CUSCapi®



CUSCapi®

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VISION

To transform and empower businesses to develop deeper and more meaningful customer relationships.

MISSION

To propel our clients to success by bringing their customers closer through world-class solutions and services

OUR VALUES

Our values are what we uphold as an organisation. This guides our decisions, our actions and our approach to the challenges to our organisation and business. Through these values, we develop a consistent and single-minded approach in all that we do.







We are always committed to deliver excellence to create true business value to our clients.



TEAM SPIRIT

We are at our best when we work as a team, sharing our collective knowledge to help our clients to realise value.





We see innovation as a means to contribute for client success. We thrive on creative thinking, constant challenging the way we approach our business and serve our clients, including their customers.



INTEGRITY

We conduct ourselves in a professional and honourable manner, contributing to the success of our company and our clients.



We are passionate about making a difference to our clients and their customers with enthusiasm in everything we do.



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam Executive Chairman Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad

Executive Director

Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi

Independent Non-Executive Director

Dato' Sheah Kok Fah

Independent Non-Executive Director

Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof

Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi

Chairman

Dato' Sheah Kok Fah

Member

Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof

Member

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof

Chairman

Dato' Sheah Kok Fah

Member

EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME COMMITTEE

Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam

Chairman

Lim Sze Yean

Member

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Tan Tong Lang (MAICSA 7045482)

Vimalraj A/L Shanmugam (MAICSA 7068140)

REGISTERED OFFICE

Suite 10.02, Level 10 The Gardens South Tower Mid Valley City

Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : +603 2298 0263 Fax : +603 2298 0268

CORPORATE OFFICE

Level 27 & 28, Block N Empire City Damansara No. 8, Jalan Damansara PJU 8, 47820 Petaling Jaya Selangor Darul Ehsan

Tel : +603 7623 7777
Fax : +603 7622 1999
Website : www.cuscapi.com

Email: information@cuscapi.com

EXTERNAL AUDITORS

MAZARS PLT (AF 001954)

Wisma Golden Eagle Realty 11th Floor, South Block No. 142-A, Jalan Ampang 50450 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : +603 2161 5222 Fax : +603 2161 3909

INTERNAL AUDITORS

Crowe Horwath
Governance Sdn. Bhd.

Level 16 Tower C Megan Avenue II 12 Jalan Yap Kwan Seng 50450 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : +603 2788 9999 Fax : +603 2788 9998

SHARE REGISTRAR

Boardroom.com Sdn. Bhd.

[Registration No. 200801019600 (820910-X)]

Suite 10.02, Level 10, The Gardens South Tower

Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra 59200 Kuala Lumpur

Tel : +603 2298 0263 Fax : +603 2298 0268

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad HSBC Bank Malaysia Berhad

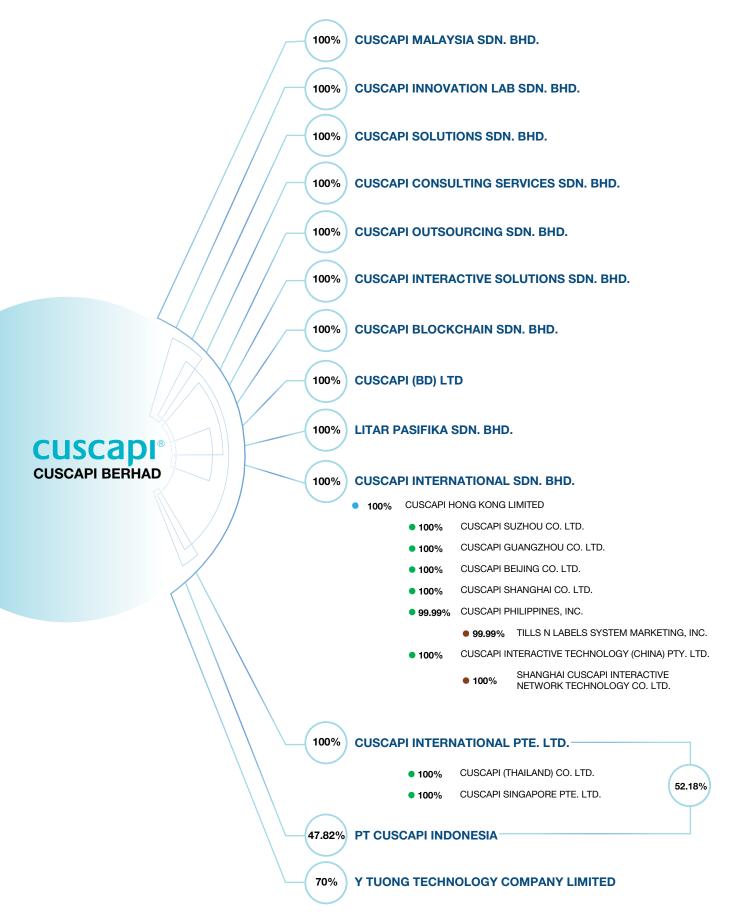
STOCK EXCHANGE LISTING

Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad

Stock Name : CUSCAPI Stock Code : 0051

360 Engage

GROUP STRUCTURE



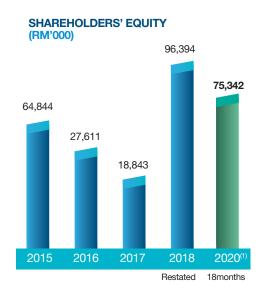




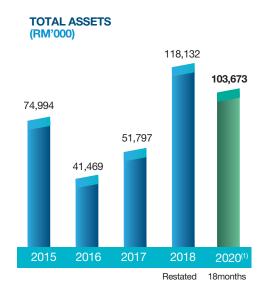
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

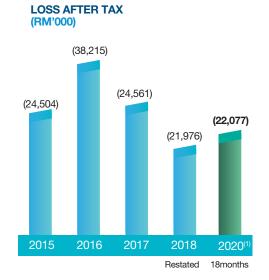








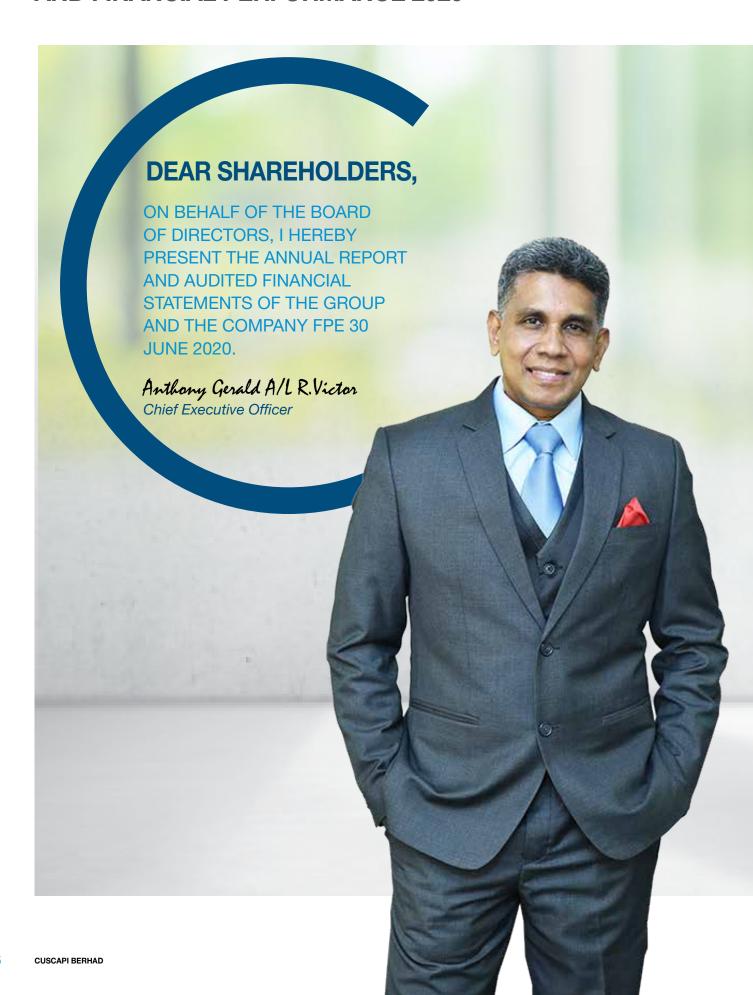




Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Cuscapi had on 19 November 2019 changed its financial year-end from 31 December to 30 June. The FPE 30 June 2020 was made up of results for 18 months covering the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.







The following Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") provides an analysis of the financial performance of Cuscapi Berhad ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") for the financial period ended 30 June 2020 ("FPE 30 June 2020"). The MD&A contains commentary from the Management on the performance of the Group and of the Company to give investors and shareholders a better understanding of the business, operations and financial position for the FPE 30 June 2020. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and the notes related to it.

1. Overview of Operations

Cuscapi Group is involved primarily in the provision of restaurant management solutions and offers a comprehensive range of integrated solutions for the industry, including but not limited to the point of sales solution, outlet management solutions, information technology security solutions, IT consulting services and contact centre outsourcing services. Cuscapi Group also provides IT solutions to businesses across various industries, including retail, hospitality and automotive industries.

Cuscapi established in Malaysia on 16 November 1978 and to date have more than 40 years of combined in-depth industry experience and knowledge in implementing world-class solutions.

Currently, Cuscapi based in Petaling Jaya, and we have several service centres nationwide and strong presence with support infrastructure and customer care in regional countries.





1. Overview of Operations (continued)

1.1 Our operating segments are as follow: -

(a) Geographical locations

(i) Malaysia

Involves in software development, the provision of remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of business management solutions, the provision of project management, business and IT-related consultancy services, the provision of network infrastructure and security solutions and services and system integration services, across various industries, including retail, hospitality and automotive industries.

(ii) South-East Asia

Cuscapi involves in the provision of restaurant management solutions and business management solutions, the provision of remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of project management, business and IT-related consultancy services in the South East Asia region other than Malaysia.

(iii) People's Republic of China

Cusapi involves in software development, the provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of project management, business and IT-related consultancy services, and the provision of contract centres for outsourcing services in the People's Republic of China.

(b) Business units

(i) Operational Cost Centre

Provides the support services to all the customers for the Group.

(ii) Group Corporate

Involved in Group-level corporate services and treasury functions.





1. Overview of Operations (continued)

1.2 Our revenue is derived through our subsidiary companies of which the principal activities are summarized as below: -

	Subsidiaries	Date and place of	Principal activities
		incorporation	
1.	Cuscapi Berhad	16 November 1978 Malaysia	Investment holding
2.	Cuscapi Consulting Services Sdn. Bhd.	20 September 1997 Malaysia	Provision of project management, business and IT-related consultancy services
3.	Cuscapi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	17 July 2000 Malaysia	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services
4.	Cuscapi Innovation Lab Sdn. Bhd.	11 April 2002 Malaysia	Software development
5.	Cuscapi International Sdn. Bhd.	20 February 2003 Malaysia	Investment holding
6.	Cuscapi Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	24 May 2003 Malaysia	Software development
7.	Cuscapi Interactive Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	3 September 2003 Malaysia	Provision of software development, interactive devices solutions, restaurant management and business management solutions
8.	Cuscapi International Pte. Ltd.	18 October 2007 Singapore	Investment holding
9.	Cuscapi Beijing Co. Ltd.	18 October 2007 China	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
10.	Cuscapi Singapore Pte. Ltd.	12 January 2009 Singapore	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
11.	Cuscapi Outsourcing Sdn. Bhd.	30 May 2008 Malaysia	Provision of a contract centre for outsourcing services
12.	Cuscapi Suzhou Co. Ltd.	31 October 2008 China	Software development
13.	Cuscapi (Thailand) Co. Ltd.	12 March 2011 Thailand	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
14.	PT Cuscapi Indonesia	13 April 2011 Indonesia	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services





1. Overview of Operations (continued)

1.2 Our revenue is derived through our subsidiary companies of which the principal activities are summarized as below: - (continued)

	Subsidiaries	Date and place of incorporation	Principal activities
15.	Cuscapi Shanghai Co. Ltd.	1 August 2011 China	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
16.	Cuscapi Hong Kong Ltd.	31 October 2011 Hong Kong	Investment holding
17.	Tills N Labels System Marketing, Inc.	3 November 2011 Philippines	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
18.	Cuscapi Guangzhou Co. Ltd.	14 February 2012 China	Dormant
19.	Cuscapi Philippines, Inc.	16 May 2012 Philippines	Investment holding
20.	Cuscapi Interactive Technology (China) Pty. Ltd.	30 August 2013 Hong Kong	Investment holding
21.	Shanghai Cuscapi Interactive Network Technology Co. Ltd.	23 December 2016 China	Software development, interactive devices solutions, restaurant management, business management solutions and other related services and products
22.	Cuscapi Blockchain Sdn. Bhd.	25 July 2018 Malaysia	To operate a cryptocurrency exchange in Philippines and other IT related business
23.	Litar Pasifika Sdn. Bhd.	15 August 2018 Malaysia	Investment holding
24.	Cuscapi (BD) Ltd	20 February 2019 Bangladesh	To market its Point of Sales Solution in Bangladesh
25.	Y Tuong Technology Company Limited	28 January 2011 Vietnam	Computer programming, information technology service and other services related to the computer, data processing, leasing and other related activities



2. Share Performance

The following table sets out the summary of share performance for the FPE 30 June 2020:-

Date	Open	High	Low	Close	Volume
Jun/20	0.110	0.155	0.100	0.115	199,714,900
May/20	0.105	0.135	0.100	0.110	181,485,700
Apr/20	0.085	0.120	0.085	0.100	83,454,800
Mar/20	0.110	0.120	0.045	0.085	81,414,200
Feb/20	0.130	0.145	0.100	0.110	65,929,400
Jan/20	0.180	0.180	0.135	0.135	122,944,400
Dec/19	0.160	0.185	0.160	0.180	85,800,500
Nov/19	0.205	0.210	0.160	0.160	152,845,700
Oct/19	0.175	0.220	0.165	0.205	111,571,300
Sep/19	0.175	0.190	0.170	0.175	25,643,600
Aug/19	0.190	0.200	0.170	0.175	42,119,600
Jul/19	0.185	0.235	0.170	0.195	179,762,000
Jun/19	0.175	0.205	0.170	0.180	38,823,200
May/19	0.210	0.210	0.160	0.175	56,694,700
Apr/19	0.210	0.250	0.205	0.210	161,715,700
Mar/19	0.200	0.235	0.185	0.205	195,573,800
Feb/19	0.210	0.230	0.200	0.200	59,549,500
Jan/19	0.170	0.240	0.165	0.205	108,121,900

As of 30 June 2020, Cuscapi market capitalization at RM98.82 million in the number of shares issued at 859,269,076.

3. Financial Performance and Position

3.1 Revenue by Countries

The breakdown of our revenue by countries is set out below: -

Country	Country FPE 30 JUNE 2020 (1) RM	
Malaysia	19,931,314	17,547,329
Singapore	3,337,462	4,470,388
Philippines	2,623,695	1,660,984
Thailand	717,162	623,758
Indonesia	2,780,659	1,017,359
Vietnam	178,826	-
SEA	29,569,118	25,319,818
Beijing	142,148	926,800
Shanghai	1,449,244	2,901,694
China	1,591,392	3,828,494
Total	31,160,510	29,148,312

Notes: -

Cuscapi had on 19 November 2019 changed its financial year-end from 31 December to 30 June. The FPE 30 June 2020 was made up of results for 18 months covering the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.



3. Financial Performance and Position (continued)

3.2 Revenue by Products

The breakdown of our revenue by-products is set out below: -

	Audited				
Product	FPE 30 JUNE 202	FPE 30 JUNE 2020 ⁽¹⁾			
	RM	RM %		%	
Transight & C360	24,346,386	78%	23,607,312	81%	
EDMS	4,553,647	15%	3,008,918	10%	
CODS	1,317,785	4%	1,500,841	5%	
Others	942,692	3%	1,031,241	4%	
Total	31,160,510	100%	29,148,312	100%	

Notes: -

3.3 Profit/(Loss) by Countries

The breakdown of profit/(loss) by countries are set out below: -

Country	FPE 30 JUNE 2020 ⁽¹⁾	FYE 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Restated)
Malaysia	(13,912,327)	(6,614,381)
Singapore	(2,222,961)	156,388
Philippines	(1,167,167)	(1,869,241)
Thailand	(406,567)	(619,353)
Indonesia	(997,502)	(197,346)
Vietnam	(149,165)	-
Bangladesh	275	-
SEA	(18,855,414)	(9,143,933)
Beijing	(376,323)	(2,912,544)
Shanghai	(2,098,948)	(1,726,622)
Suzhou	(748,345)	(7,397,747)
НК	(27,805)	(23,497)
China	(3,251,421)	(12,060,410)
Total	(22,106,835)	(21,204,343)

Notes: -



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Cuscapi had on 19 November 2019 changed its financial year-end from 31 December to 30 June. The FPE 30 June 2020 was made up of results for 18 months covering the period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.



3. Financial Performance and Position (continued)

3.4 Assets, Liabilities and Liquidity

- i. The Group's bank deposits and cash and bank balances decreased significantly by RM28.7 million as compared to the preceding year, primarily due to the acquisition of intellectual property and business from a third party, acquisition of subsidiary and acquisition of PPE during the FPE 30 June 2020.
- ii. The decrease of investment in the property during the FPE 30 June 2020 recorded at RM0.9 million was due to the Company has entered into a Deed of Revocation with Cosmopolitan Avenue Sdn Bhd to revoke the Share Purchase Agreement and Put Option Agreement which was executed on the 11th of October 2018. On 1 November 2019, the Company entered the acquisition of commercial space within the podium level below MYEG Tower with approximately 16,854 square feet for a total cash consideration of RM10.1 million.
- iii. Trade and other payables increased by 14.0% mainly due to increased purchase of hardware for projects purposes as compared to the preceding year.
- iv. The Group's inventories increased during the FPE 30 June 2020 mainly due to increased purchase of hardware for projects and slower movement in inventory due to COVID 19 pandemic.

4. Anticipated of Known Risk Affecting Group's Results, Operations and Financial Condition

Our Group's financial condition and results of operations have been, and will continue to be affected by amongst others, the following key factors: -

- i) Our Group's ability to stay competitive vis-à-vis our competitors by providing good quality services;
- ii) Our Group's ability in developing and implementing marketing strategies, expansion of our service offerings and solutions to suit customers' needs, and to keep abreast with new restaurant management technologies;
- iii) Our Group's ability to develop good working relationships with our customers, suppliers as well as staff, and implement incentive-driven plans to improve on the efficiency of our staff;
- iv) The developments in the political and economic conditions in Malaysia and globally which may materially and adversely affect the business, operations and financial performance of our Group;
- v) Our dependence on the abilities and continued performance of our Directors, key management and key technical personnel for our Group's success as any loss of these key personnel could materially affect our Group; and
- vi) Foreign exchange fluctuations and translation losses which may result in our Group incurring foreign exchange losses or gains due to the fluctuations in the exchange rates; and
- vii) Legal and regulatory changes in the countries we operate, which may adversely affect our business costs and sustainability.

4.1 Impact of foreign exchange rates/ interest rates/ commodity prices on operating profits

i) Impact from foreign currency exchange rates

Our Group is exposed to foreign currency risks as our sales and purchases are partly denominated in foreign currencies, namely in USD, RMB and PHP. As such, any appreciation or depreciation of USD, RMB or PHP against RM will result in us incurring foreign exchange gains or losses.

ii) Impact from commodity prices

The FPE 30 June 2020, our Group's financial performance was not affected by commodity prices.



4. Anticipated of Known Risk Affecting Group's Results, Operations and Financial Condition (continued)

4.2 Impact of inflation

Our Group's financial performance during the FPE 30 June 2020 was not significantly affected by the impact of inflation.

4.3 Government / Economic / Fiscal or monetary policies

The financial performance of our Group had not been materially affected by any government, economic, fiscal or monetary policies of factors for the FPE 30 June 2020.

5. Prospects

Cuscapi to offer a fully integrated and digitalized order-to-delivery solution to help boost the local Food and Beverage (F&B) industry affected by the Covid-19 pandemic. As Malaysians still spend some 31% of their income on food, the F&B sector offers great potential and a digital revolution on F&B operations can help F&B operators to overcome the challenges and make a quick business recovery in the new normal.

By adopting this new solution, F&B operators will be able to bring back customers to their restaurants. As the food ordering and payment solution is fully digital, diners will regain the confidence of having less human contact in the restaurant to enjoy the pleasures of dining-in. Customers will also be able to make table reservations, drive-through, take-out or have their food delivered via this new solution. The three main components that make up this new solution are food ordering, cashless payment and delivery service, each of which is the specialization of Cuscapi and its strategic partners.

By using the solution, restaurants can also replace order-placing kiosks that contribute to long queues, which are fast becoming a more significant inconvenience to customers as social distancing is practised. Customers will be able to use QR Codes to order their food from the table. Similarly, their drive-through or take-out experience is simplified via the online-ordering solution. This easy-to-use and affordable solution are capable of supporting F&B businesses across all tiers in the industry encompassing Tier-1 restaurant chains, Tier-2 and Tier-3 independent and smaller restaurants and food courts. Cuscapi is confident of meeting the new normal for our existing and prospective customers of the Group. The new Omni-channel cloud-based C360Engage, as well as an upgraded version of the well-known on-premise POS system, Transight; which is now known as Transight V enable Cuscapi to create a new seamless and contactless customer experience for the F&B market. Cuscapi is optimistic that this will, in turn, contribute positively to the Group's financial performance in the next financial year.





BOARD OF DIRECTORS

cuscapi°

Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad Dato' Sheah Kok Fah Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi







Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam, was appointed to the Board as Alternate Director on 4 April 2018. Subsequently, he was re-designated to Executive Chairman on 4 June 2018. He is also the Chairman of Employees' Share Option Scheme Committee.

Datuk Jayakumar holds a Diploma in Computer Science and he started his career with Kumpulan Wang Simpanan Pekerja in 1989 and subsequently moved to Arab Malaysia Finance Bank in 1990 for about two (2) years. His career in IT began with PDX Teknologi Sdn. Bhd. as the Major Accounts Executive in 1992. He was subsequently appointed as the Executive Director of PDX. com Sdn. Bhd. in 2004 and was instrumental in PDX.com Sdn. Bhd. securing the MSC Electronic Government Flagship Application (eServices Project) and being appointed as the official Gateway Provider of the Government in 2000. In 2009, he was appointed as a Chief Executive Officer/Executive Director of PDX. com Sdn. Bhd. He has leveraged on his long experience in the IT industry and has ventured into investing in IT related companies.

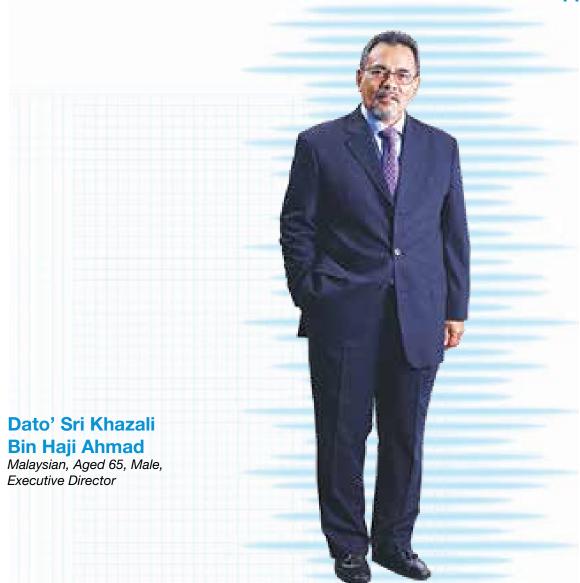
Datuk Jayakumar was appointed as the Managing Director of MYEG Integrated Networks Sdn. Bhd. (MINT) in 2009, was integral in the development and operation strategies of MINT. His experience includes the development of its suite of Electronic Cash Register (ECR) while working with Point of Sales solution vendors. These solutions include, among others, a comprehensive suite of online Goods and Services Tax ("GST") accounting tools, tax declaration and Electronic Information Systems (EIS).

Currently, he is the Non-Independent Non-Executive Director of HeiTech Padu Berhad.

He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and no conviction of any offence within the past five years, other than traffic offences (if any). He does not have any family relationship with any other Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.







Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 9 July 2019. He holds a Master's Degree in Economics from the University of Central Oklahoma, USA and a Bachelor's Degree in Agricultural Economics from Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia. He was granted Excellence Service Awards in 2003 and 2006 by the Ministry of Finance and was recognised as Asia Tax Commissioner of the Year in 2015 for his leadership of the Royal Malaysian Customs.

Dato Sri Khazali had a distinguished career in the Malaysian Civil Service, culminating in his role as Director General of Customs from 2012 until his retirement from the post in 2017. Before that, he served in various capacities including as Federal Secretary of the State of Sabah and as Special Functions Officer to the Chief Secretary to the Government in the Prime Minister's Department. Dato' Sri Khazali is a Director of Malaysia Venture Capital Management Berhad, Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad, Shangri-La Hotels (Malaysia) Berhad, Favelle Favco Berhad and Muhibbah Engineering (M) Berhad.

He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and no conviction of any offence within the past five years, other than traffic offences (if any). He does not has any family relationship with any other Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.





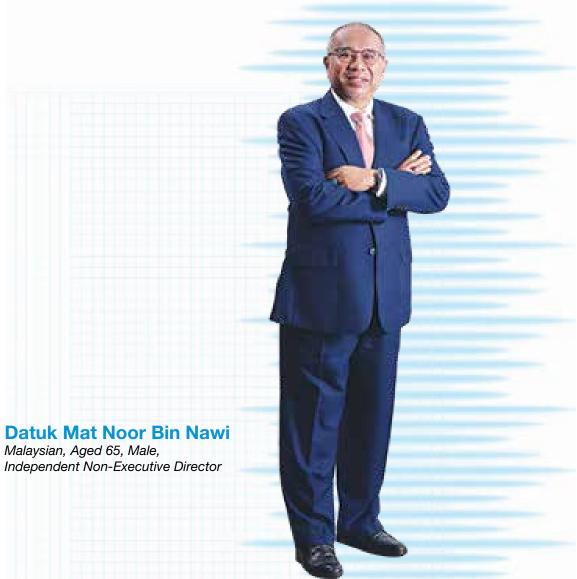
Dato' Sheah Kok Fah, was appointed to the Board as an Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company on 12 April 2018. He holds a Degree in LLB (Hons) from the University of Malaya and was admitted to the Bar in 1989. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, and Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Dato' Sheah has an outstanding career, both as an advocate and solicitor and corporate practitioner. He has vast experience for more than 30 years in legal practice since 1988. He has been the partner of Messrs Sheah, Tan and Rahman since 1996.

Save for Cuscapi Berhad, Dato' Sheah does not hold directorship in any other public companies or public listed companies.

He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and no conviction of any offence within the past five years, other than traffic offences (if any). He does not has any family relationship with any other Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.





Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 24 May 2018. He is also the Chairman of Audit Committee.

Datuk Mat Noor holds a Master of Science (Policy Economics) from University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, USA. He also holds a Bachelor of Science (Resource Economics) from the Universiti Putra Malaysia.

Datuk Mat Noor had served with the Government of Malaysia for over 30 years where he started his career in the Malaysian civil service in 1981 as an Agriculture Economist at the Federal Agriculture Marketing Authority (FAMA) before joining Economic Planning Unit (EPU) in 1983. He had since continued to serve the EPU in various capacities and his last position was the Deputy Director General, EPU, Prime Ministers Department prior to joining Ministry of Finance (MOF) in October 2011.

He was the Deputy Secretary General, Treasury (Investment) in MOF and later became the Deputy Secretary General, Treasury (Policy) at the MOF, a position he held since 16 November 2012. He then retired from the Malaysian civil service on 6 June 2015.

Currently, he is the Chairman of Carrier International Sdn Bhd and GETS Global Berhad. He also sits on the Board of PDX.com Sdn Bhd, Megah Perkasa Security Services and Excel Force MSC Berhad.

He does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and no conviction of any offence within the past five years, other than traffic offences (if any). He does not have any family relationship with any other Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.





Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof, was appointed to the Board of the Company on 3 September 2018. She is the Chairperson of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit Committee.

Puan Mohaini graduated from University of Technology MARA with Degree in Mass Communications in 1989. She started her career as an Executive in the Lion Group of Companies from 1989 to 1996. She later joined Malaysian Resources Corporation Berhad (MRCB) from 1996 and later became the General Manager, Head of Corporate Communications at MRCB until 2018. She has moved on and set up her own consultancy company called Mo Dylan Communications.

She has more than 29 years of experience in strategic communications, branding, crisis management, media management, events, advertising, publications, Government relations, corporate social responsibilities and social media. She has helped to create several brands for MRCB Group and Media Prima Berhad. She has been actively involved in the GLC Disaster Response Network (GDRN).

Currently, she is the Independent Non-Executive Director of Excel Force MSC Berhad.

She does not have any conflict of interest with the Company and no conviction of any offence within the past five years, other than traffic offences (if any). She does not have any family relationship with any other Director and/or any major shareholder of the Company.



KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILE

Anthony Gerald A/L R.Victor Malaysian, Aged 51, Male,

Malaysian, Aged 51, Male Chief Executive Officer



Mr. Anthony Gerald was appointed as Chief Executive Officer of Cuscapi Berhad on 18 September 2018. He holds a Master of Business Administration as well as a Diploma in IT and Diploma in Business Management.

Anthony Gerald started his career with Shakeys Pizza in 1988 and rose rapidly through the ranks in becoming the youngest Store Manager of the company from 1992 to 1996. He was then hired by Delifrance as a Senior Area Manager for one year.

In 1997, he was appointed as F&B Director by the Mines Resort where he was instrumental in driving the workforce towards delivering record revenue growth for the company. Subsequently, he was hired as a Business Unit Manager by Wincor Nixdorf to expand the Malaysia Retail Division into becoming the No.1 solutions provider in the country. In 2007, he was recruited by SAP Malaysia as the Regional Senior Territory Sales Manager where he played an immense role in securing numerous multimillion Euro deals across the Retail, CPG, Chemical and Wholesale sectors. From 2011 to 2018, he was appointed the Sales Director of Wincor Nixdorf Malaysia where he was instrumental in positioning the Malaysian operations as the No. 1 market install base.

Anthony Gerald has more than 20 years' experience in the application of information technology and business solutions across retail, hospitality, automotive, telecommunications, financial as well as public services sectors. In addition to that, he also possesses vast regional experiences covering Malaysia, Indonesia, Vietnam, Singapore, Thailand and the Philippines.

Mr. Lim Sze Yean graduated with Master Degree of Business Administration from Rutherford University in 2006. He is a Chartered Accountant of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and a Fellow Member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants. He is also currently an Associate member of Certified Fraud Examiners (CFE), the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia (CTIM), and The Institute of Internal Auditors Malaysia (IIA).

In 1993, he started his career as a senior auditor in KH Ng & Co and thereafter proceeded to join GEP Associates in 1996. In year 1999, Mr. Lim joined a public listed company, Malaysian AE Models Holdings Bhd for 16 years. He was promoted as Group Finance General Manager in July 2003 and was responsible for handling the group financial costing, internal control including overseeing the company's business growth. In September 2005, he was redesignated as Group Finance Director and assisted in the planning of bond and equity raising for the Group. He has more than 15 years of experience in various areas of finance including corporate finance, internal controls and risk management. In 2015 he joined Benalec Holding Bhd as Chief Financial Officer (CFO) and overall in charge for the Group overall Financial, Corporate, Internal Control and Investment operations.

In October 2016, he joined Cuscapi as Finance Director and was promoted to Chief Financial Officer on 1st April 2017. He also holds the office of Director in several subsidiaries of Cuscapi Berhad.

He is also a member of Employees' Share Option Scheme Committee.

Malaysian, Aged 48, Male, Chief Financial Officer

Lim Sze Yean



KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILE

Tan Mudzaffar Bin Tan Mutalib Malaysian, Aged 48, Male, Chief Technical Officer



Mr. Tan Mudzaffar was appointed as Chief Technical Officer of Cuscapi on 1 April 2019. His role was to strategy, develop future growth and build enhancement in technology to enable the company to gain competitive advantage towards the competitors in the same space.

He holds a Degree in Computer Science from Oklahoma State University. He has more than 20 years of work experience as Regional General Manager, Project/Programme Director, Delivery Manager, in System Integrator and Product Vendor across telecommunication, mobility in automotive and recently in F&B space.

Before joining Cuscapi, he developed and invested on crowd sourced on-demand mobile applications in the automotive sector to help solve mobility issues in the student space.

Mr. Soon Rong Haur graduated with a Diploma of Computer Science from FTMS-ICL in 1999.

In 2000, he started his career as a Technical Support in Lim Kok Wing Institute and later he joined Mindshare/GroupM as a Senior Network Engineer. In 2011, he joined Ekuinas Berhad as MIS Manager, he is tasked to evaluate and manage any given IT projects, in companies that Ekuinas interested in. He is also responsible to set up the IT system and infrastructure for Icon Offshore & Integrated Food Group new offices, as part of a Project under Ekuinas. In 2013, he joined Integrated Food Group as Head Of Information Technology to lead the F&B brand of Manhattan Fish Market, Tony Romas, New York Steak Shack, Burger King & San Francisco Coffee for consolidated system, shared services and resources.

In year 2014, he joined Cuscapi as Head Of Service Delivery Management, and later promoted to Head Of Delivery And Support overseeing Group's F&B and Automotive, Support & Delivery services and was promoted to General Manager in 2019.





KEY SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S PROFILE

Foo Yen Yen

Malaysian, Aged 46, Female Human Resource Manager



Ms. Foo Yen Yen was appointed as Senior Human Resource Executive on year 2013 and later promoted as Human Resource Manager in year 2016 to oversee the SEA countries human resource operations.

She holds an Advanced Diploma in Business Administration from Association of Business Executive, UK (ABE, UK). She also obtained the IAOP Certified Outsourcing Specialist in Human Resource.

Prior to joining Cuscapi, she was attached to a few large and medium corporations, including trading, manufacturing and hospitality. In year 1994, she started her career as a Secretary in a public listed company, Malayan Four Mills Bhd. In year 1995, she joined YHI (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd as Secretary and thereafter she was promoted to Senior Human Resource & Admin Executive to manage the human resource & admin operations in the company. She has more than 15 years of experience in human resource and administration functions in payroll management, 5S & Kaizen, compensation & benefits and recruitment.

Ms. Ang En Teng graduated with Degree in Business Administration from University of Bolton, UK. She also holds an Advance Diploma from Institute of Financial Accountant, UK (IFA, UK) and Diploma in Accounting.

She started her career as an auditor and thereafter she worked as Assistant Finance Manager in several multinational corporations from various industries. In year 2016, she was appointed as Finance Manager in Furniweb Holdings Limited, a public listed company in Hong Kong. She has involved in Hong Kong IPO and listing processes, particularly dealing with pre-listing related process & post-listing maintenance and compliance aspects. She has more than 15 years of experience in various areas of finance-related functions including financial performance analysis, financial costing and planning, treasury management and internal controls.

In year 2019, she joined Cuscapi as Finance Manager for the Group to oversee the SEA countries finance operations.



Saved as disclosed above, none of the members of Key Senior Management has any:

- directorships in public companies and listed issuers;
- family relationship with any Directors and/or major shareholders of the Company;
- personal interest or conflict of interest in any business arrangement involving the Group;
- conviction for offences within the past five (5) years other than traffic offences (if any); and
- public sanctions or penalties imposed by the relevant regulatory bodies.



Cuscapi Berhad is committed to empowering businesses and harnessing technology to achieve sustainable solutions and services. We aspire to build a future where our expertise can be leveraged in transforming experiences for the betterment of society.

ABOUT THIS STATEMENT

This report is the Group's third sustainability disclosure as part of our consistent effort to convey the Economic, Environmental and Societal (EES) impacts of our operations to our stakeholders. This report is our means of communicating to our stakeholders about Cuscapi's strategies and practices as well as progress and development in integrating sustainability in our business operations.

Scope and Boundary: This report covers all domestic operations of Cuscapi Berhad, including subsidiaries where the Group has direct control and holds a majority stake.

Reporting Period: This report coincides with our financial period reporting from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020. Historical information from previous years is included to present comparative assessments and actionable patterns.

Reporting Cycle: Given the change of our financial period from 31 December to 30 June, this report covers 18 months from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020. After that, the Group's financial year shall revert to twelve (12) months ending 30 June, and the sustainability report for the subsequent year will have a cycle of one (1) year.

Reporting Guideline: Bursa Malaysia Sustainability Reporting Guideline (2nd Edition)

UNITED NATIONS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS (SDGs)



Endorsed by all 193 United Nations Member States in 2015, the 2030 Agenda aims to focus global efforts and attention on 17 pressing issues. Whilst the overall responsibility still lies with national governments, the SDGs cannot be achieved without a concerted effort from businesses and other organisations.

Our main contribution to SDGs is providing IT services that support sustainable development, in order that businesses and the markets they depend upon can reap benefits. We have also bolstered partnerships in fintech (finance technology) which improve efficiency by creating income-generating opportunities and growth through finance infrastructures and technologies.

MATERIALITY

In FYE2018, we conducted a materiality assessment to identify the issues that were most material to the Group and our stakeholders. This process ensures that the content of our sustainability statement reflects the EES issues that are deemed most significant by the Group and our stakeholders.

Materiality Review



In FPE2020, we conducted a materiality reassessment to ascertain the main issues affecting the Group's business operations and our stakeholders. This assessment revealed that the material issues that we identified in FYE2018 have remained consistent with the type of activities that we currently undertake. Moreover, given that the scope of our business underwent no significant change, our materiality issues have also remained unchanged in the current report.





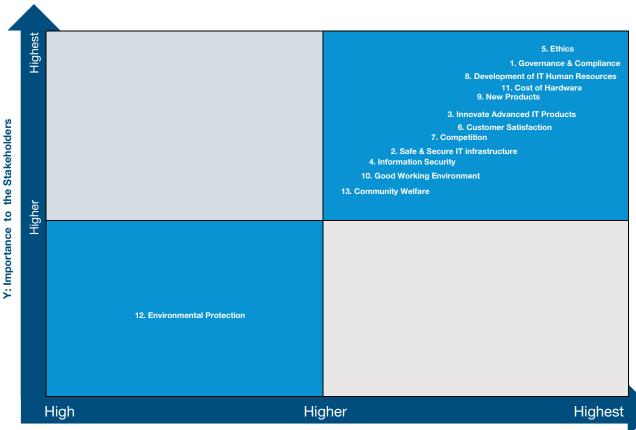
MATERIALITY (CONTINUED)

Materiality Matrix

In the matrix below, each issue's level of importance to Cuscapi Berhad is plotted along the X-axis, whereas its level of importance to the stakeholders is plotted along the Y-axis.

We determined that the sustainability aspects that are most significant to both the Group and our stakeholders are Ethics, Governance and Compliance, and Development of IT Human Resources and Innovation. The least significant aspect is Environmental Protection since our operations exert minimal impact on the eco-system.

Our waste and energy consumption are not extensive as we do not manufacture hardware. Nevertheless, we have adopted energy reduction and waste disposal initiatives under the prescribed laws and regulations.



X: Importance to Cuscapi

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

In recent decades, technology has reached new heights, transforming the experiences and improving the lives of millions of people. These changes are impossible without our stakeholders, who provide us with the opportunity to collaborate and create timely solutions for addressing the issues that will positively contribute to the growth of the IT industry. Hence, we must maintain regular engagements with our stakeholders to keep track of their concerns, resolve any problems and propose a strategic direction that promotes sustainability.



STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

We need to identify whom we should engage with, what we should engage about, and why and how we should engage. Therefore, in drafting this report, we gathered all of the information collected during our numerous engagements with our stakeholders and thoroughly reviewed them to understand their most urgent concerns. By doing so, we can prioritise them and devise a strategic direction that encourages sustainability in the Group.

The table below presents our key stakeholders, their issues of interest, and the Group's engagement approaches:

STAKEHOLDER GROUP	CONCERNS	ENGAGEMENT OPPORTUNITIES	
	Downtime	- Operational Training	
		- Downtime Reduction Measures	
	Quality (Hardware & Software)	- Equipment Maintenance	
Customers		- Quality Monitoring	
Customers		- On-site and Off-site Support	
		- Social Media	
	New Solutions	- Discussion & Demonstration of Solutions	
		- Timely Response to New System Adoption	
	Training & Development	- Training Courses	
		- Employee Development Plan	
	Working Environment	- Flexible & Remote Working	
Employees		- Town Hall Meetings	
Employees		- Satisfactory Surveys	
		- Employee Engagements	
	Career Development &	- Bonus & Share Option Scheme	
	Remuneration	- Performance Review	
	Compliance & Standards	- Compliance with Bursa Malaysia & Other Government Agencies	
Government / Regulatory Bodies	National Agenda	- Commitment to MSC Status & Fintech Technolog	
bodies		- Human Development Training	
		- IT Infrastructure Development	
	Quality & Correct Information	- AGM Meetings	
Shareholders / Investors		- Timely and Accurate Disclosure of	
		Financial on Our Company Website	
	Pricing	Practise Fair Market Pricing Standard	
Suppliers	Transparency	Transparent Purchasing Practices	
	Quality	Product and Pricing Comparison	
Community	Welfare	Practise Social Responsibility	



SUSTAINABILITY GOVERNANCE

At Cuscapi, our strong leadership and a clear direction originate from the effective integration and management of sustainability. As a result, we can successfully implement sustainability strategies and strengthen our relations with our stakeholders to ensure accountability.

The Board

Our commitment begins at the top. The Board resolutely enacts its governing responsibilities to chart the Group's trajectory as well as enhance the short- and long-term creation of sustainable value. The Board is tasked with overall responsibility, oversight and accountability in driving sustainability governance structures that will synthesise and complement our business model and organisational structure.

The Management

The CEO leads the management, development, operation and monitoring of our sustainability issues to ensure that all activities are carried out in line with the Board's directives. The CEO reports to the Board as regards the sustainability performance and status of the Group.

Heads of Departments

In our sustainability governance structures, the HODs assist the CEO and are responsible for implementing strategies, tracking performance, and engaging all stakeholders. They help in ensuring that all sustainability issues of their respective departments are successfully managed, and they then report their findings to the management.

Ethics and Transparency

'We conduct ourselves in a professional and honourable manner.'

In the previous financial years, we updated our Code of Conduct (COC) by implementing the best sustainability practices and incorporating current legal regulations and ethical conduct. The COC guides our employees and preserves the reputation of Cuscapi Berhad as we perform our daily activities.

To augment the COC, we have also released operating manuals which state the policies and procedures for routine operations. These manuals indicate the steps to be taken by employees under a given set of conditions.

Sustainability Risk Management

The Group defines corporate sustainability as the creation of a business growth strategy that generates long-term shareholder value by seizing opportunities and managing risks arising from the company's impacts.

As for sustainability, the Group's risk management involves developing excellent working relationships with our stakeholders and keeping up with the technological advancements, product quality standards and legal, regulatory changes in the countries where we operate.

ECONOMY

Our economic contribution can be measured in terms of the value generated by the use of Information Technology. By designing innovative IT solutions, we can organise and transform human activities in order to produce more systematic and efficient operations, ultimately resulting in sustainable business, social, cultural and administrative practices.

DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT

Internet Technology is utilised in most industries and is a huge booster of economic growth. Our direct economic contribution is connected to our revenue and equivalent tax payments, the number of employees drawing salaries, new product launches, supply chain contracts and equity.

360 Engage

SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT

ECONOMY (CONTINUED)

INDIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT

Digital innovation interconnects consumers and businesses. On the business side, digitalisation through innovation improves the production process and opens up access to new markets and information. It provides additional opportunities for profits beyond national boundaries by introducing new ways of growth and productivity.

IT Capabilities: One of our material issues is nurturing human capital development. Technological changes must be commensurate with the education level of the workforce. At Cuscapi, we have created programmes for improving the IT capabilities of our employees.

IT Resource: Our new product launch demands the creation of new IT resources in both software and hardware.

ICT Infrastructure: As for the National Agenda, political and regulatory agencies promote stable ICT usage, which is a catalyst to economic growth and, in turn, brings about new challenges to improve the ICT standards.

IT Knowledge: Innovation and IT readiness are directly influenced by changes in user and management behaviour and organisational structures. These changes lead to positive outcomes spurred by increased productivity and economic gains.

SOCIO-ECONOMIC IMPACT OF COVID-19

The COVID-19 pandemic and the associated socio-economic crisis are posing significant challenges at the local and global scale, the extent of which have yet to be known. The impact of the pandemic varies for different countries and business sectors.

The Group adheres to the government's guidelines in addressing the issues relating to COVID-19 transmission. We have also tailored our response specifically for the needs of our stakeholders.

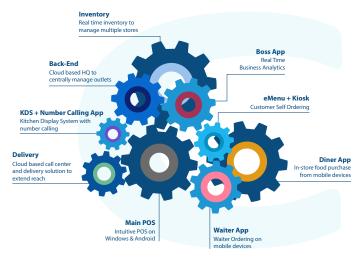
As the COVID-19 pandemic endures, we will continue to support our employees, abide by the new working conditions and adopt the new norms of employment. We will maintain consistent and clear communication with our employees and stakeholders about health risks, preventative measures and available resources to help them cope better.

CUSTOMER CAPITAL

Consistent with our mission, we have implemented policies and actions that can catalyse our clients' success by bringing their customers closer through world-class solutions and services.

'We empower business potential and improve business sales.'

INNOVATIVE IT PRODUCTS AND SERVICES



At Cuscapi, we empower business potential and improve business sales. We continuously challenge ourselves to design and innovate products that are simple to use, easy to maintain and cost-effective.

Through our innovative products and services, our customers can unlock realms of possibilities, accomplish their goals, set new objectives and achieve even greater heights.



CUSTOMER CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

'Continually adapts to new requirements and is open to integration and growth.'

Our pursuit to maximise CUStomer CAPItal and customer satisfaction is delivered in line with our core customer care values: Excellence, Creativity and Zeal.

Serving with Excellence raises the calibre of our service. Led by the Chief Technical Officer, the Quality Assurance (QA) Head is responsible for ensuring that our products and services meet or even exceed the standards demanded by our clients. We have established stringent quality control policies at all stages of our operations: from design and conceptualisation to production and testing.

All of our product releases are subjected to strict User Acceptance Tests (UAT) before their delivery, and our internal control system monitors our daily activities to maintain excellent quality.

Serving with Creativity transforms our customers' experience into something exceptional. We regularly communicate with our clients to understand their strategies and support their customers. These discussions help us to assess and create helpful resources that would satisfy the demands of our clients' customers.

We have built a flexible system that continually adapts to new requirements, and that is open to integration and growth.

Serving with Zeal delights and empowers our customers. We undertake proactive measures to identify areas where we can serve our customers with the most effective approach for them. We devote time to review and analyse data as well as identify patterns and processes to derive precise results.

SAFE AND SECURE IT INFRASTRUCTURE

At Cuscapi, we believe that privacy is an essential element of customer trust. As such, we adhere to the Personal Data Protection Act (PDPA) in all countries where we operate.

We are committed to build a strong foundation of privacy and security controls by employing a rigorous set of security best practices. Our data protection consists of securing transactions in and out of the system. We scrupulously conduct robust and comprehensive monitoring and audit trail of all system usage to deter unauthorised user behaviour and ensure that all users, including the most privileged ones, are held accountable.

Our Peers

Healthy competition is a material issue that we consider important. Competition motivates us to work more efficiently and think more innovatively, which ultimately favours the growth of the company and our customers. To stand out amongst our peers in the industry, we must further satisfy our clients by focusing on improving our products and business strategies.

By reinforcing our competitive strength and advantages, we can face our competitors in a fair playing field. We believe that one of the fundamental sources of economic development is building trust and mutual respect for one's competitors.

HUMAN CAPITAL



TEAM SPIRIT:

'We are at our best when we work as a team.'

To achieve our shared goals effectively, we listen to each team member, consolidate everyone's ideas and collaborate. We believe that sharing discoveries energises and fosters both individual and team knowledge.



HUMAN CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

DEVELOP IT HUMAN RESOURCES

IT tools optimise the work processes of companies for them to reach their business targets. Thus, providing ongoing education and training programmes for the personal and professional growth of our employees is critical to remain competitive in our field.

At Cuscapi, the development of IT human resources is material to our business operations. Our employees undergo training programmes that will enhance their skills, abilities and knowledge, which will lead to their holistic personal growth and enable them to contribute to the Group's success.

In addition, our HR Department organises general orientations and induction training for all newly hired employees. These training inculcate awareness and understanding of the importance of company policies. To further enhance our employees' development, the HODs conduct performance appraisals and provide role-specific training to our workforce.

For this reporting period (financial period ended 30 June 2020), a total of 303 hours of professional training programmes were conducted, as shown in the table below.

TRAINING & DEVELOPMENT					
Programmes and Objectives	Number of Hours	Number of Attendees			
Finance and Accounting: Update on the latest financial and accounting compliance and procedures	56	6			
Organisational leadership skills and advisory capability	119	2			
Understanding assurance and regulatory framework	96	1			
Human Resources: - Compliance with Employment Act	7	1			
Microsoft 365 Business Essential	4	28			
Training needs analysis: Identification of current and future training needs	21	15			
TOTAL	303	53			

Performance Reviews and Satisfactory Surveys

We hold annual performance reviews to help our employees identify their strengths and weaknesses. The purpose of this process is not to highlight performance-related inadequacies but to assist them in overcoming challenges that they may be encountering at work.

We have recently implemented the E-Performance system for easy monitoring of progress and performance review status.

Also, satisfactory surveys are gathered by the company during exit interviews of our employees. The purpose of which is to obtain information on any necessary improvements that the company could undertake to advance our operations.



DIVERSITY and EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

TEAM SPIRIT:

'Sharing our collective knowledge to help our clients realise value.'

At Cuscapi, we believe that we can create more effective solutions by combining the unique perspectives of our diverse team members. Their differences in skill and experience maximise the shared knowledge in the workplace.



HUMAN CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

DIVERSITY and EQUAL OPPORTUNITY

We have established a process that ensures that our hiring mechanism is conducted in a fair, effective and consistent manner. We assure that all employees and prospective staff members are treated equally and without discrimination regardless of their gender, ethnicity and religious beliefs.

Gender Ratio in the Workforce					
Financial Year	Male	Female			
2018	74	53			
2019	78	56			
2020 (1 Jan 2019 - 30 June 2020)	80	41			

Gender Ratio in Management Level							
Financial Year 2018 2019			19	FPE 2020 (1 January 2019 - 30 June 2020			
Position / Gender	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	
BOD	4	1	4	1	4	1	
Managers	17	8	18	8	15	5	
Executives	57	45	60	48	65	36	

Age Group FPE June 2020	20 - 30 years old	31 – 40 years old	41 years old and above	Total
	44	45	32	121

GOOD WORKING ENVIRONMENT

The working environment is a significant element that affects employees' motivation and happiness. A healthy workplace environment encourages productivity and efficiency, which in turn reduce the costs associated with absenteeism, turnover, compensation and medical claims.

Health and Safety (H&S): The Group has put in place measures that will minimise the hazards to the occupational safety and health of our IT professionals. The measures are intended to prevent disorders and other illnesses and are crucial for helping employees cope with the long hours of using computers on a desk.

COVID 19 Impact: At the height of the COVID-19 pandemic, in accordance with the government's directive, all our employees were instructed to work from home to prevent the spread of the virus. During this time, we shared accurate COVID-19 information and reduced work-from-home stress by connecting with our employees through video calls.

Flexible Working Hours: The Group is committed to nurturing the work-life balance of our staff. Our flexible working hours policy was introduced to offer our employees with more freedom to fit their working schedule with their family life and commuting needs.

Daily Huddle: Daily huddles enable us to work productively and address issues in a timelier manner, thereby relieving deadline stress from our employees. During these meetings, employees can raise sticking points and concerns that could prevent the team from optimising their performance. This open communication allows the leader to understand the underlying issues that need to be addressed.



HUMAN CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

Employee Engagements

Town Hall Meeting

We conduct quarterly town hall meetings to keep employees informed of company updates. During these meetings, the top management communicates directly with the employees about the latest developments in the company's products, human resources and sports club activities for the coming months. Moreover, the assembly serves as an opportunity for the employees to interact and directly raise questions to the management.





Sports, Social and Recreational Activities

To bolster and maintain staff morale, we organise various activities and initiatives that stimulate team chemistry and promote the physical and social wellbeing of our employees.





EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

We protect our employees' welfare by providing incentives and rewards to boost their morale. Our employees also receive benefits in addition to a competitive salary and government-mandated contributions.

Through the ESOS initiative, employees can purchase company shares at a predetermined price. Staff members who work beyond regular hours are allocated with special allowances. We offer non-monetary benefits, including annual, sick, hospitalisation, maternity, compassionate and celebratory leaves. The health packages cover reimbursements for medical consultations (applicable to employees and their spouse and children), hospitalisation, surgical procedures and personal accidents. We also provide insurance packages for health-related emergencies.



SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

In line with our sustainability strategy, the Group engages in ethical and transparent transactions with our suppliers to ensure that our procurement process remains consistent with our COC.

For outsourced IT services, we ensure that the social and economic needs of our outsourced employees are duly addressed. We abide by the Children and Young Persons (Employment) (Amendment) Act 2010 and ensure that the outsourced company has devised the necessary measures for safeguarding the health and safety as well as the general wellbeing of all employees.

ENVIRONMENT

The Group is involved in the business of providing technology-based services and must, therefore, purchase hardware-related components to facilitate production. In purchasing hardware, we consider environmental concerns with particular regard to the disposal and reduced energy consumption during operations.



REFURBISH, REUSE AND RECYCLE

The two-to-five-year lifespan of a typical computer and hardware leads to unnecessary electronic waste. At Cuscapi, we refurbish, repair and recycle to extend the lifecycle until the computer, device or parts are rendered unusable.

When an electronic device is refurbished, the damaged parts are removed and replaced with new components. We also recycle the components of an electronic device by dismantling them without damaging the parts that are still usable.

The electronic waste generated at the end of a hardware's lifecycle is disposed of by a Department of Environment (DOE) certified scheduled waste contractor in a responsible and environmentally friendly manner.

ENERGY-EFFICIENT PRACTICES

The Group operates in leased offices, and our carbon footprint is limited to the energy that we consume in the office and the commute of our employees. We recognise that reducing environmental impacts is essential not only for eliminating unnecessary costs but also for diminishing carbon emissions in the environment.

Use hibernation: We encourage employees to use the hibernation feature on all laptop and desktop computers.

Go paperless: Going paperless does reduce not only our paper wastage but also cut the energy required to run printers, which, in turn, reduces our energy cost and extends the lifespan of our printers. Documents are distributed in the form of softcopies. Even our emails promote this practice with the slogan: 'Save the Environment: Please Print Only When Necessary!'

Switch off when not in use: Employees are reminded to switch off all printers, scanners, microwave ovens and lights when they are not in use. This policy also applies to auxiliary lights along corridors, stairs, pantries, reception rooms, conference rooms and workstations.

Eco-friendly purchasing: Our procurement department implements the 'Buy energy-efficient devices' practice. Most of our hardware consists of Android tablets and laptops, which are more energy-saving than desktop computers. Such investments might incur more costs upfront but can produce significant savings in the long run.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

The Board of Directors ("Board") of Cuscapi Berhad ("Cuscapi" or "the Company") remains committed to maintaining the adequate standards of corporate governance ("CG") within the Company and the subsidiaries ("the Group"), adhering to the principles and best practices of CG, through observing and practising the core values of Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance 2017 ("MCCG") and the Corporate Governance Guide issued by Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"). The commitment from the top paves the way for Management and all employees to ensure the Company's businesses and affairs are effectively managed in the best interest of all stakeholders.

The Board is pleased to present an overview on the application of the principles as set out in the MCCG and the extent to which the Group have complied with the three (3) key principles of the MCCG during the financial period under review.

This Statement should be read together with the CG Report 2020 of the Company, which is available on the Company's website at www.cuscapi.com.

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS

BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES

The Board is collectively responsible for the long-term success of the Company and the delivery of sustainable value to its stakeholders. In discharging its fiduciary duties and leadership functions, the Board governs and sets the strategic direction of the Company while exercising oversight on Management. The Board plays a critical role in setting the appropriate tone at the top, providing thought leadership and championing good governance and ethical practices throughout the Company.

1.1 Strategic Aims, Values and Standards

The Board is collectively responsible for the performance of the Group by maintaining full and effective control over strategic, financial, operational, compliance and governance issues. The Board plays a critical role in charting the strategic direction, development and control of the Group includes reviewing and monitoring of matters on the strategy to promote sustainability, performance, evaluation, resource allocation, the standard of conduct, financial matters, succession planning, corporate disclosure, effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's system of internal controls and risk management practices.

The responsibilities of the Board are inclusive of but not limited to:

- Reviewing and adopting strategic plan for the Group;
- Overseeing the conduct of the Group's business to evaluate whether the business is being properly managed and to build sustainable value for shareholders;
- Identifying principal risks and ensure the implementation of appropriate risk management, internal control and mitigation measures;
- Ensuring succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing senior Management;
- Overseeing the development and implementation of an investor relations programme or shareholder communications policy for the Group; and
- Reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's internal control systems and management information systems, including systems for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines.

The Board has also established the following two (2) board committees to assist the Board in carrying out its fiduciary duties:

- (a) Audit Committee ("AC")
- (b) Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC")

The powers delegated to the board committees are set out in the Terms of Reference of each of the board committees as approved by the Board. A copy of the Terms of Reference of the board committees is available on the Company's website at www.cuscapi.com.

1.2 Chairman

The Chairman of the Board of Directors is Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam, an Executive Director. The Chairman leads the Board by setting the tone at the top and managing the Board effectiveness by focusing on strategy, governance and compliance.





CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

BOARD RESPONSIBILITIES (CONTINUED)

1.3 Position of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The positions of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") are held by different individuals. The roles are separated with a clear division and responsibilities between them to ensure the balance of control, power and authority. The CEO is primarily responsible for the day-to-day management of the business as well as the implementation of Board policies and decisions. The CEO is also responsible to assess the potential business opportunities and report the same to the Board for their discussion.

1.4 Qualified and Competent Company Secretaries

The Company Secretaries play an advisory role to the Board and is responsible to ensure all Board procedures and Board management matters are in line as well as in compliance with Main Market Listing Requirements ("MMLR"), relevant laws and regulations. The Company Secretaries ensure that discussions at Board and Board Committee meetings are well documented, and subsequently communicated to the relevant party for appropriate action.

1.5 Access to Information and Advice

The Board members have full and unrestricted access to information on the Group's business and affairs in discharging their duties.

The agenda for each Board meeting and its relevant papers relating to the agenda items are forwarded to all Directors for their perusal before the Board meeting. Adequate notice is provided to allow the Directors to review the Board papers so that matters arising could be deliberated adequately at the Board meetings, and the Board could make appropriate decisions. Senior Management and appointed advisers of the Company may be required to attend the Board meetings as and when necessary.

1.6 Board Charter

The Board Charter provides guidance to the Board in the fulfilment of its roles, duties and responsibilities which are in line with the principles of good corporate governance. The Board Charter has been last reviewed on 10 April 2019.

The Board Charter would be periodically reviewed and updated in accordance with the needs of the Company and any new regulations that may have an impact on the discharge of the Board's responsibilities. The Board Charter is available on the corporate website www.cuscapi.com.

GOOD BUSINESS CONDUCT AND CORPORATE CULTURE

2.1 Code of Conduct and Ethics

The Code of Conduct and Ethics serves as a road map to guide the Board in carrying out their duties and responsibilities to the highest standards of personal and corporate integrity and comprised all aspects of its day to day business operations.

Directors and employees of the Group are expected to adhere to high standards of integrity and fair dealings in relation to clients, staff, Management and regulators which the Group operates and ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Code of Conduct and Ethics is available on the Company's website at www.cuscapi.com.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

BOARD COMPOSITION

3.1 Composition of the Board

Currently, the Board consists of a total of 5 members, comprising one (1) Executive Chairman, one (1) Executive Director and three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The MCCG recommends the practice of at least half of the Board comprises Independent Directors. Currently, more than half of the Board members are Independent Directors. This composition is in line with MCCG's recommended practice and the requirement of Paragraph 15.02 of the MMLR of Bursa Securities.

The Board believes that with the current composition and size of the Board is adequate to discharge its duties and responsibilities efficiently and competently. The Board members have a diverse professional and entrepreneurial background, varied skills and experiences. With the presence of Independent Non-Executive Directors, it provides the necessary checks and balances in the Board's exercise of its functions and independent evaluation of the Board's decision-making process.

Meanwhile, in assisting the Board to fulfil its functions, various Board Committees have also been set up by the Company, such as AC and NRC.

3.2 Tenure of Independent Directors

The Board is aware that the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine (9) years. Upon the completion of the nine (9) years' term, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board as an Independent Director subject to shareholder's approval.

Currently, there is no Independent Director of the Company whose tenure has exceeded a cumulative term of nine (9) years.

3.3 Diverse Board and Senior Management Team

Appointment of Board and Senior Management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender. The Group adheres strictly to the practice of non-discrimination of any form.

The decision on new appointment of Directors' and Senior Management rest with the Board after considering the recommendation of NRC. In evaluating the suitability of candidates to the Board, NRC will consider certain criteria such as skills, knowledge, expertise, experience, integrity, commitment, background, boardroom diversity and the ability of the candidate to discharge his/her duties as expected. For the appointment of Independent Directors, considerations will also be given on whether the candidates meet the requirements for independence as defined in MMLR of Bursa Securities and time commitment expected from them to attend to matters of the Company in general, including attending meetings of the Board, Board Committees and Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

3.4 Audit Committee

The members and activities of the AC during the financial period under review are set out in the AC Report on page 48 to 50 in this Annual Report.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

BOARD COMPOSITION (CONTINUED)

3.5 Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The present NRC consists of two (2) Independent Non-Executive Directors, as follows: -

Chairperson: Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

Member: Dato' Sheah Kok Fah

(Independent Non-Executive Director)

The NRC met once in the financial period under review with full attendance of both the members.

During the financial period under review, the NRC has undertaken the following activities in discharging its duties:-

- (a) Conducted an annual assessment of the performance of the Board as a whole for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 and made its recommendation to the Board.
- (b) Conducted an annual assessment of the Independent Directors and made its recommendation to the Board.
- (c) Reviewed and recommended the re-election of the retiring Directors for Board's approval.
- (d) Reviewed and recommended the appointment of Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad.
- (e) Reviewed composition of Board and its Board Committees.
- (f) Reviewed and recommended Directors' fees payable to Non-Executive Directors for Board's approval.
- (g) Reviewed and recommended Directors' benefits payable to the Directors for the Board's approval.

OVERALL BOARD EFFECTIVENESS

4.1 Annual Evaluation

The NRC has established a set of quantitative and qualitative performance criteria to evaluate the performance of each member of the Board, each Board Committee, and to review the performance of the Board as a whole. The effectiveness of the Board is assessed in the areas of the Board's roles and responsibilities and composition, attendance record, the intensity of participation at meetings, quality of interventions and special contributions. Besides, the effectiveness of the Board Committees is assessed in terms of structure and processes, accountability and responsibility as well as the effectiveness of the Chairman of the respective Board Committees.

The annual assessment of individual Directors, Board as a whole and Board Committees which commences with the completion of a set of self-assessment from detailing all assessment criteria to be completed by all Directors for evaluation by NRC. Criteria for the self-assessment includes self-ratings on the Director's knowledge, support of the goals of the Company, time commitment, and active participation on Board.

Based on the annual assessment conducted, the NRC was satisfied with the existing Board composition and concluded that each Directors has the requisite competence to serve on the Board and has sufficiently demonstrated their commitment to the Company in terms of time and participation during the year under review, and recommended to the Board the re-election of retiring Directors at the Company's forthcoming AGM.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

OVERALL BOARD EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

4.2 Board Meetings

The Board meets at least four (4) times a year and has a formal schedule of matters reserved for it. Additional meetings are held as and when necessary. During the financial period under review, seven (7) meetings were held in which the Board deliberated upon and considered various issues including the Group's financial results, the performance of the Group's business, significant investment, business plan and policies and strategies issues affecting the Group's business

The following is the record of attendance of the Board Members:

Naı	ne of Directors	Attendance	Percentage of Attendance
(a)	Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	7/7	100%
(b)	Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad		
	(Ceased as Alternate Director to Mr Toe Teow Teck w.e.f. 9 July 2019,		
	and appointed as Executive Director w.e.f. 9 July 2019)	4/4	100%
(c)	Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	7/7	100%
(d)	Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi	6/7	86%
(e)	Puan Mohaini Binti Yusof	7/7	100%
(f)	Mr Toe Teow Teck		
.,	(Resigned w.e.f. 9 July 2019)	3/3	100%

Based on the above, all Directors have complied with the minimum 50% attendance requirement in respect of Board meetings as stipulated in MMLR. All the Directors have fulfilled the time commitment expected by the Board based on the attendance of the Directors at the Board meetings. The attendance of all the Directors at the Board meetings showed that the Board is committed to the Company towards fulfilling their roles and responsibilities as Directors of the Company.

4.3 Directors' Training

The Board empowered the Directors of the Company to determine their own training requirements as they consider necessary to enhance their knowledge as well as understanding of the Group's business and operations.

In their effort to keep abreast with the changes in the industry, legislation and regulations affecting the Company, the Board members have attended the relevant seminars/conference/training programmes during the financial period as detailed below:

Name of Director		Seminars/Conferences/Training Programmes Attended	Date
Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	•	Briefing on Corporate Liability Section 17A MACC Act 2019	25 August 2020
Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad	•	Directors' Duties and Responsibilities - A Refresher, Anti- money Laundering in Malaysia, and Cyber Attacks and You	11 September 2019
	•	Briefing on Corporate Liability Section 17A MACC Act 2019	25 August 2020
Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	•	Evaluating Effective Internal Audit function – Audit Committee's Guide on How To	17 October 2019
	•	Briefing on Corporate Liability Section 17A MACC Act 2019	25 August 2020
Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi	•	Briefing on Corporate Liability Section 17A MACC Act 2019	24 August 2020
Puan Mohaini Binti Yusof	•	Evaluating Effective Internal Audit function – Audit Committee's Guide on How To	17 October 2019
	•	Briefing on Corporate Liability Section 17A MACC Act 2019	24 August 2020



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE A: BOARD LEADERSHIP AND EFFECTIVENESS (CONTINUED)

REMUNERATION

The Board acknowledges that disclosure of remuneration of the Directors and Senior Management on an individual basis provides transparency and enable the stakeholders to assess whether the remuneration commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration of the Company's performance.

5.1 Directors' Remuneration

The detailed breakdown of the Directors' fees and other benefits paid (both Company and Group level) for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020, as follows: -

Directors	Fees (RM)	Allowance (RM)	Benefits -in-kind (RM)	Other Emoluments (RM)
Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	_	8,000	_	_
Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad	100,000	8,000	-	-
Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	· -	8,000	-	-
Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi	-	7,000	-	-
Puan Mohaini Binti Yusof	180,000	8,000	-	-
Total	280,000	39,000	-	-

5.2 Remuneration of Senior Management

The remuneration paid to the Senior Management during the financial period 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020, as follows: -

Range of Remuneration	Number of Senior Management
Below RM100,000	0
RM100,001 – RM300,000	2
RM300,001 - RM500,000	4

5.3 Remuneration Procedure

The Board recognises that the level and composition of remuneration of Directors and Senior Management should take into account the Company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the Board and Senior Management to drive the Company's long-term objectives. The NRC, together with the Board, ensures that the Company's remuneration policy remains supportive of the Company's corporate objectives and is aligned with the interest of shareholders.

The NRC recommends to the Board the remuneration packages for the Executive Directors. None of the Executive Directors participated in any way in determining their own individual remuneration. The Board as a whole determines the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors, with individual Directors abstaining from making decisions in respect of their individual remuneration. The Directors' fees are approved by the shareholders during the AGM of the Company.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE B - EFFECTIVE AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT

AUDIT COMMITTEE

6.1 Audit Committee

The AC comprises wholly of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Chairman of the AC is not the Chairman of the Board. The AC is fully informed about significant matters related to the Company's audit and its financial statements. The AC also reviewed the internal audit programme and invited the internal auditors to the meeting for discussion on the internal audit findings. Besides, such discussion also served as an avenue for the AC to appropriately communicate its insights, views and concerns about relevant transactions and events to the internal and external auditors.

Board took note on the Practice 7.2 of the MCCG to have a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the AC and has incorporated this under the Terms of Reference of AC.

AC has policies and procedures to review, assess and monitor the performances, suitability and independence of the external auditors.

Further details on the work performed by AC in furtherance of its oversight role are set out in the AC Report on pages 48 to 50 of this Annual Report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL FRAMEWORK

7.1 Establishment of Risk Management and Internal Control Framework & Internal Audit Function

During the financial period under review, the Board and AC were assisted by the CEO & Senior Management to maintain its risk management system, which is reviewed and continuously updated to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's assets. The Group's internal audit function has been outsourced to an external consultant who reports directly to AC. The internal audit function currently reviews and appraises the risk management and internal control processes of the Group. The Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control set out on pages 44 to 47 of this Annual Report which provides an overview of the Group's approach to ensure the effectiveness of the risk management and internal processes within the Group.

PRINCIPLE C-INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

COMMUNICATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS

There is continuous communication between the Company and stakeholders to facilitate a mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations. Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the Company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

8.1 Effective, Transparent and Regular Communication

The Company maintains various methods of dissemination of information important to shareholders, stakeholders and the public at large through the timely announcement of events, the quarterly announcement of financial results and product information on the Company's website at www.cuscapi.com.



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE OVERVIEW STATEMENT

PRINCIPLE C-INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING AND MEANINGFUL RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS (CONTINUED)

CONDUCT OF GENERAL MEETINGS

9.1 Annual General Meeting

General meetings are an important avenue for Board Members to engage with shareholders. Shareholders are provided with the opportunity to seek clarification on the Group's strategy, performance and significant developments during the general meetings.

The Board has adopted the recommendation of the MCCG for the Notice of the 41st AGM to be given to the shareholders at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the meeting. The Board encourages shareholders to participate in the questions and answers session and to interact and feedback to the Chairman for opinions or concerns during the AGM. The Chairman and the respective Chairmen of the Board Committees as appropriate will respond to questions raised by the shareholders during the AGM.

Shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM are advised that they can appoint proxies to attend and vote on their behalf.

COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

The Board has deliberated, reviewed and approved this Statement, and considers that this overview statement provides the information necessary to enable shareholders to evaluate how the MCCG has been applied. The Board considers and is satisfied that the Group has fulfilled its obligation under the MCCG, MMLR and all applicable laws and regulations throughout the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.

This Statement was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on 14 October 2020.



ADDITIONAL COMPLIANCE INFORMATION DISCLOSURES

AUDIT FEE AND NON-AUDIT FEES

The amount of audit fees and non-audit fees paid or payable to the Company's External Auditors and firms affiliated to the External Auditors' firms by the Group and the Company for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020 are as follows:-

Type of fees	Group (RM)	Company (RM)
Audit fees	446,462	116,000
Non-audit fees	6,000	6,000
Total	452,462	122,000

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There were no material contracts outside the ordinary course of business entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving Director's and major shareholder's interest which were still subsisting at the end of the financial period 30 June 2020 or entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

Balance of proceeds for RM25,182,268 from the previous corporate exercise on 20 March 2018 has been fully utilised during the financial period 30 June 2020.

Other than that, there were no corporate proposals announced but not completed during the financial period ended 30 June 2020.



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

IN RESPECT OF AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

The Directors are required by the Companies Act 2016 ("the Act") and the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad to prepare the financial statements for each financial year in accordance with applicable Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, the International Financial Reporting Standards and requirements of the Act in Malaysia.

The Directors are responsible to ensure that the audited financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group and the Company for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020. Where there are new accounting standards or policies that become effective during the period, the impact of these new treatments would be stated in the notes to the financial statements, accordingly.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have:

- adopted appropriate and relevant accounting policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- ensure that all applicable accounting standards have been followed; and
- prepared financial statements on a "going concern" basis as the Directors have a reasonable expectation, having
 made enquiries, that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue operations for the foreseeable
 future.

The Directors are responsible to ensure that the Group and the Company keep accounting records which disclose the financial position of the Group and of the Company with reasonable accuracy, enabling them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Act.

The Directors have overall responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and of the Company to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

This Statement is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board dated 14 October 2020.



1. INTRODUCTION

The Malaysian Code of Corporate Governance requires listed companies to maintain a sound Risk Management system and Internal Control to safeguard shareholders' investments and Group assets. The Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad require directors of listed companies to include a statement in the annual reports on the state of their Risk Management and Internal Control on a group basis.

The Group has recognised and established procedures of Risk Management, and Internal Control in discharging its stewardship responsibilities are primarily in accordance with the guidance provided in the "Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers". These procedures, which are subject to continuous review by the Board, provide a systematic and on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant business risks faced by the Group that may affect the achievement of its business objectives.

The Board of Directors of Cuscapi Berhad ("the Board"), in recognition of this responsibility, hereby issues the following statement which is prepared in accordance with these requirements.

2. BOARD RESPONSIBILITY

The Board recognise the importance of a sound framework of Risk Management and Internal Control for good corporate governance and to safeguard the shareholders' interests. Towards this end, the Board is committed to maintaining a sound system of Risk Management and Internal Control for the Group and ensuring its continued effectiveness, adequacy and integrity through a process of periodic review.

The Board has delegated the responsibility of undertaking this process of periodic review to the Audit Committee, the delegation of responsibility is defined in the Audit Committee's Terms of Reference. However, the Board as a whole remains ultimately responsible for the effectiveness, adequacy and integrity of the system of risk management and internal controls.

The Board maintains full control over strategic, financial, organisational and compliance issues and has put in place an organisation with lines of responsibility, clear segregation of duties and appropriate delegation of authority. The Board has delegated to the Senior Management the implementation of the system of Risk Management and Internal Control within an established framework throughout the Group.

The Board also acknowledges the need to establish an on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing significant risks faced by the Group and to regularly review this process in conjunction with the "Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers".

3. CONTROL STRUCTURE & RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

During the financial period ended 30 June 2020, the Chief Executive Officer in charge of the day-to-day management of the Company following the instructions and orders given by the Board. The Chief Executive Officer sets the framework of the internal control environment by providing leadership and direction to senior managers and reviewing the way they are controlling the business. This control is exercised through Senior Management in respect of commercial, financial and operational aspects of the Company. The Chief Executive Officer and Senior Management meet regularly in respect of such matters.

The Board fully supports the contents of the Statement on Risk Management & Internal Control: Guidelines for Directors of Listed Issuers and through the Audit Committee continually reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the Risk Management processes in place within the various operating units to strengthen the Risk Management functions across the Group.

Risks may include strategy, financial, operational, compliance or external risks, such as country, market, currency risk or regulatory risk.

Management also acknowledges its responsibility for the management of risks, for developing, operating and monitoring the system of internal control and for assuring the Board that it has done so under the policies adopted by the Board. The Board and the Management also recognise and acknowledge that the development of effective risk management and internal control system is an on-going process and to this end maintains a continuous commitment to strengthening the existing internal control environment of the Group.



4. INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Internal audit function assesses the efficiency and appropriateness of operations and examines the functioning of internal control. The internal audit seeks to ensure the reliability of financial and operational reporting, compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and proper management of the Company's assets.

Internal audit is independent of the operational management and is performed by an external service provider. In a desire to maintain total independence in the management of the internal control environment and remain in compliance with the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad Listing Requirements, the Company has appointed Crowe Horwath Governance Sdn Bhd to manage the Company's internal audit function on an outsourced basis.

Crowe Horwath Governance Sdn. Bhd reports independently and directly to the Audit Committee in respect of the internal audit function. The Audit Committee together with Crowe Governance Sdn. Bhd agrees on the scope and planned internal audit activity annually, and all audit findings arising there from are reported to the Audit Committee quarterly if possible.

Follow up reviews are also carried out to assess the status of implementation of management action plans, which are based on internal audit recommendations. The results of these follow up reviews are also highlighted to the Audit Committee.

5. OTHER KEY INTERNAL CONTROL ELEMENTS

Apart from the risk management framework and internal audit, the other key elements of the Group's system of internal control are stated as below:

Board Meetings

The Board meets at least quarterly and has a formal agenda on matters for discussion. The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer lead the presentation of board papers and provide a comprehensive explanation of pertinent issues. In arriving at any decision, on the recommendation by the management, a thorough deliberation and discussion by the Board is prerequisite. Besides, the Board is kept updated on the Group's activities and operation regularly.

Organisational Structure with Formally Defined Responsibility Lines and Delegation of Authority

There is in place an organisational structure with formally defined responsibility lines and authorities to facilitate quick response to changes in the evolving business environment, adequate supervision of day-to-day business conduct and accountability for operational performance. The procedures include the establishment of authority limits for all aspects of the business, which is subject to periodic review throughout the year as to their implementation and for their continuing suitability.

The approval of capital and revenue proposals above certain limits is reserved for the Board. Other investment decisions are delegated for approval following authority limits.

Group Policies and Guidelines

The documented policies and procedures form an integral part of the internal control system to safeguard shareholders' investment and Group's assets against material losses and ensure complete and accurate financial information. The internal procedures and policies are clearly documented in manuals and reviewed and revised periodically to meet changing business, operational and statutory reporting needs. This procedure and policies are to ensure proper documentation, authorisations and effective control over operating units within the Group.

Operating manuals are also available within the Group, and these set out policies and procedures for day-to-day operations and act as guidance for employees on the necessary steps to be taken in a given set of circumstances. The manuals enable tasks to be carried out with minimal supervision.



5. OTHER KEY INTERNAL CONTROL ELEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Formalised Strategic Planning and Operating Plan Processes

The Group undertakes a comprehensive business planning and budgeting process each year to establish plans and targets against which performance is monitored on an ongoing basis. Key business risk are identified during the business planning process and are reviewed regularly during the year. A detailed budgeting process has been implemented in the Group where each department/business unit prepares a budget for the upcoming financial year for the approval of the Board. The budget is monitored and major variances are followed-up by the respective Management.

Reporting and Review

Adequate financial and operational information systems are in place to capture and present timely and pertinent internal business information. Clear reporting structure ensures financial (e.g. Monthly management accounts and variance reporting) and operational reports (Weekly sales and collection report, HR report etc.) are periodically prepared and presented to management for discussion and review on a timely basis. Scheduled and ad-hoc meetings are held at operational and management levels to identify, discuss and resolve business and operational issues.

Monitoring

The Group monitors compliance with its internal controls through management reviews and reports which are internally reviewed by key personnel. Regular internal audit visit is conducted on the key activities of the Group's business and functional units to monitor compliance with procedures and to assess the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control.

Procedures and Control Environment

Control procedures and environments at Group and individual business unit levels have been established.

Established control activities for day-to-day financial and operational activities are in place covering preventive controls, predictive controls, manuals controls, computer controls and management controls. These include top-level reviews of financial and operating performance, authorisations, verifications, reconciliation, physical controls over assets, segregation of duties and controls over information systems.

In addition to internal financial controls, the directors have ensured that safety and health regulations, environmental controls and political risks have been considered and complied.

Quality and Ability of Employee

Every employee of the Group is contractually bound to observe prescribed standards of business ethics in the manner of conducting themselves at work and their relationships with external parties such as customers and suppliers. The Group expects each employee to conduct himself/herself with integrity and objectivity and not to place himself/herself in a position of conflict of interest. The competence of staff personnel is maintained through a structured recruitment process, performance measurement and rewarding system and a wide variety of training and development programmes.

Human resource policies have been established, and it reflects the Group's objective on human resource management with the emphasis on development in areas relating to succession planning and competency. Policies also include code of conduct and performance management as control measures on staff's overall conduct and performance. On-going internal and external training is provided to improved employees' technical and non-technical competence and skills.



6. WEAKNESSES IN INTERNAL CONTROL

Management continues to take appropriate measures and maintains an on-going commitment to continuously monitor the Group's control environment and processes with a view to both strengthening its internal control structure and the management of risks.

The Board of Directors is of the opinion that there is no significant weakness in the system of internal control, contingencies or uncertainties that could result in material loss and adversely affect the Group.

7. CONCLUSION

The Board is of the opinion that the existing system of internal control is adequate to achieve the Group's business objectives to safeguard shareholders' investments and Group's assets. The Board will continuously assess the adequacy of the Group's system of internal control and make improvements and enhancements to the system as and when necessary.

This statement is made in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors dated 14 October 2020.



AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

The Board presents the Audit Committee Report, which provides insights into how the Audit Committee discharged its functions for the Group in respect of the financial period ended 30 June 2020.

COMPOSITION OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

Chairman: Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi

Independent Non-Executive Director

Members: Dato' Sheah Kok Fah

Independent Non-Executive Director

Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof Independent Non-Executive Director

The Audit Committee ("AC") composition is in line with Paragraph 15.09 of the Main Market Listing Requirement ("MMLR"). As at the date of this Annual Report, the AC comprises three (3) members who are Independent and Non-Executive Directors ("INED"). All INED satisfy the test of independence under the MMLR. The AC meets the requirements of paragraph 15.09(1)(a) and (b) of the MMLR and Practice 8.4 under Principle B of the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance.

Collectively, the members of AC have the relevant experience and expertise in finance and accounting and have carried out their duties in accordance with the terms of reference of the AC. The profile of the members of the AC is contained in the Directors' Profiles as set out on page 16 to 20 of this Annual Report.

MEETINGS AND ATTENDANCE

The AC conducted eight (8) meetings during the financial period under review, and the attendance of the AC members is set out as below:-

	Name of Directors	Attendance
(a)	Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi	7/8
(b)	Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	8/8
(c)	Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof	8/8

TERMS OF REFERENCE

The Terms of Reference of AC is available on the Company's corporate website at www.cuscapi.com for shareholders' reference pursuant to MMLR. The Board reviews the terms of office of the AC members and assesses the performance of the AC and its members through an annual Board Committee effectiveness evaluation. The Board is satisfied that the AC and its members discharged their functions, duties and responsibilities in accordance with the AC's Terms of Reference, which is available on the Company's corporate website.

INDEPENDENCE OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company recognises the need to uphold the independence of its external auditors and that no possible conflict of interest whatsoever should arise. Currently, none of the members of the Board nor the AC of the Company was former key audit partners of the external auditors appointed by the Group. The Company will observe a cooling-off period of at least two (2) period in the event any potential candidate to be appointed as a member of AC was a key audit partner of the external auditors of the Group.





AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

SUMMARY OF WORK

The work carried out by the AC in discharging its duties and functions with respect to their responsibilities during the financial period under review were summarised as follows:

a) Financial Results

- Reviewed and recommended the quarterly results of the Group (including announcements) and the annual financial statements of the Group and the Company for the Board's approval.
- Deliberated on significant matters raised by the External Auditors including financial reporting issues, significant
 judgements made by Senior Management, significant and unusual events or transactions and management's
 reports and updates on actions recommended by the External Auditors for improvement.
- Deliberated on changes or implementation of significant accounting changes and compliance with accounting standards and other legal requirements.

b) Internal Audit

- Reviewed and approved the internal audit plan and the Internal Auditors' scope of work.
- · Reviewed and discussed with the Internal Auditor, its audit findings and issues arising during the audit.
- Reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of corrective actions taken by Senior Management on all significant matters raised by the Internal Auditor.
- Recommended Internal Auditor's fees to the Board for approval.
- Met the Internal Auditor to have a frank and candid dialogue, and to exchange free and honest views and opinions.

c) External Audit

- Reviewed and approved the External Auditor's scope of work and audit plan prior to commencement of the annual audit.
- Reviewed and discussed with the External Auditor, the results of the audit, the audit report and findings noted during its audit and reported the same to the Board.
- Evaluated the independence and performance of the External Auditor and recommended its fees and reappointment to the Board for approval.
- Met the External Auditor without the presence of Executive Directors and Senior Management to have a frank and candid dialogue, and to exchange free and honest views and opinions.

d) Annual Report

- · Reviewed relevant statements/ reports, including financial statements of this Annual Report.
- Reviewed the Corporate Governance Report as required by Paragraph 15.25 of MMLR.

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The internal audit function is outsourced to a professional firm named Crowe Horwath Governance Sdn Bhd ("Internal Auditor"), which is headed by Amos Law, Executive Director, Certified Internal Auditor ("CIA"), Chartered Institute of Internal Auditors ("CMIA") and Certification in Risk Management Assurance ("CRMA"). The primary responsibility of Internal Auditor is to assist the Board and the AC in reviewing the systems of internal control and providing recommendations to strengthen these systems. The three (3) main functions of the Internal Auditor as follows:-

- (a) Assess and report on the effectiveness of the design and operation of the framework of controls which enable risks to be assessed and managed;
- (b) Assess and report on the effectiveness of management actions to address deficiencies in the framework of controls;
 and
- (c) Investigate and report on cases of suspected employee fraud and malpractice, if any.



AUDIT COMMITTEE REPORT

INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION (CONTINUED)

The Internal Auditor organised its work with reference to the principles of the international professional practice framework on internal auditing covering the conduct of the audit planning, execution, documentation, communication of findings and consultation with key stakeholders on the audit concerns. In order to ensure that the audit focus is on relevant and appropriate risk areas, the internal audit plan is developed in consultation with management taking into consideration the Group's structure, concerns and the challenges faced. The proposed internal audit plan is presented to the AC for deliberation and approval before internal audit reviews are carried out.

Internal audit reviews are carried out according to the internal audit plan, which is reviewed and approved by the AC. Prior to the presentation of the report to the AC, comments from the management are obtained and incorporated into the internal audit findings and reports. Further details of the internal audit function and its activities are provided in the Statement on Risk Management and Internal Control, set out on page 44 to 47 of this Annual Report.

The total costs incurred by the Internal Auditor in discharging its functions and responsibilities in respect of the financial period ended 30 June 2020 amounted to RM71,600 as compared to RM68,200 in 2018.



The directors hereby submit their report and the audited financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiaries. The principal activities of the subsidiary are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial period.

CHANGE OF FINANCIAL YEAR END

During the financial period, the Company changed its financial year end from 31 December to 30 June. Accordingly, the financial statements for the current financial period are made up for the financial period of eighteen (18) months from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.

RESULTS

	Group RM	Company RM
Loss for the financial period attributable to:		_
Owners of the Company	22,027,214	26,897,906
Non-controlling interests	49,536	-
Loss for the financial period	22,076,750	26,897,906

DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividends in respect of the current financial period.

ISSUE OF SHARES AND DEBENTURES

There were no issuance of shares or debentures during the financial period.

SHARE OPTIONS

No option was granted to any person to take up unissued shares of the Company during the financial period.

EMPLOYEES' SHARE OPTION SCHEME ("ESOS"")

The details of ESOS are disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

RESERVES AND PROVISIONS

All material transfers, if any, to or from reserves and provisions during the financial period are disclosed in the financial statements.



SUBSIDIARIES

Details of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There is no qualified auditors' report on the financial statements of any subsidiary for the financial period in which this report is made, except for those subsidiaries with modified opinions in their auditors' reports as disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

As at the end of the financial period, none of the subsidiaries hold any shares in the holding company or in other related corporations.

DIRECTORS

The directors in office during the period commencing from the beginning of the financial period to the date of this report are:

Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam*

Toe Teow Teck (Resigned on 9 July 2019)

Dato' Sheah Kok Fah* Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof

Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad (Ceased to be alternate director to Toe Teow Teck on 9 July 2019 and appointed as Executive Director on 9 July 2019)

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Other than as stated above, the name of the directors of the subsidiaries of the Company in office during the period commencing from the beginning of the financial period to the date of this report are:

Anthony Gerald A/L R.Victor

Lim Sze Yean

Chua Wei Chun (Resigned on 3 July 2019)

Filomena Villa

Jessica Buzeta(Resigned on 20 April 2020)Jayson Torente(Appointed on 31 March 2019)Lee Poh Kwan(Appointed on 3 July 2019)Leslie Ann Parcon(Appointed on 20 April 2020)Satrio Boediarto(Appointed on 12 December 2019)

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES

The following directors, who held office at the end of the financial period, had interests in shares as follows:

	At	Number of or	dinary shares	At
	1.1.2019	Bought	Sold	30.6.2020
Direct interests:				
Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	20,205,000	14,795,700	_	35,000,700
Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	470,000	1,030,000	-	1,500,000
Indirect interests:				
Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam^	133,000,000	3,926,700	-	136,926,700

[^] Shares held through Company in which the director has substantial financial interests.



^{*} Directors of the Company and certain subsidiaries.



DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES (CONTINUED)

By virtue of their interests in the shares of the Company and pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam and Dato' Sheah Kok Fah are deemed to have an interest in the ordinary shares of the subsidiaries to the extent that the Company has an interest.

Other than as disclosed above, none of the directors in office at the end of the financial period held any interest in shares in the Company or its related corporations during the financial period.

DIRECTORS' BENEFITS

Since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (other than a benefit included in the aggregate amount of remuneration received or due and receivable by the directors shown in the financial statements or the fixed salary of a full-time employee of the Company) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with a director or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

Neither during nor at the end of the financial period was the Company a party to any arrangements whose object is to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

The benefits and remuneration of the directors are disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE COST

The Company provides appropriate insurance cover for the Directors and officers of the Company. The amount of insurance premium paid during the current financial period was RM10,260.

OTHER INFORMATION

Before the financial statements were made out, the directors took reasonable steps:

- to ascertain that appropriate action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (ii) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised in the ordinary course of business including the value of current assets as shown in the accounting records of the Group and of the Company have been written down to an amount which the current assets might be expected so to realise.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (i) which would render the amount written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (ii) which would render the values attributed to the current assets in the financial statements misleading; or
- (iii) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and of the Company misleading or inappropriate.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (i) any charge on the assets of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial period which secures the liabilities of any other person; or
- (ii) any contingent liability of the Group or of the Company which has arisen since the end of the financial period.



OTHER INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

No contingent or other liability has become enforceable, or is likely to become enforceable, within the period of twelve months after the end of the financial period which, in the opinion of the directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group or of the Company to meet their obligations when they fall due.

At the date of this report, the directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

In the opinion of the directors:

- (i) the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial period were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature; and
- (ii) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial period and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and of the Company for the financial period in which this report is made.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

Details of significant events during the financial period are disclosed in Note 35 to the financial statements.

AUDITORS

Auditors' remuneration is set out in Note 24 to the financial statements.

The auditors, Mazars PLT, Chartered Accountants, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment.

To the extent permitted by laws, the Company has agreed to indemnify its auditors, as part of the terms of its audit engagement, against claims arising from the audit. No payment has been made to indemnify the auditors for the current financial period.

APPROVAL OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

This report is approved by the board of directors, and signed on behalf of the board of directors in accordance with a directors' resolution.

DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM
Director

DATUK MAT NOOR BIN NAWI
Director

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 14 October 2020





STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

		G	roup	Cor	mpany
	Note	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Property, plant and equipment	5	10,013,681	9,774,722	2,435,298	1,569,177
Investment property	6	10,112,400	11,002,200	10,112,400	11,002,200
Right-of-use assets	7	3,301,902	-	2,095,653	-
Investments in subsidiaries	8	-	-	21,371,885	21,170,886
Other investments	9	20,686,000	19,870,294	4,186,000	3,835,000
Intangible assets	10	5,308,802	2,344,330	-	-
		49,422,785	42,991,546	40,201,236	37,577,263
CURRENT ASSETS					
Inventories	12	18,747,790	17,200,144	-	-
Trade and other receivables	13	18,267,086	11,046,434	3,787,297	4,145,346
Prepayments		431,513	915,308	193,118	117,590
Current tax asset		325,760	850,518	43,350	-
Cash and short-term deposits	14	16,478,249	45,128,456	15,519,053	41,316,094
		54,250,398	75,140,860	19,542,818	45,579,030
TOTAL ASSETS		103,673,183	118,132,406	59,744,054	83,156,293
EQUITY Share capital	15	181,114,569	181,114,569	181,114,569	181,114,569
Other reserves	16	12,746,743	13,521,653	162,000	604,788
Accumulated losses		(118,471,472)	(98,241,898)	(145,648,937)	(120,548,671)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		75,389,840	96,394,324	35,627,632	61,170,686
Non-controlling interest		(48,025)	-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY		75,341,815	96,394,324	35,627,632	61,170,686
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Provision		53,928	53,543	_	_
Lease liabilities	7	2,636,986	-	1,856,822	-
		2,690,914	53,543	1,856,822	-
CURRENT LIABILITIES					
Trade and other payables	17	24,656,685	21,630,590	21,821,299	21,939,710
Lease liabilities	7	974,439	-	438,301	-
Current tax liabilities		9,330	53,949	-	45,897
		25,640,454	21,684,539	22,259,600	21,985,607
TOTAL LIABILITIES		28,331,368	21,738,082	24,116,422	21,985,607
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		103,673,183	118,132,406	59,744,054	83,156,293



STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

		Gı	roup	Con	npany
	Note	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Revenue	18	31,160,510	29,148,312	3,534,027	3,341,013
Direct cost of sales	19	(29,693,152)	(25,879,862)	-	-
Amortisation of intangible assets		(3,508,408)	(979,183)	-	-
Gross (loss)/profit		(2,041,050)	2,289,267	3,534,027	3,341,013
Other income	20	698,491	880,542	6,590,967	1,453,932
Administrative expenses		(17,477,940)	(20,660,543)	(8,594,506)	(6,467,294)
Other operating expenses - Impairment loss on investment	21				
in subsidiaries		_	_	(10,706,348)	(10,233,940)
- Impairment loss on goodwill		(1,530,052)	_	(10,700,040)	(10,200,040)
- Impairment loss on development costs		(1,000,002)	(2,737,436)	_	_
- Loss allowance on amount owing			(2,707,400)		
by subsidiaries		_	_	(17,953,854)	(42,399,404)
- Impairment loss on property, plant				(17,550,654)	(42,000,404)
and equipment		_	(302,307)	_	_
- Loss allowance on trade and other			(002,007)		
receivables		(593,412)	(1,000,234)	_	_
- Bad debts written off		(854,630)	(.,000,20.,	_	_
		· · · · ·			
		(21,798,593)	(21,530,711)	(27,129,714)	(54,305,693)
Finance income	22	686,250	964,604	659,898	959,220
Finance costs	23	(994,492)	(638,236)	(540,056)	(3,750)
Net finance income		(308,242)	326,368	119,842	955,470
Loss before tax	24	(22,106,835)	(21,204,343)	(27,009,872)	(53,350,223)
Income tax credit/(expense)	26	30,085	(772,154)	111,966	(125,247)
Loss for the financial period/year		(22,076,750)	(21,976,497)	(26,897,906)	(53,475,470)



STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

		Gi	roup	Com	npany
	Note	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Fair value gain/(loss) on other investment		1,819,558	597,000	1,354,852	597,000
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Exchange differences on translation of foreign operation		(796,828)	1,772,056	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the financial period/year		1,022,730	2,369,056	1,354,852	597,000
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period/year		(21,054,020)	(19,607,441)	(25,543,054)	(52,878,470)
Loss for the financial period/year attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest		(22,027,214) (49,536)	(21,976,497) -	(26,897,906)	(53,475,470)
		(22,076,750)	(21,976,497)	(26,897,906)	(53,475,470)
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interest		(21,004,484) (49,536)	(19,607,441)	(25,543,054)	(52,878,470)
		(21,054,020)	(19,607,441)	(25,543,054)	(52,878,470)
Basic/diluted loss per share (sen):	27	(2.56)	(2.82)		



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

	ļ		Attributable	Attributable to owners of the Company	Company —		1		
Group	Share capital RM	Fair value reserve RM	Exchange reserve RM	Employees' share option reserve RM	Statutory reserve RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total RM	Non- controlling Interest RM	Total equity RM
At 1 January 2019	181,114,569	597,000	12,694,401	7,788	222,464	(98,241,898)	96,394,324	1	96,394,324
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year									
Loss for the financial period	ı	•	ı		ı	(22,027,214)	(22,027,214)	(49,536)	(22,076,750)
rair value gain on other investments Exchange difference on	1	1,819,558	ı	1	•	1	1,819,558	1	1,819,558
translation of foreign operation	ı	ı	(796,828)	ı	1		(796,828)	ı	(796,828)
Total comprehensive loss	ı	1,819,558	(796,828)	1	I	(22,027,214)	(21,004,484)	(49,536)	(21,054,020)
Transfer of fair value reserve upon disposal of equity instruments at FVTOC	'	(1,789,852)	ı		•	1,789,852	ı	1	ı
Transaction with owners									
Acquisition of a subsidiary ESOS lapsed	1 1		1 1	- (7,788)	1 1	7,788	1 1	1,511	1,511
At 30 June 2020	181,114,569	626,706	11,897,573	1	222,464	(118,471,472)	75,389,840	(48,025)	75,341,815



CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

		\ \ \		## 	Attributable to owners of the Company	rs of the Compa			
Group	Note	Share capital RM	Fair value reserve RM	Exchange reserve RM	Employees' share option reserve RM	Statutory reserve RM		Warrants Accumulated reserve losses RM RM	Total equity RM
At 1 January 2018		72,846,301		10,922,345	73,583	222,464	11,207,235	(76,428,556)	18,843,372
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year									
Loss for the financial year Fair value gain on other investments	4		- 297,000		1 1	1 1	' '	(21,578,597)	(21,578,597) 597,000
Exchange dimerence on translation of foreign operation	=	1	1	1,772,056	1	1	1	ı	1,772,056
Total comprehensive loss			597,000	1,772,056	1	I	ı	(21,578,597)	(19,209,541)
Transaction with owners									

Iransaction with owners									
Issuance of ordinary shares		50,000,000	,		,		3,200,000	,	53,200,000
ESOS exercised		381,885			(38,313)	ı	•	1	343,572
ESOS lapsed		•	1	•	(27,482)	ı	•	19,368	(8,114)
Warrant exercised		57,886,383	1	1		ı	(14,263,448)	1	43,622,935
Warrant lapsed		ı	1	ı	1	1	(143,787)	143,787	1
Total transactions with owners		108,268,268	ı	ı	(65,795)	ı	(11,207,235)	163,155	97,158,393
At 31 December 2018, as previously stated		181,114,569	597,000	12,694,401	7,788	222,464	ı	(97,843,998)	96,792,224
Prior year adjustments	37	•	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	(397,900)	(397,900)
At 31 December 2018, as restated		181,114,569	597,000	12,694,401	7,788	222,464	ı	(98,241,898)	96,394,324

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

		•	Attributable	Attributable to owners of the Company	he Company —	
Company	Note	Share capital RM	Fair value reserve RM	Employees' share option reserve RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total equity RM
At 1 January 2019		181,114,569	597,000	7,788	(120,548,671)	61,170,686
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period						
Loss for the financial period		1	•	1	(26,897,906)	(26,897,906)
rair value gain on other investment, representing other comprehensive income for the financial period		ı	1,354,852	ı	ı	1,354,852
Total comprehensive loss		ı	1,354,852	ı	(26,897,906)	(25,543,054)
Transfer of fair value reserve upon disposal of equity instruments at FVTOCI		ı	(1,789,852)	•	1,789,852	1
Transaction with owners						
ESOS lapsed		ı	1	(7,788)	7,788	ı
At 30 June 2020		181,114,569	162,000	ı	(145,648,937)	35,627,632



STATEMENT OF

CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

	•		Attr	Attributable to owners of the Company	rs of the Comp	any	
Company	Note	Share capital RM	Fair value reserve RM	Employees' share option reserve RM	Warrants reserve RM	Accumulated losses RM	Total equity RM
At 1 January 2018		72,846,301	1	73,583	11,207,235	(67,702,221)	16,424,898
Total comprehensive loss for the financial year							
Loss for the financial year			'			(49,357,699)	(49,357,699)
rair value gain on other investment, representing other comprehensive income for the financial year		ı	597,000	ı	ı	ı	597,000
Total comprehensive loss	_	ı	597,000	ı	1	(49,357,699)	(48,760,699)
Transaction with owners	•						
Issuance of ordinary shares		50,000,000	1	1	3,200,000		53,200,000
ESOS exercised		381,885	1	(38,313)	1	- 60	343,572
Warrant exercised		57,886,383		(20+, 12)	(14,263,448)	2 '	(27,103) 43,622,935
Warrant lapsed		1	1	1	(143,787)	143,787	1
Total transactions with owners		108,268,268	1	(65,795)	(11,207,235)	144,100	97,139,338
At 31 December 2018, as previously stated		181,114,569	597,000	7,788	1	(116,915,820)	64,803,537
Prior year adjustments	37	ı	ı	ı	ı	(3,632,851)	(3,632,851)
At 31 December 2018, as restated		181,114,569	597,000	7,788	-	(120,548,671)	61,170,686

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements



STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

	G	roup	Con	npany
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months)	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months)	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months)
	RM	RM	RM	RM
		(Restated)		(Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Loss before tax	(22,106,835)	(21,204,343)	(27,009,872)	(53,350,223)
Adjustments for:				
Amortisation of intangible assets	3,508,408	979,183	-	-
Depreciation	4,007,326	2,938,107	2,171,704	166,043
Loss allowance on investment in subsidiaries	-	-	10,706,348	10,233,940
Loss allowance on amount owing by subsidiaries	-	-	17,953,854	42,399,404
Impairment loss on development costs	-	2,737,436	-	
Impairment loss on goodwill on consolidation	1,530,052	-	-	-
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	-	302,307	-	-
Loss allowance on trade and other receivables	593,412	1,000,234	-	- 0.750
Interest expenses	994,492	638,236	540,056	3,750
Interest income	(686,250)	(964,604)	(659,898)	(959,220)
Inventories written down	355,502	-	-	-
Inventories written off Reversal of inventories written down	244,449	608,226	-	-
Reversal of loss allowance on trade and	-	(390,597)	-	-
other receivables	(281,231)	(49,038)	(3,221,364)	(961,186)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	44,785	265,255	-	-
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(7,499)	(128,877)	(7,499)	(62,963)
Bad debts written off	854,630	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	107,783	234,259	1,808	_
Unrealised loss/(gain) on foreign				
exchange differences	433,268	(124,826)	(2,417,402)	1,117,466
Dividend income	(132,500)	-	(132,500)	-
Operating loss before changes in working capital	(10,540,208)	(13,159,042)	(2,074,765)	(1,412,989)
Changes in working capital:				
Inventories	(2,147,597)	394,426	_	_
Trade and other receivables	(8,739,475)	1,534,313	6,431,424	1,153
Trade and other payables	2,586,029	(10,846,719)	(8,165,862)	(635,553)
Provision	-	53,543	-	-
Cash flows used in operations	(18,841,251)	(22,023,479)	(3,809,203)	(2,047,389)
Interest paid	(125,777)	(638,236)	(5,798)	(3,750)
Net income tax refunded/(paid)	510,446	(179,896)	22,719	(30,600)
Tect moonie tax retainded/(paid)	510,770	(173,030)	22,113	(50,000)
Net cash used in operating activities	(18,456,582)	(22,841,611)	(3,792,282)	(2,081,739)



STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

		G 1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020	roup 1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020	npany 1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018
	Note	(18 months) RM	(12 months) RM (Restated)	(18 months) RM	(12 months) RM (Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Additions of right-of-use assets Fixed deposit held as security value Investment in subsidiary companies Advances to subsidiaries	(a) 8	(11,850) (15,546,123) (339,529)	549,787 - -	- (15,432,321) (557,325) (18,262,272)	549,787 (16,000,100) (22,469,520)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property,		(2,854,804)	(2,137,785)	(2,285,199)	(1,643,459)
plant and equipment Purchase of intellectual property		7,500 (7,654,709)	167,719 -	7,500 -	62,964 -
Proceeds from disposal/(Purchase of) investment property Proceeds from disposal/(Purchase of)		889,800	(11,002,200)	889,800	(11,002,200)
other investments Dividend received from other investment		1,026,002 132,500	(19,273,294)	1,026,002 132,500	(3,238,000)
Interest received		686,250	964,604	659,898	959,220
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(23,664,963)	(30,731,169)	(33,821,417)	(52,781,308)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(b)				
Proceeds from issuance of share capitals Proceeds from issuance of warrants Proceeds from exercise of ESOS Proceeds of exercise of warrants Repayment to subsidiaries Payment of lease liabilities		- - - - (2,070,818)	50,000,000 3,200,000 343,571 43,622,936	- - - (2,526,440) (1,089,223)	50,000,000 3,200,000 381,885 43,622,936 (808,808)
Interest paid		(3,967)	-	(1,009,223)	_
Net cash flows (used in)/generated from financing activities		(2,074,785)	97,166,507	(3,615,663)	96,396,013
NET CHANGES IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(44,196,330)	43,593,727	(41,229,362)	41,532,966
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS BROUGHT FORWARD		45,128,456	1,534,729	41,316,094	(216,872)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS CARRIED FORWARD		932,126	45,128,456	86,732	41,316,094
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents: Short-term deposits placed with					
licensed banks Cash and bank balances		15,549,044 929,205	16,496,802 28,631,654	15,435,242 83,811	16,496,802 24,819,292
Less:		16,478,249	45,128,456	15,519,053	41,316,094
Fixed deposit held as security value		(15,546,123)	-	(15,432,321)	-
		932,126	45,128,456	86,732	41,316,094



STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 1 JANUARY 2019 TO 30 JUNE 2020

Note (a):

Reconciliation of additions of right-of-use assets

	Gı	roup
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Additions of right-of-use assets (Note 7)	643,040	_
Right-of-use assets from lease agreements	(561,190)	-
Financed by hire purchase	(70,000)	-
Cash outflow from right-of-use assets	11,850	-

Note (b):

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Company 30.6.2020	1.1.2019 RM	Cash flows RM	Foreign exchange movement RM	30.06.2020 RM
Amounts owing to subsidiaries	21,441,117	(2,526,440)	769,196	19,683,873
31.12.2018	1.1.2018 RM	Cash flows RM	Foreign exchange movement RM	31.12.2018 RM
Amounts owing to subsidiaries	20,357,278	(808,808)	1,892,647	21,441,117



1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Cuscapi Berhad (the "Company") is a public limited liability company, incorporated and domiciled in Malaysia and is listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. The addresses of the principal place of business and registered office of the Company are disclosed in page 3.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of management services to its subsidiaries. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the nature of these activities during the financial period.

During the financial period, the Company changed its financial year end from 31 December to 30 June. Accordingly, the financial statements for the current financial period are made up for the financial period of eighteen (18) months from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") issued by the Malaysian Accounting Standards Board ("MASB"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for other measurement base applied, including fair value, stated in the significant accounting policies.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Company's functional currency.

(a) Application of new or revised standards

In the current financial period, the Group and the Company have applied a number of new standards, amendments and interpretations that become effective mandatorily for the financial periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019.

The adoption of the new standard, amendments and interpretations does not have significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, except for the impact set out in Note 36 to the financial statements.

(b) New or amended standards issued that are not yet effective

The Group and the Company have not applied the following standards and amendments that have been issued by the MASB but are not yet effective:

		financial period beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRSs	Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in MFRS Standards	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 3	Definition of a Business	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 101 and MFRS 108	Definition of Material	1 January 2020
Amendments to MFRS 9, MFRS 139 and MFRS 7	Interest Rate Benchmark Reform	1 January 2020
Amendment to MFRS 16	Covid-19 - Related Rent Concessions	1 June 2020
Amendments to MFRS 4	Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying MFRS 9	17 August 2020
Amendments to MFRS 1, MFRS 9, MFRS 16 and MFRS 141	Annual Improvement to MFRS Standards 2018-2020	1 January 2022

Effective for the



Effective for the financial period

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (CONTINUED)

(b) New or amended standards issued that are not yet effective (continued)

The Group and the Company have not applied the following standards and amendments that have been issued by the MASB but are not yet effective:

		beginning on or after
Amendments to MFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 116	Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 137	Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Amendments to MFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to MFRS 101	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023

The adoption of the above standards and amendments are not expected to have significant impact on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company.

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and of the entities controlled by the Company made up to the end of the financial period.

The Company controls an investee if and only if the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- · is exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

When the Company has no majority voting rights of an investee, it considers that it has power over the investee if the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation. Consolidation of an investee shall begin from the date the Company obtains control of the investee and cease when the investor loses control of the investee.

Non-controlling interests are initially measured at fair value. Subsequently, non-controlling interests are the amount of those interests at initial recognition plus the non-controlling interests' share of subsequent changes in equity. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes of interests in subsidiaries

The changes of interests in subsidiaries that do not result in a loss of control are treated as equity transactions between the Group and non-controlling interests. Any difference arising from equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Basis of consolidation (continued)

Changes of interests in subsidiaries (continued)

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary:

- It derecognises the assets and liabilities, non-controlling interests, and other amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to the former subsidiary.
- It recognises any gain or loss in profit or loss attributable to the Group, which is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received, if any, from the transaction, event or circumstances that resulted in the loss of control; plus any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value at the date when control is lost; and (ii) the net carrying amount of assets, liabilities, goodwill and any non-controlling interests attributable to the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost.
- It recognises any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value when control is lost. That fair value shall be regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset in accordance with MFRS 9 or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

(b) Business combination

The Group accounts for each business combination by applying the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination shall be measured at fair value, which shall be calculated as the sum of the acquisition date fair values of the assets transferred by the acquirer, the liabilities incurred by the acquirer to former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the acquirer. Acquisition related costs are recognised as expenses when the costs are incurred.

On the date of acquisition, goodwill is measured as the excess of (i) over (ii) below:

- (i) The aggregate of: (i) the fair value of consideration transferred; (ii) the amount of any non-controlling interests in the investee; and (iii) the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the investee, if the business combination achieved in stages.
- (ii) The net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed.

If, after reassessment, a business combination in which the amount in (ii) above exceeds the aggregate of the amounts in (i) above, the Group recognises the resulting gain in profit or loss.

Measurement period adjustments are adjustments that arise from additional information obtained during 12 months from the acquisition date, about facts and circumstances that existed at the acquisition date. If the initial accounting for a business combination is incomplete by the reporting date in which the business combination occurs, the Group reports provisional amounts for the business combination. Those provisional amounts are adjusted during the measurement period, or additional assets or liabilities are recognised, to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date that, if known, would have affected the amounts recognised as of the acquisition date.

When the consideration in a business combination includes contingent consideration, the contingent consideration is measured at fair value on acquisition date.

- Subsequent changes in fair value of the contingent consideration that qualify as measurement period adjustments are adjusted retrospectively, with corresponding adjustments against goodwill.
- Subsequent changes in the fair value of the contingent consideration that do not qualify as measurement period adjustments: (i) contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured at subsequent reporting dates and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity; or (ii) other contingent consideration is remeasured to fair value at subsequent reporting dates with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(c) Investments in subsidiaries

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less impairment losses, if any. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment disposed is recognised in profit or loss.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Measurement basis

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Purchased software that is integral to the functionality of the related equipment is capitalised as part of that equipment.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of an asset.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from their use or disposal. On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised to write off the depreciable amount of property, plant and equipment on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount is determined after deducting the residual value from the cost.

The annual depreciation rates are:

Equipment	10% - 25%
Furniture and fittings	15% - 20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Computers	20% - 40%
Renovation	2% - 10%

The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

(e) Investment property

Investment property is property held to earn rental income or for capital appreciation.

Investment property is initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Investment property of the Group and of the Company consists of leasehold building. Depreciation on leasehold building is provided for on a straight-line basis to write off the costs of each asset to its residual value over the estimated useful life at 2% per annum. The investment property under construction is not depreciated as the property is not yet available for use.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(e) Investment property (continued)

Cost includes purchase price and any directly attributable costs incurred to bring the property to its present location and condition intended for use as an investment property. The cost of a self-constructed investment property includes the cost of material, direct labour and any other direct attributable costs. For qualifying assets, borrowing costs are capitalised in accordance with the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

An investment property is derecognised on their disposal or when it is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gains and losses arising from derecognition of the asset is recognised in the profit or loss.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is the fair value at the date of change in use. For a transfer from owner-occupied property to investment property, any difference arising on the date of change in use between the carrying amount of the item immediately prior to the transfer and its fair value is recognised directly in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment.

(f) Leases

The Group and the Company as Lessee

Leases on and after 1 January 2019

Right-of-use assets and corresponding lease liabilities are recognised with respect to all lease agreements, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets.

For short-term leases (i.e. leases with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the lease commencement date, discounted using the rate implicit in the lease or incremental borrowing rate, where applicable. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise: (i) fixed lease payments, less lease incentives; (ii) variable lease payments based upon an index or a rate; and (iii) payments of penalties for terminating the lease.

The right-of-use assets comprise the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date and initial direct costs. Whenever there is an obligation to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the agreed condition, a provision is recognised. These costs are included in the related right-of-use assets.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. They are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying assets. The depreciation starts on the lease commencement date. The depreciation periods and depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Variable lease payment (not based upon an index or a rate) are recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

The Group and the Company as Lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases or operating leases. Whenever the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(f) Leases (continued)

The Group and the Company as Lessor (continued)

Amounts due from lessees under finance leases are recognised as receivables at the amount of the net investment in the leases. Finance lease income is allocated to reporting periods so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding in respect of the leases.

Leases before 1 January 2019

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains, a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception of the lease. The arrangement is, or contains, a lease if fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset or assets.

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases that do not meet this criterion are classified as operating leases.

(i) Lessee accounting

If an entity in the Group is a lessee in a finance lease, it capitalises the leased asset and recognises the related liability. The amount recognised at the inception date is the fair value of the underlying leased asset or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, the asset is accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to that asset.

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Contingent lease payments are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

The capitalised leased asset is classified by nature as property, plant and equipment or investment property.

For operating leases, the Group does not capitalise the leased asset or recognise the related liability. Instead lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on the straight-line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit.

Any upfront lease payments are classified as land use rights within intangible assets.

(ii) Lessor accounting

If an entity in the Group is a lessor in a finance lease, it derecognises the underlying asset and recognises a lease receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. Finance income is recognised in profit or loss based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the finance lease.

If an entity in the Group is a lessor in an operating lease, the underlying asset is not derecognised but is presented in the statement of financial position according to the nature of the asset. Lease income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which use benefit derived from the leased asset is diminished.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill arising from business combinations is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not impaired.

(ii) Research and development cost

Research costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

An intangible asset arising from development is recognised when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- management intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the asset;
- it can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate future economic benefits;
- adequate resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and
- the expenditures attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

Other development costs that do not meet these criteria are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Development costs previously recognised as an expense are not recognised as an intangible asset in a subsequent period.

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Intellectual property

Intangible assets with finite useful lives, which are acquired separately, are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv) Amortisation

The amortisation methods used and the estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Method	Useful lives (years)
Development costs	Straight-line	5
Intellectual property	Straight-line	2

The residual values, useful lives and amortisation methods are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(h) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units ("CGU") that are expected to benefit from synergies of the business combination.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Impairment of tangible and intangible assets (continued)

(i) Goodwill (continued)

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of the CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the CGU. Recoverable amount of the CGU is the higher of the CGU's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use.

The total impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU proportionately on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

Impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in the event of an increase in recoverable amount in subsequent periods.

(ii) Tangible assets and intangible assets with finite useful life

Tangible and intangible assets are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment.

If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from the assets. Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss except for assets that are previously revalued where the revaluation was taken to other comprehensive income. In this case the impairment is also recognised in other comprehensive income up to the amount of any previous revaluation.

Any reversal of an impairment loss as a result of a subsequent increase in recoverable amount should not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of amortisation or depreciation, if applicable) had no impairment loss been previously recognised for the asset.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and comprises the cost of purchase and incidentals incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less selling and distribution costs and all other estimated costs to complete.

(j) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when an entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of an instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities on initial recognition.





3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

(i) Subsequent measurement

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. Financial assets are measured subsequently in the following manners:

- at amortised cost (debt instruments); or
- at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"), with recycling of cumulative gains and losses (debt instruments); or
- designated at FVTOCI, without recycling of cumulative gains and losses (equity instruments); or
- at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

Financial assets at amortised cost

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when an asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI

Upon initial recognition, management may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling it in the near term;
- on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the entity manages together and has evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative instrument (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in OCI and accumulated in a reserve in equity. Equity instruments designated at FVTOCI are not subject to impairment assessment.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

(i) Subsequent measurement (continued)

Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL, including but not limited to:

- Debt instruments that are designated as at FVTPL, if such designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.
- Derivative instruments.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, with fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss to the extent they are not part of a designated hedging relationship. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial assets.

(ii) Impairment of financial assets

Loss allowance is recognised for expected credit losses ("ECL") for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL, i.e. financial assets at amortised cost, receivables and financial guarantee contracts.

ECL is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that are expected to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial asset.

Management measures the loss allowance of trade receivables, contract assets and lease receivables at an amount equal to their lifetime ECL (i.e. simplified approach). The ECL on these financial assets are estimated based on historical credit loss experience, and where appropriate, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

For all other financial assets at amortised cost, where credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECL is provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition (instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring), a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the financial assets.

(iii) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire; or when the financial asset is transferred and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred to another party.

If the entity neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control a transferred financial asset, the entity recognises its retained interest in the financial asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the entity retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the entity continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the financial asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument classified as FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the reserve is transferred to retained earnings.





3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(j) Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL.

(i) Financial liabilities at amortised cost

These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(ii) Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when, and only when, the obligations under the liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another financial liability from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.

Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument or a financial liability by allocating interest income/expense over the relevant periods. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts/payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of a debt instrument or a financial liability, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument or the financial liability.

Financial guarantee contracts

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts issued are initially measured at their fair values and, if not designated as at FVTPL and do not arise from a transfer of a financial asset, are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the loss allowance determined in accordance with MFRS 9; and
- the amount recognised initially less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised.

Equity instrument

Equity instruments issued are recognised at the proceeds received. Costs incurred directly attributable to the issuance of the equity instruments are accounted for as a deduction from equity.

Dividends to shareholders are recognised in equity in the period which they are declared.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions that are determined based on the expected future cash flows to settle the obligation are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provisions due to passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. For lawsuit provisions, a probability-weighted expected outcome is applied in the measurement, taking into account past court judgements made in similar cases and advice of legal experts.

(I) Revenue and other income recognition

Revenue from a contract with a customer is recognised when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in the contract to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

If a contract with a customer contains more than one performance obligation, the amount of consideration is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative stand-alone selling prices of the goods or services promised in the contract.

(i) Sales of goods and installation services

Revenue from sales of goods and installation services are recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to a customer, generally upon delivery of goods.

In measuring the revenue for the sales of goods and installation services, the effects of variable consideration, the existence of significant financing component, non-cash consideration, and consideration payable to the customer, etc. are taken into consideration.

(ii) Maintenance works and management services

Revenue from rendering of maintenance works and management services are recognised over time, when a customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance as the entity performs.

Revenue is recognised using an input or output method, where applicable, to measure progress towards complete satisfaction of the services.

(iii) Other income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Rental revenue comprise of Point of Sale ("POS") equipment recognised on straight line basis over the specific tenure of the respective leases.





3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(I) Revenue and other income recognition (continued)

Contract balances arising from revenue recognition

Contract assets are the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to customers. If goods or services are transferred to customers before the customers pay consideration or before payment is due, contract assets are recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional. Trade receivables represent the entity's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

Contract liabilities are the obligation to transfer goods or services to customers for which the entity has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customers. If the customers pay consideration before the entity transfers goods or services to the customers, contract liabilities are recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier).

(m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred on assets under development that take a substantial period of time for completion are capitalised into the carrying value of the assets. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred; and ceases when the asset is completed or during extended periods when active development is interrupted.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the financial period in which they are incurred.

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short-term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave, paid sick leave and non-monetary benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

As required by law, the Group and the Company contribute to the Employees Provident Fund ("EPF"), the national defined contribution plan. Such contributions are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss in the period in which the employees render their services.

(iii) Defined benefit plans

Certain subsidiary operates defined benefit pension plans (funded) and provides a post-employment healthcare benefit (unfunded) plan to employees as provided in the employment agreements between the companies in the Group and their employees.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related defined benefit obligation. In countries where there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on government bonds are used.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability) and the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income. Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

The net interest is calculated by applying the discount to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and fair value of plan assets.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(n) Employee benefits (continued)

(iii) Defined benefit plans (continued)

The Group recognises the following costs in profit or loss:

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements.
- Net interest expense or income.

(o) Income tax

The income tax expense represents the aggregate of current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss. Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, if the tax relates to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Where deferred tax arises from a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

(i) Current Tax

Current tax is the expected income tax payable on the taxable profit for the period, estimated using the tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

A provision is recognised for those matters for which the tax determination is uncertain but it is considered probable that there will be a future payment to a tax authority. The provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amount expected to become payable.

(ii) Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, which is accounted using the liability method.

A deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is only recognised for deductible temporary differences and unutilised tax credit to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available in future against which the deductible temporary differences and unutilised tax credit can be utilised.

No deferred tax is recognised for temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of: (i) goodwill, or (ii) an asset or liability (which is not in a business combination) at the time of the transaction that affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred taxes are measured based on tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the asset or liability is expected to be recovered or settled, and based on the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date that are expected to apply to the financial period when the asset is realised or when the liability is settled.

(p) Foreign currencies

(i) Functional currency

Functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which an entity operates.

The financial statements of each entity within the Group are measured using their respective functional currency.





3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(p) Foreign currencies (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances in foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency ("foreign currencies") are translated to the functional currency at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction.

Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the reporting date are translated at foreign exchange rates ruling at that date.

Non-monetary items which are measured in terms of historical costs denominated in foreign currencies are translated at foreign exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction.

Non-monetary items which are measured at fair values denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the date when the fair values were determined.

Exchange differences are recognised in profit or loss, except for:

- Exchange differences on borrowings denominated in foreign currency relating to an asset under construction, which are included in the cost of that asset when the exchange difference is regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on those foreign currency borrowings.
- Exchange differences on amounts receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future (i.e. form part of the net investment in that foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the net investment.

(iii) Translation of foreign operations

For consolidation purposes, all assets and liabilities of foreign operations (including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of a foreign operation) are translated at the prevailing exchange rate on the reporting date. Income and expense are translated at average exchange rate for the financial period. Exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the foreign operation are recognised in other comprehensive income; accumulated in a separate component of equity and attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate.

On disposal of a foreign operation (i.e. loss of control, joint control or significant influence), the accumulated exchange differences recognised in equity relating to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

In a partial disposal that does not result in losing of control over a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences in equity is re-attributed to non-controlling interests and are not recognised in profit or loss. For other partial disposals (i.e. partial disposals of associates or joint ventures that do not result in losing of significant influence or joint control), the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

(q) Operating Segment

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and/or the person acting at his capacity of the Group, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief operating decision maker that makes strategic decisions.

(r) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, bank balances, short-term deposits and other short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash and cash equivalents are presented net of bank overdrafts and fixed deposits held as security values.



3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(s) Fair value measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

All assets and liabilities, for which fair value is measured or disclosed, are categorised within the fair value hierarchy set out below based on the inputs that are significant to the fair value measurement. Fair value measurement is derived from:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets (for identical assets or liabilities).
- Level 2: Inputs (other than quoted prices included within Level 1) are observable either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: Valuation techniques that include unobservable inputs (not based on observable market data).

(t) Earnings per ordinary share

The Group presents basic and diluted earnings per share data for its ordinary shares ("EPS"). Basics EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for own share held.

Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, adjusted for own shares held, for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

(u) Contingencies

A contingent liability or asset is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future event(s) not wholly within the control of the Group and of the Company.

Contingent liability is also referred as a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:

- (a) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
- (b) the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities and assets are not recognised in the statements of financial position.

4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements requires management to exercise judgement in the process of applying the accounting policies. It also requires the use of accounting estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the reporting date, and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the financial period.

Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, historical experiences and various other factors, including expectations for future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, actual results may ultimately differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.



4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Critical Judgement

The following are judgements made by management in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

(i) Classification between investment property and owner-occupied property

The Group and the Company determine whether a property qualifies as an investment property, and have developed certain criteria based on MFRS 140 Investment Property in making that judgement.

In making its judgement, the Group and the Company consider whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of other assets held by the Group and by the Company. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the properties, but also to other assets used in the production or supply process.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rental or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods and services or for administrative purposes.

If these portions could be sold separately (or leased out separately under a finance lease), the Group and the Company account for the portions separately.

If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is accounted for as an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods and services or for administrative purposes.

Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property.

(ii) Other investments

The Group holds 20% equity interest in Konsortium Multimedia Swasta Sdn. Bhd. ("KOMMS"). The Group has no representation on Board of Directors of KOMMS. On this basis, the Group concludes that it does not has significant influence over KOMMS and thus recognised as an other investment.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources associated with estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are as follows:

(i) Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intellectual property

The Group and the Company review the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intellectual property at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful lives of property, plant and equipment, investment property and intellectual property could impact future depreciation charges.

Property, plant and equipment, investment property and intellectual property are assessed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, an estimation of the recoverable amount is required. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. Estimating the value in use requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the individual assets or the related cash generating unit.



4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(ii) Impairment of goodwill on consolidation

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicators exist. This requires an estimation of the value in use of the cash generating units to which goodwill is allocated. When value in use calculations are undertaken, the Group uses its judgement to decide the discount rates to be applied in the recoverable amount calculation and assumptions supporting the underlying cash flow projections, including forecast growth rates, inflation rates and gross profit margin. Cash flows that are projected based on those inputs or assumptions may have a significant effect on the Group's financial position and results if the actual cash flows are less than the expected.

(iii) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are assessed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, an estimation of the investment's recoverable amount is required. Estimating the recoverable amount requires management to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the Company's investment in subsidiaries and also choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

(iv) Fair value of other investments

Where fair values of financial instruments recorded on the statements of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques, including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are derived from observable market data where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing the fair values.

The judgements include considerations of liquidity and model inputs regarding the future financial performance of the investee, the risk profile and economic assumptions regarding the industry and geographical jurisdiction in which the investee operates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

(v) Write-down of obsolete or slow moving inventories

The Group writes down its obsolete or slow moving inventories based on the assessment of their estimated net selling price. Inventories are written down when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. The management specifically analyses sales trend and current economic trends when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of the write-down of obsolete or slow moving inventories. Where expectations differ from the original estimates, the differences will impact the carrying amount of inventories.

(vi) Determining the loss allowance for trade receivables

Management assesses ECL for trade receivables at each reporting date. Credit losses are the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the entity and the cash flows that it actually expects to receive. Management applies simplified approach of MFRS 9 Financial Instruments in assessing the impairment of trade receivables.

In determining the ECL, management uses historical credit loss experience for trade receivables to estimate the ECL. Management is not only required to consider historical information that is adjusted to reflect the effects of current conditions and information that provides objective evidence that trade receivables are impaired in relation to incurred losses, but management is also considering, when applicable, reasonable and supportable information that may include forecasts of future economic conditions when estimating the ECL, on an individual and collective basis. The need to consider forward-looking information means that management exercises considerable judgement as to how changes in macroeconomic factors will affect the ECL on trade receivables.

The ECL on trade receivables as at current reporting date is primarily mainly based upon the historical credit loss experience.





4. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (CONTINUED)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

(vii) Determining the loss allowance for non-trade receivables

Management assesses the ECL of receivables (other than trade receivables) at each reporting date. Credit losses are the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to the entity and the cash flows that it actually expects to receive.

In determining the ECL, management assesses whether there has been any significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of a receivable. Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, management determines the loss allowance by estimating an amount equal to 12-month ECL of that receivable. For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition (instead of on evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring), management measures a loss allowance for credit losses expected over the remaining life of that receivable. Management exercise considerable judgement in these estimations, using historical credit loss experience as well as reasonable and supportable information that may include forecasts of future economic conditions when estimating the ECL.

(viii) Lease liabilities

Management estimates the lease term as the non-cancellable period of a lease together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease and an option to terminate the lease. In assessing whether it is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, management exercises judgement by considering all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease.

Management measures the lease liability as the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at commencement date. The lease payments are discounted using the incremental borrowing rate.

The lease terms and discount rate are determined using certain assumptions and they represents management's best estimation. The assumptions on which it is based relate to the future. Actual outcome may be different from the estimation and the variation could be material.

(ix) Income taxes

Significant judgement is involved in determining the capital allowances and deductibility of expenses during the estimation of the provision for income tax. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business.

The Group and the Company recognise liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.



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Group		Furniture	Motor	•	;	F
30.6.2020	Equipment	and intings RM	venicies RM	Computers	Renovation	RM
Cost						
At 1 January 2019	19,269,245	477,758	283,285	3,979,199	2,994,148	27,003,635
Additions	401,119	10,976	800,000	1,539,814	102,895	2,854,804
Disposals/Written-off	(4,702,406)	(33,391)	(59,744)	(1,143,388)	(413,905)	(6,352,834)
Exchange differences	26,182	19,369	4,442	242,976	66,617	359,586
At 30 June 2020	14,994,140	474,712	1,027,983	4,618,601	2,749,755	23,865,191
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss						
At 1 January 2019	11,580,687	469,572	283,283	3,662,183	1,233,188	17,228,913
Depreciation charge for the financial period	790,276	9,181	106,667	696,013	877,746	2,479,883
Disposals/Written-off	(4,601,432)	(33,380)	(59,743)	(1,126,298)	(379,414)	(6,200,267)
Exchange differences	60,421	6,784	4,442	223,972	47,362	342,981
At 30 June 2020	7,829,952	452,157	334,649	3,455,870	1,778,882	13,851,510
Carrying amount At 1 January 2019	7,688,558	8,186	2	317,016	1,760,960	9,774,722
At 30 June 2020	7,164,188	22,555	693,334	1,162,731	970,873	10,013,681



5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Group		Furniture	Motor	, in the second	doitogoad	- - -
31.12.2018	RM	RM	RM	RM	RM	BM BM
Cost						
At 1 January 2018	19,582,773	727,781	819,516	4,516,405	2,353,674	28,000,149
Additions	244,921	1	1	293,357	1,599,507	2,137,785
Disposals/Written-off	(460,083)	(239,191)	(530,424)	(804,685)	(931,767)	(2,966,150)
Exchange differences	(98,366)	(10,832)	(2,807)	(25,878)	(27,266)	(168,149)
At 31 December 2018	19,269,245	477,758	283,285	3,979,199	2,994,148	27,003,635
Accumulated depression and impairment loss						
	0380380	700 703	702 655	A 167 006	1 506 158	16 5/6 972
	0,00,00	00,1	100,000	4, 100, 400	00,000,	7,0,0,0
Depreciation charge for the financial year	2,340,632	004,77	•	323,509	196,466	2,938,107
Disposals/Written-off	(439,945)	(239,298)	(504,097)	(789,007)	(453,034)	(2,425,381)
Impairment loss	302,307	1	1	1	1	302,307
Exchange differences	(2,667)	(69,123)	(5,275)	(39,325)	(16,702)	(133,092)
At 31 December 2018	11,580,687	469,572	283,283	3,662,183	1,233,188	17,228,913
Carrying amount						
At 1 January 2018 -	10,202,413	27,288	26,861	349,399	847,216	11,453,177
At 31 December 2018	7,688,558	8,186	2	317,016	1,760,960	9,774,722



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Company	L	Furniture	Motor			ŀ
30.6.2020	Equipment	and mungs RM	venicies RM	Computers	Renovation	RM
Cost At 1 January 2019 Additions Disposals/Written-off	218,214 2,750	218,738 3,075	224,744 800,000 (59,744)	1,311,035 1,398,631 (40,120)	1,446,234 80,743 (5,000)	3,418,965 2,285,199 (104,864)
At 30 June 2020	220,964	221,813	965,000	2,669,546	1,521,977	5,599,300
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss At 1 January 2019 Depreciation charge for the financial period Disposals/Written-off	182,809 9,585 -	218,522 501	224,741 106,667 (59,743)	1,177,861 552,145 (40,118)	45,855 748,371 (3,194)	1,849,788 1,417,269 (103,055)
At 30 June 2020	192,394	219,023	271,665	1,689,888	791,032	3,164,002
Carrying amount At 1 January 2019	35,405	216	က	133,174	1,400,379	1,569,177
At 30 June 2020	28,570	2,790	693,335	979,658	730,945	2,435,298

5.



PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

5

Company		Furniture	Motor	1	; ;	7
31.12.2018	Equipment	and mungs RM	RM	Computers	RM	BM BM
Cost At 1 January 2018 Additions Disposals	209,231 8,983	218,738	572,997 - (348,253)	1,105,071 205,964	17,722 1,428,512	2,123,759 1,643,459 (348,253)
At 31 December 2018	218,214	218,738	224,744	1,311,035	1,446,234	3,418,965
Accumulated depreciation and impairment loss At 1 January 2018 Depreciation charge for the financial year Disposals	175,482 7,327	218,522	572,993 - (348,252)	1,063,495 114,366	1,505 44,350	2,031,997 166,043 (348,252)
At 31 December 2018	182,809	218,522	224,741	1,177,861	45,855	1,849,788
Carrying amount At 1 January 2018	33,749	216	4	41,576	16,217	91,762
At 31 December 2018	35,405	216	ဧ	133,174	1,400,379	1,569,177

Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group is REV hardware equipment ("REV") with carrying amount of RM6,615,101 (31.12.2018: RM6,615,101) which were acquired under deferred payment terms. Please refer to Note 34 to the financial statements for further details. <u>(a</u>

Included in property, plant and equipment of the Group is REV hardware equipment ("REV") with carrying amount of RM6,615,101 (31.12.2018: RM6,615,101) were held by third party. 9



6. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

	Group an	d Company
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
	RM	RM
At cost		
At 1 January 2019/2018	11,002,200	-
Additions	-	11,002,200
Disposal	(889,800)	-
At 30 June 2020/ 31 December 2018	10,112,400	11,002,200

Investment property comprises a commercial property which the Certificate of Completion and Compliance has not obtained as at end of the financial period. In the prior year, investment property is still under construction and the completion rate of the building was approximately at 55%.

The Group and the Company also entered into a Put Option Agreement ("POA") with the vendor to obtain an option at the Group's and the Company's sole discretion to sell the Commercial Space at the sum equal to 66.67% of the Purchase Consideration within six (6) months from the date of delivery of vacant possession of the Commercial Space to the Group and the Company. This option will only be exercised should there be any unforeseen circumstances beyond the Group's and the Company's control which may impact the Group's and the Company's operations.

During the financial period, the Group and the Company exercised the option and entered into a new agreement with vendor to sell a partial of the Commercial Space to the vendor.

The total estimated fair value of the investment property is amounting to RM10,112,400 (31.12.2018: RM20,037,340) with reference to the recent selling price of RM600 (31.12.2018: RM601) per square feet from the agreement. The directors are of the opinion that the recent selling price is approximate to the fair value as at year end.

7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/(LEASE LIABILITIES)

The Group and the Company as Lessee

	Gı	roup	Cor	mpany
	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Right-of-use assets				
At 1 January 2019/2018	4,186,305	-	2,850,088	-
Additions	643,040	-	-	-
Depreciation	(1,527,443)	-	(754,435)	-
At 30 June 2020/ 31 December 2018	3,301,902	-	2,095,653	-



7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/(LEASE LIABILITIES) (CONTINUED)

Right-of-use assets at the end of the financial period comprise of:

	G	roup	Coi	mpany
	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Properties	3,230,965	-	2,095,653	-
Motor vehicle	70,937	-	-	-
	3,301,902	-	2,095,653	-
Lease liabilities:				
Current	974,439	_	438,301	-
Non-current	2,636,986	-	1,856,822	-
	3,611,425	-	2,295,123	

The leases of properties and motor vehicle are typically made for periods of 1 to 3 years. The leases of properties have an option to extend up to 3 years. The leases of properties do not impose any covenants.

Changes in lease liabilities (fixed lease payments) arising from financing activities:

	Gı	roup	Cor	mpany
	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.06.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
At 1 January 2019/2018 Cash flows:	4,186,305	-	2,850,088	-
Lease payment Interest paid	(2,070,818) (3,967)	-	(1,089,223) -	-
Non-cash: Additions Finance cost	631,190 868,715	- -	- 534,258	-
At 30 June 2020/31 December 2018	3,611,425	-	2,295,123	-

Some leases contain extension options exercisable by the Group and the Company. The Group and the Company assess at lease commencement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options.

The lease payments associated short-term leases or leases of low-value assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. No right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognised for these leases. At the reporting date, the Group and the Company are committed to RM56,754 and RM38,082 for short-term leases.

Total cash outflows for leases of the Group and of the Company during the current financial period (including fixed, variable, short-term and low-value assets lease payments) amounting to RM2,467,005 and RM1,135,977 respectively.



7. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS/(LEASE LIABILITIES) (CONTINUED)

The Group as Lessor

Included in the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment is point-of-sales equipment amounted to RM435,480 (31.12.2018: RM789,730) subject to operating leases as lessor. The point-of-sales equipment are leased out typically for periods of 1 to 3 years.

Analysis of undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date, on an annual basis:

	G	roup
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
In the first year In the second year In the third year	602,644 602,644 -	4,445,638 602,644 602,644
	1,205,288	5,650,926

8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Coi	mpany
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
At cost		
Unquoted shares	43,708,132	32,800,785
Less: Impairment loss	(22,336,247)	(11,629,899)
	21,371,885	21,170,886

Details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

Name of the Company	Principal place of business and country of incorporation	Ownership interest/ Voting rights		Principal activities
		30.6.2020	31.12.2018	
		%	%	
Direct subsidiaries				
Cuscapi Innovation Lab Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Software development
Cuscapi Consulting Services Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of project management, business and IT related consultancy services
Cuscapi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.^	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services



8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of the Company	Principal place of business and country of incorporation		ip interest/ g rights	Principal activities
	•	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	· •
		%	%	
Direct subsidiaries				
Cuscapi Interactive Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of software development, interactive devices solutions, restaurant management and business management solutions
Cuscapi Solutions Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Software development
Cuscapi Outsourcing Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Provision of a contract centre for outsourcing services
Cuscapi Blockchain Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	To operate a cryptocurrency exchange in Philippines and other IT related business
Litar Pasifika Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Cuscapi International Sdn. Bhd.	Malaysia	100	100	Investment holding
Cuscapi International Pte. Ltd.*+	Singapore	100	100	Investment holding
PT Cuscapi Indonesia*+	Indonesia	47.82	0.53	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services
Cuscapi (BD) Ltd.+	Bangladesh	100	-	To market its Point of Sales Solution in Bangladesh
Y Tuong Technology Company Limited+	Vietnam	70	-	Computer programming, information technology service and other services related to the computer, data processing, leasing and other related activities
Subsidiary of Cuscapi International Sdn. Bhd.				
Cuscapi Hong Kong Ltd.+	Hong Kong	100	100	Investment holding
Subsidiaries of Cuscapi International Pte. Ltd.				
PT Cuscapi Indonesia*+	Indonesia	52.18	99.47	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services



8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of the Company	Principal place of business and country of incorporation		ip interest/ g rights	Principal activities
Company	острогоского	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	
		%	%	
Subsidiaries of Cuscapi International Pte. Ltd. (Continued)				
Cuscapi Singapore Pte. Ltd.*+	Singapore	100	100	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
Cuscapi (Thailand) Co. Ltd.+	Thailand	100	100	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
Subsidiaries of Cuscapi Hong Kong Ltd.				·
Cuscapi Beijing Co. Ltd.+	China	100	100	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
Cuscapi Shanghai Co. Ltd.+	China	100	100	Provision of restaurant managemement and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
Cuscapi Suzhou Co. Ltd.+	China	100	100	Software development
Cuscapi Guangzhou Co. Ltd.+	China	100	100	Dormant
Cuscapi Philippines, Inc+	Philippines	99.99	99.99	Investment holding
Cuscapi Interactive Technology (China) Pty Ltd+	Hong Kong	100	100	Investment holding



8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Name of the Company	Principal place of business and country of incorporation		ip interest/ g rights	Principal activities
		30.6.2020	31.12.2018	
		%	%	
Subsidiary of Cuscapi Philippines, Inc.				
Tills N Labels System Marketing, Inc+	Philippines	99.99	99.99	Provision of restaurant management and business management solutions, remedial services for restaurant management hardware and related software implementation and support services, project management business and IT related consultancy services
Subsidiary of Cuscapi Interactive Technology (China) Pty Ltd				
Shanghai Cuscapi Interactive Network Technology Co. Ltd.+	China	100	100	Software development, interactive devices solutions, restaurant management, business management solutions and other related services and products

- * Audited by an independent member firm of Mazars
- + Audited by auditors other than Mazars PLT
- ^ The auditors' report on the financial statements of Cuscapi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. contains a qualified opinion relating to the dispute over trade payables and Defence and Counter Claim as disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements.
- (a) The Company's investments in subsidiaries that are impaired at the reporting date and the reconciliation of movement in the impairment of investments in subsidiaries is as follows:

	Company		
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	
	RM	RM (Restated)	
At 1 January 2019/2018	11,629,899	1,395,959	
Impairment loss during the financial period/year	10,706,348	6,507,514	
At 30 June 2020/31 December 2018, as previously stated	22,336,247	7,903,473	
Prior year adjustments	-	3,726,426	
At 30 June 2020/ 31 December 2018, as restated	22,336,247	11,629,899	

(b) Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries

The Group's subsidiaries which have non-controlling interests are not material individually or in aggregate to the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group.



8. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

- (c) Acquisition of subsidiaries
 - (i) On 31 May 2019, the Company increased its equity interest in Cuscapi Interactive Solutions Sdn. Bhd. ("CISSB") from RM100 to RM10,000,000 by way of subscribing 9,999,900 ordinary shares of RM1 each in CISSB through the capitalisation of amount owing by CISSB amounting RM9,999,900 to the Company.
 - (ii) On 16 September 2019, the Company subscribed a total of 83,100 ordinary shares in PT Cuscapi Indonesia, at an issue price of RM4.213 for a total consideration equivalent to RM350,122, by way of debt capitalisation of amount owing by PT Cuscapi Indonesia to the Company. Accordingly, the Company holds 47.82% direct (31.12.2018: 0.53% direct) equity interest in PT Cuscapi Indonesia.
 - (iii) On 3 October 2019, the Company entered into a share sales and purchase agreement with three individuals for purchasing a total of 70% of the ordinary shares in Y Tuong Technology Company Limited for a total cash consideration equivalent to RM351,750.
 - (iv) In the prior year, the Company entered into a share purchase agreement with Litaran Pasifik Sdn. Bhd. for the share acquisition of the equity interest in Litar Pasifika Sdn. Bhd. which holds 20% equity stake in Konsortium Multimedia Swasta Sdn. Bhd. ("KOMMS") for a total consideration of RM16,000,000.

Effects of acquisition on cash flows:

	Group	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Consideration paid in cash Less: Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiary acquired	351,750 (12,221)	16,000,000
Net cash outflow on acquisition	339,529	16,000,000

- (d) Incorporation of new wholly-owned subsidiaries
 - (i) On 20 February 2019, the Company had incorporated a new wholly-owned subsidiary, namely Cuscapi (BD) Ltd in Bangladesh with paid-up share capital of 205,575 ordinary shares equivalent to RM205,575. The primary business activity is to market its Point of Sales Solution in Bangladesh.
 - (ii) In the prior year, the Company had incorporated a new wholly-owned subsidiary, namely Cuscapi Blockchain Sdn. Bhd. in Malaysia with paid-up share capital of 100 ordinary shares equivalent to RM100. The primary business activity is to operate a cryptocurrency exchange in Philippines upon obtaining a license issued by Cagayan Economic Zone Authority Zone Authority ("CEZA") and other IT related business.

9. OTHER INVESTMENTS

	Group		Company	
	30.06.2020	31.12.2018	30.06.2020	31.12.2018
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income At fair value:				
Quoted shares	4,186,000	3,835,000	4,186,000	3,835,000
Unquoted shares in KOMMS (a)	16,500,000	16,000,000	-	-
Other unquoted shares	-	35,294	-	-
	20,686,000	19,870,294	4,186,000	3,835,000





9. OTHER INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) The Group holds 20% (31.12.2018: 20%) equity stake in Konsortium Multimedia Swasta Sdn. Bhd. ("KOMMS").

The Group has no representation on Board of Directors of KOMMS. On this basis, the Group concludes that it does not has significant influence over KOMMS and thus recognised as an other investment, instead of an associated company.

The fair value was based on update from the previous valuation report conducted by an independent professional firm in the prior year. The valuation of KOMMS was derived at based on the discounted cash flows using the assumptions prepared by KOMMS, with a discount rate of 13.71% (31.12.2018: 12.26%). The valuation is highly dependent on the assumptions prepared by KOMMS and the discount rate used on the discounted cash flows.

The concession owned by KOMMS which represent one of the three concessionaires in Malaysia that provide the Malaysian E-Government MSC Flagship Application that builds, operates and owns an electronic channel to deliver services from various government agencies to Malaysia citizens and businesses.

The directors have considered all aspects and rationale of the acquisition and is of the opinion that the investment is a good investment opportunity and is in the best interest of the Group and the investment is expected to provide the Group with an opportunity to participate in the E-government industry and is in line with its expansion plans to diversify into sectors and services that are complementary to its existing businesses.

(b) The Group and the Company hold non-controlling interests in equity securities designated at fair value through other comprehensive income. These investments were irrevocably designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Group	Goodwill on Consolidation RM	Intellectual Property RM	Development cost RM	Total RM
Cost				
At 1 January 2018	2,521,726	-	51,390,163	53,911,889
Currency translation differences	(177,396)	-	(928,912)	(1,106,308)
At 31 December 2018	2,344,330	-	50,461,251	52,805,581
Additions	348,223	7,654,709	-	8,002,932
Currency translation differences	-	-	319,165	319,165
At 30 June 2020	2,692,553	7,654,709	50,780,416	61,127,678
Accumulated amortisation				
At 1 January 2018	-	-	32,189,265	32,189,265
Charge for the financial year	-	-	979,183	979,183
Currency translation differences	-	-	(492,985)	(492,985)
At 31 December 2018	_	_	32,675,463	32,675,463
Charge for the financial period	_	3,508,408	-	3,508,408
Currency translation differences	-	-	319,165	319,165
At 30 June 2020	-	3,508,408	32,994,628	36,503,036



10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Group	Goodwill on Consolidation RM	Intellectual Property RM	Development cost RM	Total RM
Accumulated impairment losses				
At 1 January 2018	-	-	15,433,896	15,433,896
Impairment loss for the financial year	-	-	2,737,436	2,737,436
Currency translation differences	-	-	(385,544)	(385,544)
At 31 December 2018	_	_	17,785,788	17,785,788
Impairment loss for the financial period	1,530,052	-	-	1,530,052
At 30 June 2020	1,530,052	-	17,785,788	19,315,840
Net carrying amount				
At 30 June 2020	1,162,501	4,146,301	-	5,308,802
At 31 December 2018	2,344,330	-	-	2,344,330

(a) Goodwill on Consolidation

The carrying amount of goodwill allocated of the CGU are as follows:

	Group	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Cuscapi Solutions Sdn. Bhd. Tills N Labels System Marketing, Inc	988,390	988,390 1.355.940
Y Tuong Technology Company Limited	174,111	-
	1,162,501	2,344,330

The recoverable amount of the goodwill has been determined based on value in use calculations using cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by the management covering a five-year period. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections and the forecasted growth rates used to extrapolate cash flows within the five (5) years period are as follows:

	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
Discount rates	14%	14%
Sales growth rates	10% - 100%	8% - 15%



10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

(a) Goodwill on Consolidation (Continued)

The calculations of the value in use for the CGUs are most sensitive to the following assumptions as follows:

(i) Sales growth rates

The forecasted sales growth rates are based on historical results adjusted for the potential contract to be secured by the Group.

(ii) Discount rates

Discount rates was estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Group.

The Group believes that any possible change in the above key assumptions applied is not likely to materially cause recoverable amount to be lower than its carrying amount.

(b) Intellectual Property

During the financial period, the Group acquired business of Amplify Me Pte. Ltd. and a purchase price allocation exercise was conducted to determine the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities. Accordingly, the purchase price is allocated to the intellectual property subsisting in the software and database.

The intellectual property is amortised over its estimated useful lives of approximately two (2) years.

The recoverable amount has been determined based on value in use calculation using cash flows projections covering a period of five years from financial budgets approved by the directors. The Group applies the discount rate of 14% to the cash flows projections.

The Group believes that any possible change in the above key assumptions applied is not likely to materially cause recoverable amount to be lower than its carrying amount.

(c) Development costs

Development costs principally comprise internally generated expenditure on major projects where it is reasonably anticipated that the costs will be recovered through future commercial activities. The remaining amortisation periods at the end of the financial period is nil (31.12.2018: Nil).

The amortisation of development cost of the Group amounting to RM Nil (31.12.2018: RM979,183) is included in cost of sales in the statements of comprehensive income.

The impairment loss amounting to RM Nil (31.12.2018: RM2,737,436) was recognised in other operating expenses in the statements of comprehensive income.



11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities prior to off-setting are as follows:

	G	roup
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Deferred tax assets	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-	-
	-	

Presented after appropriate offsetting as follows:

	G	Group	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	
At 1 January 2019/2018	-	602,614	
Currency realignment	-	12,675	
Recognised in profit or loss	-	(615,289)	
At 30 June 2020/31 December 2018	-	-	

The deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are attributable to:

	Group	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Unabsorbed capital allowances Differences between the carrying amounts of property, plant and	-	36,206
equipment and their tax bases	-	(36,206)
	-	-

The deferred tax assets not recognised in the financial statements are in respect of the following temporary differences:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Taxable temporary difference Unutilised tax losses Unutilised capital allowances Leases Unrealised foreign exchange	(7,591,181) 28,908,576 9,561,908 253,540 1,325,427	(4,795,197) 23,162,685 4,435,031 - 534,962	(479,798) 5,031,698 1,260,753 128,525	(542,462) 3,209,512 314,317
Other deductible temporary differences	850,928	21,253	-	-
	33,309,198	23,358,734	5,941,178	2,981,367
Deferred tax assets not recognised at 24% (31.12.2018: 24%)	7,994,208	5,606,096	1,425,883	715,528



11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) (CONTINUED)

Pursuant to the applicable tax legislation, unutilised tax losses will expire as follow:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Expire in 2025	23,162,686	23,162,685	3,209,512	3,209,512
Expire in 2026	2,872,945	-	911,093	-
Expire in 2027	2,872,945	-	911,093	-
	28,908,576	23,162,685	5,031,698	3,209,512

12. INVENTORIES

	Group		
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	
Point of sales related equipment, components and parts	18,747,790	17,200,144	
Recognised in statements of comprehensive income:			
Inventories at cost recognised as cost of sales	7,683,043	6,359,759	
Inventories written off	244,449	608,226	
Write down of inventories to net realisable value	355,502	-	
Reversal of inventories written down	-	(390,597)	
	8,282,994	6,577,388	

Included in inventories of the Group is REV hardware equipment ("REV") with carrying amount of RM15,451,976 (31.12.2018: RM15,451,976) which acquired under deferred payment terms. Please refer to Note 34 to the financial statements for further details.

13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	G	Group		mpany
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Trade				
Trade receivables	9,642,630	13,347,043	7,300	7,300
Amounts owing by subsidiaries	-	-	16,401,201	16,401,201
	9,642,630	13,347,043	16,408,501	16,408,501
Less: Loss allowance for trade receivables Loss allowance for amounts owing	(4,374,142)	(3,897,081)	(7,300)	(7,300)
by subsidiaries	-	-	(16,401,201)	(16,401,201)
	5,268,488	9,449,962	-	-



13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

		Group		Company	
		30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Non-tra	ade				
Other re	eceivables	142,754	323,372	8,041	309,531
SST/GS	ST refundable	95,587	141,828	3,271	3,173
Amoun	ts owing by subsidiaries	-	-	122,119,254	107,097,270
Sundry	advances	341,856	421,863	-	60,495
Deposi	ts	12,786,218	1,050,724	165,465	451,121
		13,366,415	1,937,787	122,296,031	107,921,590
Less:	Loss allowance for other receivables Loss allowance for amounts owing	(367,817)	(341,315)	-	-
	by subsidiaries	-	-	(118,508,734)	(103,776,244)
		12,998,598	1,596,472	3,787,297	4,145,346
Total tra	ade and other receivables	18,267,086	11,046,434	3,787,297	4,145,346

The foreign currency exposure profile of trade and other receivables are as follow:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
United States Dollar ("USD")	518,718	751,040	763,810	874,952
Philippine Peso ("PHP")	457,820	1,630,674	-	-
China Renmimbi ("RMB")	194,107	604,588	-	-
Thai Baht ("THB")	258,206	70,429	-	-
Singapore Dollar ("SGD")	579,539	1,456,811	674,893	674,893
Vietnamese Dong ("VND")	31,927	-	-	-
Indonesia Rupiah ("IDR")	1,033,657	-	-	-

- (a) Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and normal trade credit terms offered by the Group and the Company ranging from 30 to 60 days (31.12.2018: 30 to 60 days) from the date of invoices. Other credit terms are assessed and approved on a case by case basis.
- (b) Amounts owing by subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and receivable on demand.
- (c) The movements in loss allowance for trade and other receivables of the Group and of the Company:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
At 1 January 2019/2018				
- Trade receivables	3,897,081	2,929,189	7,300	7,300
- Other receivables	341,315	341,371	-	-
- Amounts owing by subsidiaries	-	-	120,177,445	78,739,227
	4,238,396	3,270,560	120,184,745	78,746,527





13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

(c) The movements in loss allowance for trade and other receivables of the Group and of the Company: (Continued)

	Gr	roup	Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Movement during the financial period/ye	ear:			
- Trade receivables				
Loss allowance for the financial				
period/year	583,322	1,000,234	-	-
Currency realignment	174,970	16,696	-	-
Reversal of loss allowance	(281,231)	(49,038)	-	-
	477,061	967,892	-	-
- Other receivables				
Loss allowance for the financial				
period/year	10,089	_	_	_
Currency realignment	16,413	(56)	-	-
	26,502	(56)	-	-
- Amounts owing by subsidiaries				
Loss allowance for the financial year	_	_	17,953,854	42,399,404
Reversal of loss allowance	-	-	(3,221,364)	(961,186)
	-	-	14,732,490	41,438,218
At 30 June 2020/ 31 December 2018				
- Trade receivables	4,374,142	3,897,081	7,300	7,300
- Other receivables	367,817	341,315	- ,550	- ,500
- Amounts owing by subsidiaries	-	-	134,909,935	120,177,445
	4,741,959	4,238,396	134,917,235	120,184,745

Management applies simplified approach (i.e. lifetime expected credit losses) in measuring the loss allowance for trade receivables. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix by reference to past default experience of the debtors and an analysis of the debtors' current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current reporting period.

Trade receivables that are individually determined to be impaired at the reporting date relate to receivables that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.



14. CASH AND SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Cash and bank balances	929,205 15,549,044	28,631,654 16.496.802	83,811 15.435.242	24,819,292
Short-term deposits placed with licensed banks	16.478.249	45.128.456	15,433,242	16,496,802 41.316.094
	10,470,249	45,120,450	13,319,033	41,510,094

Short term deposits of the Group and the Company amounting to RM15,546,123 and RM15,432,321 (31.12.2018: RMNil and RMNil) respectively are held as security value and pledged to licensed banks as performance guarantee which are not available for general use.

The short-term deposits have maturity period of 1 month (31.12.2018: 1 month to 3 months) which bear interest rate of 2.70% (31.12.2018: 3.00% to 3.55%) per annum.

The foreign currency exposure profile of cash and bank balances are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
USD	121,494	2,741,776	27,287	2,556,979
RMB	69,829	132,212	-	-
SGD	124,425	138,954	-	-
PHP	62,845	275,746	-	-
THB	11,920	61,072	-	-
IDR	58,010	-	-	-
Bangladeshi Taka ("BDT")	213,953	-	-	-

15. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company				
	30.	6.2020	31.	12.2018	
	Number of		Number of		
	Ordinary shares	Amount RM	Ordinary shares	Amount RM	
Issued and fully paid					
At 1 January 2019/2018	859,269,076	181,114,569	496,445,011	72,846,301	
Issued during the financial period/year	-	-	200,000,000	50,000,000	
Warrant exercised	-	-	161,576,351	57,886,383	
Conversion of ESOS	-	-	1,247,714	381,885	
At 30 June 2020/ 31 December 2018	859,269,076	181,114,569	859,269,076	181,114,569	

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.



15. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

In the prior financial year, the Company:

- (i) issued 200,000,000 new ordinary shares at a price of RM0.25 per ordinary share for working capital purposes;
- (ii) issued 1,247,714 new ordinary shares arising from the exercise of 1,247,714 Employees' Share Options; and
- (iii) issued 161,576,351 new ordinary shares arising from the exercise of 161,576,351 warrants.

The new ordinary shares issued in the prior financial year rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary of the Company.

16. OTHER RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
Exchange reserve (a)	11,897,573	12,694,401	_	_
Employees' share option reserve (b)	-	7,788	-	7,788
Fair value reserve (c)	626,706	597,000	162,000	597,000
Statutory reserve (d)	222,464	222,464	-	-
	12,746,743	13,521,653	162,000	604,788

(a) Exchange reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign currency differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency as well as the foreign currency differences arising from monetary items which form part of the Group's net investment in foreign operations, where the monetary item is denominated in either the functional currency of the reporting entity or the foreign operation or another currency.

(b) Employees' share option reserve

Employees' share option reserve represents the equity-settled share options granted to employees as disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements. The reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded over the vesting period commencing from the grant date of equity-settled share options, and is reduced by the expiry or exercise of the share options.

(c) Fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI

This reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) until the investments are derecognised or impaired.

The Group and the Company have elected to recognise changes in the fair value of certain investments in equity securities in other comprehensive income. These changes are accumulated within the fair value reserve of financial assets at FVTOCI. The Group and the Company transfer amounts from this reserve to retained earnings when the relevant equity securities are derecognised.

(d) Statutory reserve

In accordance with relevant laws and regulations of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the subsidiary company is required to transfer 10% of its net profit for the financial year prepared in accordance with the accounting regulation of the PRC to the statutory reserve. The transfer will continue until the reserve balance reaches 50% of its registered capital. Such reserve may be used to offset accumulated losses or increase the registered capital of the subsidiary company, subject to the approval from the PRC authority, and is not available for dividend distribution to the shareholders.



17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Trade				
Trade payables (a)	19,201,766	17,137,779	335,424	-
Non-trade				
Other payables	1,949,419	1,328,933	1,468,160	322,529
SST/GST payable	318,205	21,013	20,466	20,466
Amounts owing to subsidiaries (b)	-	-	19,683,873	21,441,117
Accrued operating expenses	1,887,193	1,033,580	312,876	148,876
Refundable deposits	258,961	376,436	500	6,722
Contract liabilities (c)	1,041,141	1,732,849	-	-
	5,454,919	4,492,811	21,485,875	21,939,710
Total trade and other payables	24,656,685	21,630,590	21,821,299	21,939,710

(a) Included in trade payables is an amount of RM15,401,788 (31.12.2018: RM14,874,909) payable to a supplier for the acquisition of equipment by one of the subsidiaries. This amount is subject to 6% interest bearing over 3 years of deferred payment terms.

However as disclosed in Note 34 to the financial statements, there is a dispute over the trade payable and the Group had filed a Defence and Counter Claim on 29 October 2018.

The remaining trade payables are non-interest bearing and credit terms granted are ranging from 30 to 120 days (31.12.2018: 30 to 120 days) from the date of invoices.

- (b) Amount owing to subsidiaries are non-trade in nature, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.
- (c) Revenue relating to maintenance services is recognised over time, while the customers pay up-front in full. A contract liability is recognised upon collection of transaction price and being recognised as revenue over the service period.

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM
At 1 January 2019/ 2018	1,732,849	1,013,711		
Consideration received	1,887,302	2,897,401	-	-
Recognition of revenue	(2,579,010)	(2,178,263)	-	-
At 30 June 2020/31 December 2018	1,041,141	1,732,849	-	-



17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

The foreign currency exposure profile of trade and other payables are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
USD	15,358,170	16,045,540	10,715,536	10,908,784
SGD	540,051	101,644	987,907	1,115,678
RMB	1,012,313	984,321	-	-
PHP	1,768,499	1,765,956	-	-
THB	535,635	431,598	-	-
HKD	28,140	28,457	-	-
VND	162,104	_	-	-
IDR	645,318	327,348	-	-

18. REVENUE

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Revenue from contracts with customers (i) Recognised at a point in time - Sale of goods	14,237,796	13,375,726	-	-
(ii) Recognised over timeServicesManagement fees	12,477,076	10,915,782 -	- 3,534,027	- 3,341,013
	26,714,872	24,291,508	3,534,027	3,341,013
Rental income from POS equipment	4,445,638	4,856,804	-	-
	31,160,510	29,148,312	3,534,027	3,341,013

19. DIRECT COST OF SALES

	G	roup	Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM
Cost of goods sold	8,282,994	6,577,388	-	-
Other direct costs	21,410,158	19,302,474	-	-
	29,693,152	25,879,862	-	-



20. OTHER INCOME

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipmen	t 7,499	128,877	7,499	62,963
Reversal of loss allowance on trade receivables	281,231	49,038	-	-
Reversal of loss allowance on amounts owing				
by subsidiaries	-	-	3,221,364	961,186
Reversal of inventories written down	-	390,597	-	-
Government incentive received	-	267,641	-	-
Dividend income	132,500	-	132,500	-
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange	-	-	2,417,402	-
Rental income	-	-	812,202	428,743
Sundry income	277,261	44,389	-	1,040
	698,491	880,542	6,590,967	1,453,932

21. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Impairment loss on investments in subsidiaries	-	-	10,706,348	10,233,940
Impairment loss on goodwill	1,530,052	-	_	-
Impairment loss on development costs	-	2,737,436	-	-
Loss allowance on amounts owing by subsidiaries	s -	-	17,953,854	42,399,404
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	t -	302,307	-	-
Loss allowance on trade and other receivables	593,412	1,000,234	-	-
Bad debts written off	854,630	-	-	-
	2,978,094	4,039,977	28,660,202	52,633,344

22. FINANCE INCOME

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	1.1.2019	1.1.2018 to
	to	to	to	
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
	(18 months)	(12 months)	(18 months)	(12 months)
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Interest income on short-term deposits				
placed with licensed banks	686,250	964,604	659,898	959,220



23. FINANCE COSTS

	Group		Co	Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	
Interest expenses on	202 745		504.050		
- lease liabilities	868,715	-	534,258	-	
- late payment	125,777	135,744	5,798	3,750	
- deferred payment	-	502,492	-	-	
	994,492	638,236	540,056	3,750	

24. LOSS BEFORE TAX

Loss before tax has been determined after inclusion of the following charges and credits:

	G	roup	Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM
Amortisation of intangible assets Auditors' remuneration: - Statutory:	3,508,408	979,183	-	-
- current year	575.758	394,371	116,000	58,000
- over in prior year	(3,113)	-	(7,600)	-
- Non statutory:	(, ,		(, ,	
- current year	6,000	7,000	6,000	7,000
Deposit forfeited	180,131	-	180,131	-
Depreciation of property, plant				
and equipment	2,479,883	2,938,107	1,417,269	166,043
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,527,443	-	754,435	-
Inventories written down	355,502	-	-	-
Inventories written off	244,449	608,226	-	-
Loss on disposal of property, plant				
and equipment	44,785	265,255	_	-
Property, plant and equipment written off	107,783	234,259	1,808	-
Lease expenses for short-term and				
low-value assets	392,220	-	46,754	-
Rental of premises	-	3,030,118	-	614,988
Realised (gain)/loss on foreign exchange	(6,950)	(389,161)	-	8,537



24. LOSS BEFORE TAX (CONTINUED)

	Group		Company		
	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	
	to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	
Unrealised loss/(gain) on foreign exchange	433,268	(124,826)	-	1,117,466	

25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Salaries, allowances, bonuses and overtime	15,538,972	14,317,756	2,676,655	1,596,430
Defined contribution plans	1,435,002	1,747,046	323,640	191,949
Other staff related expenses	844,550	1,366,408	160,325	160,346
	17,818,524	17,431,210	3,160,620	1,948,725

Included in employee benefits expenses are directors' remuneration as follows:

	G	roup	Company	
	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	1.1.2019	1.1.2018
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
	(18 months)	(12 months)	(18 months)	(12 months)
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Directors of the Company				
Executive Directors:				
- Salaries, allowances and bonus	100,000	-	100,000	-
- Defined contribution plan	16,000	-	16,000	-
	116,000	-	116,000	-
Non-executive Directors:				
- Directors' fees	180,000	39,333	180,000	39,333
- Allowances	16,000	20,000	16,000	20,000
- Allowarioes	•	•	,	,
	196,000	59,333	196,000	59,333



25. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

	Group		Company	
	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	1.1.2019	1.1.2018
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
	(18 months)	(12 months)	(18 months)	(12 months)
	RM	RM	RM	RM
Directors of the subsidiaries				
Executive Directors:				
- Salaries, allowances and bonus	1,905,371	821,599	-	-
- Defined contribution plan	188,424	89,782	-	-
- Other emoluments	15,899	1,391	-	-
	2,109,694	912,772	-	_
Total directors' remuneration	2,421,694	972,105	312,000	59,333

26. INCOME TAX CREDIT/(EXPENSE)

The major components of income tax credit/(expense) are as follows:

	G	roup	Company	
	1.1.2019	1.1.2018	1.1.2019	1.1.2018
	to	to	to	to
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018	30.6.2020	31.12.2018
	(18 months) RM	(12 months) RM	(18 months) RM	(12 months) RM
Current income tax:				
- Current income tax charge	(75,381)	(154,142)	-	(125,247)
- Adjustment in respect of prior years	105,466	(2,723)	111,966	-
	30,085	(156,865)	111,966	(125,247)
Deferred tax:				
(Reversal)/Origination of temporary differences	-	(615,289)	-	-
Income tax credit/(expense) recognised				
in profit or loss	30,085	(772,154)	111,966	(125,247)

Domestic income tax is calculated at the Malaysian statutory income tax rate of 24% (31.12.2018: 24%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial period.



26. INCOME TAX CREDIT/(EXPENSE) (CONTINUED)

Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions. During the current financial period, the income tax rates applicable to the foreign subsidiaries are as follow:

Countries	30.6.2020 %	31.12.2018 %
(a) China	25.00	25.00
(b) Singapore	17.00	17.00
(c) Indonesia	25.00	25.00
(d) Hong Kong	16.50	16.50
(e) Thailand	20.00	20.00
(f) Philippines	30.00	30.00
(g) Vietnam	20.00	-
(h) Bangladesh	20.00	-

The reconciliations from the tax amount at the statutory income tax rate to the Group's and the Company's tax credit/ (expense) are as follows:

	Gi	roup	Company	
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Loss before tax	(22,106,835)	(21,204,343)	(27,009,872)	(53,350,223)
Tax at Malaysian statutory income tax rate of 24% (31.12.2018: 24%) Income not subject to tax Non-deductible expenses Origination of deferred tax assets not	5,305,640 99,295 (3,092,204)	5,089,042 105,512 (4,357,124)	6,482,369 1,338,571 (7,110,585)	12,804,054 - (12,916,900)
recognised in the financial statements Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	(2,388,112) 105,466	(1,612,839) (2,723)	(710,355) 111,966	(12,401)
Adjustment in respect of deferred tax of prior years	-	5,978	-	-
Income tax credit/(expense)	30,085	(772,154)	111,966	(125,247)



27. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic loss per ordinary share

Basic loss per share are based on the loss for the financial period/year attributable to owners of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial period/year, calculated as follows:

	G	iroup
	30.6.2020	31.12.2018 (Restated)
Loss attributable to owners of the Company (RM)	(22,027,214)	(21,976,497)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic loss per share	859,269,076	777,931,111
Basic loss per ordinary share (sen)	(2.56)	(2.82)

Diluted loss per share

The diluted loss per ordinary share of the current financial period and previous financial year are equal to the basic loss per ordinary share as it is anti-dilutive.

The loss per share amount is not adjusted for the following ordinary share transactions occurred during the end of the financial period/year to the date of the report:

- (i) the conversion of ESOS and warrants into new ordinary shares; and
- (ii) issue of new ordinary shares and new warrants.

This is because such transactions do not affect the amount of capital used to produce profit or loss for the financial period.

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS")

At an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 18 January 2011, the ESOS to be granted to eligible senior executives and employees has been approved.

The salient features of the ESOS are as follows:

- (i) The total number of ordinary shares to be issued by the Company under the ESOS shall not exceed an amount equivalent to twenty percent (20%) of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company at any one time;
- (ii) The new shares to be allotted upon the exercise of the options shall, upon issue and allotment, rank pari-passu in all respects with the existing issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company;
- (iii) An Eligible Person is any executive director or employee of the Company or the Group who at the date of offer:
 - (a) has attained the age of eighteen (18) years;
 - (b) in the case of an employee (including executive directors), is employed by and on the payroll of the Group and whose employment has been confirmed in writing or has been in employment of the Group for a period of at least twelve (12) full months of continuous service where the employee is employed by the Group on a contract basis; and
 - (c) in the case of a non-executive director, is duly elected as a member of the Board of Directors of the companies within the Group with a director fee.



28. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (Continued)

- (iv) The persons to whom the options have been granted under the ESOS have no right to participate in any employees' share option scheme of any other company within the Group;
- (v) Not more than 50% of the shares issued pursuant to the ESOS shall be allocated, in aggregate, to the directors and senior management of the Group. In addition, not more than 10% of the shares shall be allocated to any Eligible Person who, either singly or collectively, through persons connected to him/her, holds 20% or more in the issued and paid-up capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company; and
- (vi) The option price is the higher of:
 - (a) the weighted average market price of the shares for the five (5) market days immediately preceding the date of offer, subject to a discount of not more than ten percent (10%) which the Company may at its discretion decide to give; or
 - (b) the par value of the shares.

On 7 February 2011, 30 June 2011, 28 February 2012, 26 February 2013 and 15 August 2017, the Company granted 9,790,200 share options, 1,576,500 share options, 9,967,500 share options, 7,056,600 share options and 10,549,781 share options respectively, under the ESOS. These options expired on 23 January 2014, except for options granted on 15 August 2017 which expired on 14 August 2018, and one-third of these options are exercisable on or after every anniversary from the date of the acceptance of the offer up to the date of the options expiry.

On 26 November 2013 and 10 February 2017, pursuant to Clause 20.2 of the By-Laws of ESOS ("By-Laws"), the Board of Directors has approved the extension of the ESOS scheme for three (3) years. The latest extension is to 23 January 2020. All existing outstanding options granted shall therefore be exercisable up to the extended period, except for the share options granted on 15 August 2017 which expired on 14 August 2018.

Movement of share options during the financial period/year

The following table illustrates the number ("No.") and weighted average exercise prices ("WAEP") of, and movements in, share options during the financial period/year:

	Group			
	30.6.2	020	31.12.	2018
	No.	WAEP	No.	WAEP
At 1 January 2019/2018	440,414	0.27	2,388,657	0.27
Lapsed	(440,414)	0.27	(700,529)	0.27
Exercised	-	-	(1,247,714)	0.27
At 30 June 2020/31 December 2018	-	-	440,414	0.27
Exercisable at 30 June 2020/31 December 2018	-	-	440,414	0.27

The options outstanding at 30 June 2020 have exercise prices of RMNil (31.12.2018: RM0.21 to RM0.30) and the weighted average remaining contractual life for the share options outstanding as at 30 June 2020 was Nil (31.12.2018: 1 year).



28. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Employees' Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") (Continued)

Movement of share options during the financial period/year (Continued)

The fair values of the share options granted were determined using a binomial option pricing model, and the inputs were:

	Fair val	ue of s	hare or	otions and	assumptions
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Weighted average fair value of share option at grant date (RM)	0.0861
Weighted average share price (RM)	0.2633
Option life (years)	1
Risk-free rate (%)	3.522
Expected dividend (%)	0.00
Expected volatility (%)	74.434

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

(a) Categories of financial instruments

The following table analyses the financial instruments in the statements of financial position by the classes of financial instruments to which they are assigned:

30.6.2020	Amortised cost RM	FVTOCI RM
Financial assets		
Group Other investments	_	20,686,000
Trade and other receivables (exclude SST/GST refundable)	18,171,499	-
Cash and short-term deposits	16,478,249	-
	34,649,748	20,686,000
Company		
Other investments	-	4,186,000
Trade and other receivables (exclude SST/GST refundable) Cash and short-term deposits	3,784,026 15,519,053	-
	19,303,079	4,186,000
Financial liabilities Group Trade and other payables (exclude SST/GST payable and contract liabilities)	23,297,339	
Trade and other payables (exclude 351/G51 payable and contract liabilities)	20,291,009	
Company		
Other payables (exclude SST/GST payable)	21,800,833	-



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Categories of financial instruments (Continued)

31.12.2018	Amortised cost RM	FVTOCI RM
Financial assets		
Group Other investments	_	19,870,294
Trade and other receivables (exclude GST refundable)	10,904,606	19,670,294
Cash and short-term deposits	45,128,456	-
	56,033,062	19,870,294
Company Other investments	-	3,835,000
Trade and other receivables (exclude GST refundable and non-refundable deposits)	4 1 4 0 1 7 9	
Cash and short-term deposits	4,142,173 41,316,094	-
	45,458,267	3,835,000
Financial liabilities Group Trade and other payables (exclude GST payable and contract liabilities)	19,876,728	_
Trade and other payables (exclude dor payable and contract habilities)	13,070,720	
Company Other payables (exclude GST payable)	21,919,244	-

(b) Financial risk management

The Group's and the Company's activities are exposed to a variety of financial risks arising from their operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include credit risk, liquidity risk, foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management objective is to optimise value for their shareholders. The Group and the Company do not trade in financial instruments.

The Board of Directors reviews and agrees to policies and procedures for the management of these risks, which are executed by the Group's senior management. The audit committee provides independent oversight to the effectiveness of the risk management process.

(i) Credit risk

Trade and other receivables

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group and the Company that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligations. The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from trade and other receivables. The Group and the Company have a credit policy in place and the exposure to credit risk is managed through the application of credit approvals, credit limits and monitoring procedures.

As at the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables is represented by their carrying amounts in the statements of financial position.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(i) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables are not secured by any collateral or supported by any other credit enhancements. In determining the recoverability of these receivables, the Group and the Company consider any change in the credit quality of the receivables from the date the credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The Group and the Company have adopted a policy of dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

Credit risk concentration profile

The Group determines the credit risk concentration of its trade receivables on an ongoing basis. The credit risk concentration profile of the Group's trade receivables at the reporting date arising from the amount due from one (31.12.2018: one) customer representing approximately 42% (31.12.2018: 35%) of the total trade receivables.

The ageing analysis of the Group's and the Company's trade receivables are as follows:

	Expected	Gross		
	credit	carrying	Loss	
Group	loss rate	amount RM	allowance RM	
30.6.2020				
Not past due	0%	-	-	
1 to 30 days past due	0%	1,500,336	-	
31 to 60 days past due	0%	852,270	-	
61 to 90 days past due	0%	73,959	-	
91 to 120 days past due	0%	41,412	-	
Over 120 days past due	61%	7,174,653	(4,374,142)	
		9,642,630	(4,374,142)	
31.12.2018				
Not past due	0%	134,786	-	
1 to 30 days past due	0%	1,850,439	-	
31 to 60 days past due	2%	4,050,004	(62,641)	
61 to 90 days past due	0%	-	-	
91 to 120 days past due	0%	875,540	-	
Over 120 days past due	60%	6,436,274	(3,834,440)	
		13,347,043	(3,897,081)	



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(i) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Company	Expected credit loss rate	Gross carrying amount RM	Loss allowance RM
30.6.2020			
Not past due	-	-	-
1 to 30 days past due	-	-	-
31 to 60 days past due	-	-	-
61 to 90 days past due	-	-	-
91 to 120 days past due	-	-	-
Over 120 days past due	100%	16,408,501	(16,408,501)
		16,408,501	(16,408,501)
31.12.2018			
Not past due	-	-	-
1 to 30 days past due	-	-	-
31 to 60 days past due	-	-	-
61 to 90 days past due	-	-	-
91 to 120 days past due	-	-	-
Over 120 days past due	100%	16,408,501	(16,408,501)
		16,408,501	(16,408,501)

Receivables that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are creditworthy debtors with good payment records with the Group and the Company. Most of the Group's trade receivables arise from long standing customers with the Group.

Receivables that are past due but not impaired

The management has a credit policy in place to monitor and minimise the exposure of default. The Group and the Company trade only with recognised and credit worthy third parties. Trade receivables are monitored on an ongoing basis. As at the reporting date, there were no significant concentrations of credit risk in the Group and the Company, and receivables that are past due but not impaired are unsecured in nature.

Receivables that are impaired

The Group's trade receivables that are impaired at the reporting date are debtors that are in significant financial difficulties and have defaulted on payments. These receivables are not secured by any collateral or credit enhancements.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(i) Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets

For other financial assets, the Group and the Company minimise credit risk by dealing exclusively with high credit rating counterparties. At the reporting date, the Group's and the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk arising from other financial assets is represented by the carrying amount of each class of financial assets recognised in the statements of financial position.

Corporate guarantee

The Company has granted corporate guarantee of RM15,401,788 (31.12.2018: RM14,883,900) to a supplier of a subsidiary.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group or the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations when they fall due. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arise primarily from mismatches of the maturities between financial assets and liabilities. The Group's and the Company's exposure to liquidity risk arise principally from trade and other payables and lease liabilities.

The Group maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank facilities deemed adequate by the management to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they fall due.

Maturity analysis

The maturity analysis of the Group's and the Company's financial liabilities by their relevant maturity at the reporting date are based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations as follows:

		0	Contractual cash	flows	
Group	Carrying amount RM	On demand or within 1 years RM	Between 1 to 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM	Total RM
30.6.2020 Trade and other payables (exclude SST/GST payable and contract liabilities)	23,297,339	23,297,339	_		23,297,339
mabilities)	25,297,559	25,291,559			23,291,339
Lease liabilities	3,611,425	1,407,994	3,154,284	-	4,562,278
31.12.2018 Trade and other payables (exclude GST payable and contract liabilities)	19,876,728	19,876,728	-	-	19,876,728



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(ii) Liquidity risk (Continued)

Maturity analysis (Continued)

		0	Contractual cash	flows	
Company	Carrying amount RM	On demand or within 1 years RM	Between 1 to 5 years RM	More than 5 years RM	Total RM
30.06.2020 Other payables (exclude SST/GST payable)	21,800,833	21,800,833	-	-	21,800,833
Lease liabilities	2,295,123	726,149	2,299,471	-	3,025,620
Corporate guarantee	-	14,874,909	-	-	14,874,909
31.12.2018 Other payables (exclude GST payable)	21,919,244	21,919,244	-	-	21,919,244
Corporate guarantee	-	14,883,900	-	-	14,883,900

(iii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk of fluctuation in fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when sales and purchases that are denominated in a foreign currency) and net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Group has transactional currency exposures arising from sales or purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of Group entities, primarily Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"). The foreign currency in which these transactions are denominated are primarily United States Dollar ("USD"), China Renminbi ("RMB"), Singapore Dollar ("SGD"), Thailand Baht ("THB"), Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD"), Philippines Peso ("PHP"), Indonesian Rupiah ("IDR") and Vietnamese Dong ("VND").

Foreign currency risk is monitored closely on an ongoing basis to ensure that the net exposure to this risk is kept to an acceptable level. Management does not enter into currency hedging transactions since it considers that the cost of such instruments outweigh the potential risk of exchange rate fluctuation. In addition, the Group and the Company also take advantage of any natural effects of its foreign currencies revenues and expenses by maintaining current accounts in foreign currencies.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(iii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The Group's and the Company's material unhedged financial assets and liabilities of the Group that are not denominated in their functional currencies are as follows:

United

Group 30.6.2020	States Dollar RM	Singapore Dollar RM	China Renminbi RM	Philippine Peso RM	Thai Baht RM	Indonesia Rupiah RM
Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term	518,718	579,539	194,107	457,820	258,206	1,033,657
deposits	121,494	124,425	69,829	62,845	11,920	58,010
Trade and other payables	(15,358,170)	(540,051)	(1,012,313)	(1,768,499)	(535,635)	(645,318)
	(14,717,958)	163,913	(748,377)	(1,247,834)	(265,509)	446,349
31.12.2018						
Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term	751,040	1,456,811	604,588	1,630,674	70,429	-
deposits	2,741,776	138,954	132,212	275,746	61,072	-
Trade and other payables	(16,045,540)	(101,644)	(984,321)	(1,765,956)	(431,598)	(327,348)
	(12,552,724)	1,494,121	(247,521)	140,464	(300,097)	(327,348)
					Dollar	Singapore Dollar
					RM	RM
Company 30.6.2020					RM	RM
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables					763,810	RM 674,893
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term deposit					763,810 7,287	674,893 -
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables					763,810	
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term deposit					763,810 7,287	674,893 -
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term deposi Trade and other payables 31.12.2018	its				763,810 7,287 (10,715,536) (9,944,439)	674,893 - (987,907) (313,014)
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term deposit Trade and other payables 31.12.2018 Trade and other receivables	its				763,810 7,287 (10,715,536) (9,944,439) 874,952	674,893 - (987,907)
30.6.2020 Trade and other receivables Cash and short-term deposi Trade and other payables 31.12.2018	its				763,810 7,287 (10,715,536) (9,944,439)	674,893 - (987,907) (313,014) 674,893

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The Group's and the Company's principal foreign currency exposure relates mainly USD, SGD, RMB, PHP, THB and IDR.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(iii) Foreign currency risk (Continued)

The following tables demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the respective foreign currencies, with all other variables held constant on the Group's and the Company's total equity and profit for the financial period/year.

	Group		Cor	npany
	30.6.2020 Increase/ (Decrease) RM	31.12.2018 Increase/ (Decrease) RM	30.6.2020 Increase/ (Decrease) RM	31.12.2018 Increase/ (Decrease) RM
Effects on profit or loss and equity				
USD - strengthen by 3%	(441,539)	(376,582)	(297,733)	(224,306)
SGD - strengthen by 3%	4,917	44,824	(9,390)	(13,224)
RMB - strengthen by 3%	(22,451)	(7,426)	-	-
PHP - strengthen by 3%	(37,435)	(4,214)	-	-
THB - strengthen by 3%	(7,965)	(9,003)	-	-
IDR - strengthen by 3%	13,391	(9,820)	-	-

A 3% weakening of the RM against the respective foreign currencies as at the end of the financial period/year would have had an equal but opposite effect on the above currencies to the amounts shown above on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

(iv) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of fluctuation in fair value or future cash flows of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Group's and the Company's exposure to interest rate risk arise primarily from their deposits placed with licensed banks and lease liabilities.

The Group's and the Company's policy to manage their interest rate risk is by maintaining sufficient lines of credit to obtain acceptable lending costs and by monitoring the exposure to such risks on an ongoing basis. Management does not enter into interest rate hedging transactions since it considers that the cost of such instruments outweigh the potential risk of interest rate fluctuation.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Financial risk management (Continued)

(iv) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table demonstrates the interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's significant interest-bearing financial instruments, based on carrying amounts as the end of the reporting period.

	Group		Coi	mpany	
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM	
Fixed rate instruments Financial asset					
Short-term deposits placed with licensed banks	2,921	5,653,625	2,921	5,653,625	
Financial liability					
Lease liabilities	55,983 	-	-	-	
Floating rate instruments Financial asset Short-term deposits placed					
with licensed banks	15,546,123	10,843,177	15,432,321	10,843,177	
Financial liability					
Lease liabilities	3,555,442	-	2,295,123	-	

The information on maturity dates and effective interest rate of financial assets and liabilities are disclosed in their respective notes.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

The Group and the Company do not account for any fixed rate financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and equity. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss and equity.



29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(c) Fair value measurement

The following table provides the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's and the Company's financial instruments measured at fair value:

	Carrying amount			nents	
Group 30.6.2020	Total RM	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
Financial asset Other investments	20,686,000	4,186,000	- 10	6,500,000	20,686,000
31.12.2018 Other investments	19,870,294	3,835,000	- 10	6,035,294	19,870,294
Company 30.6.2020					
Financial asset Other investments	4,186,000	4,186,000	-	-	4,186,000
31.12.2018 Other investments	3,835,000	3,835,000	-	-	3,835,000

Level 3 fair value

Fair value of financial instruments carried at fair value

The fair value are determined using the discounted cash flows method based on discount rates that reflects the issuer's weighted average cost of capital rate as at the end of the reporting period.

The carrying amounts of other financial assets and liabilities as at the end of the financial reporting period reasonably approximate to their fair values due to the relatively short-term nature of these financial instruments.

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the financial period (31.12.2018: no transfer in either directions).



30. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

(a) Commitments

	Group an	Group and Company		
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM		
Approved and contracted for:				
- Investment property under construction	-	9,001,800		

(b) Operating leases commitments - as lessee

The Group and the Company lease number of equipment under operating leases for average lease term between five to ten years, with option to renew the lease at the end of the lease term.

Future minimum rentals payable under non-cancellable operating lease at the reporting date is as follows:

	Group 31.12.2018 RM
- Not later than one year	80,506
- More than one year but not later than two years	94,900
	175,406

The Group leases rental equipment from suppliers under operating leases. These non-cancellable leases will expire in 2019. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis based on prevailing market conditions. The leases of equipment are used mainly for a project and server for its customer.

31. RELATED PARTIES

(a) Identify of related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operational decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties of the Group include:

- (i) Subsidiaries; and
- (ii) Key management personnel of the Group's and of the Company's, comprise persons (including directors) having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities directly or indirectly.



31. RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Significant related party transactions

Significant related party transactions other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

		Con 1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	mpany 1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM (Restated)
Ma -	nagement fees Cuscapi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd.	3,162,974	3,155,143
-	Cuscapi Solutions Sdn. Bhd. Cuscapi Innovation Lab Sdn. Bhd.	365,163 -	15,035 15,056
-	Cuscapi Consulting Services Sdn. Bhd.	5,890	155,779
		3,534,027	3,341,013

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of key management personnel, which includes the directors' remuneration is disclosed as below:

	G	roup	Coi	mpany
	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM	1.1.2019 to 30.6.2020 (18 months) RM	1.1.2018 to 31.12.2018 (12 months) RM
Key Management Personnel's remunerati - salaries and other emoluments Post-employment benefits:	2,534,953	1,998,215	1,890,301	589,867
- defined contribution plan	270,539	216,402	192,707	64,530
	2,805,492	2,214,617	2,083,008	654,397



32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The primary objective of the Group's and the Company's capital management is to ensure that they maintain a strong capital base and safeguard the Group's ability to continue as going concern, so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The directors monitor and determine to maintain an optimal debt-to-equity ratio that complies with debt convenants.

The debt-to-equity ratio of the Group and the Company as at the end of reporting period were as follows:

	G	roup	Coi	mpany
	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Total liabilities	28,331,368	21,738,082	24,116,422	21,985,607
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	75,341,815	96,394,324	35,627,632	61,170,686
Debt-to-equity ratio	38%	23%	68%	36%

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the financial period.

The Group and the Company are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The Group prepared the following segment information in accordance with MFRS 8 *Operating Segments* based on the internal reports of the Group's strategic business units which are regularly reviewed by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and/or the person acting at his capacity for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into strategic business units based on geography locations and business units.

The Group's reportable operating segments are as follows:

(a) Geographical locations

(i) Malaysia

Involves in software development, the provision of remedial services for Point of Sales hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of Point of Sales and business management solutions, the provision of project management, business and IT related consultancy services, the provision of network infrastructure and security solutions and services and system integration services, and the provision of contact centres for outsourcing services, in Malaysia.

(ii) South East Asia

Involves in the provision of Point of Sales and business management solutions, the provision of remedial services for Point of Sales hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of project management, business and IT related consultancy services in the South East Asia region other than Malaysia.

(iii) People's Republic of China

Involves in software development, the provision of Point of Sales and business management solutions, remedial services for Point of Sales hardware and related software implementation and support services, the provision of project management, business and IT related consultancy services, and the provision of contact centres for outsourcing services in People's Republic of China.



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

(b) Business units

(i) Operational Cost Centre

This segment provides the support services to all the customers for the Group.

(ii) Group Corporate

This segment is involved in Group-level corporate services, and treasury functions.

Except as indicated above, no operating segments has been aggregated from the above reportable operating segments.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on negotiated basis. Geographically, management reviews the performance of the businesses in Malaysia, South East Asia, and People's Republic of China. In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical location of customers. Assets are based on the geographical location of the assets.

Segment profit

Management monitors the operating results of its units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit after tax ("PAT"). PAT is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of the segments that operate within the Group.

Segment assets

The total of segment assets (excluding deferred tax assets) is measured based on all assets of a segment, as included in the internal reports that are reviewed by the Board of Directors.

Segment liabilities

The total segment liabilities are measured based on all liabilities (excluding deferred tax liabilities and current tax liabilities) of a segment as included in the internal reports that are reviewed by the Board of Directors.



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

		g.	Geographical Segment	gment	Business Unit Segment	Segment		: :	
_	Note	Malaysia RM	South East Asia RM	Republic of China	Operational Cost Centre RM	Group Corporate RM	Total RM	ellminations and adjustments RM	Consolidated RM
Group 30.6.2020 Revenue Revenue from external customers Inter-company revenue	∢	19,931,314 1,052,447	9,637,804	1,591,392	- 858,896	3,534,027	31,160,510	(5,445,370)	31,160,510
		20,983,761	9,637,804	1,591,392	858,896	3,534,027	36,605,880	(5,445,370)	31,160,510
Results Included in the measure of segment profit/(loss) are:	b.	23,896	975	804	229	659.898	686,250	ı	686,250
Interest expense		(4,266)	(158,826)	(40)	ı	(540,056)	(703,188)	(291,304)	(994,492)
assets Deposit forfeited		(3,508,408)	1 1	1 1	1 1	- (180,131)	(3,508,408) (180,131)	1 1	(3,508,408) (180,131)
Depreciation of property,		(717 906)	(022 220)	(020 90)	(23 057)	(1 717 260)	(688 071 0)	1	(5 8 8 0 4 6)
plant and equipment Depreciation of		(7.14,900)	(530,113)	(20,312)	(708,62)	(607,114,1)	(2,47 3,003)	•	(2,47 3,003)
right-of-use assets Gain on disposal of property	>	(10,913)	(253,011)	1	ı	(754,435)	(1,018,359)	(509,084)	(1,527,443)
plant and equipment	5.	ı	ı	1	ı	7,499	7,499	ı	7,499
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	Ś	ı	(33,173)	(6,859)	(4,753)	1	(44,785)	ı	(44,785)
intangible assets		1	ı	•	(1,530,052)	1	(1,530,052)	1	(1,530,052)
Loss allowarice on trade and other receivables Inventories written down Inventories written off		(360,968) (345,466) -	(221,867) (10,036) (244,449)	(488)	(10,089)	1 1 1	(593,412) (355,502) (244,449)	1 1 1	(593,412) (355,502) (244,449)



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

		ซั	Geographical Segment	gment	Business Unit Segment	Segment		: :	
z	Note	Malaysia RM	South East Asia RM	People's Republic of China RM	Operational Cost Centre RM	Group Corporate RM	Total RM	Ellminations and adjustments RM	Consolidated RM
Group 30.6.2020 Results Property, plant and equipment written off Rental of premises		(99,821)	(245,556)	(4,774) (76,555)	(1,380) (23,355)	(1,808)	(107,783)	1 1	(107,783)
Realised (loss)/gain on foreign exchange		(12,085)	29,865	51	(19)	ı	17,812	(10,862)	6,950
Unrealised (loss)/gain on foreign exchange		(473,593)	525,330	(15,814)	275,432	2,417,402	2,728,757	(3,162,025)	(433,268)
Segment (loss)/profit Income tax (expense)/credit	Ф	(10,225,159) (38,694)	(4,615,029) (43,188)	(350,480)	(2,469,259)	(27,009,874) 111,967	(44,669,801) 30,085	22,562,966	(22,106,835) 30,085
(Loss)/Profit for the financial period		(10,263,853)	(4,658,217)	(350,480)	(2,469,259)	(26,897,907)	(44,639,716)	22,562,966	(22,076,750)
Assets Segment assets		46,554,863	35,189,432	9,437,636	12,292,469	59,426,806	162,901,206	(64,072,643)	98,828,563
Addition to non-current assets		3,782,883	889,412	(31,889)	(51,532)	255,746	4,844,620	ı	4,844,620
Total Assets	O	50,337,746	36,078,844	9,405,747	12,240,937	59,682,552	167,745,826	(64,072,643)	103,673,183
Liabilities Segment liabilities		81,214,269	43,619,505	49,652,508	30,369,693	24,054,918	228,910,893	(200,579,525)	28,331,368



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

		95	Geographical Segment	gment	Business Unit Segment	Segment		:	
	Note	Malaysia RM	South East Asia RM	Republic of China RM	Operational Cost Centre RM	Group Corporate RM	Total RM	Ellminations and adjustments RM	Consolidated RM
Group 31.12.2018 Revenue Revenue from external customers Inter-company revenue	∢	17,547,329	7,772,489	3,828,494 1,659,398	240,090	3,086,031	29,148,312 5,752,240	. (5,752,240)	29,148,312
		18,302,624	7,783,915	5,487,892	240,090	3,086,031	34,900,552	(5,752,240)	29,148,312
Results Included in the measure of segment profit/(loss) are:									
Interest income Interest expense		2,914 (634,204)	1,015 (126)	644 (156)	811	959,220 (3,750)	964,604 (638,236)	1 1	964,604 (638,236)
Amortisation of intangible assets		(979,183)	ı	ı	ı	ı	(979,183)	1	(979,183)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		(2,217,364)	(259,977)	(209,947)	(84,776)	(166,043)	(2,938,107)	ı	(2,938,107)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	.	2,749	4,087	59,078	1	62,963	128,877	1	128,877
Loss on disposal or property, plant and equipment	÷ ÷	ı	(75,755)	(7,491)	(182,009)	ı	(265,255)	ı	(265,255)
assets	<u> </u>	(844,136)	ı	ı	(1,893,300)	ı	(2,737,436)	1	(2,737,436)
Loss allowance on property, plant and equipment	ر	1	ı	(302,307)	ı	ı	(302,307)	1	(302,307)
other receivables Inventories written off	2	(112,069) (193,018)	(835,863) (415,208)	(52,302)	1 1	1 1	(1,000,234) (608,226)	1 1	(1,000,234) (608,226)
equipment written off		(157,838)	1	1	(76,421)	1	(234,259)	'	(234,259)



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	Ge	Geographical Segment	gment	Business Unit Segment	Segment		:	
Note	Malaysia RM	South East Asia RM	People's Republic of China RM	Operational Cost Centre RM	Group Corporate RM	Total RM	Eliminations and adjustments RM	Consolidated RM
Group 31.12.2018 Results								
Rental of premises	(867,719)	(599,026)	(921,508)	(455,620)	(186,245)	(3,030,118)	1	(3,030,118)
on inventories written down	ı	ı	390,597	ı	ı	390,597	1	390,597
on trade receivables	49,038	1	1	ı	ı	49,038	1	49,038
realised (loss)/gain on foreign exchange	397,698	1	1	1	(8,537)	389,161	1	389,161
foreign exchange	(519,471)	(153,249)	(1,517,407)	(274,297)	(1,117,466)	(3,581,890)	3,706,716	124,826
Segment (loss)/profit B Income tax (expense)/credit	(9,750,893) (4,859)	(2,736,459) (645,316)	(22,488,136)	(19,338,710) 3,268	(53,350,223) (125,247)	(53,350,223) (107,664,421) (125,247) (772,154)	86,460,078	(21,204,343) (772,154)
(Loss)/ Profit for the financial year	(9,755,752)	(3,381,775)	(22,488,136)	(19,335,442)	(53,475,470)	(53,475,470) (108,436,575)	86,460,078	(21,976,497)
Assets Segment assets	32,169,459	35,730,167	9,673,493	30,128,101	85,316,501	193,017,721	(84,722,662)	108,295,059
assets	9,767,147	29,522	14,097	24,391	2,190	9,837,347	1	9,837,347
Total Assets C	41,936,606	35,759,689	9,687,590	30,152,492	85,318,691	202,855,068	(84,722,662)	118,132,406
Liabilities Segment liabilities	71,604,272	39,311,181	49,106,295	45,447,863	24,148,005	229,617,616	(207,879,534)	21,738,082



33. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of reportable segment revenue, profit or loss, assets, liabilities and other material items are as follows:

A. Inter-company revenue

Inter-company revenue are eliminated on consolidation.

B. Reconciliation of profit or loss

	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Inter-segment income	41,599,605	78,698,758
Unallocated amount: - Other corporate expenses	(19,036,639)	7,761,320
	22,562,966	86,460,078

C. Reconciliation of assets

	30.6.2020 RM	31.12.2018 RM (Restated)
Inter-segment assets	64,072,643	84,722,662

Geographical information

Revenue and non-current assets information based on the geographical location of customers are as follows:

	Revenue	Non-current
	RM	assets RM
30.6.2020		
Malaysia	19,931,314	47,838,237
South East of China	9,637,804	1,145,714
People's Republic of China	1,591,392	438,834
	31,160,510	49,422,785
31.12.2018		
Malaysia	17,547,329	40,983,660
South East of China	7,772,489	1,897,000
People's Republic of China	3,828,494	110,886
	29,148,312	42,991,546

Information about major customers

For Malaysia segment, revenue from one customer represented approximately RM8,885,375 (31.12.2018: RM6,937,151) for the Group's total revenue.

360 Engage

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

34. MATERIAL LITIGATION

During the financial period, the Group is not engaged in any material litigation either as plaintiff or defendant and the directors of the Company do not have any knowledge of any proceedings pending or threatened against the Company or its subsidiaries which might materially and adversely affect the position or business of the Group, except for as follows:

As announced on 25 September 2018, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Cuscapi Malaysia Sdn. Bhd. ("Cuscapi Malaysia") was served with a Writ of Summons and received a Statement of Claim dated 5 September 2018 by Hitachi Digital Services (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("Hitachi Singapore"). In view of the legal advice, the Board of Director of the Company is of the opinion that the Companies are in a position to dispute the liability of USD3,600,248 or any part thereof.

The Group is rigorously contesting the alleged claims and is of the view that Hitachi Singapore's claims are without merit and had on 29 October 2018 filed a Defence and Counter Claims through its solicitor against Hitachi Singapore, Her Chor Siong, the former Chief Executive Officer of Cuscapi Berhad and a Director in both the Company and Cuscapi Malaysia at that material time and Ong Chin Hui, the Chief Executive Officer of Hitachi Singapore and a shareholder with a large number of shares in the Company at that material time.

Broadly, the Companies had in their Defence and Counter Claim claimed, among others:

- that Her Chor Siong, Ong Chin Hui and/or Hitachi Singapore are involved in a scheme to defraud and cause losses to the Companies as well as make secret profits arising from the arrangements entered into with Hitachi Singapore;
- (ii) that Her Chor Siong had breached his fiduciary duties towards the Companies;
- (iii) that Ong Chin Hui had dishonestly assisted Her Chor Siong in his breach of fiduciary duties towards the Companies;
- (iv) that Hitachi Singapore had dishonestly assisted Her Chor Siong in his breach of fiduciary duties towards the Companies;
- (v) that Hitachi Singapore had knowingly received monies from Cuscapi Malaysia by reason of Her Chor Siong's breach of his fiduciary duties towards the Companies;
- (vi) that the agreement for the purchase of REV hardware equipment and corporate guarantee entered into in 2016 (being the subject matter of Hitachi Singapore's claim) are null and void and unenforceable;
- (vii) that the Companies are not liable to Hitachi Singapore for any sums whatsoever;
- (viii) that Hitachi Singapore is liable to repay Cuscapi Malaysia USD2,793,335;
- (ix) that as against the Defendants in the Counter Claim and each of them, the Judgment Sum of USD2,793,335;
- (x) that damages are to be assessed against the Defendants in the Counter Claim;
- (xi) that the interest rate of 5% per annum on any sum found to be due to the Companies from the date of judgment until the date of full satisfaction; and costs on a solicitors- client basis; and
- (xii) that such further orders as the Court deems fit and proper be made.

In order to protect the Companies' interests in this matter, the Company had also lodged a police report in Malaysia on 28 December 2018.

It is difficult to estimate the impact of this dispute on the Companies' finances and operations at this juncture as the final outcome is dependent on the Court's decision.

The Board of Directors of the Company will continue to take all necessary actions and pursue all available remedies to defend and protect the Companies' position.

As at 30 June 2020, the carrying amount of the REV hardware equipment included in Property, Plant and Equipment and Inventories of the Group amounted to RM6,615,101 and RM15,451,976 respectively and the corresponding unpaid sum included in Trade Payables of the Group amounted to RM15,401,788. The management is in the midst of retrieving the REV hardware equipment held by a customer under Property, Plant and Equipment amounting to RM6,615,101.

In view of the dispute over trade payable and Defence and Counter Claim detailed above, there are indication of impairment on the carrying amount of Property, Plant and Equipment and Inventories. However, as the matter is pending a decision by the Court, the Board of Directors is of the view that no impairment is required on the recoverable amount of the Property, Plant and Equipment and no write down to the net realisable values of the inventories.



35. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS DURING THE FINANCIAL PERIOD

(a) Incorporation of new wholly-owned subsidiary

On 20 February 2019, the Company had incorporated a new wholly-owned subsidiary, namely Cuscapi (BD) Ltd in the People's Republic of Bangladesh.

Cuscapi (BD) Ltd was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the Companies Act of 1994 of Bangladesh with authorised share capital of TK. 100,000,000 divided into 1,000,000 ordinary shares of TK 100 each. The paid-up capital of the company is BD TK 4,150,000 representing 41,500 shares equivalent to USD 50,000 or RM205,575.

The intended principles activities of Cuscapi (BD) Ltd is to market its Point of Sales Solution in Bangladesh.

(b) Acquisition of a subsidiary

On 3 October 2019, the Company entered into a share sales and purchase agreement with three individuals for purchasing a total of 70% of the existing ordinary shares in Y Tuong Technology Company Limited, a company incorporated in Vietnam, for a total cash consideration equivalent to RM351,750.

	RM
Consideration paid Less: Net assets acquired	351,750 (3,527)
Goodwill on consolidation	348,223

(c) COVID-19 pandemic

The World Health Organisation declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus infection ('COVID-19') a pandemic on 11 March 2020. The outbreak of COVID-19 in early 2020 has affected the business and economic environments of the Group. The governments and various private corporations have taken different measures to prevent the spread of the virus such as travel bans, quarantines, closures of non-essential services, social distancing and home quarantine requirements which impacted businesses, customers and the Group's operations directly or indirectly. Given the widespread nature of the outbreak and the unpredictability of future development of COVID-19, it is challenging to determine the duration of the impact on the business.

The directors are actively monitoring and managing the Group's operations to minimise any potential business risk, if any, that may arise from COVID-19.



36. ADOPTION OF NEW STANDARD

MFRS 16 Leases

Prior to the adoption of MFRS 16, leases are classified either as finance leases or operating leases. A lessee recognises on its statement of financial position assets and liabilities arising from finance leases but not operating leases. Generally, lease expenses arising from operating leases were recognised in profit or loss on straight-line basis over the lease terms.

MFRS 16 replaced MFRS 117 Leases, IC Interpretation 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, IC Interpretation 115 Operating Leases - Incentives and IC Interpretation 127 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. Upon adoption MFRS 16, distinction between finance and operating leases for lessees are no longer applicable. All leases are brought onto the statements of financial position by recognising the corresponding right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, except for some limited exemptions. Generally, lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the future lease payments. Upon initial recognition, right-of-use assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. The corresponding finance costs and depreciation are recognised in profit or loss over the lease term. The Group and the Company applied the standard retrospectively with cumulative effect of initially applying this standard as at 1 January 2019 (date of initial application) recognised as an adjustment to the retained earnings as at initial application date according to the transitional provisions. Accordingly, the comparative information has not been restated, and it is reported in accordance with MFRS 117.

The weighted average lessee's incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised in the statement of financial position at the date of initial application is 13.71%.

The reconciliation between the operating lease commitments disclosed applying MFRS 117 as at 31 December 2018, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application, and the lease liabilities recognised in the statements of financial position at the date of initial application:

	Group RM	Company RM
Operating lease commitments as at 31 December 2018	175,406	-
Short term and low-value assets leases	(175,406)	-
Future lease payment relating to lease renewal period	5,825,884	4,114,843
Effect of discounting using incremental borrowing rate	(1,639,579)	(1,264,755)
Lease liabilities recognised as at 1 January 2019	4,186,305	2,850,088

37. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS

During the current financial period, management discovered several accounting errors that related to prior accounting periods. Accordingly, the comparative information were restated as follows:

- (a) Reclassification of advances received from customers of RM120,140 from trade and other receivables to trade and other payables.
- (b) Overstatement of direct cost of sales by RM12,475 due to early recognition and adjusted to prepayments.
- (c) Underprovision of unrealised foreign exchange loss on trade payable amounted to RM410,375.
- (d) Overstatement of investments in subsidiaries due to under recognition of net impairment loss amounted to RM2,368,229.
- (e) Understatement of trade and other receivables due to omission of management fee receivables from a subsidiary amounted to RM254,982 and offset with over recognition of net loss allowance amounted to RM398,857.
- (f) Understatement of trade and other payables due to reversal of loss allowance on amounts owing to subsidiaries amounted to RM1,120,747.



37. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (g) Understatement of revenue due to omission of management fee income from a subsidiary amounted to RM254,982.
- (h) Reclassification of rental income amounted to RM428,743 from administrative expenses to other income for fair presentation of the financial statements and in conformity with the presentation and classification of current financial period and reversal of loss allowance in trade and other receivables amounted to RM642,794.
- (i) Overstatement of administrative expenses due to reclassification of rental income amounted to RM428,743.
- Under-provision of impairment loss on investments in subsidiaries by RM3,726,426 and under-provision of loss allowance on trade and other receivables by RM1,289,121.

The financial effects arising from the prior year adjustments and reclassification are as follows:

	Note	Reported previously RM	Prior year adjustments RM	Restated RM
Group 31 December 2018 Statements of Financial Position Trade and other receivables Prepayments Accumulated losses Trade and other payables	(a) (b) (c)	10,926,294 902,833 97,843,998 (21,100,075)	120,140 12,475 397,900 (530,515)	11,046,434 915,308 98,241,898 (21,630,590)
Statements of Comprehensive Income Direct cost of sales Administrative expenses	(b) (c)	(25,892,337) (20,250,168)	12,475 (410,375)	(25,879,862) (20,660,543)
Company 31 December 2018 Statements of Financial Position Investments in subsidiaries Trade and other receivables Accumulated losses Trade and other payables	(d) (e) (f)	23,539,115 4,289,221 116,915,820 (20,818,963)	(2,368,229) (143,875) 3,632,851 (1,120,747)	21,170,886 4,145,346 120,548,671 (21,939,710)
Statements of Comprehensive Income Revenue Other income Administrative expenses Other operating expenses	(g) (h) (i) (j)	3,086,031 382,395 (6,038,551) (47,617,797)	254,982 1,071,537 (428,743) (5,015,547)	3,341,013 1,453,932 (6,467,294) (52,633,344)

38. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

During the financial period, the Company changed its financial year end from 31 December to 30 June. The current financial statements of the Group and of the Company are prepared for the financial period of eighteen (18) months from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020. As a result, the comparative information stated in the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows and the related notes to the financial statements, which were prepared for a twelve (12) months financial period ended 31 December 2018, are not comparable.

39. AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the board of directors on 14 October 2020.



STATEMENT BY DIRECTORS

PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(2) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

We, **Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam and Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi**, being two of the directors of Cuscapi Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the directors, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 55 to 135 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2020 and financial performance and cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Signed on behalf of the board of directors in accordance with a directors' resolution.
DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM Director
DATUK MAT NOOR BIN NAWI Director
Kuala Lumpur Date: 14 October 2020

STATUTORY DECLARATION

PURSUANT TO SECTION 251(1)(B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016

I, **Lim Sze Yean**, being the officer primarily responsible for the financial management of Cuscapi Berhad, do solemnly and sincerely declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 55 to 135 are correct, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act 1960.

Subscribed and solemnly declared by the abovenamed Lim Sze Yean at Kuala Lumpur in the Federal Territory this

LIM SZE YEAN Chartered Accountant MIA Membership No.: 14146

Before me,





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSCAPI BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Cuscapi Berhad, which comprise the statements of financial position as at 30 June 2020 of the Group and of the Company, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and statements of cash flows of the Group and of the Company for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 55 to 135.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 June 2020, and of their financial performance and their cash flows for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Referring to Note 34 to the financial statements, the assets involved in the litigation case include property, plant and equipment of the Group at carrying amount of RM6,615,101 and inventories of the Group at carrying amount of RM15,451,976 as at 30 June 2020.

Due to the circumstances and consideration described in Note 34 to the financial statements,

- (a) The physical existence of property, plant and equipment with the carrying amount of RM6,615,101 could not be ascertained and the impairment assessment on these assets has not been made in accordance with MFRS 136 Impairment of Assets.
- (b) The measurement of the inventories including the net realisable value has not been appropriately assessed in accordance with MFRS 102 *Inventories*.

Management is of the view that no impairment is required on the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment and inventories.

We were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment of RM6,615,101 and inventories of RM15,451,976. Therefore, we could not determine the effect of adjustment, if any, on the financial statements of the Group.

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing ("ISA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Independence and Other Ethical Responsibilities

We are independent of the Group and of the Company in accordance with the *By-Laws* (on *Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice*) of the *Malaysian Institute of Accountants* ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSCAPI BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

(a) Investments in subsidiaries (at Company level)

Refer to Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates and Investments in subsidiaries in Note 4 and Note 8 to the financial statements respectively.

The risk:

As at 30 June 2020, the Company has investments in subsidiaries at carrying amount of RM21 million. In determining whether the investments in subsidiaries are impaired, management estimates the recoverable amount. Determining the recoverable amount requires management to estimate the fair value less cost to sell and future cash flows to be generated; and to determine a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The bases and assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amount involve a significant degree of management judgement. Due to the significant management judgement involved and the materiality of the investment in the context of the financial statements of the Company, this is considered to be the area that had the greatest focus of our overall company audit.

Our response:

Our audit procedures included, among others, the understanding of the business and performance of the subsidiaries. We compared the carrying amount of the investments with the financial statements of the relevant subsidiaries to identify whether their net assets, being an approximation of their minimum recoverable amounts, were in excess of their carrying amounts.

We also tested and challenged the key assumptions and variables used by management in the recoverable amount computation. We assessed the basis and reasonableness of the cash flow projections. With the support of our internal specialist, we assessed the appropriateness of discount rate used by management in the computation of the recoverable amount, taking into consideration of internal and external data. We assessed any potential indicators of impairment of the investments in subsidiaries and carried out analysis to evaluate whether any of these potential impairment indicators represented an indicator of impairment.

We also assessed and considered the works performed by the audit teams of subsidiaries.

(b) Fair value assessment of other investments

Refer to Significant Accounting Judgements and Estimates and Other investments in Note 4 and Note 9 to the financial statements respectively.

The risk:

As at 30 June 2020, the Group has other investments of RM20 million measured at fair value. The fair value of the Group's other investments is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active market or other valuation technique including the discounted cash flows model, where relevant.

Management's assessment of the recoverable amount of these investments involve estimation and significant judgement relating to the assumptions used. Therefore, we have identified this as a key audit matter.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSCAPI BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Key Audit Matters (continued)

(b) Fair value assessment of other investments (continued)

Our response:

Our audit procedures included, among others, the understanding of the business and performance of the investee.

We tested and challenged the key assumptions and variables used by management in the fair value assessment. We assessed the basis and reasonableness of the cash flow projections, including a retrospective review of past cash flows projections. With the support of our internal specialist, we assessed the appropriateness of discount rate used by management in the computation of the discounted cash flows, taking into consideration of internal and external data

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements of the Group and of the Company and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Group and of the Company does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. As described in the *Basis of Qualified Opinion* section above, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment of RM6,615,101 and inventories of RM15,451,976 as at 30 June 2020. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether or not the other information is materially misstated with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that give a true and fair view in accordance with MFRS, IFRS and the requirements of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Group and of the Company that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and ISA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.





TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSCAPI BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and ISA, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company,
 whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material
 misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
 intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's and the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Group and of the Company or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group or the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Group and of the Company represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
 within the Group to express an opinion on the financial statements of the Group. We are responsible for the direction,
 supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the current financial year and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with the requirement of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia, we report that:

- (a) the subsidiaries of which we have not acted as auditors, are disclosed in Note 8 to the financial statements.
- (b) in our opinion, we have not obtained all the information and explanation that we required.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF CUSCAPI BERHAD (INCORPORATED IN MALAYSIA)

Other Matters

- 1. The financial statements of the Group and of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2018 were audited by another firm of auditors whom have expressed qualified opinion on those statements on 25 April 2019.
- This report is made solely to the members of the Company, as a body, in accordance with Section 266 of the Companies Act 2016 in Malaysia and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

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MAZARS PLT LLP0010622-LCA AF 001954 Chartered Accountants

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YAP CHING SHIN 02022/03/2022 J

Chartered Accountant

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 14 October 2020



ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

Total Issued Share: 859,269,076 Ordinary Shares

Types of Shares : Ordinary Share

Voting Rights : One vote per Ordinary Share

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	No. of Shares	Percentage of Shareholdings (%)
Less than 100	89	3,596	0.0004
100 to 1,000	432	298,651	0.0348
1,001 to 10,000	1,325	9,065,461	1.0550
10,001 to 100,000	2,444	105,499,696	12.2778
100,001 to less than 5% of issued number of shares	777	556,199,172	64.7293
5% and above of issued number of shares	2	188,202,500	21.9026
Total	5,069	859,269,076	100.00

DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS AS PER THE REGISTER OF DIRECTORS' SHAREHOLDINGS

		Direct Interest		Indirect Interest	
	Names	No. of Shares	Percentage of shares held (%)	No. of Shares	Percentage of shares held (%)
1.	Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	35,000,700	4.07	136,926,700(1)	15.94
2.	Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad	-	-	-	-
3.	Datuk Mat Noor Bin Nawi	-	-	-	-
4.	Dato' Sheah Kok Fah	1,500,000	0.17	-	-
5.	Puan Mohaini Binti Mohd Yusof	-	-	-	-

Deemed interested by virtue of his interest in Ultimate Quality Success Sdn Bhd and Rosetta Partners Sdn Bhd pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS PER THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

		Direct Interest Percentage		Indirect Interest Percentage	
	Names	No. of Shares	of shares held (%)	No. of Shares	of shares held (%)
1.	Ultimate Quality Success Sdn Bhd	123,426,700	14.36	-	-
2.	Transight Systems Sdn Bhd	64,775,800	7.54	-	-
3.	Datuk Jayakumar A/L Panneer Selvam	35,000,700	4.07	136,926,700(1)	15.94

⁽¹⁾ Deemed interested by virtue of his interest in Ultimate Quality Success Sdn Bhd and Rosetta Partners Sdn Bhd pursuant to Section 8 of the Companies Act 2016.





ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

THIRTY LARGEST SECURITIES ACCOUNT HOLDERS

(ACCORDING TO THE REGISTER OF DEPOSITORS AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020)

1. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ULTIMATE QUALITY SUCCESS SDN BHD 2. TRANSIGHT SYSTEMS SDN BHD 3. DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (TEMPATAN) SENDIRIAN BERHAD 4. ZOUD, 000 4.89 EXEMPT AN FOR AFFIN HWANG ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD (TSTAC/CLNT-T) 4. AURA FOKUS SDN BHD 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 6. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 8. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TAN KIM HEUNG (MY1989) 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 9. QHOUD 1. DS PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD 9. CHIANG KAI LOON ANG CHIN JOO 8. 3,67,206 9.71 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7. 600,000 9.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7. 416,100 9. 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 16. WORK HIN 17. AND STALL SANG 17. GOO,000 18. SANG 18. SON TONG LEONG 19. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 19. AND STALL SANG 19. SANG 19. SANG 19. SANG 19. SANG 10. AND SAN		Names	No. of Shares	Percentage of Shareholdings (%)
3. DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINIEE (TEMPATAN) SENDIRIAN BERHAD	1.	PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ULTIMATE QUALITY SUCCESS SDN BHD	123,426,700	14.36
EXEMPT AN FOR AFFIN HWANG ASSET MANAGEMENT BERHAD (TSTAC/CLNT-T) 4. AURA FOKUS SDN BHD 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 6. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,040,000 1.05 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 9,040,000 1.05 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 9,040,000 1.05 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 9,040,000 0.88 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,141,000 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,15,541,500 0.64 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 9,EDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 18. SON TONG LEONG 19. K MAYMAN AV RUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 19. K MAYMA MAY RUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 19. K MAYMA MAY RUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 19. K MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 19. K MAYMA MAY RUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 19. K MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 20. YEE YOK SEN 21. AFFIN HWANG ROMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 22. YEE YOK SEN 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD 25. TTA. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD. 26. PINANG INOVASI SDN BHD 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (SING) SDN BHD 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (SING) SDN BHD 29. LIMB KOK HAN 29. LIMB KOK HAN 20. 0.33	2.	TRANSIGHT SYSTEMS SDN BHD	64,775,800	7.54
(TSTAC/CLNT-T) 4. AURA FOKUS SDN BHD 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 6. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 10. ANG CHIN JOO 10. AN	3.	DB (MALAYSIA) NOMINEE (TEMPATAN) SENDIRIAN BERHAD	42,000,000	4.89
5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 33,640,700 3.92 6. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 16,000,000 1.86 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 13,500,000 1.57 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,040,000 1.05 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,367,206 0.97 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.62 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 5,232,000 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,233,300 0.61 18. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,233,300 0.61 18. K MAYBANH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
5. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM 33,640,700 3.92 6. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 16,000,000 1.86 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 13,500,000 1.57 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,040,000 1.05 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,367,206 0.98 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14 QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.62 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (SING) SDN BHD 5,232,000 0.62 16. UOB KAY HIAN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,233,300 0.61 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,233,200 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,233,200 0.61 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIB BIN BAKI 4,133,330 0.48 <td>4.</td> <td>AURA FOKUS SDN BHD</td> <td>38,000,000</td> <td>4.42</td>	4.	AURA FOKUS SDN BHD	38,000,000	4.42
PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TAN KIM HEUNG (MY1989) 7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 13,500,000 1.57 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,040,000 1.05 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,367,206 0.97 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 7,416,100 0.86 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,541,500 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.69 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.64 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,541,500 0.64 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,238,300 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,238,300 0.61 19. K MAYSHAY AP KUPPUSAMY Ø NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,400,000 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,100,000 0.48 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,400,000 0.47 24. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 25. YEE YOK SEN 4,400,000 0.47 26. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GON CHENG HOE (M01) 27. YEE YOK SEN 4,400,000 0.47 28. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 29. YEE YOK SEN 4,000,000 0.47 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,400,000 0.47 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,000,000 0.47 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD 4,000,000 0.47 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 29. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.39 29. LIM KOK HAN 5,360,000 0.39	5.	PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR DATUK JAYAKUMAR A/L PANNEER SELVAM		3.92
7. PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD 13,500,000 1.57 8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 9,040,000 1.05 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,412,300 0.98 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.64 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 5,235,000 0.62 EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,238,300 0.61 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,133,300 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. 4,006,400 0.47 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,000,000 0.47 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR KOH KIN LIP 4,000,000 </td <td>6.</td> <td>CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD</td> <td>16,000,000</td> <td>1.86</td>	6.	CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD	16,000,000	1.86
8. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 9,040,000 1.05 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 8,412,300 0.98 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,600,000 0.88 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 6,499,600 0.76 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 5,541,500 0.64 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,232,000 0.61 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,203,200 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,203,200 0.61 19. K MAYBANK AWINES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. 4,100,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,100,000 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD. 4,000,000 0.47 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,000,000 0.47 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 24. AMBANK (M		PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR TAN KIM HEUNG (MY1989)		
PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD. 9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 18. SON TONG LEONG 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 10. NASIR BIN BAKI 10. AFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 22. YEE YOK SEN 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 26. PINANG INOVASI SDN BHD 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 26. PINANG INOVASI SDN BHD 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 26. PINANG INOVASI SDN BHD 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.38	7.	PACIFIC TRUSTEES BERHAD FOR ROSETTA PARTNERS SDN BHD	13,500,000	1.57
9. CHIANG KAI LOON 8,412,300 0.98 10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE	8.		9,040,000	1.05
10. ANG CHIN JOO 8,367,206 0.97 11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 5,541,500 0.64 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 5,325,000 0.62 EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,238,300 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,203,200 0.61 19. K MAYAH AYP KUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 19. K MAYAH AYP KUPPUSAMY ® NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,133,300 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. 4,100,000 0.48 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,065,400 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR KOH KIN LIP 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD 4,000,000 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD 3,375,000 0.39 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 26. PINANG INOVASI SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,340,000 0.39 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR MAK TIAN MENG 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.38		PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR RICKOH CORPORATION SDN. BHD.		
11. YAP SWEE SANG 7,600,000 0.88 12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE	9.	CHIANG KAI LOON	8,412,300	0.98
12. NG YOKE HIN 7,416,100 0.86 13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 6,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE	10.	ANG CHIN JOO	8,367,206	0.97
13. TA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 0,499,600 0.76 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM QUEK TEE KIAM SON SUR BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 5,541,500 0.64 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,235,000 0.62 PLEXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 17. SON CHEN CHUAN SON GONG GONG GONG GONG GONG GONG GONG	11.	YAP SWEE SANG	7,600,000	0.88
PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR ONG CHIEW KEE 14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 5,325,000 0.62 EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,203,300 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,203,200 0.61 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,133,300 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. 4,100,000 0.48 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,005,400 0.47 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR KOH KIN LIP 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD 4,000,000 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 3,340,000 0.39 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.38	12.	NG YOKE HIN	7,416,100	0.86
14. QUEK TEE KIAM 5,895,600 0.69 15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 5,541,500 0.64 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,325,000 0.62 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,238,300 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,203,200 0.61 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,133,300 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 4,000,000 0.47 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,000,000 0.47 24. AMBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR KOH KIN LIP 4,000,000 0.47 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 3,800,000 0.44 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD. 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 3,340,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 3,340,000 0.39 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.38	13.		6,499,600	0.76
15. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 5,541,500 0.64 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WONG THEAN SOON 16. UOB KAY HIAN NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 5,325,000 0.62 EXEMPT AN FOR UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD (A/C CLIENTS) 17. SON CHEN CHUAN 5,238,300 0.61 18. SON TONG LEONG 5,203,200 0.61 19. K MAYAH A/P KUPPUSAMY @ NAGHURAN 4,400,000 0.51 20. NASIR BIN BAKI 4,133,300 0.48 21. AFFIN HWANG NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN. BHD. PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR GOH CHENG HOE (M01) 4,000,000 0.47 22. YEE YOK SEN 4,065,400 0.47 23. MAYBANK NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 4,000,000 0.47 24. AMBANK (M) BERHAD 4,000,000 0.47 PLEDGED SECURITIES ACCOUNT FOR WOO WAI MUN 3,800,000 0.44 25. T.T.A. POLYMERS (M) SDN. BHD. 3,375,000 0.39 27. KENANGA NOMINEES (TEMPATAN) SDN BHD 3,375,000 0.39 28. CGS-CIIMB NOMINEES (ASING) SDN BHD 3,340,000 0.49 EXEMPT AN FOR CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. (RETAIL CLIENTS) 3,260,000 0.38 29. LIM KOK HAN 3,260,000 0.				
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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Forty-First Annual General Meeting ("41st AGM") of the Company will be conducted virtually through live streaming and online remote voting using Remote Participation and Voting ("RPV") Facilities from the broadcast venue at Level 43A, MYEG Tower, Empire City, No.8, Jalan Damansara, PJU 8, 47820 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan on Friday, 18 December 2020 at 2.30 p.m. for the following purposes:

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

To receive the Audited Financial Statements for the financial period from 1 January 2019 to 30
June 2020 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon.

Please refer to Explanatory Note to Ordinary Business

2. To re-elect Dato' Sheah Kok Fah who retires pursuant to Clause 105 of the Company's Constitution and who being eligible, has offered himself for re-election.

Ordinary Resolution 1

3. To re-elect Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad who retires pursuant to Clause 141 of the Company's Constitution and who being eligible, has offered himself for re-election.

Ordinary Resolution 2

4. To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM280,000 to the Directors of the Company for the period from the 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.

Ordinary Resolution 3

5. To approve the payment of meeting allowances to the Directors up to an amount of RM90,000 from the 41st AGM until the conclusion of the 42nd AGM.

Ordinary Resolution 4

To re-appoint Messrs Mazars PLT as Auditors of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting at such remuneration to be determined by the Directors of the Company.

Ordinary Resolution 5

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions:-

 Authority to allot and issue shares in general pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

Ordinary Resolution 6

"THAT subject to passing of the Special Resolution 1 and subject to the Companies Act, 2016 ("the Act"), the Constitution of the Company, the Main Market Listing Requirements ("Listing Requirements") of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities"), Additional Temporary Relief Measures to Listed Corporations for Covid-19, issued by Bursa Securities on 16 April 2020 and subject to the approvals of the relevant governmental/regulatory authorities, if any, the Directors be and are hereby authorised and empowered pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Act, to issue and allot shares in the Company, at any time to such persons and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion deem fit, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this resolution does not exceed twenty per centum (20%) of the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) at any point in time ("20% General Mandate"); AND THAT the Directors be and are hereby also empowered to obtain approval from the Bursa Securities for the listing and quotation of the additional shares so issued pursuant to the 20% General Mandate on Bursa Securities; and

AND THAT such authority shall continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company".

8. Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company ("Proposed Amendments")

Special Resolution 1

"THAT the proposed amendments to the Constitution of the Company as set out in the Appendix A which has been circulated to the shareholders together with this notice, be approved and adopted AND THAT the Directors and/or Secretary of the Company be authorised to take all steps as are necessary and expedient in order to implement, finalise and give full effect to the said Proposed Amendments for and on behalf of the Company."



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

9. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

TAN TONG LANG (MAICSA 7045482)
VIMALRAJ A/L SHANMUGAM (MAICSA 7068140)
Company Secretaries

Kuala Lumpur

Dated: 30 October 2020

NOTES:

- 1. The Company's 41st AGM will be held as a virtual meeting through live streaming and online remote voting using RPV Facilities. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for the procedures to register, participate and vote remotely using RPV Facilities provided by Agmo Studio Sdn Bhd via its Vote2U at https://web.vote2u.app.
- 2. In compliance with Section 327(2) of the Act, the Chairman of the meeting shall be present at the main venue of the meeting in Malaysia and in line with the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidance Note, the Broadcast Venue will be strictly limited to only essential individuals for organizing and conducting the virtual AGM.
 - No shareholders and proxies will be allowed to be physically present nor enter the Broadcast Venue.
- 3. Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, voting at the 41st AGM will be conducted by poll rather than a show of hands. Poll Administrator and Independent Scrutineers will be appointed to conduct the polling process and verify the results of the poll respectively. Shareholders and proxies will be voting remotely using RPV Facilities via Vote2U at https://web.vote2u.app.
- 4. A member entitled to attend and vote at this virtual meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy/proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at the virtual meeting shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the Meeting.
- 5. Where a member appoints more than one proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her holdings to be represented by each proxy.
- 6. Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account") there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 7. The Form of Proxy, in the case of an individual, shall be signed by the appointer or his attorney, and in the case of a corporation, shall be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney of the corporation duly authorised.
- 8. For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend the 41st AGM, the Company shall request Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to issue a Record of Depositors as at 11 December 2020. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of the Depositor as at 11 December 2020 shall be entitled to attend the said virtual meeting or appoint proxies to attend and/or vote on his/her behalf.
- 9. To be valid, the proxy form duly completed and signed must be deposited at the Share Registrar's Office, Boardroom. com Sdn. Bhd. at Suite 10.02, Level 10, The Gardens South Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the virtual meeting (not later than Wednesday, 16 December 2020 at 2:30 p.m.) or any adjournment thereof.



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Explanatory Notes to Special Business:

Ordinary Resolution 6 - Authority to allot and issue shares in general pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016

The proposed Ordinary Resolution 6 is a renewal general mandate and if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company to allot and issue new shares in the Company at any time, to such person or persons, upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit ("General Mandate"), provided that the number of shares issued pursuant to this General Mandate, when aggregated with the total number of any such shares issued during the preceding twelve (12) months, does not exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares of the Company at the time of issue. This General Mandate, unless revoked or varied at a general meeting, will expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company.

As at the date of this notice, no new shares in the Company were issued pursuant to the General Mandate granted to the Directors at the 40th Annual General Meeting held on 20 June 2019 and which will lapse at the conclusion of the 41st Annual General Meeting.

The 20% General Mandate is pursuant to directive letter from Bursa Securities dated 16 April 2020 in relation to a temporary relief measures in view of the trying and challenging times due to the Covid-19 pandemic for listed issuer to seek a higher general mandate of not more than 20% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) instead of 10%.

Having considered the current economic climate arising from the global Covid-19 pandemic and future financial needs of the Group, the Board would like to procure approval for the 20% General Mandate, inclusive of the Extended Utilisation Period, pursuant to Section 76(4) of the Act, from its shareholders at the forthcoming 41st Annual General Meeting of the Company.

The Directors of the Company, after due consideration, is of the opinion that in the face of unprecedented challenges to the Company brought by Covid-19 pandemic, this 20% General Mandate will enable the Company further flexibility to raise funds expeditiously other than incurring additional interest costs as compared to bank borrowings, thereby allowing the Company to preserve its cash flow and achieve a more optimal capital structure. Any funds raised from this 20% General Mandate is expected be used as working capital to finance day-to-day operational expenses, on-going projects or future projects/investments to ensure the long-term sustainability of the Company.

The Directors, having considered the current and prospective financial position, needs and capacity of the Company, is of the opinion that the 20% General Mandate is in the best interest of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Special Resolution 1 - Proposed Amendments

The Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company is primarily to provide more flexibility for the Company and to ensure the compliance with the Companies Act 2016 and Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities. The Proposed Amendments to be made to the Constitution is listed as per Appendix A, which is circulated together with the Notice of the 41st AGM dated 30 October 2020.

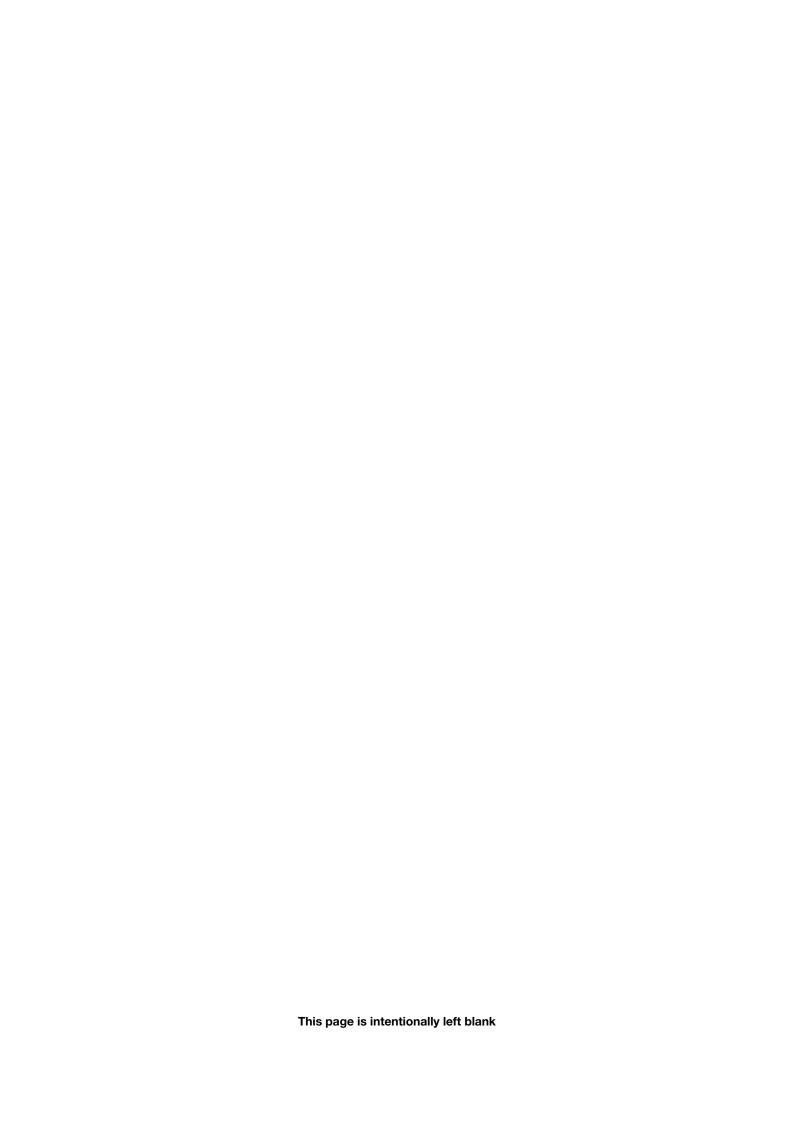


APPENDIX A

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

The Constitution of Cuscapi Berhad is proposed to be amended in the following manner: -

Clause No.	Existing Clause	Proposed Amendment
21.	Subject to the Listing Requirement, the Central Depositories Act and or the Rules, and notwithstanding the existence of a resolution pursuant to Section 75 of the Act, the Company must ensure that it shall not issue any shares or convertible Securities if those shares or convertible Securities, when aggregated with any such shares or convertible Securities issued during the preceding twelve (12) months, exceeds ten per cent (10%) of the value of the issued and paid-up capital of the Company, except where the shares or convertible Securities are issued with the prior approval of the shareholders in general meeting of the precise terms and conditions of the issue. In working out the number of shares or convertible Securities that may be issued by the Company, if the Security is a convertible Security, each such Security is counted as the maximum number of shares into which it can be converted or exercised.	Subject to the Listing Requirement, the Central Depositories Act and or the Rules, and notwithstanding the existence of a resolution pursuant to Section 75 of the Act, the Company must ensure that it shall not issue any shares or convertible Securities if those shares or convertible Securities, when aggregated with any such shares or convertible Securities issued during the preceding twelve (12) months, exceeds the allowed threshold by the prevailing rules and regulation, except where the shares or convertible Securities are issued with the prior approval of the shareholders in general meeting of the precise terms and conditions of the issue. In working out the number of shares or convertible Securities that may be issued by the Company, if the Security is a convertible Security, each such Security is counted as the maximum number of shares into which it can be converted or exercised.
148.	A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, telegram, telex, telefax or electronic means by all the Directors, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted; provided that where a Director is not so present but has an alternate who is so present, then such resolution shall also be signed by such alternate. All such resolutions shall be described as "Directors' Resolution In Writing" and shall be forwarded or otherwise delivered to the Secretary without delay, and shall be recorded by him in the Company's Minute Book. Any such resolution in writing may consist of several documents, including facsimile or other similar means of communication, in similar form, and each document shall be signed or assented to by one or more Directors or their alternates. A copy of any such resolution shall be entered in the minutes book of Board proceedings.	A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, telegram, telex, telefax or electronic means by majority of the Directors, for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors, shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted; provided that where a Director is not so present but has an alternate who is so present, then such resolution shall also be signed by such alternate. All such resolutions shall be described as "Directors' Resolution In Writing" and shall be forwarded or otherwise delivered to the Secretary without delay, and shall be recorded by him in the Company's Minute Book. Any such resolution in writing may consist of several documents, including facsimile or other similar means of communication, in similar form, and each document shall be signed or assented to by one or more Directors or their alternates. A copy of any such resolution shall be entered in the minutes book of Board proceedings.





CUSCAPI BERHAD

[Registration No. 197801006160 (43190-H)]

FORM OF PROXY

No. of shares held	
CDS Account No.	

I/We	I.C./Passport/Company No
of	
being a member/members of CUSCA	API BERHAD hereby appoint
I.C./Passport/Company No	Email Address:
of	
or failing him/her,	I.C./Passport/Company No
Email Address:	of
First Annual General Meeting ("41st A remote voting using Remote Particip	G* as *my/our Proxy(ies) to vote for *me/us and act on *my/our behalf at the Forty-GM") of the Company will be conducted virtually through live streaming and online pation and Voting ("RPV") Facilities from the broadcast venue at Level 43A, MYEG ansara, PJU 8, 47820 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, on Friday, 18 December the ent thereof.

The proxy is to vote on the Resolutions set out in the Notice of the Meeting as indicated with an "X" in the appropriate spaces. If no specific direction as to the voting is given, the Proxy will vote or abstain from voting at his/her discretion.

		FOR	AGAINST
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 1	To re-elect Dato' Sheah Kok Fah who retires in accordance with Clause 105 of the Company's Constitution		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 2	To re-elect Dato' Sri Khazali Bin Haji Ahmad who retires pursuant to Clause 141 of the Company's Constitution		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 3	To approve the payment of Directors' fees amounting to RM280,000 to the Non-Executive Directors of the Company for the period from the 1 January 2019 to 30 June 2020.		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 4	To approve the payment of meeting allowances to the Directors up to an amount of RM90,000 from the 41st AGM until the conclusion of the 42nd AGM.		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 5	To re-appoint Messrs Mazars PLT as Auditors of the Company and to hold office until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting at such remuneration to be determined by the Directors of the Company.		
ORDINARY RESOLUTION 6	To grant authority to Directors to issue shares pursuant to Sections 75 and 76 of the Companies Act 2016		
SPECIAL RESOLUTION 1	Proposed Amendments to the Constitution of the Company		

Signed this day of	The proportions of my/our holdings to be represented by my/our proxies are as follows:-
	First Proxy No. of Shares:
	Percentage :%
Signature of Shareholder(s)	Second Proxy
NOTES:	No. of Shares:%

- 1. The Company's 41st AGM will be held as a virtual meeting through live streaming and online remote voting using RPV Facilities. Please refer to the Administrative Guide for the procedures to register, participate and vote remotely using RPV Facilities provided by Agmo Studio Sdn Bhd via its Vote2U at https://web.vote2u.app.
- In compliance with Section 327(2) of the Act, the Chairman of the meeting shall be present at the main venue of the meeting in Malaysia and in line with the Securities Commission Malaysia's Guidance Note, the Broadcast Venue will be strictly limited to only essential individuals for organizing and conducting the virtual AGM.

 No shareholders and proxies will be allowed to be physically present nor enter the Broadcast Venue.
- Pursuant to Paragraph 8.29A of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities, voting at the 41st AGM will be conducted by poll rather than a show of hands. Poll Administrator and Independent Scrutineers will be appointed to conduct the polling process and verify the 3. results of the poll respectively. Shareholders and proxies will be voting remotely using RPV Facilities via Vote2U at https://web.vote2U.app.
- 4. A member entitled to attend and vote at this virtual meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy/proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy may but need not be a member of the Company. There shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at the virtual meeting shall have the same rights as the member to speak at the Meeting.

 Where a member appoints more than one proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless he/she specifies the proportions of his/her holdings
- 5. to be represented by each proxy.

 Where a member is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one
- securities account ("omnibus account") there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- The Form of Proxy, in the case of an individual, shall be signed by the appointer or his attorney, and in the case of a corporation, shall be
- executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney of the corporation duly authorised.

 For the purpose of determining a member who shall be entitled to attend the 41st AGM, the Company shall request Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd to issue a Record of Depositors as at 11 December 2020. Only a depositor whose name appears on the Record of the 8. Depositor as at 11 December 2020 shall be entitled to attend the said virtual meeting or appoint proxies to attend and/or vote on his/her
- To be valid, the proxy form duly completed and signed must be deposited at the Share Registrar's Office, Boardroom.com Sdn. Bhd. at Suite 10.02, Level 10, The Gardens South Tower, Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Syed Putra, 59200 Kuala Lumpur not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time set for holding the virtual meeting (not later than Wednesday, 16 December 2020 at 2:30 p.m.) or any adjournment thereof.

Fold this flap for sealing			
 2nd fold here			
		AFFIX STAMP	
The Share Registrar of CUSCAPI BERHAD [Registration No. 197801006160] Suite 10.02, Level 10, The Gardens Mid Valley City, Lingkaran Sye 59200 Kuala Lumpur	0 (43190-H)] s South Tower, ed Putra,		
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.55.25.3			

CUSCAPI BERHAD 197801006160(43190-H)
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NO. 8, JALAN DAMANSARA, PJU 8, 47820 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR, MALAYSIA.
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