Group. The Executive Chairman are involved and oversee in the day to day operations of the Group.
- vi. Internal policies and procedures are updated regularly to reflect changing risk or to resolve operational deficiencies.

The Group's internal control systems are continuously being reviewed and enhanced to ensure that changes in the Group's business and operating environment are adequately managed.

The Board has also received assurance from the Executive Chairman that the risk management and internal control system of the Company and its subsidiaries are operating adequately and effectively, in all material aspects, based on the risk management and internal control system adopted.

#### INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Board has outsourced its internal audit function to an independent professional firm Vaersa Advisory Sdn. Bhd. to carry out reviews and assess the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal control of the Group. The Internal Auditors report directly to the ARMC, who receives reports of issues and recommendations arising from each review. The Internal Auditors have also carried out follow-up reviews to ensure that recommendations for improving the internal control systems were being implemented satisfactorily. The cost incurred for internal audit for the financial year 2020 was RM4,000.00.

#### **REVIEW OF THE STATEMENT BY EXTERNAL AUDITORS**

This Statement has been reviewed by the External Auditors as required under Rule 15.23 of ACE Market Listing Requirements for inclusion in the annual report. Their review was performed in accordance with Recommended Practice Guide 5 (Revised): Guidance for Auditors on Engagements to Report on the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control included in the Annual Report issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Based on their review, the External Auditors have reported to the Board that nothing has come to their attention that causes them to believe the Statement is inconsistent with their understanding of the process adopted by the Board in reviewing the adequacy and integrity of the system of internal controls.

RPG 5 does not require the External Auditors to consider whether the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control covers all risk and control, or to form an opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems including the assessment and opinion by the Board and management thereon. The report from the External Auditors was made solely to the Board of Directors in connection with their compliance with the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities and for no other purpose or parties. The External Auditors do not assume responsibility to any person other than the Board in respect of any aspect of this statement.

#### CONCLUSION BY THE BOARD

The Board has reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems based on the information provided by the key management in the Company and assurances provided by External Auditors.

No material losses were incurred during the financial year under review as a result of weaknesses in risk management and internal control systems. The Board and management will continue to take adequate measures to strengthen the control environment in which the Group operates.

The Board is satisfied that the risk management and internal control systems in place for a financial year ended 31 July 2020 are adequate and effective to safeguard shareholders' investments, the Group's assets and interest of other stakeholders.

This statement was made in accordance with a Board of Directors' Resolution dated 19 November 2020.

### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENTS

The Board of Directors' confirms its responsibility for preparation of the Annual Audited Financial Statements to ensure that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at the end of the accounting period and of the operations results and cash flows for the financial year then ended. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have ensured that the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2016 have been applied. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have selected and applied consistently suitable accounting policies and made reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Group and the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the applicable approved accounting standards in Malaysia and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2016. The Directors also have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Group recognizes that its business operations have direct and indirect impact on the communities. The Group upholds its responsibility to oblige the statutory compliance of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and extend it further by implementing various measures to play its part for the society.

The Group believes that a highly conducive working environment will help enhance the efficiency and productivity of employees as well as the quality of life. In this respect, the Group also embarks on structured training and development programmes for its employees to enhance their skills and abilities as springboard for their career development.

The Group also appreciates and understands that its business operations would have an impact and implications on the environment. Accordingly, the Group has taken steps to preserve and minimise the impact on the environment through:

(i) Paperless environment

Staffs are encouraged to fully maximize the benefits of Information Technology for communication and record keeping. Hard copies of documents are generated on a need basis only.

(ii) Recycling

To minimise the environmental impact, the Group adopts a "Go Green" policy, to complement the above initiative. Where possible, paper stationery and materials are to be recycled and reused. Unwanted paper materials are collected for recycling purposes.

### ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION

#### 1.0 Utilisation of Proceeds

The quantum of proceeds to be raised by our Company pursuant to the Proposed Private Placement would depend on the actual number and issue price of the Placement Shares.

For illustrative purposes, based on an indicative issue price of RM0.1000 per Placement Share, the gross proceeds of up to RM5.30 million from the Proposed Private Placement are intended to be used by our Group in the following manner:

			Intended Timeframe
	Proposed	Actual	for Utilisation (from
Purpose	Utilisation	Utilisation	listing date
Working capital	5,170,710	5,170,710	Within 18 months
Estimated expenses relating to the proposed	130,000	130,000	Within 2 weeks
Private Placement			
	5,300,710	5,300,710	

#### 2.0 Employees Share Issuance Scheme

During the financial year ended 31 July 2020, a total of 12,900,000 options over the ordinary shares were exercised pursuant to the Company's Employees' Share Issuance Scheme 2017/2021 ("ESOS")

The total number of options granted, exercised and outstanding under the ESOS as at 31 July 2020 are set out in the table below:-

Description	Number of Option	ns as at 31 July 2020
	Total	Directors
Granted	12,900,000	12,900,000
Exercised	12,900,000	12,900,000
Outstanding	-	-

Percentage of options applicable to Directors and Senior Management under the ESOS:-

Directors and Senior Management	During the financial year 2020	Since commencement up to 31 July 2020
Aggregate maximum allocation	80%	80%
Actual granted	80%	80%

#### 3.0 Non-Audit Fees

There were no non-audit fees paid to the Group's external auditors during the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

#### 4.0 Material Contracts

There were no material contracts entered into by the Group involving its Directors' and major shareholders' interest during the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

#### 5.0 Revaluation Policy on Landed Properties

The Company does not have a revaluation policy in respect of its landed properties.

#### 6.0 Recurrent Related Party Transactions of Revenue or Trading Nature ("RRPT") There were no RRPT conducted during the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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# DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors hereby submit their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

#### **Principal Activities**

The Company is principally engaged in the design, deployment and distribution of radio frequency identity tags and other tagging solutions using information technology broadband networks and the provision of training, maintenance and related consultancy services.

The principal activities of the subsidiary company are disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities of the Company and its subsidiary company during the financial year.

#### Results

	Group RM	Company RM
Net loss for the financial year	(1,057,765)	(444,717)
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-Controlling Interests	(815,699) (242,066) ( <b>1,057,765)</b>	(444,717) 

#### Dividends

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends in respect of the financial year ended 31 July 2020.

#### **Reserve and Provision**

All material transfers to and from reserves and provisions during the financial year are disclosed in the financial statements.

#### **Bad and Doubtful Debts**

Before the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for impairment, and had satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and adequate allowance for impairment had been made.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for impairment in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company inadequate to any substantial extent.

#### **Current Assets**

Before the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and statements of financial position of the Group and of the Company were made out, the directors took reasonable steps to ensure that any current assets, other than debts, which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business, their values as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company had been written down to an amount that they might be expected to be realised.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances that would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company misleading.

#### Valuation Methods

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances which have arisen which render adherence to the existing methods of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

#### **Contingent and Other Liabilities**

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- i) Any charge on the assets of the Group and of the Company that have arisen since the end of the financial year which secures the liabilities of any other person, or
- ii) Any contingent liability in respect of the Group and of the Company that have arisen since the end of the financial year, other than those as disclosed in Note 27 to the financial statements.

#### Contingent and Other Liabilities (Cont'd)

No contingent liabilities or other liabilities of the Group and of the Company have become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the directors, will or may substantially affect the ability of the Group and of the Company to meet their obligations as and when they fall due.

#### **Change of Circumstances**

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances, not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and of the Company that would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

#### Items of an Unusual Nature

The results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year were not, in the opinion of the directors, substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature.

No item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature has arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report which is likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

#### **Issue of Shares and Debentures**

During the financial year, the movement in share capital was as follows:

- i) On 4 September 2019, a private placement of 7,445,000 new ordinary shares in SMTRACK BERHAD ("smtrack") ("smtrack shares") for RM0.1960 each share.
- ii) On 17 September 2019, a private placement of 7,445,000 new ordinary shares in SMTRACK BERHAD ("smtrack") ("smtrack shares") for RM0.2130 each share.
- iii) On 18 October 2019, an exercise of Shares Issuance Scheme of 12,900,000 shares in SMTRACK BERHAD ("smtrack") ("smtrack shares") for RM0.2500 each share.

The new consolidated Shares issued rank pari passu in all respects with the existing Shares of the Company.

#### **Options Granted over Unissued Shares**

#### ESOS Under the New Share Issue Scheme ("SIS")

At an extraordinary general meeting held on 17 May 2017, the Company's shareholders approved the establishment of Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") under the New SIS of not more than 33,809,200 new Shares to be granted to eligible directors and employees of the Group.

On 26 October 2017, the Existing SIS yet to be expired on 28 August 2019, had been terminated and replaced by the Proposed New SIS which became operative from 26 October 2017.

The salient terms of the By-Laws of the New SIS are disclosed in Note 16.2 to the financial statements.

As at 31 July 2020, the option offered to take up unissued ordinary share and the exercise price are as follows:

		Number of Option over Ordinary Share			
Date of Offer	Exercise Price	At 01.08.2019	Granted	Exercised	At 31.07.2020
2 October 2019	RM0.25	3,026,607	12,900,000	(12,900,000)	3,026,607

The name of option holders who have been granted options to subscript during the financial year are as follows:

 Name
 Number of Option

 Datuk Tan Choon Hwa
 12,900,000

#### Directors

The Directors who served since the date of the last report and at the date of this report are as follows:

Ng Swee Tuo Mahnorizal Bin Mahat Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim Datuk Chua Wei Kee Azmi Bin Osman Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid Dato' Haji Rosly Bin Abas Datuk Tan Choon Hwa Terence Cheah Eu Lee	Appointment on 08.11.2019 Appointment on 30.09.2020 Appointment on 08.10.2020 Re-designated on 08.10.2020 Appointment on 08.10.2020, re-designated 19.10.2020 Appointment on 08.11.2019, resigned on 01.07.2020 Resigned on 03.08.2020 Resigned on 20.08.2019
Chow Hung Keey	Resigned on 05.11.2019
Azmi Bin Osman Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid Dato' Haji Rosly Bin Abas Datuk Tan Choon Hwa Terence Cheah Eu Lee	Re-designated on 08.10.2020 Appointment on 08.10.2020, re-designated 19.10.2020 Appointment on 08.11.2019, resigned on 01.07.2020 Resigned on 03.08.2020 Resigned on 20.08.2019

In accordance with Article of the Company's Articles of Association, Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid, Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim, Datuk Chua Wei Kee and Azmi Bin Osman retire at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

#### **Directors' Interests in Shares**

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 59 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia, the interests of those directors who held office at the end of the financial year in shares of the Company during the financial year ended 31 July 2020 are as follows:

	Number of Ordinary Share					
	At		•	At		
	01.8.2019	Bought	Sold	31.07.2020		
Direct Interest						
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa	18,061,357	12,900,000	(13,381,000)	17,580,357		
Indirect Interest						
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa	250,000	-	-	250,000		
Total Interest						
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa	18,311,357	12,900,000	(13,381,000)	17,830,357		

By virtue of his interests in the Company, Datuk Tan Choon Hwa is deemed to have interest in the shares of the subsidiary during the financial year to the extent that the Company has an interest under Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The Indirect interest for Datuk Tan Choon Hwa is pledged securities account from Amsec Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd for 250,000 number ordinary share with 0.17 percent per unit share.

Save as disclosed above, none of the other Directors holding office as at 31 July 2020 has any interest in the shares and options over shares of the Company and of its related corporations during the financial year.

#### **Directors' Benefits**

Neither during nor at the end of the financial year was the Company or any of its related corporations a party to any arrangement, whose object was to enable the directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit (other than the share options stated above and those benefits included in the aggregate amount of emoluments received or due and receivable by the directors disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

#### **Directors' Remuneration and Fees**

Directors' remuneration of the Group and of the Company amounted to RM469,152 (2019: RM301,000) and RM276,000 (2019: RM301,000) are disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements. Directors' fee of the Group and of the Company amounted to RM96,000 (2019: RM276,000) and RM96,000 (2019: RM276,000) respectively are disclosed in Note 26 to the financial statements.

#### Indemnifying Directors, Officers or Auditors

No indemnities have been given or insurance premiums paid, during or since the end of the year, for any person who is or has been the director, officer or auditor of the Company.

#### Significant Events during the Financial Year

Details of significant events during the financial year are disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements.

#### Significant Events after the Financial Year

Details of significant events after the financial year are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

#### Auditors' Remuneration

Total amounts paid to or receivable by the auditors as remunerations for their services as auditor are as follows:

	Group RM	Company RM
Statutory Audit	89,000	80,000

#### Auditors

The auditors, Messrs Jamal, Amin & Partners, have indicated their willingness to accept the reappointment in accordance with Section 267 (4) of the Companies Act, 2016.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors dated 27 November 2020.

Azmi Bin Osman

Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 27 November 2020

# STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 251(2) of the Companies Act, 2016

In the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 48 to 129 are drawn up in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia so as to give a true and fair view of the financial positions of the Group and of the Company as at 31 July 2020 and of their financial performances and their cash flows for the financial year ended on that date.

Azmi Bin Osman

Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 27 November 2020

## STATUTORY DECLARATION

Pursuant to Section 251(1) of the Companies Act, 2016

I, Azmi Bin Osman (MIA member no: 37058), being the director primarily responsible for the financial management of SMTRACK BERHAD., do solemnly and sincerely declare that the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 48 to 129 are in my opinion correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act, 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by Azmi ) Bin Osman at Kuala Lumpur in the state of ) Federal Territory on 27 November 2020 )

Azmi Bin Osman

Before me,

Mohd Isa Bin Noordin W 522 Commissioner for Oaths Kuala Lumpur

TO THE MEMBERS OF SMTRACK BERHAD (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of SMTrack Berhad, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 July 2020 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 48 to 129.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 July 2020, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia.

#### **Basis for Qualified Opinion**

# Impairment assessment on trade receivables, other receivables and amount due from associate (Note 10 and Note 12)

As at 31 July 2020, the Company has a balance of trade receivables, other receivables and amount due from associate amounting to RM3,729,093, RM9,064,685 and RM380,000 respectively. The Company did not prepare the assessment of impairment using the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") Model as required by Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS) 9.

In addition, included in other receivables is an amount due from Cherish Words Sdn. Bhd. amounting to RM4,943,900. On 10 March 2016, the Company went into a joint venture agreement with Cherish Words Sdn. Bhd. ("CWSB") for the FELDA project at Palong 16, Negeri Sembilan. Based on the agreement, the Company will provide funding to CWSB to complete the project. On 28 July 2017, the Company went into a settlement agreement with CWSB where CWSB agreed to pay the outstanding amount owed by giving 10 units of One LeTower Serviced Apartment. However, based on the physical sightings performed, we were unable to satisfy the ownership of the apartment by CWSB. Furthermore, there is a minimal progress on the construction of the said property hence the recoverability of the development project and the amount due is uncertain.

Based on the above findings, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to the amount was necessary.

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SMTRACK BERHAD (CONT'D) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice)* of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("IESBA Code")*, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters	How we addressed the key audit matters
Recognition of Revenue (Note 21)	
As at 31 July 2020, the Group's revenue is approximately RM1,786,860. The Group generated revenue mostly from the rental of RFID equipment.	As part of our audit, we performed the following procedures to address the possible cause of revenue misstatement, particularly in respect of the timing and amount of revenue recognised:
The core principle of MFRS 15 is entity recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised good or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. An entity recognizes revenue in accordance with that core principle by applying the following steps:	<ul> <li>Obtained an understanding of the Group's relevant internal controls and tested the controls over timing and amount of revenue recognised;</li> <li>Inspected the terms of significant sales contracts to determine the point of transfer of control to customers;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>(i) Identify the contract(s) with a customer;</li> <li>(ii) Identify the performance obligations in the contract;</li> <li>(iii) Determine the transaction price;</li> <li>(iv) Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and</li> <li>(v) Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.</li> <li>Given its significant auditor judgement involved, revenue recognition is identified as an area of focus in our audit.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Inspected documents evidencing the delivery of goods to customers; and</li> <li>Tested the recording of sales transactions close to the year end, including credit notes issued after year end, to establish whether the transactions were recorded in the correct accounting period.</li> </ul>

TO THE MEMBERS OF SMTRACK BERHAD (CONT'D) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SMTRACK BERHAD (CONT'D)

(Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely
  responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

TO THE MEMBERS OF SMTRACK BERHAD (CONT'D) (Incorporated in Malaysia)

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Cont'd)

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Other Matters**

This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act, 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

JAMAL, AMIN & PARTNERS (No: AF 1067) Chartered Accountants AHMAD HILMY BIN JOHARI (No: 2977/03/22(J)) Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 27 November 2020

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 JULY 2020

		Gro	•	Com	Company	
	Nata	2020	2019 RM	2020	2019	
Assets	Note	RM		RM	RM	
A33013						
Non-Current Assets						
Property, Plant and Equipment Investment in Subsidiary	5	131,907	129,181	52,461	129,181	
Company	6	-	-	3,400,100	100	
Investment in Associate Company Investment in Jointly Controlled	7	-	-	-	-	
Entity	8	-	-	-	-	
Intangible Assets Other Receivables, Deposits and	9	-	-	-	-	
Prepayment	10	3,943,900	4,943,900	3,943,900	4,943,900	
Goodwill on Consolidation		2,776,548	-	-	-	
Total Non-Current Assets		6,852,355	5,073,081	7,396,461	5,073,181	
Current Assets						
Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and	12	3,879,521	3,624,244	3,729,093	3,624,244	
Prepayment Amount Owing by Subsidiary	10	8,539,831	5,152,023	5,120,785	5,152,023	
Company Amount Owing by Associate	13	-	-	2,309,315	3,180	
Company		380,000	405,200	380,000	405,200	
Tax Recoverable		531	531	531	531	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	28,250	47,029	25,121	47,029	
Total Current Assets		12,828,133	9,229,027	11,564,845	9,232,207	
Total Assets		19,680,488	14,302,108	18,961,306	14,305,388	

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

		Gro	oup	Company		
		2020	2019	2020	2019	
	Note	RM	RM	RM	RM	
Equity and Liabilities						
Equity Attributable to the Owners of the Company						
Share capital	15	23,655,293	17,385,288	23,655,293	17,385,288	
Accumulated Losses		(6,664,770)	(5,849,071)	(6,290,508)	(5,845,791)	
Shareholders' Funds		16,990,523	11,536,217	17,364,785	11,539,497	
Non-Controlling Interest		173,569	-	-	-	
Total Equity		17,164,092	11,536,217	17,364,785	11,539,497	
Current Liabilities						
Trade Payables	17	142,583	141,204	142,583	141,204	
Other Payables and Accruals	18	2,373,813	2,624,687	1,453,938	2,624,687	
Total Liabilities		2,516,396	2,765,891	1,596,521	2,765,891	
Total Equity and Liabilities		19,680,488	14,302,108	18,961,306	14,305,388	

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

		Gro	oup	Company		
	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
<b>Revenue</b> Cost of Sales	21	1,786,860 -	1,698,113 (6,578)	1,652,255 -	1,698,113 (6,578)	
Gross Profit		1,786,860	1,691,535	1,652,255	1,691,535	
Other Income Administrative Expenses		51,635 (2,896,260)	849 (3,465,990)	51,635 (2,148,607)	29 (3,465,990)	
Operating Loss		(1,057,765)	(1,773,606)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)	
Finance Cost Share of Result of Jointly Controlled Entity		-	-	-	-	
Loss Before Taxation	22	(1,057,765)	(1,773,606)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)	
Income Tax Expenses	23	-	-	-	-	
Net Loss for the Financial Year		(1,057,765)	(1,773,606)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)	
Other Comprehensive Income Net of Tax Items may not be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss:						
Losses in Acquiring a Subsidiary		-	(2,009)	-	-	
Others Comprehensive Expenses for the Financial Year, Net of Tax					<u>-</u>	
Total Comprehensive Expenses for the Financial Year		(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)	

# STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

		Gro	oup	Company	
	Note	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Balanced Brought Forward		(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Items may be Reclassified Subsequently to Profit or Loss: Foreign Currency Translation on Foreign Entities Others Comprehensive		-	_		_
Expenses for the Financial Year, Net of Tax		-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Expenses for the Financial Year		(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Net Loss for the Financial Year Attributable to:					
Owners of the Company		(815,699)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Non-Controlling Interest		(242,066)	-	-	-
		(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Total Comprehensive Expenses for the Financial year Attributable to:				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Owners of the Company		(815,699)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Non-Controlling Interest		(242,066)	-	-	-
		(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Loss Per Ordinary Share (Sen): Basis Loss Per Ordinary Share (Sen):	24				
From Continuing Operations From Discontinued Operations		(0.46)	(1.19)		
		(0.46)	(1.19)		
Diluted Loss Per Ordinary Share					
(Sen) From Continuing Operations From Discontinued Operations		(0.46)	(1.19)		
		(0.46)	(1.19)		

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

(49) (1,773,606) (1,773,606) 12.694.552 615,320 11,536,217 615,271 Equity Total (1,960)2,009 (49) (49) 2,009 Controlling Interest Non-RM (2,009) (1,775,615) (1,773,606) 12,696,512 615,320 615,320 11,536,217 Total RM Accumulated (2,009) (5,849,071) (1,775,615) (4,073,456) (1,773,606)Losses RM Distributable Attributable to Owners of the Company Share Options Employee Reserve i RM **Franslation** Non- Distributable Currency Reserve Foreign RM 17,385,288 16,769,968 615,320 615,320 Capital Share RM Total Comprehensive Expenses for Others Comprehensive Expenses for **Total Transactions with Owners** the Financial Year, Net of Tax Net Loss for the Financial Year Transactions with Owners: Acquisition of a Subsidiary Issuance of Share Capital the Financial Year As at 31 July 2019 At 1 August 2018 Group

# (The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements)

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

(1,057,765)(1,057,765) 15,635 6,670,005 17,164,092 6,685,640 11,536,217 Equity ı Total 15,635 (242,066)(242,066)400,000 415,635 173,569 Controlling Interest Non-RN (815,699) (815,699) 6,270,005 11,536,217 6,270,005 16,990,523 Total RM Accumulated (6,664,770) (815,699) (815,699) (5,849,071) Losses RM Distributable Attributable to Owners of the Company Share Options Employee Reserve RN Translation Non-Distributable Currency Reserve Foreign RN 6.270.005 6,270,005 17,385,288 23,655,293 Capital Share RM Net (Loss)/Gain for the Financial Year Total Comprehensive Expenses for Others Comprehensive Expenses for **Total Transactions with Owners** the Financial Year, Net of Tax Transactions with Owners: Issuance of Share Capital Acquisition of Subsidiary the Financial Year As at 31 July 2020 At 1 August 2019 Group

(The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements)

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

	A				
	Non	- Distributable	Share	tributable	
	Share	Share	Options	Accumulated	
	Capital	Premium	Reserve	Losses	Total
0	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM
Company	40 700 000			(4.074.005)	40.000.000
At 1 August 2018	16,769,968	-	-	(4,071,365)	12,698,603
Net Loss for Financial				(1 774 406)	(1 774 406)
Year, Net of Tax Total Comprehensive	-	-	-	(1,774,426)	(1,774,426)
Loss for the Financial					
Year	-	_	_	(1,774,426)	(1,774,426)
Transactions with				(1,111,120)	(1,111,120)
Owners:					
Issuance of Share Capital	615,320	-	-	-	615,320
			·		
Total transactions with					
Owners	615,320	-	-	-	615,320
At 31 July 2019	17,385,288	-	-	(5,845,791)	11,539,497
		·			
Net Loss for Financial				(444 747)	(444 747)
Year, Net of Tax Total Comprehensive Loss	-	-	-	(444,717)	(444,717)
for the Financial Year	_	_	_	(444,717)	(444,717)
Transactions with				(+++,/ 1/)	(+++,/ 1/)
Owners:					
Issuance of Share Capital	6,270,005	-	-	-	6,270,005
Total Transactions with	. , , -				
Owners	6,270,005				6,270,005
At 31 July 2020	23,655,293	-	-	(6,290,508)	17,364,785

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020

	Group 2020 2019		Company 2020 20	
	RM	RM	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITY:				
Loss for the Year	(1,057,765)	(1,775,615)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Adjustments for: Allowance for Impairment Losses on:				
Trade Receivables Other Receivables	14,222	-	14,222	-
Depreciation of Property, Plant, and	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	-
Equipment	70,811	67,323	54,259	67,323
Loss on Acquiring of Subsidiary Loss / (Gain) on Disposal of Property, Plant	-	1,960	-	-
and Equipment	(49,844)	-	(49,844)	-
Payable Write Back	-	-	-	-
	(22,576)	(1,706,332)	573,920	(1,707,103)
Changes in Working Capital	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	···· ,		
Receivables Amount Owing by Subsidiary	(3,353,287)	132,370	(87,833) (2,306,135)	132,370 820
Amount Owing by Associate	25,200	(25,200)	25,200	(25,200)
Payables	(527,937)	1,009,718	(1,169,370)	1,009,718
	(3,878,600)	(589,444)	(2,964,218)	(589,395)
Income Tax Refund	-	-	-	-
Net Operating Cash Flows	(3,878,600)	(589,444)	(2,964,218)	(589,395)
Balance Carried Forward	(3,878,600)	(589,444)	(2,964,218)	(589,395)

# STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

	Grou 2020 RM			Company 2020 2019 RM RM	
Balance Brought Forward	(3,878,600)	(589,444)	(2,964,218)	(589,395)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY:					
Investment in Subsidiary	-	-	(3,400,000)	(49)	
Net Cash Outflow in Acquisition of Subsidiary Purchases of Plant, Property and Equipment Proceeds from Disposal of Property, Plant	(2,786,491) (95,998)	-	-	-	
and Equipment	72,305		72,305		
Net Investing Cash Flows	(2,810,184)	-	(3,327,695)	(49)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY:					
Net Proceeds from Issuances of Ordinary Shares	6,270,005	615,320	6,270,005	615,320	
Net Proceeds from Increase of Share of Subsidiary Net of Cash, Disposal of Net Liability of	400,000	-	-	-	
Subsidiary	-	-	-	-	
Net Financing Cash Flows	6,670,005	615,320	6,270,005	615,320	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Net Increase / (Decrease)	(18,779)	25,876	(21,908)	25,876	
Effect of Foreign Exchange Translation	-	-	-	-	
At 1 August	47,029	21,153	47,029	21,153	
At 31 July	28,250	47,029	25,121	47,029	
ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS					
Cash and Bank Balances	28,250	47,029	25,121	47,029	

As At 31 JULY 2020

#### 1. General Information

The Company is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia, and is listed on the ACE Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

The registered office of the Company is located at Level 2, Tower 1, Avenue 5, Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan, Malaysia whilst the principal place of business of the Company is located at W07A1, 7th Floor, West Block, Wisma Golden Eagle Realty, No. 142C, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan, Malaysia.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the directors on 27 November 2020.

#### 2. Principal Activities

The Company is principally engaged in the design, deployment and distribution of radio frequency identity tags and other tagging solutions using information technology broadband networks and the provision of training, maintenance and related consultancy services. The principal activity of its subsidiary company is disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the principal activities of the Company and its subsidiary during the financial year.

#### 3. Basis of Preparation

**3.1** The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRSs"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. These financial statements are presented in the Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Group's and the Company's functional and presentation currency.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 3. Basis of Preparation (Cont'd)

#### 3.2 Application of New MFRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to MFRSs

During the financial year, the Company have applied the following new MFRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to MFRSs issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standard Board ("MASB") which are effective from the beginning of the current financial year:

- MFRS 16, Leases
- Amendments to MFRS 9 Prepayment features with negative compensation
- Amendments to MFRS 128 Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures
- Amendments to MFRSs classified as "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015 2017 Cycle":
  - (i) Amendments to MFRS 3, Business combinations and MFRS 11, Joint arrangements – Previously held interest in a joint operation
  - (ii) Amendments to MFRS 112, Income taxes Income tax consequences of payments on financial instruments classified as equity
  - (iii) Amendments to MFRS 123, Borrowing costs Borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation
- IC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over income tax treatments

#### (a) MFRS 16, Leases

MFRS 16 will supersede the existing MFRS 117 *Leases*, IC Interpretation 4 Determining whether an *arrangement contains a lease*, IC Interpretation 115 *Operating leases – Incentives* and IC Interpretation 127 *Evaluating the substance of transactions involving the legal form of a lease* and its sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of leases.

Under the existing MFRS 117, lessees and lessors are required to classify their leases as either finance leases or operating leases and account for those two types of leases differently. It requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities arising from finance leases but not from operating leases.

The new MFRS 16 introduces a single accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for the rights and obligations arising from all leases and hence eliminates the distinction between finance leases and operating leases. As a consequence, a lessee recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities arising from operating leases. The right-of-use asset is depreciated in accordance with the principle in MFRS 116 Property, plant and equipment and this liability is accreted over time with interest expense recognised in the profit or loss.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 3. Basis of Preparation (Cont'd)

#### 3.2 Application of New MFRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to MFRSs (Cont'd)

During the financial year, the Company have applied the following new MFRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to MFRSs issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standard Board ("MASB") which are effective from the beginning of the current financial year: (Cont'd)

#### (b) Amendments to MFRS 9 – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

The amendments allow entities to measure prepayable financial assets with negative compensation at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income if certain conditions are met.

#### (c) Amendments to MFRSs Classified as "Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle"

The Annual Improvements to MFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle include amendments to the following MFRSs:

- (i) The amendments to MFRS 3 Business combinations clarify that when an entity obtains control of a business that is a joint operation, it remeasures previously held interests in that business. The amendments to MFRS 11 Joint arrangements clarify that when an entity obtains joint control of a business that is a joint operation, the entity does not remeasure previously held interests in that business.
- (ii) The amendments to MFRS 112 Income taxes clarify that an entity recognizes the income tax consequences of dividends are linked more directly to past transactions than to distributions to owners, except if the tax arises from a transaction which is a business combination or is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.
- (iii) The amendments to MFRS 123 Borrowing costs clarify that when a qualifying asset is ready for its intended use or sale, an entity treats any outstanding borrowing made specifically to obtain that qualifying asset as part of general borrowings.

#### (d) IC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

MFRS 112 Income taxes, includes requirements on recognition and measurement of tax assets and tax liabilities, but does not specify how to reflect uncertainty. As a result, entities apply diverse reporting method when the application of tax law is uncertain.

When there is uncertainty over income tax treatments, the Interpretation addresses:

- (i) whether an entity considers uncertain tax treatment separately;
- (ii) the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authority;

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 3. Basis of Preparation (Cont'd)

#### 3.2 Application of New MFRSs, IC Interpretations and Amendments to MFRSs (Cont'd)

During the financial year, the Company have applied the following new MFRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to MFRSs issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standard Board ("MASB") which are effective from the beginning of the current financial year: (Cont'd)

#### (d) IC Interpretation 23, Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments (Cont'd)

- (iii) how an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax losses, unused tax credits and tax rates; and
- (iv) how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances.

The initial application of the new MFRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to MFRSs is not expected to have any significant impact on the Group and the Company's financial statements.

# 3.3 MFRSs, Amendments to MFRSs and Issue Committees ("IC") Interpretation that have been Issued but are not yet Effective

The Group and the Company have not early adopted the following new MFRSs, IC Interpretations and amendments to MFRSs that have been issued by the MASB but are not yet affective. The following are accounting standards, interpretations and amendments of the MFRSs that have been issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB") but have not been adopted by the Group and the Company:

*MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020* 

- Amendments to MFRS 3, Business Combinations Definition of a Business
- Amendments to MFRS 101, Presentation of Financial Statements and MFRS 108, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors - Definition of Material

*MFRSs, Interpretations and amendments effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date yet to be confirmed* 

 Amendments to MFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements and MFRS 128, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture

The Group and the Company plan to apply the above mentioned accounting standards, interpretations and amendments from the annual period beginning on 1 August 2020 for those accounting standards, interpretations and amendments, that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2020.

The initial application of the accounting standards, interpretations or amendments are not expected to have any material financial impacts to the current period and prior period financial statements of the Group and the Company.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the directors and management and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The estimates and judgements that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures, and have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses are discussed below:

#### a) Income Taxes

There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination may be different from the initial estimate. The Group and the Company recognise tax liabilities based on its understanding of the prevailing tax laws and estimates of whether such taxes will be due in the ordinary course of business. Where the final outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such difference will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the year in which such determination is made.

#### b) Depreciation of Property, Plant and Equipment

The estimates for the residual values, useful lives and related depreciation charges for the property, plant and equipment are based on commercial factors which could change significantly as a result of technical innovations and competitors' actions in response to the market conditions.

The Group anticipates that the residual values of its property, plant and equipment will be insignificant. As a result, residual values are not being taken into consideration for the computation of the depreciable amount.

Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and the residual values of these assets, therefore future depreciation charges could be revised.

#### c) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

When the recoverable amount of an asset is determined based on the estimate of the value in use of the cash generating unit to which the asset is allocated, the management is required to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the cash generating unit and also to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)

#### d) Amortisation of Intangible Assets

Changes in the expected level of usage and technological development could impact the economic useful lives and therefore, future amortisation charges could be revised.

#### e) Impairment of Trade and Other Receivables

An impairment loss is recognised when there is objective evidence that a financial asset is impaired. Management specifically reviews its loans and receivables financial assets and analyses historical bad debts, customer concentrations, customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and changes in the customer payment terms when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of the allowance for impairment losses. Where there objective evidence of impairment, the amount and timing of future cash flows are estimated based on historical loss experience for assets with similar credit risk characteristics. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of receivables.

#### f) Carrying Amount of Investment in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment annually in accordance with its accounting policy as disclosed in Note 4.7 to the financial statements, or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount's may not be recoverable.

Significant judgement is required in the estimation of the present value of future cash flows generated by the subsidiaries, which involves uncertainties and are significantly affected by assumptions and judgements made regarding estimates of future cash flows and discount rates. Changes in assumptions could significantly affect the carrying amount of investments in subsidiaries.

#### g) Leases

The Group has applied MFRS 16 using the modified retrospective approach, under which the cumulative effect of initial application is recognised as an adjustment to retained earnings at 1 August 2019. Accordingly, the comparative information presented on 31 July 2019 has not been restated - i.e. it is presented as previously reported under MFRS 117, Leases and related interpretations.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)

g) Leases (Cont'd)

#### **Current Financial Year**

#### (i) Definition of Lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assesses whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset - this may be specified explicitly or implicitly.

- the contract involves the use of an identified asset this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified;
- the customer has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from the use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- the customer has the right to direct the use of the asset. The customer has his right when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the customer has right to direct the use of the asset if either the customer has the right to operate the asset; or the customer designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At the inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease and non-lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of properties in which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate non-lease components and will instead account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

#### (ii) Recognition and Initial Measurement

#### (a) As a Lessee

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct cost incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying assets or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

- 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)
  - g) Leases (Cont'd)

#### **Current Financial Year (Cont'd)**

#### (ii) Recognition and Initial Measurement (Cont'd)

#### (a) As a Lessee (Cont'd)

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the respective Group entities' incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group entities use their incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments less any incentives receivable;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise; and
- penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The Group excludes variable lease payments that linked to future performance or usage of the underlying asset from the lease liability. Instead, these payments are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the performance or use occurs. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

- 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)
  - g) Leases (Cont'd)

#### Current Financial Year (Cont'd)

#### (ii) Recognition and Initial Measurement (Cont'd)

(b) As a Lessor

The Group recognises assets held under a finance leases in its statement of financial position and presents them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. The Group uses the interest rate implicit in the lease to measure the net investment in the lease.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sublease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sublease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

#### (iii) Subsequent Measurement

#### (a) As a Lessee

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use assets is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a revision of in-substance fixed lease payments, or if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)

g) Leases (Cont'd)

#### Current Financial Year (Cont'd)

#### (iii) Subsequent Measurement (Cont'd)

(b) As a Lessor

The Group recognises lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of "revenue".

The Group recognises finance income over the lease term, based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment in the lease. The Group aims to allocate finance income over the lease term on a systematic and rational basis. The Group applies the lease payments relating to the period against the gross investment in the lease to reduce both the principal and the unearned finance income. The net investment in the lease is subject to impairment requirements in MFRS 9, Financial Instruments.

#### **Previous Financial Year**

#### As a Lessee

Finance leases, which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the leased item, are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased asset or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. Any initial direct costs are also added to the amount capitalised.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the lease liability so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged to profit or loss. Contingent rents, if any, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Leased assets are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Group will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated life and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The aggregate benefit of incentives provided by the lessor is recognised as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)

#### h) Provision for Liabilities

Provision for liabilities are based on management's judgement on the likelihood of liabilities crystallising and best estimates on the amounts required to settle the liabilities arising from legal and constructive obligations. A change in circumstances which could cause estimates to change include changes in market trends and conditions, regulatory environment, employees' behaviours and other factors that may change the amount of provisions in the statement of financial position. The difference between the actual amount and the estimated amount would be recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which the change occurs.

#### i) Impairment of Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicators exist. This requires management to estimate the expected future cash flows of the cash generating unit to which goodwill is allocated and to apply a suitable discount rate in order to determine the present value of those cash flows. The future cash flows are most sensitive to budgeted gross margins, growth rates estimated and discount rate used. If the expectation is different from the estimation, such difference will impact the carrying value of goodwill.

#### j) Impairment of Available-for-Sale Financial Assets

The Group reviews its available-for-sale financial assets at the end of each reporting period to assess whether they are impaired. The Group also records impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets when there has been a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below their cost. The determination of what is "significant" or "prolonged" requires judgement. In making this judgement, the Company evaluates, among other factors, historical, sector and industry trends, general market and economic conditions, changes in technology and other available information; and the duration and extent to which the fair value of a financial asset is less than its cost.

#### k) Fair Value Estimates for Certain Financial Assets and Liabilities

The Group carries certain financial assets and liabilities at fair value, which requires extensive use of accounting estimates and judgement. While significant components of fair value measurement were determined using verifiable objective evidence, the amount of changes in fair value would differ if the Group uses different valuation methodologies. Any changes in fair value of these assets and liabilities would affect profit and/or equity.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.1 Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (Cont'd)

#### I) Share-Based Payments

The Group measures the cost of equity settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity investments at the date at which they are granted. The estimating of the fair value requires determining the most appropriate valuation model for a grant of equity instruments, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the option volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

#### 4.2 Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary company made up to 31 July 2020. Subsidiaries are entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Potential voting rights are considered when assessing control only when such rights are substantive. The Group also considers it has power over an investee when, despite not having the majority of voting rights, it has the current ability to direct the activities of the investee that significantly affect the investee's return.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group up to the effective date on which control ceases, as appropriate. Intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation. Intra-group losses may indicate an impairment that requires recognition in the consolidated financial statements. Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

#### a) Business Combinations

Acquisitions of businesses are accounted for using the acquisition method. Under the acquisition method, the consideration transferred for acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair value of the assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group at the acquisition date. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs, other than the costs to issue debt or equity securities, are recognised in profit or loss when incurred. In a business combination achieved in stages, previously held equity interests in the acquire are re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Non-controlling interests in the acquiree may be initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the fair value of the acquirer's identifiable net assets at the date of acquisition. The choice of measurement basis is made on a transaction-by-transaction basis.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.2 Basis of Consolidation (Cont'd)

#### b) Non-Controlling Interests

Non-controlling interests are presented within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the equity attributable to owners of the Company. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amount of non-controlling interests is the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity.

#### c) Changes in Ownership Interests in Subsidiaries Without Change of Control

All changes in the parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity of the Group.

#### d) Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control of a subsidiary, the Group recognises any gain or loss on disposal in profit or loss which is calculated as the difference between:

- i. The aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest in the former subsidiary; and
- ii. The previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the former subsidiary and any non-controlling interests.

Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the former subsidiary are accounted for in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits). The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under MFRS 139 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.3 Goodwill

Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. The carrying value of goodwill is reviewed for impairment annually. The impairment value of goodwill is recognised immediately in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Under the acquisition method, any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interests recognised and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities at the date of acquisition is recorded as goodwill.

Where the latter amount exceeds the former, after reassessment, the excess represents a bargain purchase gain and is recognised as a gain in profit or loss immediately.

#### 4.4 Functional and Foreign Currencies

#### a) Functional and Presentation Currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates, which is the functional currency.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### b) Transactions and Balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the respective functional currencies on initial recognition, using the exchange rates approximating those ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period are translated at the rates ruling as of that date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. All exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.4 Functional and Foreign Currencies (Cont'd)

#### c) Foreign Operations

Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated to RM at the rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Revenues and expenses of foreign operations are translated at exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. All exchange differences arising from translation are taken directly to other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the translation reserve. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period except for those business combinations that occurred before the date of transition (1 January 2011) which are treated as assets and liabilities of the Company and are not retranslated.

#### 4.5 Financial Instrument

Unless specifically disclosed below, the Group and the Company generally applied the following accounting policies retrospectively. Nevertheless, as permitted by MFRS 9, Financial Instrument, the Group and the Company have elected not to restate the comparative.

#### i) Recognition and Initial Measurement

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group and the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without significant financing component) or a financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issuance. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.5 Financial Instrument (Cont'd)

#### ii) Financial Instrument Categories and Subsequent Measurement

#### Financial Assets

Categories of financial assets are determined on initial recognition and are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group and the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change of the business model.

a) Amortised Cost ("AC")

Amortised cost category comprises financial assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The financial assets are not designated as fair value through profit or loss. Subsequent to initial recognition, these financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

- b) Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI")
  - i) Debt Investments

Fair value through other comprehensive income category comprises debt investment where it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the debt investment, and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The debt investment is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Interest income is recognised by applying effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount except for credit impaired financial assets where the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.5 Financial Instrument (Cont'd)

ii) Financial Instrument Categories and Subsequent Measurement (Cont'd)

Financial Assets (Cont'd)

- b) Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVOCI") (Cont'd)
  - ii) Equity investments

This category comprises investment in equity that is not held for trading, and the Group and the Company irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery part of the cost of investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are not reclassified to profit or loss.

c) Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVPL")

All financial assets not measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income as described above are measured at fair value through profit or loss. This includes derivative financial assets (except for a derivative that is a designated and effective hedging instrument). On initial recognition, the Group and the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income as at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at their fair value. Net gains or losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in the profit or loss.

All financial assets, except for those measured at fair value through profit or loss and equity investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, are subject to impairment assessment.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.5 Financial Instrument (Cont'd)

ii) Financial Instrument Categories and Subsequent Measurement (Cont'd)

Financial Liabilities

a) Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVPL")

Fair value through profit or loss category comprises financial liabilities that are derivatives (except for a derivatives that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument), contingent consideration ia a business combination and financial liabilities that are specifically designated into this category upon initial recognition.

On initial recognition, the Group and the Company may irrevocably designate a financial liability that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost as at fair value through profit or loss:

- i. if doing so eliminates or significant reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.
- ii. a group of financial liabilities or assets and financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the Group and the Company's key management personnel; or
- iii. if a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives and the host is not a financial asset in the scope of MFRS 9, where embedded derivative significantly modifies the cash flows and separation is not prohibited.

Financial liabilities categorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at the fair value with gains or losses, including any interest expense are recognized in the profit or loss.

For financial liabilities where it is designated as fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition, the Group and the Company recognize the amount of change in fair value of the financial liability that is attributable to change in credit risk in the other comprehensive income and remaining amount of the change in fair value in the profit or loss, unless the treatment of the effects of changes in the liability's credit risk would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch.

b) Amortised cost ("AC")

Other financial liabilities not catagorised as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using effective interest method.

Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the profit or loss. Any gains or losses on derecognition are recognized in the profit or loss.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.6 Property, Plant and Equipment

All items of property and equipment are initially measured at cost. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset and other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when the cost is incurred and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of parts that can be replaced is derecognised. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of property and equipment are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Cost also comprises the initial estimate of dismantling and removing the asset and restoring the site on which it is located for which the Group is obligated to incur when the asset is acquired, if applicable.

Depreciation is charged to profit or loss (unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset) on the straight-line method to write off the depreciable amount of the assets over their estimated useful lives. Freehold land is not depreciated. Depreciation of an asset does not cease when the asset becomes idle or is retired from active use unless the asset is fully depreciated. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Computers	33.33%
IT Equipment	10%-20%
Office equipment and Furniture and Fittings	10%
Renovation	10%
Motor Vehicle	20%

The depreciation method, useful lives and residual values are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period to ensure that the amounts, method and periods of depreciation are consistent with previous estimates and the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits embodied in the items of the property, plant and equipment. Any changes are accounted for as a change in estimate.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

When significant parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property and equipment.

Capital work-in-progress represents assets under construction, and which are not ready for commercial use at the end of the reporting period. Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost, and will be transferred to the relevant category of assets and depreciated accordingly when the assets are completed and ready for commercial use.

Cost of capital work-in-progress includes direct cost, related expenditure and interest cost on borrowings taken to finance the acquisition of the assets to the date that the assets are completed and put in use.

An item of property and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use. Any gain or loss arising from de-recognition of the asset, being the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount, is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 4.7 Investment in Subsidiary Companies

Investments in subsidiary companies including the fair value adjustments on intercompany loans at inception date (or the share options granted to employees of the subsidiaries) are stated at cost in the statement of financial position of the Company, and are reviewed for impairment at the end of the reporting period if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying values may not be recoverable. The cost of the investments includes transaction costs.

On the disposal of the investments in subsidiary companies, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments is recognised in profit or loss.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.8 Joint Ventures

Joint ventures are joint arrangements whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangements. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing the control.

The Group's interest in joint ventures is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting.

The Group's interest in its unincorporated joint operations is accounted for by recognising the Group's assets and liabilities from the joint operations, as well as expenses incurred by the Group and the Group's share of income earned from the joint operations, in the consolidated financial statements.

Unrealised gains resulting from transactions with joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture. Unrealised losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### 4.9 Intangible Assets

An intangible asset shall be recognised if, and only if it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and that the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. An entity shall assess the probability of the expected future economic benefits using reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the set of economic conditions that will exist over the useful life of the asset. An intangible asset shall be measured initially at cost.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised over their useful economic lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible assets may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed annually. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognised in the profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Intangible assets that have been capitalised are amortised on a straight line basis over the period of their expected benefits, but not exceeding 5 years begin from the period when the intangible assets are available for use.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.9 Intangible Assets (Cont'd)

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are tested for impairment annually either individually or at the cash generating unit level. Such intangible are not amortised. The useful life of an intangible asset with an indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether indefinite life assessment continues to be supportable. If not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

#### a) Research and Development Expenditure

Research expenditure is recognised as an expense when it is incurred.

Development expenditure is recognised as an expense except that costs incurred on development projects are capitalised as long-term assets to the extent that such expenditure is expected to generate future economic benefits. Development expenditure is capitalised if, and only if an entity can demonstrate all of the following:

- i. its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the asset under development;
- ii. the product or process is technically and commercially feasible;
- iii. its future economic benefits are probable;
- iv. its ability to use or sell the developed asset; and
- v. the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the asset under development.

Capitalised development expenditure is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. Development expenditure initially recognised as an expense is not recognised as assets in the subsequent period.

The development expenditure is amortised on a straight-line method over a period of 5 years when the products are ready for sale or use. In the event that the expected future economic benefits are no longer probable of being recovered, the development expenditure is written down to its recoverable amount.

The amortisation method, useful life and residual value are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

#### b) Computer Software

Costs incurred to acquire computer software that are not integral parts of the related hardware, are capitalised as intangible assets and amortised on a straight-line basis over an estimated lives of 5 years.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.10 Impairment

#### a) Impairment of Financial Assets

All financial assets (other than those categorised at fair value through profit or loss), are assessed at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events having an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the asset. For an equity instrument, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value below its cost is considered to be an objective evidence of impairment.

An impairment loss in respect of held-to-maturity investments and loans and receivables financial assets is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

An impairment loss in respect of available-for-sale financial assets is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between its cost (net of any principal payment and amortisation) and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the fair value reserve. In addition, the cumulative loss recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under fair value reserve, is reclassified from equity into profit or loss.

With the exception of available-for-sale debt instruments, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the financial asset at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised. In respect of available-for-sale equity instruments, impairment losses previously recognised in profit or loss are not reversed through profit or loss. Any increase in fair value subsequent to an impairment loss made is recognised in other comprehensive income.

An impairment loss in respect of unquoted equity instrument that is carried at cost is recognised in profit or loss and is measured as the difference between the financial assets carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.10 Impairment (Cont'd)

#### b) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets

The carrying values of assets, other than those to which MFRS 136 - Impairment of Assets does not apply, are reviewed at the end of each reporting period for impairment when there is an indication that the assets might be impaired. Impairment is measured by comparing the carrying values of the assets with their recoverable amounts. When the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount and an impairment loss shall be recognised. The recoverable amount of the assets is the higher of the assets' fair value less costs to sell and their value-in-use, which is measured by reference to discounted future cash flow using a pre-tax discount rate. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the asset is carried at its revalued amount. Any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as revaluation decrease to the extent of a previously recognised revaluation surplus for the same asset. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating units and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the cash-generating unit on a pro rate basis.

In respect of assets other than goodwill, and when there is a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, a subsequent increase in the recoverable amount of an asset is treated as a reversal of the previous impairment loss and is recognised to the extent of the carrying amount of the asset that would have been determined (net of amortisation and depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss immediately, unless the asset is carried at its re-valued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.11 Tax Expenses

#### **Income Taxes**

#### (i) Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are expected amount of income tax recoverable or payable to the taxation authorities.

Current taxes are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period and are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity).

#### (ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax are recognised using the liability method for all temporary differences other than those that arise from goodwill or from the initial recognition of an asset or liability In a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled. Based on the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised. The carrying amounts of deferred tax assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realised.

Current and deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transactions either in profit or loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill or negative goodwill.

Current tax assets and liabilities or deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity (or on different tax entities but they intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis) and the same taxation authority.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on weighted average cost method. Costs comprise the purchase price, and incidentals incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

#### 4.13 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, bank balances, demand deposits, deposits pledged with financial institutions, bank overdrafts and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value with original maturities period of 3 months or less. For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts (if any).

#### 4.14 Provisions

Provision are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is the present value of the estimated expenditure required to settle the obligation. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as interest expense in profit or loss.

#### 4.15 Employment Benefits

#### a) Short-Term Employment Benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave and sick leave, bonuses and nonmonetary benefits are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group.

#### b) Defined Contribution Plans

The Group's contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised in profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group has no further liability in respect of the defined contribution plans.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.15 Employment Benefits (Cont'd)

#### c) Share-Based Payment Transactions

The Group operates an equity-settled share-based compensation plan, under which the Group receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments of the Company (known as "share options").

At the grant date, the fair value of the share options is recognised as an expense on a straightline method over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding credit to employees' share option reserve in equity. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of the share options that are expected to vest. Service and nonmarket performance conditions attached to the transaction are not taken into account in determining the fair value.

In the Company's separate financial statements, the grant of the share options to the subsidiaries' employees is not recognised as an expense. Instead, the fair value of the share options measured at the grant date is accounted for as an increase to the investment in subsidiary undertaking with a corresponding credit to the employees' share option reserve.

Upon expiry of the share option, the employees' share option reserve is transferred to retained profits.

When the share options are exercised, the employees' share option reserve is transferred to share capital if new ordinary shares are issued, or to treasury shares if the share options are satisfied by the reissuance of treasury shares.

Any recharge for the share options granted to a subsidiary's employees is to be offset against the investments in subsidiaries In the Company's separate financial statements with any excess goes to profit or loss as a distribution from the subsidiary.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.16 Related Parties

A party is related to an entity (referred to as the "reporting entity") if:

# a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:

- (i) has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
- (ii) has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
- (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by that person in their dealings with the reporting entity.

#### b) An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:

- (i) The entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
- (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
- (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
- (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
- (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity.
- (vi) The entity is controlled or joint controlled by a person identified in (a) above.
- (vii) A person identified in (a) (i) above has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

Related parties also include key management personnel defined as those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the reporting entity either directly or indirectly, including its director (whether executive or otherwise) of that entity.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.17 Contingent Liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that the outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

#### 4.18 Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. The measurement assumes that the transaction takes place either in the principal market or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market. For nonfinancial asset, the fair value measurement takes into account a market's participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. However, this basis does not apply to share-based payment transactions.

For financial reporting purposes, the fair value measurements are analysed into Level 1 to Level 3 as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liability that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2: Inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The transfer of fair value between levels is determined as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.19 Revenue and Other Income

#### a) Sale of Goods

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised upon delivery of goods and customers' acceptance and where applicable, net of returns and trade discounts.

#### b) Support and Maintenance Income

Revenue is recognised upon the rendering services and when the outcome of the transaction can be estimated reliably. In the event the outcome of the transaction could not be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised to the extent of the expenses incurred that are recoverable.

Support and maintenance income are recognised over the period of the service contracts based on services rendered.

Any billings in advance of which the maintenance services have not been performed will be treated as unearned income until the services have been delivered. The unearned income will be credited to the profit or loss and other comprehensive income upon the services performed.

#### c) Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

#### d) Management Fee

Management fee is recognised on an accrual basis when service is rendered.

#### e) Rental Income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line method over the lease term.

#### 4.20 Operating Segments

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. An operating segment's operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 4. Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd)

#### 4.21 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

#### 4.22 Earnings Per Ordinary Share

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own shares held. Diluted earnings per ordinary share is determined by adjusting the consolidated profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, which comprise share options granted to employees.

#### 4.23 Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

Noncurrent assets (or disposal group comprising assets and liabilities) that are expected to be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use are classified as held for sale. Immediately before classification as held for sale, the noncurrent assets (or the disposal group) are re-measured in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Upon classification as held for sale, the noncurrent assets (the disposal group) are not depreciated and are measured at the lower of their previous carrying amount and fair value less cost to sell. Any differences are recognised in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINAN	As At 31 JULY 2020 (CC

# **Property, Plant and Equipment** 5.

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Total RM	17,846,626 95,998 (112,305)	17,830,319	10,748,823 70,811 (89,844)	10,729,790	6,968,622 -	6,968,622	131,907
Work in Progress RM	1,434,600 - -	1,434,600			1,434,600 -	1,434,600	
Motor Vehicles RM	112,305 9,420 (112,305)	9,420	67,383 25,601 (89,844)	3,140			6,280
Renovation RM	53,661 59,338 -	112,999	24,357 12,854 -	37,211			75,788
Office Equipment and Furniture and Fittings RM	224,543 9,915 -	234,458	169,588 26,767 -	196,355			38,103
IT Equipment Rented Out RM	1,897,311 -	1,897,311	1,897,311 - -	1,897,311		1	
IT Equipment RM	13,953,276 - -	13,953,276	8,419,254 - -	8,419,254	5,534,022 -	5,534,022	
Computers RM	170,930 17,325 _	188,255	170,930 5,589 -	176,519			11,736
2020	<b>Group</b> Cost At 1 August 2019 Additions Disposals	At 31 July 2020 Accumulated Depreciation	At 1 August 2019 Charge for the Year Disposals	At 31 July 2020 Accumulated Impairment Losses	At 1 August 2019 Additions	At 31 July 2020 <b>Net Book Value</b>	At 31 July 2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

Total RM		17,846,626		ı	17,846,626			10,681,500	67,323		10,748,823			6,968,622	·	6,968,622	129,181
Work in Progress RM		1,434,600	ı	ı	1,434,600			I	ı	ı	I			1,434,600		1,434,600	
Motor Vehicles RM		112,305	ı	ı	112,305			44,922	22,461	ı	67,383			ı	·	I	44,922
Renovation RM		53,661		ı	53,661			18,095	6,262		24,357			,		ı	29,304
Office Equipment and Furniture and Fittings RM		224,543		ı	224,543			144,013	25,575		169,588				ı		54,955
IT Equipment Rented Out RM		1,897,311	·	ı	1,897,311			1,897,311	ı	,	1,897,311			,		ı	
IT Equipment RM		13,953,276	·	ı	13,953,276			8,419,254	ı	ı	8,419,254			5,534,022		5,534,022	
Computers RM		170,930	ı	ı	170,930			157,905	13,025	ı	170,930			ı		I	
2019	Group Cost	At 1 August 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 July 2019	Accumulated	Depreciation	At 1 August 2018	Charge for the Year	Disposals	At 31 July 2019	Accumulated	Impairment Losses	At 1 August 2018	Additions	At 31 July 2019	<b>Net Book Value</b> At 31 July 2019

STATEMENTS	
FINANCIAL	(Q,
TO THE I	Y 2020 (CONT'
NOTES	As At 31 JUL

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

Total RM	17.846.626		17,734,321		10,748,823	54,259	(89,844)	10,713,238		6,968,622		6,968,622	52,461
Work in Progress RM	1.434.600		1,434,600		ı	·	I	I		1,434,600		1,434,600	
Motor Vehicles RM	112.305				67,383	22,461	(89,844)	I		·		I	
Renovation RM	53.661		53,661		24,357	6,261	ı	30,618				ı	23,043
Office Equipment and Furniture and Fittings RM	224.543		224,543		169,588	25,537		195,125		·	ı		29,418
IT Equipment Rented Out RM	1.897.311		1,897,311		1,897,311	ı	I	1,897,311		ı		ı	
IT Equipment RM	13.953.276		- 13,953,276		8,419,254	ı	I	8,419,254		5,534,022	I	5,534,022	
Computers RM	170.930		170,930		170,930	ı	I	170,930		ı		ı	
2020	<b>Company Cost</b> At 1 August 2019	Additions	At 31 July 2020	Accumulated	At 1 August 2019	Charge for the Year	Disposals	At 31 July 2020	Accumulated Impairment Losses	At 1 August 2019	Additions	At 31 July 2020	<b>Net Book Value</b> At 31 July 2020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

T otal RM		17,846,626		,	17,846,626			10,681,500	67,323	·	10,748,823			6,968,622		6,968,622		129,101
Work in Progress RM		1,434,600	ı		1,434,600			ı	ı	ı	I			1,434,600		1,434,600		
Motor Vehicles RM		112,305	ı	ı	112,305			44,922	22,461	ı	67,383			ı		I		44,322
Renovation RM		53,661			53,661			18,095	6,262	ı	24,357			ı			105.00	29,304
Office Equipment and Furniture and Fittings RM		224,543			224,543			144,013	25,575	ı	169,588			·	•		1 0 1	04,400
IT Equipment Rented Out RM		1,897,311		,	1,897,311			1,897,311	ı	ı	1,897,311			ı				
IT Equipment RM		13,953,276	ı	ı	13,953,276			8,419,254	ı	ı	8,419,254			5,534,022		5,534,022		
Computers RM		170,930	ı		170,930			157,905	13,025	ı	170,930			ı	•	I		
2019	Company Cost	At 1 August 2018	Additions	Disposals	At 31 July 2019	Accumulated	Depreciation	At 1 August 2018	Charge for the Year	Disposals	At 31 July 2019	Accumulated	Impairment Losses	At 1 August 2018	Additions	At 31 July 2019	Net Book Value	At 31 July 2019

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd)

As at 31 July 2020, annual depreciation of RM70,811 (2019: RM67,323) for the Group and RM54,259 (2019: RM67,323) for the Company respectively has been charged out against the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income during the current financial year.

#### 6. Investment in Subsidiary Company

		Company
	2020	2019
Unquoted Shares at Cost	RM	RM
As at 1 August 2019 / 2018		
In Malaysia	100	51
	100	51
Addition during the Financial Year:		
In Malaysia	3,400,000	49
	3,400,100	100
Disposal during the Financial Year:		
In Malaysia		- 100
	3,400,100	100
Less: Allowance for Impairment Losses	-	-
As at 31 July	3,400,100	100

Details of the subsidiary company are as follows:

	Principal Place Business/Country of Incorporation	Percentage Share Capit Pare	Principal		
Name of Subsidiary	·	2020 %	2019 %	Activity	
Citilink Aviation (M) Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	60	-	Provision of aviation related services	
Smart Marine Tech Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	100	100	Dormant	

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 7. Investment in Associate Company

		Company
	2020	2019
Unquoted Shares at Cost	RM	RM
As at 1 August 2019 / 2018	-	-
In Malaysia		
Addition during the Financial Year: In Malaysia	- 	- 
<b>Disposal during the Financial Year:</b> In Malaysia		
Less: Allowance for Impairment Losses	-	-
As at 31 July	-	-

Details of the associate company are as follows:

	Principal Place Business/Country of Incorporation	Percentage Share Capita Pare	Principal		
Name of Associate	·	2020 %	2019 %	Activity	
Smart Tag Technologies Sdn Bhd#	Malaysia	30	30	Dormant	

# Not audited by Jamal, Amin & Partners

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 8. Investment in Jointly Controlled Entity

	Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Unquoted Shares-at Cost	5,015,000	5,015,000
Deposits Forfeited	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)
	3,515,000	3,515,000
Allowance for Impairment Losses		
As at 1 August 2019 / 2018	(3,515,000)	(3,515,000)
Additions	-	-
As at 31 July	-	-

Details of the jointly controlled entity are as follows:

	Principal Place	Percentage Share Capi Par	tal Held By	
Name of Jointly Controlled Entity	Business/Country of Incorporation	2020 %	2019 %	Principal Activity
My Record Sdn. Bhd.#	Malaysia	50	50	Provision of software solutions and integration services for the courier and logistics industry
# Not audited by Jama	l, Amin & Partners			- •

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 9. Intangible Assets

				nd Company
		Note	2020 RM	2019 RM
	uct Development Costs puter Software	(a) (b)	-	-
As a	t 31 July		<u> </u>	
a.	Product Development Cost		Group 2020 RM	and Company 2019 RM
	Cost		7,673,030	7,673,030
	As at 1 August 2019 / 2018 Additions As at 31 July		-	-
	Accumulated Amortisation			
	As at 1 August 2019 / 2018 Additions		(3,249,106)	(3,249,106) -
	As at 31 July		(3,249,106)	(3,249,106)
	Allowance for Impairment Losses			
	As at 1 August 2019 / 2018		(4,423,924)	(4,423,924)
	Additions As at 31 July		(4,423,924)	(4,423,924)
	As at 31 July		-	-

- i) The amortisation of product development costs is included in the "Administrative Expenses" and "Cost of Sales" line items in the statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income.
- ii) The total carrying amount of intangible assets of the Group and the Company as at 31 July 2020 is Nil (2019: Nil) which consists of product development costs that relates to a project which was terminated during the previous financial period.

Allowance of impairment losses for the balance amount has been provided during the financial year ended 2017.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 9. Intangible Assets (Cont'd)

#### a. Product Development Cost (Cont'd)

iii) The Group assessed the recoverable amount of product development costs and determined that an impairment loss was recognised in "Other Expenses" line item of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is estimated based on its value in use.

	Group and	Group and Company	
	2020	2019	
	RM	RM	
Computer Software, at Cost			
As at 1 August 2019 / 2018	-	-	
Additions	-	-	
Termination of the Licensing Agreement during the Financial			
Year (Refer also to Note 10 to the Financial Statement)	-	-	
As at 31 July		-	

- The computer software of the Group and of the Company acquired during the previous financial period in respect of the application software, namely "Averiware Cloud Conferencing System", designed and developed by Averiware Inc, USA ("the Vendor").
- ii) In previous financial period, the Group assessed the recoverable amount of computer software and determined that an impairment loss was recognised in "Other Expenses" line item of the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. The recoverable amount of the Cash-generating unit is estimated based on its value in use.
- iii) The licensing agreement was terminated on 27 July 2017 and the said Vendor had agreed to refund the entire purchase consideration of RM2,200,000. This amount has been fully impaired during the previous financial period.

b.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

As at 31 July

#### 10. Other Receivables, Deposits & Prepayments

		Group
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Non-Current	IXIVI	
Advances made to the then Joint-Operation Entity (Note 11)	4,943,900	4,943,900
Receivables from The Computer Software Vendor (Note 9)	2,200,000	-
	7,143,900	4,943,900
Less: Impairment	(3,200,000)	-
As at 31 July	3,943,900	4,943,900
Current		
Other Receivables	3,346,807	818
Deposits	5,193,024	4,851,205
Prepayments	2,000,000	2,300,000
Receivables from The Computer Software Vendor (Note 9)	_,,	2,200,000
	10,539,831	9,352,023
Less: Impairment	(2,000,000)	(4,200,000)
As at 31 July	8,539,831	5,152,023
	Co	ompany
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Non-Current		
Advances made to the then Joint-Operation Entity (Note 11)	4,943,900	4,943,900
Receivables from The Computer Software Vendor (Note 9)	2,200,000	-
	7,143,900	4,943,900
Less: Impairment	(3,200,000)	-
As at 31 July	3,943,900	4,943,900
Current		
Other Receivables	97,195	818
Deposits	5,023,590	4,851,205
Prepayments	2,000,000	2,300,000
Receivables from The Computer Software Vendor (Note 9)	-	2,200,000
	7,120,785	9,352,023
Less: Impairment	(2,000,000)	(4,200,000)
	E 400 79E	E 452 022

5,120,785

5,152,023

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 11. Advances to the Then Joint Operation Entity

On 10 March 2016, the Company entered into a joint venture agreement ("JVA") with Cherish Words Sdn Bhd ("CWSB") to form an "unincorporated joint operation" to participate in a joint venture for subcontracting works.

Gandingan Mutiara Sdn Bhd ("GMSB") which is the main contractor for the Development Project that was awarded by FELDA to carry out the Development Project for a total sum of RM34,543,850 on 6 January 2014.

Subsequently on 16 March 2016, the parties entered into a supplemental joint venture agreement to amend the terms of the JVA. (the JVA and the supplementary JVA are collectively referred to as "the JVAs")

The salient terms of the JVAs, amongst others, are as follows:

- The Company agreed to participate in the subcontracting work by way of working capital contribution of RM3,700,000 in cash for the purposes of carrying out the balance of works for the Development Project awarded by GMSB.
- ii) Any profits as may be derived from the joint operations shall be first utilised to repay the working capital contributions to the Company.

The percentage of participation, execution of works and sharing of the profits arising out of the performance of the Development Project between the parties shall be on 50%:50% basis.

The Joint Venture Agreements were terminated on 28 July 2017 by mutual consent, and the outstanding amount of RM4,943,900 (Refer also to Note 10) to the Financial Statement will be settled via contra of properties.

#### 12. Trade Receivables

Group	2020 RM	2019 RM
Trade Receivables Less: Allowance for Impairment Losses	7,574,705 (3,695,184) <b>3,879,521</b>	7,305,206 (3,680,962) <b>3,624,244</b>
Allowance for Impairment Losses: As at 1 August 2019 / 2018 Addition during the Financial Year As at 31 July	3,680,962 14,222 3,695,184	3,680,962 

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 12. Trade Receivables (Cont'd)

Company	2020 RM	2019 RM
Trade Receivables Less: Allowance for Impairment Losses	7,424,277 (3,695,184) <b>3,729,093</b>	7,305,206 (3,680,962) <b>3,624,244</b>
Allowance for Impairment Losses: As at 1 August 2019 / 2018 Addition during the Financial Year As at 31 July	3,680,962 14,222 3,695,184	3,680,962  3,680,962

The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group and the Company range from 30 to 120 days (2019: 30 to 120 days). Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case-by-case basis.

#### 13. Amount Owing by Subsidiary Company

	Company	
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Amount Owing by Subsidiary Companies	2,309,315	3,180
Less: Subsidiary Company Disposed Of	-	-
	2,309,315	3,180
Allowance for Impairment Losses	-	-
As at 31 July	2,309,315	3,180
Movement in Allowance for Impairment Losses:		
At 1 August 2019 / 2018	-	-
Addition during the Financial Year		
	-	-
Less: Subsidiary Companies Disposed of		
As at 31 July		

The amounts owing by subsidiary companies that are individually impaired at the end of the reporting period relate to subsidiary companies that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments.

The non-trade balances represent unsecured, interest-free advances and payments made on behalf. The amounts owing by subsidiary companies are repayable on demand and to be settled in cash.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 14. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Group		
Cash and Bank Balances	28,250	47,029
Cash and Cash Equivalents	28,250	47,029
Company		
Cash and Bank Balances	25,121	47,029
Cash and Cash Equivalents	25,121	47,029

As the cash and bank balances are in Ringgit Malaysia, thus they are not subject to the risk of other currency exposure during the current financial year.

#### 15. Share Capital

	Group and Company			
	202	20	201	9
	Number of Shares (Unit)	RM	Number of Shares (Unit)	RM
lssued and Fully Paid: As at 1 August 2019 / 2018	148,900,656	17,385,288	143,480,203	16,769,968
Issued during the Year - Private Placement - ESOS Exercise	14,890,000 12,900,000	3,045,005 3,225,000	- 5,420,453	- 615,320
At 31 July	176,690,656	23,655,293	148,900,656	17,385,288

#### 16. Other Reserves

#### 16.1 Foreign Exchange Translation Reserve

In the previous financial period, foreign exchange translation reserve represents foreign currency exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Company's presentation currency.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 16. Other Reserves (Cont'd)

#### 16.2 Employees Share Option Reserve ("ESOS")

The employees' share option reserve represented the equity-settled share options granted to eligible employees and directors. The reserve was made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded over the vesting period commencing from the grant date of equity-settled share options, and was reduced by the expiry or exercise of the share options.

On 26 October 2017, the ESOS under the Existing SIS yet to be expired on 28 August 2020 had been terminated and replaced by the New SIS. The ESOS under the New SIS is governed by the New By-Laws, which was approved by shareholders on 17 May 2017. The ESOS is to be in force for a period of 5 years effective from 26 October 2017.

- (a) The salient features of ESOS under the New and Existing SIS, are as follows:
  - (i) The ESOS is administered by the Option Committee of the Company.
  - (ii) Eligible executives are those executives (including fulltime executive directors and chief executive officer) of the Group who have been confirmed in service on the date of the offer. The maximum allowable allotments for the fulltime executive directors have been approved by the shareholders of the Company in a general meeting.
  - (iii) The aggregate number of shares to be issued under the ESOS shall not be more than 30% of the issued share capital of the Company.
  - (iv) The Scheme shall be in force for a period of five (5) years with an extension period of another five (5) years from the first grant date.
  - (v) The option price shall be fixed at the higher of the 5 day weighted average market price of the shares of the Company preceding the date of offer with a discount of not more than 10% (or such discount as the relevant authorities shall permit).
  - (vi) The number of Shares so offered shall not be less than one hundred (100) Shares no more than the maximum number of allocations granted by the Option Committee in multiples of one hundred (100) Shares.
  - (vii) All new ordinary shares issued upon exercise of the options granted under the ESOS will rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company, provided always that new ordinary shares so allotted and issued, will not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments and/or other distributions declared, where the entitlement date of which is prior to date of allotment and issuance of the new ordinary shares.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 17. Trade Payables

	2020 RM	2019 RM
<b>Group</b> Trade Payables	142,583	141,204
<b>Company</b> Trade Payables	142,583_	141,204

The normal trade credit terms granted to the Group and the Company range from 30 days to 120 days (2019: 30 to 120 days).

#### 18. Other Payables and Accruals

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Group		
Other Payables	1,945,783	2,291,303
Accruals	428,030	333,384
As at 31 July	2,373,813	2,264,687
Company		
Other Payables	1,031,878	2,291,303
Accruals	422,060	333,384
As at 31 July	1,453,938	2,264,687

The amount owing to other payables is non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and is repayable upon demand.

#### 19. Net Assets Per Share

#### Group

The net assets per share is calculated based on the net assets value at the end of the reporting year divided by the number of ordinary shares in issue at the end of the reporting year as follows:

	2020	2019
Net Assets Value (RM) Number of Ordinary Shares in Issue (Unit)	16,990,523 176,690,656	11,536,217 148,900,656
Net Assets Value Per Share (Sen)	<u>9.62</u>	<u>7.75</u>

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 20. Share-Based Compensation Pursuant To ESOS

In the previous financial period, the Group and the Company had on 29 August 2014 granted share options to eligible employees and directors of certain subsidiaries to purchase shares in the Company under the ESOS, which was approved by the shareholders of the Company on 1 June 2015.

Movement in the number of share options is as follows:

	Group and Company		
	2020		
	RM	RM	
As at 1 August 2019 / 2018	3,026,607	3,026,607	
Granted	12,900,000	-	
Exercised	(12,900,000)		
As at 31 July	3,026,607	3,026,607	

The fair value of the share options granted was estimated by using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into consideration the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

The fair value of the share options measured at the grant date with the assumptions are as follows:

	Date of Share Options Granted 02.10.2019
Fair Value of Share Options at the Grant Date (RM Per Share)	0.21
Share Price (RM)	0.26
Exercise Price (RM)	0.25
Expected Volatility (%)	138.46
Expected Life (Years)	3.00
Risk Free Rate (%)	2.00

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 20. Share-Based Compensation Pursuant to ESOS (Cont'd)

	Group and Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM
Value of Employees' Services Received for Issue of Share Options		
Total Expense Recognised as Share-Based Compensation Pursuant to ESOS	-	-
As at 31 July		-

#### 21. Revenue

	2020 RM	2019 RM
Group Sales of Goods, Technical Support, Maintenance Income and Sale of Air Tickets	1,786,860	1,698,113
<b>Company</b> Sales of Goods, Technical Support and Maintenance Income	1,652,255	1,698,113

Revenue represent billings for sales of software, hardware, technical support, maintenance services less returns and discounts as well as sales of air tickets.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 22. Loss Before Taxation

Loss before taxation has been arrived at:

Loss before taxation has been arrive	Group			Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
After Charging: Allowance for Impairment Losses On:					
- Trade Receivables	14,222	-	14,222	-	
- Other Receivables	1,000,000	2,000,000	1,000,000	2,000,000	
Audit Fee					
- Current Year	89,000	85,000	80,000	85,000	
Depreciation of Property, Plant					
and Equipment	70,811	67,323	54,259	67,323	
Directors' Remuneration					
- Fees	96,000	276,000	96,000	276,000	
<ul> <li>Salaries and Allowances</li> </ul>	373,152	25,000	180,000	25,000	
Penalty	-	2,505	-	2,505	
Rental	218,781	185,975	170,437	185,975	
Staff Costs					
<ul> <li>Defined Contribution Plan</li> </ul>	78,861	49,769	36,012	49,769	
<ul> <li>Salaries and Wages</li> </ul>	501,998	441,124	265,870	441,124	
- SOCSO	11,828	5,923	5,404	5,923	
<b>And Crediting:</b> Gain on Disposal of Property,					
Plant and Equipment	(49,844)	-	(49,844)	-	
Other Income	(1,791)		(1,791)		

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 23. Income Tax Expenses

	(	Group	Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Current Tax:				
For the Current Financial Year	-	-	-	-
Over Provision in The Previous				
Financial Year			-	-
Deferred Tax	-	-	-	-
- For the Current Financial Year			-	-
As at 31 July				-

No income tax expenses have been provided in the financial statements for the current year as both the Group and the Company have incurred losses and have no chargeable income.

A reconciliation of income tax expense applicable to loss before taxation at the statutory income tax rate to income tax expense at the effective income tax rate of the Group and of the Company is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM
Loss Before Taxation	(1,057,765)	(1,773,606)	(444,717)	(1,774,426)
Tax at the Applicable Tax Rate of 24% (2019: 24%)	(253,864)	(425,665)	(106,732)	(425,862)
Tax Effects Arising From:				
Non-Deductible Expenses	514,869	472,430	280,808	471,947
Other Income Not Subject to Tax	(12,392)	(197)	(12,392)	-
Utilisation of Capital Allowances	-	(15,575)	-	(15,575)
Utilisation of Tax Losses	(248,613)	(30,993)	(161,684)	(30,510)
Tax Expense/(Refund) for the Financial Year			<u> </u>	

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 23. Income Tax Expenses (Cont'd)

The domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory tax rate of 24% (2019: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit of such business for the financial year.

The temporary differences attributable to the deferred tax liability and deferred tax assets which are not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

		Group		Company		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM		
Temporary Differences	(15,445)	(7,989,603)	(18,864)	(7,989,603)		
Unutilised Tax Losses	(402,795)	(10,059,228)	(402,705)	(10,059,228)		
	(418,240)	(18,048,831)	(421,569)	(18,048,831)		
Potential Deferred Tax Assets at 24% Not Yet						
Recognised	(100,378)	(4,331,719)	(101,177)	(4,331,719)		

#### **Group and Company**

Included in the potential deferred assets is an amount of NIL (2019: RM7,989,603) relate to unabsorbed capital allowances of a pioneer status business, which has ceased its operations in the previous financial year.

The Management is of the view that such unabsorbed capital allowances are unlikely to be utilised in the near future.

#### 24. Loss Per Ordinary Share

#### **Basic Loss per Ordinary Share**

Basic loss per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the net loss for the financial year attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year calculated as follows:

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 24. Loss Per Ordinary Share (Cont'd)

#### Basic Loss per Ordinary Share (Cont'd)

		Group
	2020	2019
	RM	RM
Net Loss for the Financial Year Attributable to - Owners of the Company	(815,699)	(1,775,615)
Weighted Average Number of Ordinary Shares (Unit)		
Issued and Paid-Up Ordinary Shares as at 1 August 2019 / 2018	148,900,656	143,480,203
Effect of Issuance of New Ordinary Shares during the Financial Year	27,790,000	5,420,453
As at 31 July	176,690,656	148,900,656
Basic Loss Per Share for the Financial Year Attributable to Equity Holders of the Company (Sen)	(0.46)	(1.19)

#### **Diluted Loss per Ordinary Share**

The basic and diluted loss per ordinary share is the same as the Group has no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 25. Operating Segments

Operating segments are prepared in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Group Executive Committee as its chief operating decision maker in order to allocate resources to segments and to assess their performance. For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on their products and services provided.

The Group is organised into 2 major operating segments as follows:

- Information Technology ("IT") and Information Communication Technology ("ICT") division involved in the research and development, system network support, trading in IT related products (hardware, software and accessories), electronic commerce provider and facilitator, software development and support services and others ("IT and ICT Division"); and
- (ii) Investment ("Investment Division").

As the Group has only one reportable segment that is principally engaged in the IT and ICT Division as stated above, accordingly information by operating segment on the Group's operations as required by MFRS 8 is not presented.

#### **Geographical Segments**

As the Group predominantly operates in one country that is Malaysia, the information by geographical segments of the Group's operations is not presented.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 26. Key Management Personnel Compensation

The key management personnel of the Group and of the Company include executive directors and nonexecutive directors of the Company. The remuneration and benefits of directors and other members of key management during the financial year are as follows:

a) The key management personnel compensation during the financial year is as follows:

	Group		Company		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
Directors					
Defined contribution plan	-	-	-	-	
Fees	96,000	276,000	96,000	276,000	
Salaries and allowances Share options granted under	373,152	25,000	180,000	25,000	
ESOS	-			-	
-	469,152	301,000	276,000	301,000	

b) The number of the Group's and Company's directors with total remuneration falling in bands of RM50,000 are as follows:

	Group		Company		
	2020 RM	2019 RM	2020 RM	2019 RM	
Executive Directors:					
Below RM50,000	-	-	-	-	
RM50,001-RM100,000	2	1	1	1	
RM100,001-RM150,000	2	-	1	-	
RM150,001-RM200,000	-	1	-	1	
RM200,001-RM250,000	-	-	-	-	
RM350,001-RM400,000	-	-	-	-	
RM400,001-RM450,000				-	
	4	2	2	2	
Non-Executive Directors:					
Below RM50,000	6	4	5	4	
Total	10	6	7	6	

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies

#### Legal Proceedings

#### i) Kuala Lumpur High Court Suit No. WA-28NCC-135-02/2019 Lor Ching Peng ("LCP") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

On 17 June 2016, LCP filed a claim against the Company at the Kuala Lumpur Industrial Court alleging that he was constructively dismissed by the Company and claim for loses and damages suffered by him in respect of the said constructive dismissal.

LCP also applied for reinstatement of his previous position in the Company without losses of salaries, allowances, service and seniority and/or fair and reasonable compensation in lieu.

On 1 September 2016, the Company's solicitor filed its Statement of Defence stating that the claimant has earlier voluntarily tendered his resignation by giving a 6 months' notice to the Company, but during certain part of the notice period, he failed to report to work.

The Company's solicitor opined that the claim is unlikely to succeed as LCP has to prove there are breaches of implied terms of trust and confidence by the Company.

On the trial dated 15 January 2018, both parties have reached a peaceful settlement in accordance with the mutually agreed terms where the company agrees to pay to the claimant RM85,000.00 as final settlement. With this settlement the claimant agrees not to makes any claims against the company for his service.

LCP has subsequently filed winding up petition against the Company. On 8 July 2020, the petition was heard before High Court Judge, Yang Arif Tuan Nadzarin. LCP failed in their attempt to wound up the Company. The Company succeeded in dismissing the petition with the cost of RM6,000.00.

#### ii) Sepang Session Court Suit No: BK52-A52-04-04/2018 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS")

The cause of action is breach of sales of goods contract. OBS has failed to pay the amount of goods that the Company have supplied and delivered. The amount of claim is RM152,731.84.

The Company have filed in an application for Summary Judgement under Order 14 Rule 1 of the High Court Rules 2012. Up to date, the Defendant failed to serve an Affidavit in Reply to the Company's application. Thus, the Company seek the Court for Order in Term in the Company's submission. The submission was filed on 22 October 2018 and decision fixed on 8 November 2018.

The Company has succeeded on Summary of Judgment with the amount claimed on 23 January 2019 but OBS make an appeal to high Court Shah Alam. Suit No: BA-12A-95-12/2018.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies (Cont'd)

#### Legal Proceedings (Cont'd)

ii) Sepang Session Court Suit No: BK52-A52-04-04/2018 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") (Cont'd)

#### Shah Alam High Court: Appeal No: BA-12A-95-12/2018 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

On 8 August 2019, the Company went for the Hearing of Appeal. The Court fixed for a decision date on 1 October 2019.

The High Court on 1 October 2019 has dismissed the appeal by OBS with cost of RM5,000.00. The Company have proceeded with a garnishee proceeding at the Sepang Session Court to freeze OBS account for RM152,731.84. Next Case Management is on 25 November 2019.

OBS dissatisfied with the High Court Decision as filed a Notice of Motion to appeal to the Court of Appeal.

#### Notice of Motion to Appeal B-08-392-10/2019 Court of Appeal: Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") as Applicant

We have filed our reply against the affidavit in support for *Notis Usul*. The Case Management is fixed for hearing of motion on 14 October 2020. The Applicant has subsequently withdrawn this Notice of Motion on 8 October 2020.

#### iii) Shah Alam Magistrate Court: Summon No: BA –A72NCC- 124-01/2017 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS")

The Company claims against the OBS for RM86,084.57 being payment for the goods supplied by the Company to the OBS. The Company filed application for Summary Judgement and Court allowed the Company application on 29 September 2017.

On 2 October 2017, the Company was informed that the Shah Alam Magistrate Court was in favor towards the Company where the Court has granted to amend their Statement of Defence and Summary Judgement amount of RM86,084.57.

OBS subsequently has filed an appeal against the decision by the magistrate court. The Case Management was set on 6 December 2017.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies (Cont'd)

#### Legal Proceedings (Cont'd)

iii) Shah Alam Magistrate Court: Summon No: BA –A72NCC- 124-01/2017 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") (Cont'd)

Shah Alam High Court: Appeal No: BA-11ANCC-18-10-2017 Appeal No: BA-11ANCC-17-10/2017 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

These appeals by OBS derived from the Company's suit against them that the Company claims for payment amounting of RM86,084.57 in the Shah Alam Magistrate Court. The appeals are against the decision made by same court. Suit No: BA-A72NCC-124-01/2017.

The Court has fixed the hearing on the appeal on 26 November 2018.

The Company already filed the Seizure & Sale and Garnishee Proceedings against OBS bank account. Additionally, the Company's solicitor will file the Winding Up Procedure against OBS if the amount recovered from the Garnishee and Seizure & Sale Proceeding is not enough to offset the amount awarded.

The appeal was justified, the court had ordered for full trial at the magistrate's court.

The trial was concluded on 11 April 2019 and decision was given on the same date whereas the Company's claim was allowed by the court for the amount of RM86,084.57 with cost of RM2,000.00.

Dissatisfied with the decision, OBS filed an appeal at Shah Alam High Court. It was fixed for Case Management on 26 June 2019. Further, it was fixed for Case Management on 22 October 2019 for the appellant to file Additional Record of Appeal.

#### Shah Alam High Court: Appeal No: BA-11BNCC-3-05/2019 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

On 22 October 2019, the matter was fixed for decision/clarification on 20 December 2019. The Company have filed the submission against the appeal and now waiting for the Appellant's (OBS) submission for the Company to reply.

The High Court Judge has dismissed OBS's appeal with cost RM2,000.00.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies (Cont'd)

#### Legal Proceedings (Cont'd)

#### iv) Sepang Session Court: Summon No: BK-A52NCVC-04-02/2017 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS")

The Company claim against OBS for RM461,385.29 being payment for the goods supplied by the Company to the OBS. The Company filed application for summary judgement. Both parties have filed submission.

On November 2017, Sepang Session Court has decided on two application made by the parties in the above said case. Where the Company's application for Summary Judgement for the amount RM461,385.29 under Order 14 of the Rules of the Court 2012 was allowed and OBS's application to amend their Statement of Defence is dismissed.

In the Summary, the Company have succeeded in getting a judgement against OBS for RM466,385.29.

#### Shah Alam High Court: Appeal No: BA12ANCVC – 187-12/2017 Appeal No: BA-12ANCVC – 188-12/2017 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

These appeals by OBS derived from the Company's suit against them that the Company claim for payment amounting of RM461,385.29 in the Sepang Session Court. The appeals are against the decision made by the Session Court Judge in Sepang Session Court. Suit No: BK-A52NCVC-04-2/2017.

The Court has fixed the appeal for Case Management on 4 October 2018.

The Company's solicitor will file the Seizure & Sale Proceeding and Garnishee Proceedings against OBS bank account. Also, the Company's solicitor will file the winding up procedure against OBS if the amount recovered from the Garnishee and Seizure & Sale Proceeding is not enough.

OBS has appealed to the High Court Shah Alam for dissatisfaction with the judgement against RM466,385.29. The Court allowed the appeal and the matter was returned back to Session Court for full trial. On 26 December 2019, during the Case Management, the matter was fixed for trial on 16 March 2020.

However, only on 13 March 2020, the Defendant (OBS) served the sealed copy of amended Defence. The Company have requested the Court to allow the Company to reply to OBS Amended Defence.

The Court has fixed for trial on 17 November 2020 and 18 November 2020.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies (Cont'd)

#### Legal Proceedings (Cont'd)

#### v) Kuala Lumpur High Court: Writ Summon: WA-22NCVC-39-01/2018 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

On 26 January 2018, OBS has re-filed a writ summon against the company for the breach of the Outsource Service Agreement dated 3 September 2014 in respect of a project related to "supply, install and commissioning of extra low voltage equipment and infrastructure for certain housing projects".

The lump sum price of the said project awarded was RM1,537,951 but OBS claimed that the Company has breached the contract and claimed for special damages and liquidated damages of RM493,540 and RM9,950,000 respectively.

The Company's solicitor has looked into all the documents filed by the OBS and has found out that there was no document to show that the Company is a party to a contract. The Company's solicitor has subsequently act to strike out the case on the basis that there is no cause of action towards the Company. This case was fixed for trial on 18 & 19 October 2018. Thereafter the company filed in the written submission.

On 21 January 2019, the judgement was delivered by the Honourable Judge Dato Zaki whereas the court has dismissed OBS's claim and awarded RM10,000.00 as cost to the Company. OBS dissatisfied with the decision and filed an appeal at the Court of Appeal Malaysia, Putrajaya by appeal number W-02(NCVC)(W)-244-02/2019.

#### Court of Appeal Malaysia, Putrajaya Appeal No: W-02(NCVC)(W)-244-02/2019 Observision Sdn Bhd ("OBS") vs SMTrack Berhad ("the Company")

After numerous delay, the appeal is fixed for Case Management on 3 September 2020 pending the Notice to Change Solicitor by the Appeal (since the passing away of Mr. D. Kalaimany, the Appellant's Solicitor) and pending the Ground of Judgement from the High Court.

#### vi) Sepang Session Court Suit No: BK-S1-A52-07-05/2018 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Lor Ching Peng ("LCP")

The Company has filed a new case against ex-employee of the Company, the cause of action is breach of contract whereby LCP has breached his contract when terminated the contract six (6) months earlier. The amount of claim is RM102,000.00.

The Court has fixed the trial date on 21 & 22 October 2020. Nevertheless. it was postponed by the court due to Conditional Movement Control Order ("CMCO") as a result of government action to curb the spread of Covid19 pandemic in Malaysia. There is no trial date fixed yet.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 27. Contingencies (Cont'd)

#### Legal Proceedings (Cont'd)

#### vii) Notice Section 466 (1) (a) & 466 (1) (e) of Companies Act, 2016 SMTrack Berhad ("the Company") vs Observision Sdn. Bhd. ("OBS")

We have initiated a winding up procedure against OBS based on judgement dated 8 November 2018 (Sepang Session Court Suit No: BK52-A52-04-04/2018).

The Company already send the notice on 24 October 2019.

Notice pursuant to Section 466(1)(a) & 466(1)(e) of the Companies Act served to OBS on 9 November 2020.

#### 28. Financial Instruments

The Group's activities are exposed to a variety of market risk (including foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and equity price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall financial risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies

The Group's policies in respect of the major areas of treasury activity are as follows:

#### a) Market Risk

i) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group does not have material foreign currency transactions, assets and liabilities and hence is not exposed to any significant or material currency risk.

ii) Interest Rate Risk

The Group does not have any floating rate borrowings and hence, is not exposed to interest rate risk.

iii) Equity Price Risk

The Group's principal exposure to equity price risk arises mainly from changes in quoted investment prices. The Group manages its exposure to equity price risk by maintaining a portfolio of equities with different risk profiles.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies (Cont'd)

#### b) Credit Risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk, or the risk of counterparties defaulting, arises mainly from trade and other receivables. The Group manages its exposure to credit risk by the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures on an ongoing basis. For other financial assets (including quoted investments, cash and bank balances and derivatives), the Group minimises credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties.

The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the trade receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due or more than 180 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

The Group establishes an allowance for impairment that represents its estimate of incurred losses in respect of the trade and other receivables as appropriate. The main components of this allowance are a specific loss component that relates to individually significant exposures, and a collective loss component established for groups of similar assets in respect of losses that have been incurred but not yet identified. Impairment is estimated by management based on prior experience and the current economic environment.

The Company provides corporate guarantees to a supplier for purchases made by a subsidiary. The Company monitors the payments made by the subsidiary.

i) Credit Risk Concentration Profile

The Group's major concentration of credit risk relates to the amounts owing by 4 (2019:4) customers which constituted approximately 89% (2019: 84%) of its trade receivables at the end of the reporting period.

ii) Exposure to Credit Risk

At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group and of the Company after deducting any allowance for impairment losses (where applicable).

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies (Cont'd)

#### b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

ii) Exposure to Credit Risk (Cont'd)

In addition, the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk also includes corporate guarantees provided to a supplier for purchases made by a subsidiary as disclosed under the 'Maturity Analysis' of item (c) below, representing the amount owing to a supplier by its subsidiary as at the end of the reporting period. These corporate guarantees have not been recognised in the Company's financial statements since their fair values on initial recognition were not material. As at the end of the reporting period, there was no indication that the subsidiary would default on payment.

iii) Ageing Analysis

The ageing analysis of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period is as follows:					
	Gross	Individual	Collective	Carrying	
Group	Amount RM	Impairment RM	Impairment RM	Value RM	
At 31 July 2020					
Not Past Due	145,463	-	-	145,463	
Past Due: Less than 3 Months 3 to 6 Months Over 6 Months Over 1 Year	283,025 254,715 857,973 <u>6,033,529</u> <b>7,574,705</b>	- - - (3,695,184) (3,695,184)	- - - -	283,025 254,715 857,973 2,338,345 <b>3,879,521</b>	
At 31 July 2019					
Not Past Due	141,509	-	-	141,509	
Past Due: Less than 3 Months 3 to 6 Months Over 6 Months Over 1 Year	141,509 283,019 1,126,247 5,612,922 <b>7,305,206</b>	- - - - (3,680,962) (3,680,962)	- - - - -	141,509 283,019 1,126,247 <u>1,931,960</u> <b>3,624,244</b>	

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies (Cont'd)

#### b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

iii) Ageing Analysis (Cont'd)

Company	Gross Amount RM	Individual Impairment RM	Collective Impairment RM	Carrying Value RM
At 31 July 2020				
Not Past Due	145,463	-	-	145,463
Past Due: Less than 3 Months 3 to 6 Months Over 6 Months Over 1 Year	283,025 254,715 707,545 6,033,529 <b>7,424,277</b>	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - -	283,025 254,715 707,545 2,338,345 <b>3,729,093</b>
At 31 July 2019				
Not Past Due	141,509	-	-	141,509
Past Due: Less than 3 Months 3 to 6 Months Over 6 Months Over 1 Year	141,509 283,019 1,126,247 <u>5,612,922</u> <b>7,305,206</b>	- - - (3,680,962) (3,680,962)	- - - -	141,509 283,019 1,126,247 <u>1,931,960</u> <b>3,624,244</b>

At the end of the reporting period, trade receivables that are individually impaired were those in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancement.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies (Cont'd)

#### b) Credit Risk (Cont'd)

iii) Ageing Analysis (Cont'd)

The collective impairment allowance is determined based on estimated irrecoverable amounts from the sale of goods, determined by reference to past default experience.

#### Trade receivables that are past due but not impaired

The Group believes that no additional impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these trade receivables. They are substantially companies with good collection track record and no recent history of default.

#### Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

A significant portion of trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are regular customers that have been transacting with the Group. The Group uses ageing analysis to monitor the credit quality of the trade receivables. Any receivables having significant balances past due or more than 180 days, which are deemed to have higher credit risk, are monitored individually.

#### c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises mainly from general funding and business activities. The Group practises prudent risk management by maintaining sufficient cash balances and the availability of funding through certain committed credit facilities.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.1 Financial Risk Management Policies (Cont'd)

#### c) Liquidity Risk (Cont'd)

The following table sets out the maturity profile of the financial liabilities as at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on the rates at the end of the reporting period):

Group	Carrying Amount RM	Contractual Undiscounted Cash Flows RM	Within 1 Year RM
At 31 July 2020			
Trade Payables	142,583	142,583	142,583
Other Payables and Accruals	2,373,813	2,373,813	2,373,813
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,516,396	2,516,396	2,516,396
At 31 July 2019	· ·		
Trade Payables	141,204	141,204	141,204
Other Payables and Accruals	2,624,687	2,624,687	2,624,687
	2,765,891	2,765,891	2,765,891
Company			
At 31 July 2020			
Trade Payables	142,583	142,583	142,583
Other Payables and Accruals	1,453,938	1,453,938	1,453,938
	1,596,521	1,596,521	1,596,521
At 31 July 2019			
Trade Payables	141,204	141,204	141,204
Other Payables and Accruals	2,624,687	2,624,687	2,624,687
	2,765,891	2,765,891	2,765,891
Note:			

\* The contractual undiscounted cash flows represent the amount owing to a supplier by a subsidiary at the end of the reporting period. The financial guarantee has not been recognised since its fair values on initial recognition were not material.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.2 Capital Risk Management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities within the Group will be able to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to support its businesses and maximise shareholders' value. To achieve this objective, the Group may make adjustments to the capital structure in view of changes in economic conditions, such as adjusting the amount of dividend payment, returning of capital to shareholders or issuing new shares.

The Group manages its capital based on debt-to-equity ratio. The Group's strategies were unchanged from the previous financial year. The debt-to-equity ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as interest-bearing borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

The debt-to-equity ratio as at 31 July 2020 is not presented as it is not applicable since the Group and the Company have no interest-bearing borrowings.

The Group is also required to comply with the disclosure and necessary capital requirements as prescribed in the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

#### 28.3 Classification of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. The principal accounting policies in Note 4.5 to the financial statements describe how classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expense, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.3 Classification of Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

The table below provides an analysis of financial instruments as at 30 June 2020 categories as follows:

#### Amortised Cost ("AC")

		Carrying Amount RM	AC RM
Group			
At 31 July 2020			
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepa Amount Owing by Associate Company Cash and Cash Equivalents	ayment	3,879,521 12,483,731 380,000 28,250 <b>16,771,502</b>	3,879,521 12,483,731 380,000 28,250 <b>16,771,502</b>
Financial Liabilities Trade Payables Other Payables and Accruals		142,583 2,373,813 <b>2,516,396</b>	142,583 2,373,813 <b>2,516,396</b>
	Loans and Receivables RM	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost RM	Total RM
At 31 July 2019		Liabilities at Amortised	Total RM
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables	Receivables	Liabilities at Amortised Cost	
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment	Receivables RM	Liabilities at Amortised Cost	RM
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and	Receivables RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029	Liabilities at Amortised Cost	RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment Amount Owing by Associate Company	Receivables RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200	Liabilities at Amortised Cost	RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200
Financial Assets Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment Amount Owing by Associate Company Cash and Cash Equivalents Financial Liabilities Trade Payables	Receivables RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029	Liabilities at Amortised Cost RM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029 14,172,396 141,204
Financial Assets Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment Amount Owing by Associate Company Cash and Cash Equivalents Financial Liabilities	Receivables RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029	Liabilities at Amortised Cost RM - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	RM 3,624,244 10,095,923 405,200 47,029 14,172,396

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.3 Classification of Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

Company		Carrying Amount RM	AC RM
At 31 July 2020			
<b>Financial Assets</b> Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepa Amount Owing by Subsidiary Company Amount Owing by Associate Company Cash and Cash Equivalents		3,729,093 9,064,685 2,309,315 380,000 25,121 <b>15,508,214</b>	3,729,093 9,064,685 2,309,315 380,000 25,121 <b>15,508,214</b>
Financial Liabilities Trade Payables Other Payables and Accruals		142,583 1,453,938 <b>1,596,521</b>	142,583 1,453,938 <b>1,596,521</b>
At 31 July 2019	Loans and Receivables RM	Financial Liabilities at Amortised Cost RM	Total RM
Financial Assets Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment Amount Owing by Subsidiary	3,624,244 10,095,923	-	3,624,244 10,095,923
Company Amount Owing by Associate Company Cash and Cash Equivalents	3,180 405,200 47,029	-	3,180 405,200 47,029
Financial Liabilities Trade Payables Other Payables and Accruals		- 141,204 <u>2,624,687</u> <b>2,765,891</b>	14,175,576 141,204 2,624,687 2,765,891

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 28. Financial Instruments (Cont'd)

#### 28.4 Fair Value Information

#### a) Determination of Fair Value

The following are classes of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

Financial Assets (Current)	Note
Trade Receivables Other Receivables, Deposits and Prepayment Amount Owing by Subsidiary Companies Cash and Cash Equivalents	12 10 13 14
Financial Liability (Current) Trade Payables Other Payables and Accruals	17 18

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and financial liabilities are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates or near the financial period end.

#### b) Fair Value Hierarchy

As the financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group and of the Company are not carried at fair value by any valuation method, the fair value hierarchy analysis is not presented.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 29. Significant Events during the Financial Year

i) On 12 August 2016, the Company entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with shareholders of Wellspring Worldwide Limited ("Wellspring") to acquire 230,000,000 shares representing the entire equity interest in Wellspring ("MOU"). Pursuant to the MOU, the Company and the Vendors irrevocably confirm and agree to enter into the Share Sale Agreement ("SSA") within 6 months from the date of the MOU or such other extended period as may be agreed by the parties. The parties have on 20 February 2017 executed a letter of extension to extend the exclusively the period of the MOU to 11 June 2017 and further extended to 31 March 2018 consequently.

On 18 April 2018, the Company has decided not to proceed with the proposed acquisition after considering, amongst others, financial performance for FYE 31 December 2017 which does not meet the Company's expectation. The Company and Stage 1 Vendors has entered into a Deed of Termination, Release and Discharge to terminate the SSA in due course and the Proposed Rights Issue of Share with Warrants, Proposed MGO and Proposed Private Placement 2 has been aborted subsequent to the termination of the SSA.

ii) On 29 January 2018, the Company have entered into a Collaboration Agreement with VFTech Sdn Bhd ("VF Tech") in respect of the Strategic Partnership in the implementation of the vessel fuel intelligent tracker with the real time vessel (GDP/AIS) tracking system worldwide.

Smart Marine Tech Sdn Bhd ("SMTSB") was incorporated on 20 February 2018 with One Hundred (100) Ordinary Share Capital which has been issued & fully paid by the Company subscribed for 51% of the issued share capital of SMTSB in cash and the balance of 49% is held by VF Tech.

On 13 September 2018, the Company entered into a Termination Agreement to mutually terminate the Collaboration Agreement dated 29 January 2018. The reason for the termination is VF Tech's financial performance does not meet the Company's expectation.

In relation with this termination, on 21 September 2018 the Company has acquired the remaining 49% equity interest in Smart Marine Tech Sdn Bhd thus becoming as wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company.

iii) On 8 February 2018, the Company completed the execution of a Supply and Purchase Agreement with Prins Solution Sdn Bhd for the purchase of customized goods, namely LED screen, LED Screen Towers, Wallscape Panels and such other equipment used for digital/electronics advertising purposes ("Goods") at a contract price of RM3,500,000.00 only. The Company purchase the Goods for the purpose of fitting into projects in Penang and Johor. The Supplier must supply to the Company the Goods as per specification required and confirmed by the authorities.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 29. Significant Events during the Financial Year (Cont'd)

iv) On 3 July 2019, the Company have entered into a Sale of Shares Agreement ("SSA") to acquire three million two hundred and forty thousand (3,240,000) ordinary shares, representing 60% equity interest in Dexma Express Sdn. Bhd. (1183272-K) ("Dexma") from Alvin Heng Jee Shi ("Vendor") for a cash consideration of RM2,800,000.00 ("the Acquisition"). Upon completion of the Acquisition, Dexma will be a 60% owned subsidiary of SMTrack.

On 23 July 2019, Dexma has changed its name to Citilink Aviation (M) Sdn. Bhd. With effect from 18 July 2019 as stipulated in the Certificate of Incorporation on Change of Name of Company issued by the Companies Commission of Malaysia, which was received by the Company on 23 July 2019.

On 23 September 2019, the acquisition of 60% equity interest in Citilink Aviation (M) Sdn. Bhd. (Formerly known as Dexma Express Sdn. Bhd.) has been completed. Accordingly, Citilink Aviation (M) Sdn. Bhd. (Formerly known as Dexma Express Sdn. Bhd. has become the subsidiary of the Company.

v) On 22 July 2019, the Company have announced that the Company proposed to undertake the Proposed Private Placement.

On 24 July 2019, the listing application in relation to the Proposed Private Placement has been submitted to Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

On 22 August 2019, Bursa Securities had approved the listing of and quotation for up to 14,890,000 new SMTrack Shares to be issued pursuant to the Private Placement. The approval granted by Bursa Securities for the Private Placement is subject to SMTrack must fully comply with the relevant provisions under the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities pertaining to the implementation of the Private Placement, SMTrack to inform Bursa Securities upon the completion of the Private Placement, and SMTrack to furnish Bursa Securities with a written confirmation of its compliance with the terms and conditions of Bursa Securities' approval once the Private Placement is completed.

On 27 August 2019, the Company have fixed the issue price for the first tranche of the Placement Shares at RM0.1960 each ("Issue Price"). The Issue Price represents a discount of approximately RM0.0217 or 9.97% to the 5-day volume weighted average market price of SMTrack Shares up to and including 26 August 2019 of RM0.2177 per SMTrack Share.

On 10 September 2019, the Company have fixed the issue price for the second tranche of the Placement Shares at RM0.2130 each ("Issue Price"). The Issue Price represents a discount of approximately RM0.0231 or 9.78% to the 5-day volume weighted average market price of SMTrack Shares up to and including 6 September 2019 of RM0.2361 per SMTrack Share.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 29. Significant Events during the Financial Year (Cont'd)

vi) On 25 September 2019, the Company have received a Special Notice on the intention to remove and appoint directors from two shareholders of the Company who stated that jointly holding more than ten per centum (10%) of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at meetings of members of the Company as at the date of deposit of the said Special Notice.

On 9 October 2019, after due verification on the shareholdings of the requisitionists, namely Chung Kah Haur and Queck Han Tiong, the aggregate shareholdings of the said requisitionists did not reach the prescribed minimum percentage of ten per centum (10%) on or after the serving of Special Notice. As such, the Special Notice is deemed null and void. The Company had engaged Messrs. Fairuz to take necessary action(s) against the requisitionists.

On 10 October 2019, the Company had filed an originating summons WA-24NCC-525-10/2019 at the Kuala Lumpur High Court against the requisitionists.

On 28 November 2019, a consent order was recorded between the Company and Mr. Chung Kah Haur with no order as to costs at the Kuala Lumpur High Court wherein vide the consent order Mr Chung Kah Haur had withdrawn the Notice of Requisition dated 25 September 2019. In light of the consent order there was no longer any necessity for the suit to be proceeded against Mr Queck Han Tiong and as such the Company had withdrawn the suit against Mr Queck Han Tiong with no order as to costs.

vii) On 2 October 2019, Pursuant to Rule 9.19(51) of the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, SMTRACK has offered options to eligible directors under its SIS. The total number of options offered is 12,900,000 with the exercise price of RM0.25 per share. The market price on the date of offer is RM0.2636.

On 16 October 2019, Datuk Tan Choon Hwa (JP, JMK) which is one of the Director of the Company has submitted the Notice of Exercise of Option. The total number of shares to be exercised and listed is 12,900,000 ordinary shares at an option price of RM0.25 per share.

viii) On 18 November 2019, the Company have proposed to undertake an issue of up to 88,345,328 free warrants in the Company on the basis of 1 Warrant for every 2 existing ordinary shares in the Company held on an entitlement date to be determined and announced later.

On 29 November 2019, the additional listing application in relation to the Proposed Free Warrants Issue has been submitted to Bursa Securities.

On 12 May 2020, the Company has resolved not to proceed with the Proposed Free Warrants Issue.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 29. Significant Events during the Financial Year (Cont'd)

ix) On 12 May 2020, the Company proposed undertake a private placement of up to 53,007,100 new SMTrack Shares, representing approximately 30% of the existing number of issued Shares of SMTrack.

On 19 May 2020, the listing application in relation to the Proposed Private Placement has been submitted to Bursa Securities.

On 19 June 2020, Bursa Securities had approved the listing of and quotation for up to 53,007,100 new SMTrack Shares to be issued pursuant to the Private Placement. The approval granted by Bursa Securities for the Private Placement is subject to SMTrack must fully comply with the relevant provisions under the ACE Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities pertaining to the implementation of the Private Placement, SMTrack to inform Bursa Securities upon the completion of the Private Placement, and SMTrack to furnish Bursa Securities with a written confirmation of its compliance with the terms and conditions of Bursa Securities' approval once the Private Placement is completed.

On 6 August 2020, the Company have fixed the issue price for the first and final tranche of the Placement Shares at RM0.1577 each ("Issue Price"). The Issue Price represents a discount of approximately RM0.0175 or 9.99% to the 5-day volume weighted average market price of SMTrack Shares up to and including 5 August 2020 of RM0.1752 per SMTrack Share.

#### 30. Significant Events after the Financial Year

On 20 October 2020, the Company proposes to undertake the issuance of redeemable convertible notes ("Notes") with an aggregate principal amount of up to RM120 million, which will mature on the date falling sixty (60) months from the closing date of the first sub-tranche of the Tranche 1 Notes ("Proposed Notes Issue") and diversification of the principal activities of SMTrack and its subsidiaries to include the business of commercial air transport operations ("Proposed Diversification").

On 23 October 2020, the listing application in relation to the Proposed Notes Issue and Proposed Diversification have been submitted to Bursa Securities.

#### 31. Significant Accounting Disclosure

"The Coronavirus disease 2019 ("COVID-19") pandemic has interrupted the movement of people and goods throughout the world, and many levels of government are instituting restrictions on individuals and businesses, including Malaysia, where majority of the Company's operations are located. In relation to this, the Government of Malaysia has issued a Federal Government Gazette on 18 March 2020 imposing a Movement Control Order ('MCO') effective from 18 March 2020 up until 6 June 2020.

As At 31 JULY 2020 (CONT'D)

#### 31. Significant Accounting Disclosure (Cont'd)

As at the date of the authorisation of the financial statements, the Company has determined that these events are non-adjusting subsequent events in accordance with MFRS 110 Events after the Reporting Period. Accordingly, the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended 31 July 2020 have not been adjusted to reflect their impact. The duration and impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, as well as the effectiveness of government and central bank responses, remains unclear at this time. it is not possible to reliably estimate the duration and severity of these consequences, as well as their impact on the financial position and results of future periods.

Notwithstanding of the above, the Company anticipates that the effects of COVID-19 might be recognized in the financial statements for the financial year ending 31 July 2021. the effects of COVID-19 would potentially impact the judgements and assumptions used in the preparation of the financial statements for the financial year ending 31 July 2021, such as expected credit losses of financial assets ("ECL"), fair value measurements of financial instruments, assessments of assets (property, plant and equipment), financial asset and non-financial asset; and liabilities that will affect the Company in totality.

#### 32. Authorisation for Issue of Financial Statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue on 27 November 2020 by the Board of Directors.

## ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 OCTOBER 2020

TOTAL NUMBER OF ISSUED SHARES CLASSES OF SHARES **VOTING RIGHTS** 

229,697,756 Ordinary Shares One vote per ordinary share (on poll)

#### **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Size of Shareholding	No of		No. of	
	Holders	%	Shares	%
1 - 99	228	5.93	9.276	0.00
100 – 1.000	573	14.90	228,723	0.00
1,001 - 10,000	1,405	36.53	7,728,325	3.37
10,001 – 100,000	1,355	35.23	50,232,750	21.87
100,001 – 11,484,887*	283	7.36	146,413,932	63.74
11,484,888 AND ABOVE**	2	0.05	25,084,750	10.92
TOTAL	3,846	100.00	229,697,756	100.00

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1

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#### Remark:

\* Less than 5% of issued shares \*\* 5% and above issued shares

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER

As per the Register of Substantial Shareholders

Name	Direct Interest	% of Issued Capital	Indirect Interest	% of Issued Capital
Datuk Tan Choon Hwa (JP, JMK)	12,924,500	5.63	-	-
Jacqualine Lee Fei Fei	23,445,000	10.21	-	-
TOTAL	36,369,500	15.84	-	-

#### **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES**

As per the Register of Directors' Shareholdings

Name	Direct Interest	% of Issued Capital	Indirect Interest	% of Issued Capital
Azmi Bin Osman	-	-	-	-
Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid	-	-	-	-
Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim	-	-	-	-
Datuk Chua Wei Kee	-	-	-	-
Ng Swee Tuo	-	-	-	-
Mahnorizal Bin Mahat	-	-	-	-

#### LIST OF THIRTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name	No. of Shares	% of Shares
1.	DATUK TAN CHOON HWA (JP, JMK)	12,924,500	5.63
2.	PUBLIC INVEST NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD	12,160,250	5.29
	EXEMPT AN FOR PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD (CLIENTS)		
3.	JACQUELINE LEE FEI FEI	11,445,000	4.98
4.	ABDUL HAMED BIN SEPAWI	8,550,000	3.72
5.	BRENAM CHEW SIAK YEW	7,000,000	3.05
6.	AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD.	5,200,000	2.26
	PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR LIM SHIOU GHAY (M01)		
7.	LIM SHIOU GHAY	4,420,757	1.93
8.	CH'NG EWE TEAT	4,201,200	1.83
9.	TAN MENG HOOI	3,210,000	1.40
10.	SJ SEC NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD	2,895,200	1.26
	PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR FRANCIS HO IK SING		
4.4		0 707 700	1.01
11. 12.		2,767,700	1.21
12. 13.	KIBARAN HASRAT SDN. BHD. HLIB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD	2,125,000 1,857,700	0.93 0.81
15.	HONG LEONG BANK BHD FOR OOI YONG PING	1,057,700	0.01
14.	HO LI KOON	1,686,000	0.73
15.	JEE BEN CHIM @ JEE BUNG KIN	1,500,100	0.65
16.	YVONNE LIM TSUI PING	1,500,000	0.65
17.	SIEW CHEE HOOI	1,476,400	0.64
18.	YEONG LAY CHOO	1,455,000	0.63
19.	LIM SHIOU GHAY	1,300,000	0.57
20.	UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD	1,278,800	0.56
20.	EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD ( A/C CLIENTS )	1,210,000	0.00
21.	TOH SOON SENG	1,253,500	0.55
22.	KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD	1,248,700	0.54
	PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TEH CHEE TEONG	, -,	
23.	LIEW CHAI YEE	1,111,700	0.48
24.	ONG ZHENG XIANG	1,050,000	0.46
25.	CHUNG YUK PHIN	1,036,400	0.45
26.	HEW SOON WEE	1,000,000	0.44
27.	LAM AH MEI	1,000,000	0.44
28.	LIM SWEE BING	1,000,000	0.44
29.	HONG HANG PENG	980,000	0.43
30.	HO KAN TENG	950,000	0.41
		99,583,907	43.37

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT** the Fifteenth Annual General Meeting of SMTRACK BERHAD will be conducted fully virtual at the Broadcast Venue at Level 10, Tower 1, Avenue 5, Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan on Monday, 28 December 2020 at 10.30 a.m. for the following purposes:-

#### AGENDA

- 1. To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 July 2020 together with Reports of the Directors' and the Auditors' thereon. Please refer to Note 7
- 2. To approve the Directors' fees and benefits of payable up to an amount of RM300,000 for the period from 29 December 2020 until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2021.

**Ordinary Resolution 1** 

- 3. To re-elect the following Director who retires pursuant to Clause 97 of the Constitution of the Company:-
  - (i) Mr. Azmi Bin Osman
- 4. To re-elect the following Directors who retire pursuant to Clause 104 of the Constitution of the Company:-
  - (i) Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim
  - (ii) Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid
  - (iv) Datuk Chua Wei Kee
- 5. To re-appoint Messrs. Jamal, Amin & Partners as Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. Ordinary Resolution 6

#### As Special Business

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following Resolutions:-

#### 6. **PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY**

**"THAT** the Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company as set out in "Appendix A" be and are hereby approved and adopted.

**AND THAT** the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all acts and things and take all such steps that may be necessary and/or expedient to give effect to the Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company will full power to assent to any modification, variation and/or amendment as may be required by the relevant authorities." **Special Resolution** 

### 7. AUTHORITY FOR DIRECTORS TO ISSUE SHARES PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 75 AND 76 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2016

"THAT subject to the passing of Special Resolution, pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016 ("the Act"), and the approvals of the relevant governmental and/or regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby authorized pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act to issue and allot shares in the company at any time the Constitution of the Company and the approvals of the relevant government and/or regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby authorised, pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act to issue and allot shares in the Company at any time the Constitution of the Company and the approvals of the relevant government and/or regulatory authorities, the Directors be and are hereby authorised, pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act, to issue and allot shares in the Company at any time until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting or the expiration of the period within which the next Annual General Meeting is required by law to be held or revoked/varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting whichever is the earlier and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deemed fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued does not exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares of the Company for the time being and that the Directors are also empowered to obtain the approval from Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad for the listing of and quotation for the additional shares to be issued." Ordinary Resolution 7

**Ordinary Resolution 2** 

**Ordinary Resolution 3** 

**Ordinary Resolution 4** 

**Ordinary Resolution 5** 

### 8. ENHANCED GENERAL MANDATE FOR RIGHTS ISSUE ON PRO RATA BASIS ("ENHANCED RIGHTS ISSUE MANDATE")

**"THAT** subject to the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities and compliance with the relevant applicable legal requirements including the Constitution of the Company, and any other constituent documents (if any), the Directors be and are hereby empowered to undertake an Enhanced Rights Issue Exercise from the date of the Annual General Meeting up to 31 December 2021, **PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT**:

- (i) The Enhanced Rights Issue Mandate can only be exercised for rights issue of Ordinary Shares;
- (ii) The new shares to be issued in line with the Enhanced Rights Issue Mandate must not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares (excluding Treasury Shares);
- (iii) The price of the Rights Shares to be issued are not priced at more than 30% discount to the theoretical ex-rights price;
- (iv) An irrevocable letter(s) of undertaking from the existing controlling shareholders to subscribe for their full entitlements is procured; and
- (v) The Company continues to comply with all the other requirements for new issue of securities under the Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad, including the obligation to announce the rights issue with information as prescribed in the Listing Requirements.

**THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to disregard and deal with any fractional entitlements of the Rights Shares arising from the Rights Issue of Shares, if any, in such manner as the Board, in their absolute discretion deems fit, expedient, and to be in the best interest of the Company.

**THAT** the rights shares which are not taken up or validly taken up shall be made available for excess applications by the Entitled Shareholders and/ or their renouncee(s), if any, the Board be and is hereby authorised to allocate such excess rights shares on a basis as the Board shall at its absolute discretion, deem fit, expedient, and to be in the best interest of the Company.

**THAT** the proceeds from the Enhanced Rights Issue be utilised in such manner as the Board, may at its absolute discretion, deem fit, expedient and to be in the best interest of the Company, subject to the approval of the relevant authorities, where required.

**THAT** the rights shares shall, upon allotment and issuance, rank pari passu in all respects with the existing Shares, save and except that the rights shares will not be entitled to any dividends, rights, allotments and/ or any other form of distributions where the entitlement date of such dividends, rights, allotments and/ or any other form of distributions precedes the relevant date of allotment and issuance of the rights shares.

**AND THAT** the Board be and is hereby authorised to sign and execute all documents to give effect to the Enhanced Rights Issue with full power to assent to any condition, modification, variation and/ or amendment in any manner as may be required or imposed by the relevant authorities and to take all steps and do all acts and things in the manner as the Board may consider necessary or expedient in order to implement, finalise and give full effect to the Enhanced Rights Issue." **Ordinary Resolution 8** 

9. To transact any other business that may be transacted at an annual general meeting of which due notice shall have been given in accordance with the Companies Act, 2016 and the Constitution of the Company.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD WONG YOUN KIM (MAICSA 7018778) (SSM Practising Certificate No.: 201908000410) Company Secretary

Selangor Darul Ehsan Date : 27 November 2020

#### NOTES :

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead, and that a proxy may but need not be a Member.
- 2. Where a member appoints more than one proxy to attend at the same meeting, the instrument of proxy must specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. He must also specify which proxy is entitled to vote.
- 3. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint up to two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account ("Omnibus account") it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation either under the common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney so authorised.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized certified copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Level 2, Tower 1, Avenue 5, Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting and any adjournment thereof.
- 6. In respect of deposited securities, only a member whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on 21 December 2020 shall be eligible to attend, speak and vote at the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/vote on his behalf.
- 7. Agenda 1 is to table the Audited Financial Statements pursuant to the provision of Section 340(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2016 and is meant for discussion only. It does not require a formal approval and/or adoption by the shareholders of the Company and hence, Agenda 1 is not put forward for voting.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES ON SPECIAL BUSINESS

#### **Special Resolution**

#### - Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company

The Special Resolution proposed under item 6 is in line with Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad's letter dated 16 April 2020 to allow a listed corporation to seek a higher mandate under Rule 6.03 of the ACE Market Listing Requirements of not more than twenty percent (20%) of the total number of issued shares for issue of new securities and the prevailing statutory and regulatory requirements, as well as to provide clarity and consistency. The Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company are set out in the "Appendix A" accompanying the Notice of the AGM dated 27 November 2020.

This Special Resolution needs a majority of not less than seventy-five percent (75%) of such members who are entitled to vote either in person or by proxy.

#### **Ordinary Resolution 7**

#### - Resolution pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016

The Proposed Ordinary Resolution 7, if passed, is to give the Directors of the Company flexibility to issue and allot shares up to an amount not exceeding twenty per centum (20%) of the Company's total number of issued share capital for the time being upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such person or persons as Directors of the Company in their absolute discretion consider to be in the interest of the Company, without having to convene a separate general meeting so as to avoid incurring additional cost and time. The purpose of this general mandate is for possible fund-raising exercises including but not limited to further placement of shares for purposes of funding current and/or future investment projects, working capital and/or acquisitions.

The Board is of the opinion that the issue and allot shares up to an amount not exceeding twenty per centum (20%) is in the best interest of the Company.

The general mandate sought for issue of shares is a renewal of the mandate that was approved by the shareholders at the last AGM held on 27 December 2019 which will lapse at the conclusion of this AGM.

This authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or the expiration of the period within which the next AGM is required by law to be held or revoked/varied by resolution passed by the shareholders in general meeting whichever is the earlier.

As at the date of this Notice, a total of 14,890,000 Placement Shares has been issued and allotted during the period from 4 September 2019 to 17 September 2019 in two (2) tranches. The status of the utilisation of proceed raised from the Proposed Private Placement is as follows:-

Purpose	Proposed Utilisation RM	Actual Utilisation RM	Intended Timeframe for Utilisation (from listing date)
Working Capital Estimated expenses relating to the	5,170,710	5,170,710	Within 18 months
Proposed Private Placement	130,000	130,000	Within 2 weeks
	5,300,710	5,300,710	

#### **Ordinary Resolution 8**

#### Enhanced General Mandate for Rights Issue on Pro Rata Basis

The Enhanced Rights Issue Mandate is a temporary relief measure allowing eligible listed issuers to obtain mandated shareholder approval at a general meeting to undertake rights issue exercises.

This temporary flexibility will allow expedited right issue exercises by the Company via an enhanced rights issue framework, which allows the Company to issue new rights shares on a pro rata basis, up to 50% of the total number of issued shares.

Under this expedited process, the Company will be granted greater flexibilities to manage market uncertainties while making capital calls, and fast track secondary fundraising, subject to certain safeguards.

The Board is of the opinion that the Enhance Rights Issue Mandate in the best interest of the Company and its shareholders.

#### PERSONAL DATA POLICY

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents agents) of the personal data of such pr

#### APPENDIX A

#### PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

#### Details of the Proposed Amendments to the Constitution

The Clauses of the Constitution of the Company are proposed to be amended in the following manner:-

Clause No.	Existing Clauses	Clause No.	Proposed Clauses
7	Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, and subject to the provisions of this Constitution, the Act, the Central Depositories Act and to the provisions of any resolution of the Company, shares in the Company may be issued by the Directors, who may allot or otherwise dispose of such shares to such persons on such terms and conditions with such (whether in regard to dividend, voting or return of capital) preferred, deferred or other special rights and either at a premium or otherwise, and subject to such restrictions and at such time or times as the Directors may think fit but the Directors in making any issue of shares shall comply with the following conditions:-	7	Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares, and subject to the provisions of this Constitution, <b>Listing Requirements</b> , the Act, the Central Depositories Act and to the provisions of any resolution of the Company, shares in the Company may be issued by the Directors, who may allot or otherwise dispose of such shares to such persons on such terms and conditions with such (whether in regard to dividend, voting or return of capital) preferred, deferred or other special rights and either at a premium or otherwise, and subject to such restrictions and at such time or times as the Directors may think fit but the Directors in making any issue of shares shall comply with the following conditions:-
15	Subject to the Listing Requirements, the Act, the Central Depositories Act and/or the Rules and notwithstanding the existence of a resolution pursuant to Section 75 of the Act, the Company must ensure that it shall not issue any shares or convertible Securities if those shares or convertible Securities, when aggregated with any such shares or convertible Securities issued during the preceding twelve (12) months, exceeds 10% of the value of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company, except where the shares or convertible Securities are issued with the prior approval of shareholders in general meeting of the precise terms and conditions of the issue. In working out the number of shares or convertible Securities that may be issued by the Company, If the Security is convertible, each such convertible Security is counted as the maximum number of shares into which it can be converted or exercised.	15	subject to Listing Requirements and without limiting the generality of Sections 75 and 76 of the Act, the Company must not issue any ordinary shares or other securities with rights of conversion to ordinary shares except where the shares or securities are issued with the prior shareholders' approval in a general meeting of the precise terms and conditions of the issue.

### STATEMENT ACCOMPANYING NOTICE OF THE FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 1. The Directors who are standing for re-election at the Fifteenth Annual General Meeting of SMTrack Berhad are as follows:
  - i. Mr. Azmi Bin Osman
  - ii. Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim
  - iii. Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid
  - iv. Datuk Chua Wei Kee

The profile of the Directors who are standing for re-election is set out on pages 7 to 12 of this Annual Report.

- 2. The details of attendance of the Directors of the Company at Board of Directors' Meetings held during the financial year ended 31 July 2020 are disclosed in the Corporate Governance Statement set out on pages 22 to 23 of this Annual Report.
- 3. The details of the Fifteenth Annual General Meeting are as follows:

Date of Meeting	Time of Meeting	Broadcast Venue
Monday, 28 December 2020	10.30 a.m.	Level 10, Tower 1, Avenue 5 Bangsar South City 59200 Kuala Lumpur

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SMITRACK			
SMTRACK BERHAD			
Registration No.: 200401000918 (639421-X)			
(Incorporated in Malaysia)			

#### **PROXY FORM**

CDS Account No. No. of shares held

I/We,	NRIC/	/Passport No.
(FULL NAME IN BL	OCK LETTERS)	
of		
	(FULL ADDRESS)	
Telephone number	Email address	being a Member/
Members of SMTRACK BERHAD hereb	y appoint	
	(FULL N	AME IN BLOCK LETTERS)
NRIC/Passport No.	of	
		(FULL ADDRESS)
Telephone number	Email address	or failing whom,
	NRIC/Passport N	0.
(FULL NAME IN BLOCK LET of	TERS)	
	(FULL ADDRESS)	
Telephone number	Email address	

or failing whom, the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy/proxies to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company ("the Meeting") will be conducted fully virtual at the Broadcast Venue at Level 10, Tower 1, Avenue 5, Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur, Wilayah Persekutuan on Monday, 28 December 2020 at 10.30 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

\* Please delete the words "the Chairman of the Meeting" if you wish to appoint some other person to be your proxy.

My/our proxy is to vote as indicated below:

	Resolution	For	Against
Ordinary Resolution 1	To approve the Directors' fees and benefits of payable up to an		
	amount of RM300,000 for the period from 29 December 2020 until		
	the next Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in 2021		
Ordinary Resolution 2	Re-election of Mr. Azmi Bin Osman as Director		
Ordinary Resolution 3	Re-election of Dato' Zaidi Bin Mat Isa @ Hashim as Director		
Ordinary Resolution 4	Re-election of Dato' Sri Shaharuddin Bin Khalid as Director		
Ordinary Resolution 5	Re-election of Datuk Chua Wei Kee as Director		
Ordinary Resolution 6	Re-appointment of Messrs Jamal, Amin & Partners as the Company's		
	Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration		
Special Resolution	Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company		
Ordinary Resolution 7	Authority for Directors to allot and issue shares under Sections 75		
	and 76 of the Companies Act, 2016		
Ordinary Resolution 8	Enhanced General Mandate for Rights Issue on Pro Rata Basis		

Please indicate with an "X" in the spaces provided, how you wish your votes to be cast. If you do not do so, the proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion.

For appointment of two proxies, percentage of shareholdings to be represented by the proxies:

•	Percentage	
Proxy 1		%
Proxy 2		%

Signature/Common Seal

Total

100%

Date:

#### NOTES :

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead, and that a proxy may but need not be a Member.
- Where a member appoints more than one proxy to attend at the same meeting, the instrument of proxy must specifies the proportions of his shareholdings to be represented by each proxy. He must also specify which proxy is entitled to vote.
- 3. Where a member of the Company is an authorised nominee as defined under the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act, 1991, it may appoint up to two (2) proxies in respect of each securities account ("omnibus account") it holds with ordinary shares of the Company standing to the credit of the said securities account.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation either under the common seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney so authorised.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarized certified copy of that power or authority, shall be deposited at the registered office of the Company at Level 2, Tower 1, Avenue 5, Bangsar South City, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than twenty-four (24) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting and any adjournment thereof.
- 6. In respect of deposited securities, only a member whose names appear on the Record of Depositors on 21 December 2020 shall be eligible to attend, speak and vote at the meeting or appoint proxy(ies) to attend and/vote on his behalf.

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AFFIX STAMP

The Company Secretary **SMTRACK BERHAD** (639421-X) Level 2, Tower 1, Avenue 5 Bangsar South City 59200 Kuala Lumpur

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#### www.smtrackberhad.my

SMTRACK BERHAD [Registration No.: 20040100918 (639421-X)]

W07A1, West Block, Wisma Golden Eagle Realty, 142C, Jalan Ampang, 50450 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia

Tel : +603 2701 4352 Email : info@smtrackberhad.my



