CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

STOCK CODE : 5272

COMPANY NAME : Ranhill Holdings Berhad

FINANCIAL YEAR : 2017

OUTLINE:

SECTION A – DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCEDisclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PURSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

SECTION A - DISCLOSURE ON MALAYSIAN CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Paragraph 15.25 of Bursa Malaysia Listing Requirements.

Intended Outcome

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.1

The board should set the company's strategic aims, ensure that the necessary resources are in place for the company to meet its objectives and review management performance. The board should set the company's values and standards, and ensure that its obligations to its shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board continues to execute its fiduciary duties to use reasonable care, skill & diligence in line with Section 211 (1) and (2) and Section 213 (1), (2) and (3) of the Companies Act 2016.
		The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Group continues to remain on track towards the realisation of its set business objectives and goals. In fulfilling this duty, the Board has developed an annual business plan which charts the course forward for the Group. On 16 January 2018, the Board tabled and approved its 2018 Business Plan on the same day.
		The Board is guided by its Board Charter, which stipulates the roles and responsibilities, the power and authority vested in the Board and other required guidance in enabling the Board to discharge its duties. This includes matters reserved for the Board's approval, and those which the Board may delegate to the Board Committees, the President / Chief Executive ("PCE"), Chief Corporate Officer ("CCO") and Senior Management.
		The Board Charter is available at www.ranhill.com.my.
		The Group also has established a Governance model or framework to provide necessary structure to facilitate smooth operations and decision making.
		The Board has also established various Board Committees to facilitate the execution of its duties. Each Committee has its own respective Terms Of Reference ("TOR") to facilitate the execution of its roles and responsibilities.
		Through the Governance Risk Management Committee ("GRMC"), the Board looks to effectively address the Group's risk exposure. Via its Audit Committee ("AC"), the Board ensures Ranhill's audit and accounting practices are in line with

	recognised accounting practices such as the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").
	Via its Strategy & Investment Committee ("SIC"), the Board formulates strategies for achieving the corporate objectives set by the Board. This includes investment decisions such as acquisition, divestments, mergers and funding in line with the strategy set by the Board.
	Also, the Board through its Nominating & Remuneration Committee ("NRC") ensures that there is an effective succession planning for the Board and that the Company's remuneration plan is comparative to industry benchmarks.
	As the highest decision making body, the Board sets the tone at the top by placing the highest priority on business sustainability and corporate governance.
	In line with the new MCCG, the Board in 2017 has conducted a thorough assessment of its internal corporate governance framework and practices. Revisions have been made to strengthen our overall governance.
	During FY2017 the Board together with top Senior Management met to outline key strategic issues and decision making. Further details of the Board's role in setting strategy are given in the Corporate Governance Overview Statement of the 2017 annual report.
Explanation for : departure	
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Timeframe :	
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Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.2

A Chairman of the board who is responsible for instilling good corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness of the board is appointed.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	 Tan Sri Azman Yahya is the Chairman of the Board. Within the Group's Board Charter, the Chairman has prescribed roles that look to provide robust stewardship of the Group in line with ensuring corporate governance practices, leadership and effectiveness. Among the key responsibilities are:- Providing leadership for the Board to ensure it executes its responsibilities effectively; Helming the Board towards ensuring good corporate governance within the Group; Representing the Board to shareholders; Maintains regular contact with the President / Chief Executive; Facilitates healthy discussion and deliberation at Board meetings and ensures all Board members participate actively; With the assistance of the Company Secretary, sets the Board agenda and ensures Board Members receive all required information in a timely manner prior to meetings.
Explanation for : departure	
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Timeframe :	

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.3The positions of Chairman and CEO are held by different individuals.

Applied
The position of Chairman is held by Tan Sri Azman Yahya while the position of President / Chief Executive ("PCE") is held by Tan Sri Hamdan Mohamad. Both individuals have distinct roles which are clearly described in the Group's Board Charter. The Chairman's role is described in Practice 1.2 of this CG Report. The PCE drives the strategic day-to-day management of the Group. Together with the Senior Management, he is responsible for translating strategic objectives, policies and goals set by the Board into tangible business targets or KPIs and for the realisation of these through actionable business plans. Other responsibilities include: To develop and ensure the execution of day-to-day operational strategies together with the Management team. Accountable to the Board for the overall Group performance and the observance of Management's limits. To act within all specific authorities delegated by the Board. While the Board has given the PCE and the Senior Management team a certain degree of flexibility and autonomy in the execution of business plans, the PCE is still accountable to the Board and reports to the Board on Group performance periodically.
quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are e columns below.

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.4

The board is supported by a suitably qualified and competent Company Secretary to provide sound governance advice, ensure adherence to rules and procedures, and advocate adoption of corporate governance best practices.

Application :	Applied						
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Group employs the service of a qualified Chartered Company Secretary – Lau Bey Ling (MAICSA No: 7001523) who has over 20 years of experience providing secretarial services, including public listed companies.						
	In addition, the Group employs an External Secretary – Leong Shiak Wan (MAICSA No: 7012855) to provide additional corporate secretarial support.						
	Directors have unrestricted access to the advice and services of both Group Secretaries.						
	Together, the expertise and experience of both individuals allow for effective facilitation of Board and Board Committee meetings as well as the performance of other necessary duties to support the Board pertaining to the Group's constitution and ensuring Board policies and procedures are in accordance with set rules and regulations. The Company Secretaries' functions include (but not limited to):						
	 Advising the Directors of their duties and responsibilities; Advising the Directors of obligations to disclose their interest in securities, disclosure of any conflict of interest and related party transaction; Advising the Directors of prohibition on dealing in securities during the closed period and restriction on disclosure of price 						
	sensitive information; • Prepare agendas of meetings for Board and Board						
	 Committees; Attend all Board and Board Committees meetings and ensure that meetings are properly convened, and that accurate and proper records of the proceedings and resolutions passed are taken and maintained accordingly; 						
	 Advising the Board on its obligatory requirements to disclose material information; 						
	 Ensuring the appointment of new directors, re-appointment and resignation of Directors are in accordance with the relevant legislations; and 						
	Ensuring execution of assessment for Directors, Board and						

	Board Committees.					
	The Company Secretary has been present at all Board and Board Committees' meetings. The Board is satisfied with the performance and support rendered by the Company Secretaries to the Board in discharging their functions.					
Explanation for :						
departure						
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encouraged to complete th	e columns below.					
Measure :						
Timeframe :						

Every company is headed by a board, which assumes responsibility for the company's leadership and is collectively responsible for meeting the objectives and goals of the company.

Practice 1.5

Directors receive meeting materials, which are complete and accurate within a reasonable period prior to the meeting. Upon conclusion of the meeting, the minutes are circulated in a timely manner.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	In facilitating more effective time planning for Directors, the annual meeting calendar is circulated in advance of each new year. The calendar provides meeting dates for the Board, Board Committees, the annual general meeting and other major appointments.
		It also provides the closed periods for dealings in securities by Directors based on the targeted dates of announcements of the Group's quarterly results.
		In the FY2017, Notice of Board meetings, board papers and other meeting materials were provided to the Board five (5) business days in advance to allow board members time to review the information and prepare accordingly for meetings so they may make informed decisions and contribute productively during meetings.
		The same Notice is sent to Management so that they have sufficient time to prepare necessary meeting materials.
		The Company Secretaries attend all Board and Board Committees meetings and ensure that meetings are properly convened, and that accurate and proper records of the proceedings and resolutions passed are taken and maintained accordingly. Meetings of the Board and the Board Committees are carefully minuted and circulated to all Board members.
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encouraged to complete	th	e columns below.
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Timeframe	:	

There is demarcation of responsibilities between the board, board committees and management. There is clarity in the authority of the board, its committees and individual directors.

Practice 2.1

The board has a board charter which is periodically reviewed and published on the company's website. The board charter clearly identifies—

- the respective roles and responsibilities of the board, board committees, individual directors and management; and
- issues and decisions reserved for the board.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Board has established a Board Charter since 26 May 2016 which outlines the respective duties and authority of the Chairman, the individual directors, the PCE and the respective Board Committees. The Charter also clearly stipulates matters that are reserved for the Board's deliberation and decision. The Board Charter is available at www.ranhill.com.my. In ensuring greater consistency with the MCCG 2017, the Board will review its Charter during FY2018 in line with its continued commitment towards ensuring good stewardship and corporate governance in Ranhill.
Explanation for departure	:	
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Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.1

The board establishes a Code of Conduct and Ethics for the company, and together with management implements its policies and procedures, which include managing conflicts of interest, preventing the abuse of power, corruption, insider trading and money laundering.

The Code of Conduct and Ethics is published on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board established a formalised Code of Conduct & Business Ethics ("CCBE") on 25th April 2016. The Group's CCBE serves to guide expected good corporate conduct, behaviour and practices for all employees and Directors within Ranhill. The CCBE governs all related areas for good governance and best practices such as matters of corruption, bribery transparency, abuse of power, accountability, conflicts of interest ("COI"), breach of privacy / confidentiality, insider trading, fair dealing and anti-competition, improper use of company assets, compliance with laws, rules and regulations and so on. All new employees are inducted to the CCBE during their orientation process. Communication on the CCBE is cascaded regularly across company communication channels as a reminder to employees. Supporting the CCBE is the Fraud and Whistleblowing policy which sets the standard for expected behaviour and practices for all within the Group.
Explanation for : departure	
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The board is committed to promoting good business conduct and maintaining a healthy corporate culture that engenders integrity, transparency and fairness.

The board, management, employees and other stakeholders are clear on what is considered acceptable behaviour and practice in the company.

Practice 3.2

The board establishes, reviews and together with management implements policies and procedures on whistleblowing.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice Explanation for	···	Ranhill has a formal Fraud and Whistleblowing policy in place since April 2016. The policy clearly states the process for reporting on confirmed or potential issues of business misconduct, corruption sexual harassment, racial discrimination and other unacceptable, unethical or illegal practices. The said policy comes under the oversight of Ranhill's Fraud and Whistleblowing Committee ("F&WBC") whose role is as follows: • Function as the reporting focal point for all fraud and whistleblowing reports received. • Investigate all reported incidents with the Chairman of the F&WBC reporting formally to the Board. • Assist the Board in addressing any other fraud or financial irregularity issues within Ranhill Holdings Berhad and its subsidiaries. The F&WBC comprises Ranhill's Senior Independent Director ("SID") and the Heads of Group Corporate Assurance Division ("GCAD"), Group Human Capital Division and the Group Legal and Compliance Division. Under the whistleblowing policy, any party who makes a report of improper conduct in good faith will not face any form of punitive measures such as retaliation, dismissal, victimisation, demotion, suspension, intimidation, discrimination and so on. Employees or even external parties may whistleblow with their identities remaining confidential to whistle@we-care.my. The policy was cascaded across the Ranhill Group on August 2016 and we continue to promote awareness among employees on the existence of the said policy. As yet, Ranhill has not received any whistleblowing reports.
departure		

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Timeframe	:									

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.1

At least half of the board comprises independent directors. For Large Companies, the board comprises a majority independent directors.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice		During FY2017, the Board of Directors consisted of 11 members of which six (6) are independent Directors. The composition fulfils the one-third (1/3) requirement as set out under the Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities as well as the Practice above. The Board is composed of high calibre and proven captains of industry who bring a wealth of experience and an exceptional track record of excellent achievement within their respective individual capabilities. 1. Tan Sri Azman Yahya (Chairman / Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) 2. Tan Sri Hamdan Mohamad (Executive Director/President And Chief Executive) 3. Dato Sri Lim Haw Kuang (Executive Director) 4. Tan Sri Saw Choo Boon (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director) 5. Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim (Independent Non-Executive Director) 6. Datuk Seri Dr. Nik Norzrul Thani Nik Hassan Thani (Independent Non-Executive Director) 7. Dato' Zulkifli Ibrahim (Independent Non-Executive Director) 8. Abu Talib Abdul Rahman (Independent Non-Executive Director) 9. Loong Mei Yin (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) 10. Datuk Abdullah Karim (Independent Non-Executive Director) 11. Izaddeen Daud (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
		As at 2 March 2018, more than half of Board members are independent. The Board comprises 11 members of whom two (2) are Executive Directors and nine (9) Non-Executive Directors, seven (7) of which are independent. Following is the present Board composition:
		 Tan Sri Azman Yahya (Chairman) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) Tan Sri Hamdan Mohamad (Executive Director / President And Chief Executive)

Explanation for : departure	 Dato Sri Lim Haw Kuang (Executive Director) Tan Sri Saw Choo Boon (Senior Independent Non-Executive Director) Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim (Independent Non-Executive Director) Datuk Seri Dr. Nik Norzrul Thani Nik Hassan Thani (Independent Non-Executive Director) Dato' Zulkifil Ibrahim (Independent Non-Executive Director) Abu Talib Abdul Rahman (Independent Non-Executive Director) Loong Mei Yin (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) Datuk Abdullah Karim (Independent Non-Executive Director) Leow Peen Fong (Independent Non-Executive Director) Leow Peen Fong (Independent Non-Executive Director) (appointed w.e.f. 2 March 2018) Note: Encik Izaddeen Bin Daud resigned as a Non-Independent/Non-Executive Director of the Company w.e.f. 9 January 2018. Furthermore, the Board practices an open and transparent discussion environment during meetings to ensure independent judgment is allowed to flourish in ensuring the best interest of the Group and shareholders is safeguarded. Going further, the independence of our INEDs are assessed during the Board Performance Evaluation ("BPE") via self and peer assessments and forms of declaration that the individual INED is free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their objective and independent judgements, decisions and reviews. The Board is satisfied that the INEDs have demonstrated the required level of independence in acting impartially and in the best interests of Ranhill.
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Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.2

The tenure of an independent director does not exceed a cumulative term limit of nine years. Upon completion of the nine years, an independent director may continue to serve on the board as a non-independent director.

If the board intends to retain an independent director beyond nine years, it should justify and seek annual shareholders' approval. If the board continues to retain the independent director after the twelfth year, the board should seek annual shareholders' approval through a two-tier voting process.

Application	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	The Board is of the view that progressive refreshing of the Board is in the best interest of Ranhill in line with best corporate governance practice. Hence, to date, none of Ranhill's Independent Directors have reached the maximum 9-year tenure of service as stipulated under the Practice. However, should there be a need to retain the services of an Independent Director, in line with the MCCG 2017, the Group will seek to retain such Director (s) as a non-independent Director or will seek annual shareholder approval to retain them as Independent Directors.
Explanation for departure	
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Measure	
Timeframe	

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.3 - Step Up

The board has a policy which limits the tenure of its independent directors to nine years.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	The Group has applied this Step-up practice which is provided for in the in Board Charter. The Charter stipulates that the tenure of Independent Directors is to not exceed a period of nine (9) consecutive years. The Charter is available at www.ranhill.com.my .

Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.4

Appointment of board and senior management are based on objective criteria, merit and with due regard for diversity in skills, experience, age, cultural background and gender.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	views and perspectives that will facilitate a more objective and truly in-depth decision making process. This is essential given the size and complexity of Ranhill's business operations and the dynamically evolving external environment.
	This is achieved by the NRC instituting an impartial assessment and selection process. The NRC identifies and assesses candidates based on qualifications, related experience, track record and professional achievements and whether their unique skill sets and competence is a good fit in line with Ranhill's requirements for good stewardship and corporate governance. This also includes the following:
	 Candidate's independence in the case of the appointment of an Independent Non-Executive Director; The composition requirements for the Board and Committees (if the candidate is proposed to be appointed to any of the Committees); Any competing time commitments if the candidate has multiple Board representations.
	Ranhill undertakes appropriate background and screening checks prior to nominating a director for election by shareholders, and provides to shareholders all material information in its possession concerning the director standing for election or re-election in the explanatory notes accompanying the notice of meeting.
	All newly appointed Directors will be given an induction programme to acquaint them with the Group and its business operations and strategies, as well as on-going activities and any potential issues or developments. This includes visits to the Group's significant places of operations, meetings with senior management and relevant staff.
	Based on the review of the Board composition, the Board has retained its present size of 11.

			Age	Group		Gen	der
	Number of	41-50	51-60	61-70	71-80	Male	Female
	Directors	1	2	7	1	9	2
			Race/E	thnicity		Nation	nality
	Number of	Malay	Chinese	Indian	Others	Malaysian	Foreigner
	Directors	6	5	0	0	11	0
Explanation for : departure	The Board is requirements responsibilities the Group are The same as comes under NRC) which	s to enses and of share oplies for the Grois admir	sure enal productive holders. or Senior oup's Hur nistered b	ole effective discussion Manage man Res	etive over essions in ement. Ho ources po oup Huma	sight, dele the best i owever, thi olicy (rathe an Capital	egation of nterest of s process r than the Division.
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Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.5

The board discloses in its annual report the company's policies on gender diversity, its targets and measures to meet those targets. For Large Companies, the board must have at least 30% women directors.

Application	: Departure			
Explanation on application of the practice	:			
Explanation for departure	: During FY2017, the I diversity in the hiri advocating an equal workplace with HR es In November 2016, the Ms. Loong Mei Yin a Director who also so Investment Committee With respect to Top about 27% of position women make up 16%	ng, promotion a opportunity and tablishing policies as a Non-Indeperves as a membe. Management as are filled by w	equal environmental equal environment envi	g of staff by ronment in the ect. emale Director, Non-Executive Strategy And Management,
	Ranhill Group	Male	Female	
	Gender Diversity	2441 (84%)	475 (16%) 2916
	Women	in Management		No
	Top Management (V		bove)	3
	Senior Management General Manager, So	ènior General Mana	ager)	1
	Middle Management Manager)	(Assistant Manage	r to Senior	50
	Ranhill remains com levels of the organ appointed its second Independent/Non-Exe	sation. On 2 Nemale director, M	March 2018	8, The Group

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Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.6

In identifying candidates for appointment of directors, the board does not solely rely on recommendations from existing board members, management or major shareholders. The board utilises independent sources to identify suitably qualified candidates.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board manages its succession planning with the assistance of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee (NRC). NRC annually reviews the size, composition and diversity of the Board and the mix of existing and desired competencies across members and reports its conclusions to the Board.
	The search for candidates is performed through various means which include recommendations from incumbent Directors, Management or external parties including leveraging on the Group's contacts in related industries, and finance, legal and accounting professions. The Group also considers the recommendations from past Board members as well as those of Directors of other public listed companies.
	Other methods employed include utilising the services of executive recruiters or head-hunters, leveraging on personal relationships and networks and reviewing the women's register of Directors.
	The search for Directors by the NRC is based on the Group's skills matrix which enables Ranhill to identify gaps in its existing competences. Where the committee identifies existing or projected competency gaps, it recommends a succession plan to the Board that addresses those gaps. The Board does not currently consider that there are any existing or projected competency gaps.
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Board decisions are made objectively in the best interests of the company taking into account diverse perspectives and insights.

Practice 4.7

The Nominating Committee is chaired by an Independent Director or the Senior Independent Director.

Application :	Applied		
Explanation on application of the practice	Ranhill's Nominating and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") is chaired currently by Tan Sri Saw Choo Boon who is the Group's Senior Independent Non-Executive Director ("SID"). Tan Sri Saw's selection for the position is based on his extensive experience and expertise as a proven leader in the oil and gas industry. His profile is given in the Board of Director's profile on page 34 of the 2017 Ranhill annual report. The specific responsibilities of the SID are as set out in the Board Charter, which is available on www.ranhill.com.my. At the present moment, given the Committee's effectiveness, the Board believes there is no requirement to have separate Board		
Explanation for :	Committees for the Nominating and Remuneration function respectively.		
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Stakeholders are able to form an opinion on the overall effectiveness of the board and individual directors.

Practice 5.1

The board should undertake a formal and objective annual evaluation to determine the effectiveness of the board, its committees and each individual director. The board should disclose how the assessment was carried out and its outcome.

For Large Companies, the board engages independent experts periodically to facilitate objective and candid board evaluations.

Application	:	Applied		
Explanation on application of the practice	:	Board effectiveness is assessed on an annual basis under the Board's Performance Evaluation ("BPE"). The BPE provides for both peer and self-assessment via a questionnaire. The NRC is responsible for the BPE which assesses individual board members based on selected criteria. The criteria include level of responsibilities, time commitment and contribution of Directors during Board and Board Committees' meetings as well as Board Committees' compositions, roles and responsibilities.		
		 Criteria for Board evaluation: Assessment of achievement against mandate. Evaluation of organization performance against industry norms and measurement of performance indicators. Dealing fairly with staff and others. Achievement of Board objectives, quality of decisions (value-adding). Ability to conduct business honestly, ethically and professionally. Effective committee structures. Collective responsibility and teamwork demonstrated. Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance. Frequency and duration of board meetings appropriate; quality of board papers; relevance and completeness of agendas. Information and advice received was relevant, adequate and timely. Effective reporting – disclosure, transparency, clarity. Monitoring and feedback process effective. Ability to innovate, change, improve and learn. Ability to interact with shareholders effectively. Criteria for Director evaluation Commitment in terms of time and effort. Attendance at Board meetings. 		
		Criteria for Director evaluation Commitment in terms of time and effort.		

	 Exposure to orientation, upgrading knowledge base. Knowledge of company, industry. Understanding company's mission, vision, strategic plans. Bringing special expertise to the Board. Level of preparation at meetings. Team player. No conflict of interest. The results of each individual director is provided to the individual and copied to the Chairman and tabled at the NRC. The reports on Board and committee performance are provided to all directors and discussed by the Board. The performance of each director retiring at the next AGM is taken into account by the Board in determining whether or not the Board should support the re-election of the director. The directors seeking re-election will be asked to reconfirm that they consent to stand in for re-election. In 2017, the overall results of the BPE was satisfactory with all Directors scoring well – in the areas of responsibilities, time commitment and contribution to the running of the Board.
Explanation for : departure	
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The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.1

The board has in place policies and procedures to determine the remuneration of directors and senior management, which takes into account the demands, complexities and performance of the company as well as skills and experience required. The policies and procedures are periodically reviewed and made available on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	The Board Charter outlines the policy for the remuneration of both Executive and Non-Executive Directors. The main objective of the Group's approach to Directors remuneration is to attract and retain required talent to provide necessary stewardship for Ranhill.
	Remuneration is to be approved at the Group's AGM by shareholders annually and is to be paid out on a quarterly basis. The Group's NRC is responsible for evaluating and setting competitive remuneration for Directors. This is performed on an annual basis with recommendations then submitted for Board approval. The NRC makes recommendations for remuneration for Independent Non-Executive Directors based on the following (but not limited to) criteria: expertise and experience, time commitment, workload and responsibilities assumed as well as the overall performance of the Group for the financial year.
	In the case of Independent Non-Executive Directors, as explained above, remuneration is a matter for the Board as a whole, with individual Directors abstaining from discussion of his / her own remuneration.
	The level of remuneration for the PCE and Executive Directors is determined by the NRC after giving consideration to the compensation levels for comparable positions among other similar Malaysian listed companies as well as overall achievement of individual KPIs as well as Group performance.
Explanation for :	
departure	
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The level and composition of remuneration of directors and senior management take into account the company's desire to attract and retain the right talent in the board and senior management to drive the company's long-term objectives.

Remuneration policies and decisions are made through a transparent and independent process.

Practice 6.2

The board has a Remuneration Committee to implement its policies and procedures on remuneration including reviewing and recommending matters relating to the remuneration of board and senior management.

The Committee has written Terms of Reference which deals with its authority and duties and these Terms are disclosed on the company's website.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	Ranhill has established its Nominating and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") that is guided by its Terms of Reference ("TOR") which facilitates a formal and transparent process in setting and approving the remuneration of the Board and Board Committees, the President / Chief Executive (PCE) and senior management. The TOR is displayed on the company's website www.ranhill.com.my. The NRC comprises of: • Tan Sri Saw Choo Boon (Chairman / Senior Independent Non-Executive Director) • Tan Sri Azman Yahya (Member / Non-Independent Non-Executive Director) • Abu Talib Abdul Rahman (Member / Independent Non-Executive Director) • Datuk Abdullah Karim (Member / Independent Non-Executive Director) • Datuk Abdullah Karim (Member / Independent Non-Executive Director appointed w.e.f on 5 April 2017) The Board is satisfied that the NRC has discharged its roles and responsibilities with effectiveness for both its nomination and remuneration functions. Hence, there is no requirement for separate Board Committees for the nomination and remuneration functions. Following the implementation of the CG Code, our NRC's Terms of Reference, copy of which is available on the Company's website, has been reviewed and expanded to include the remuneration of senior executive management.
Explanation for : departure	

Large companies		•			the	columns	below.	Non-large	companies	are
encouraged to com	plete	the colur	nns	below.						
Measure		:								
Timeframe		:								

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.1

There is detailed disclosure on named basis for the remuneration of individual directors. The remuneration breakdown of individual directors includes fees, salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments.

Application	: Applied	t							
Explanation on	: Ranhill	provid	des a d	detailed	brea	kdown (on the	remune	ration of all
application of the	directo	rs, whi	ch includ	des fee	s, sala	ry, bonu	ıs, bene	fits in-k	ind and other
• •			Followin				,		
practice				Company			Subsidi	iarios	
			Salaries	Benefits-		Company	Salaries	lui ios	Group Total
		Fees	& Bonus	in-kind	Others	Total	& Bonus	Others	
	Executive	RM'000		RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000	RM'000
	Tan Sri	Director	S						
	Hamdan								
	Mohamad	-	2,564	55	942	3,561	1,965	524	6,050
	Dato Sri		,			-,	,		-,
	Lim Haw								
	Kuang	-	4,252	-	250			-	4,502
	Total	ti Dia	6,816	55	1,192	8,063	1,965	524	10,552
	Non-Exec Tan Sri	utive Dir	ectors		1				
	Azman								
	Yahya	180	-	_	37.5	217.5		_	217.5
	Tan Sri					_			
	Saw Choo)							
	Boon	144	-	-	30	174		-	174
	En Abu								
	Talib Abdul								
	Rahman	162	_	_	40.5	202.5	_		202.5
	Mr Lim	102			40.0	202.0			202.0
	Hun Soon	1							
	@ David								
	Lim	170	-	-	36	206	-	-	206
	Datuk Ser	i							
	Dr Nik Norzrul								
	Thani	162	_	_	33.5	195.5	_		195.5
	Datuk	102	_		33.3	190.0			190.0
	Zulkifli								
	Ibrahim	144			24.5	168.5			168.5
	Datuk								
	Abdullah								
	Karim	108	-	-	20	128	-	-	128
	En								
	Izaddeen								
	Daud	108	-	-	15.5	123.5	-	-	123.5
	Ms Loong Mei Yin					10-			40=
	iviei fili	*144	-	-	21	165	-	-	165
	Total	4 000			250.5	4 500 5			4 500 5
	lotai	1,322	-	_	258.5	1,580.5		1 -1	1,580.5
			's fees to L e Asian Ent				to TAEL (One Partne	rs Ltd (as general
	Given	that Se	ection 23	0(1) of	the C	ompanie	es Act ("	CA") 20	16 stipulates

	that "the fees" of the directors and "any benefits" payable to the directors of a listed company and its subsidiaries shall be approved at a general meeting, the Board will seek shareholders' approval at the upcoming 4 rd Annual General Meeting ("AGM") on Directors' remuneration.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are re	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are
encouraged to complete t	he columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.2

The board discloses on a named basis the top five senior management's remuneration component including salary, bonus, benefits in-kind and other emoluments in bands of RM50,000.

Application :	Departure
Explanation on : application of the practice	
Explanation for : departure	While the Board is cognisant on the importance of transparency, due to the intense competition and scarcity for C-level talent, more so for those who have the required mix of skills and experience that is uniquely suited to Ranhill's business operations, the Group believes that individual disclosure on a named basis for the remuneration of the top five senior management personnel is not in the best interest of the Group. These Key Senior Management (KSM) positions are CCO, CFO, and four CEO of subsidiaries. The Company believes that the interest of the shareholders will not be prejudiced as a result of the non-disclosure of the KSM's remuneration. The profiles of the Key Senior Management are set out on page 45 of the Annual Report 2017. Compensation is based on accepted industry benchmarks for the relevant positions based on expertise and experience. Additional remuneration such as year-end bonuses or performance rewards is based on merit in relation to the achievement of individual KPIs and Group's achievement of specific goals.
Large companies are re encouraged to complete t	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are the columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Stakeholders are able to assess whether the remuneration of directors and senior management is commensurate with their individual performance, taking into consideration the company's performance.

Practice 7.3 - Step Up

Companies are encouraged to fully disclose the detailed remuneration of each member of senior management on a named basis.

Application	:	Not Adopted
Explanation on adoption of the practice	•	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.1
The Chairman of the Audit Committee is not the Chairman of the board.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	As mentioned earlier, the Chairman of the Group's Board is Tan Sri Azman Yahya. The Board's Audit Committee Chairman is Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim an Independent Non-executive Director.
	Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of Leeds and is a member of the Institute of Taxation, UK. He is also a Chartered Accountant in England and Wales and is a member of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Association of Certified Public Accountants (now known as Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("MICPA")
	Based on the above, Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim is well qualified to hold the AC Chairman position and has been active in fulfilling his duties as AC Chairman during the financial year. The work done by the AC Chairman and AC Committee for 2017 is given in the AC Report in the 2017 Ranhill Annual Report.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are re encouraged to complete th	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are ne columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.2

The Audit Committee has a policy that requires a former key audit partner to observe a cooling-off period of at least two years before being appointed as a member of the Audit Committee.

Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	• •	The Group has always practiced this principle with no former audit partners having been appointed to the Board. Hence, no such person has been appointed as a member of the AC.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies are	red	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are
encouraged to complete		
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.3

The Audit Committee has policies and procedures to assess the suitability, objectivity and independence of the external auditor.

Application :	Departure
Explanation on : application of the practice	
Explanation for : departure	The Board, via its AC does review the performance and conduct of the External Auditors, Messrs Ernst & Young ("EY"), in particular on their ability to provide objectivity and independence in the execution of their duties. The AC has obtained written assurance of independence from the external auditors. It has also evaluated the audit quality and resource capacity of EY as well as the fees charged for both auditing and non-auditing responsibilities. Currently the Group has drafted a policy and supporting procedures on the assessment of external auditors. This will be tabled to the Board for approval in the near future.
Large companies are re encouraged to complete th	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.4 - Step Up

The Audit Committee should comprise solely of Independent Directors.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	The Group's entire Audit Committee is composed of independent directors as given below: 1. Lim Hun Soon @ David Lim (Chairman) (Independent Non-Executive Director) 2. Datuk Seri Dr. Nik Norzrul Thani Nik Hassan Thani (Independent Non-Executive Director) 3. Abu Talib Abdul Rahman (Independent Non-Executive Director) The review of the composition of the Audit Committee ("AC") shall be conducted annually. The AC members shall be appointed by the Board of Directors for a term of one (1) year, and the AC members may be eligible for re-appointment.

There is an effective and independent Audit Committee.

The board is able to objectively review the Audit Committee's findings and recommendations. The company's financial statement is a reliable source of information.

Practice 8.5

Collectively, the Audit Committee should possess a wide range of necessary skills to discharge its duties. All members should be financially literate and are able to understand matters under the purview of the Audit Committee including the financial reporting process.

All members of the Audit Committee should undertake continuous professional development to keep themselves abreast of relevant developments in accounting and auditing standards, practices and rules.

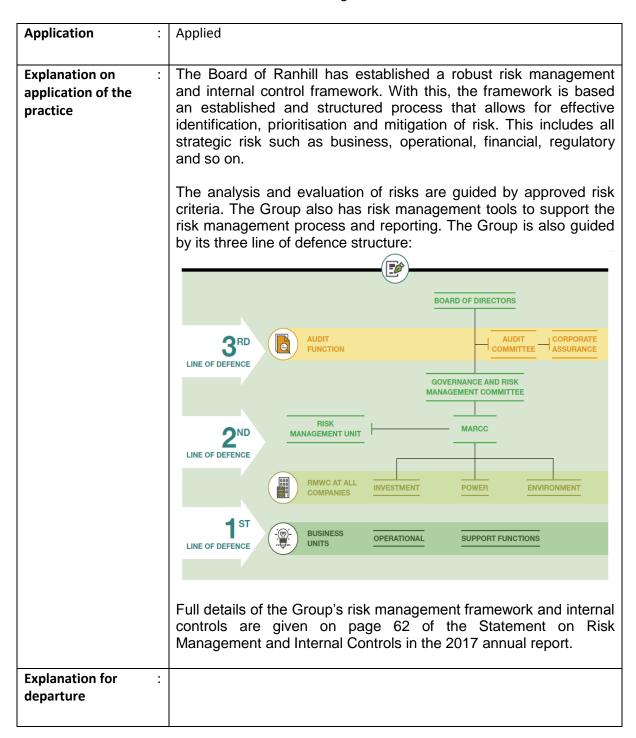
Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	All Directors including Audit Committee members continue to undergo regular training during the financial year, based on individual learning requirements as well as to stay abreast of financial or corporate developments.
	The AC members are expected to devote sufficient time to update their knowledge and enhance their skills through appropriate continuing education programmes, so as to enable them to sustain their active participation during deliberations.
	The Chairman and members of the AC are financially literate, and have carried out their duties in accordance with the Terms of Reference of the AC.
	The list of training as well as learning events / programmes that AC members and all Directors have attended in 2017 is extensive. Hence, it is listed in the 2017 Corporate Governance Overview Statement on page 53 of the 2017 annual report:
	Based on the outcome of the AC effectiveness assessment of the BPE 2016 / 2017, the Board is satisfied with the AC's performance as its Chairman and members possess the necessary knowledge, experience, expertise and skills which contributed to the overall effectiveness of the AC.
Explanation for : departure	
Large companies are re encouraged to complete th	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are ne columns below.
Measure :	

neframe	•
ieirailie	

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.1The board should establish an effective risk management and internal control framework.



Large companies are	required	to complete	the columns	below.	Non-large	companies	are
encouraged to complete	the colum	ns below.					
Measure :							
Timeframe :							

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.2

The board should disclose the features of its risk management and internal control framework, and the adequacy and effectiveness of this framework.

:	Applied
•	As part of the enterprise risk management framework, the Group adopts the three (3) lines of defence approach with established and clear functional responsibilities and accountabilities for the management of risk.
	This is supplemented by a comprehensive Risk Register which is frequently updated in accordance with specific risk profile and action plans for mitigating identified risks. There is also a risk impact and likelihood matrix that provides for acceptable and unacceptable risk tolerance boundaries.
	The GRMC meets on a quarterly basis with the GRMC Chairman reporting to the full Board on matters pertaining to risk.
rec	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are
th	e columns below.
:	
:	

Companies make informed decisions about the level of risk they want to take and implement necessary controls to pursue their objectives.

The board is provided with reasonable assurance that adverse impact arising from a foreseeable future event or situation on the company's objectives is mitigated and managed.

Practice 9.3 - Step Up

The board establishes a Risk Management Committee, which comprises a majority of independent directors, to oversee the company's risk management framework and policies.

Application :	Adopted
Explanation on : adoption of the practice	The Board has established its Governance And Risk Management Committee ("GRMC") whose composition consists of four (4) members of which three are independent Directors.
	The Board via the GRMC oversees the risk management matters of the Group, which include identifying, managing, monitoring, treating and mitigating significant risks across the Group.
	The GRMC reviews and recommends for the Board's consideration and approval, the risk management principles, frameworks and policies for managing risks within the Group. The GRMC also monitors and assesses the risk appetite and risk tolerance of the Group, so as to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets.
	 Following are the members of the Committee: Tan Sri Saw Choo Boon (Chairman/Senior Independent Non-Executive Director) Dato Sri Lim Haw Kuang (Member/Executive Director) Datuk Seri Dr. Nik Norzrul Thani Nik Hassan Thani (Member/Independent Non-Executive Director) Abu Talib Abdul Rahman (Member/Independent Non-Executive Director)
	 Aside from providing oversight on the company's risk management framework and policies, the GRMC is responsible for: Overall management of significant risks covering the businesses, markets, reputation and operations. Ensure that there clear and independent organisational reporting lines and responsibilities for the management risk. Reviewing Group risk profile and monitoring management's action plan to manage critical and significant risks. The GRMC's terms of reference is given in the Board Charter
	which is at www.ranhill.com.my.

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.1

The Audit Committee should ensure that the internal audit function is effective and able to function independently.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	Independent of the External Audit function is Ranhill's Group Corporate Assurance Division ("GCAD") which serves as the Group's in-house internal audit function and plays a very important part in the assessment of the effectiveness and efficiency of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reports to the AC on a regular basis.
	 The independence of GCAD is assured in the following ways: It is independent of the external audit function overseen by EY. The Head of GCAD reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee
	The internal audit is conducted based on the GCAD's Audit Plan. The AC approves the annual internal audit plan and receives reports produced by GCAD throughout the year.
	GCAD conducts risk based internal audit reviews at both operational and corporate levels. Plans and tools for corrective action and improvements are identified with operations management to address any issues, or deficiencies identified. GCAD follows up on the implementation of its recommendations and reports the outcome to the AC.
	GCAD conducted 29 Internal Audit (IA) engagements and 8 follow-up audits. Kindly refer to the Audit Committee Report on page 60 of the 2017 annual report for further details of the work performed by the Internal Audit.
Explanation for : departure	
ueparture	
Large companies are re encouraged to complete to	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are the columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Companies have an effective governance, risk management and internal control framework and stakeholders are able to assess the effectiveness of such a framework.

Practice 10.2

The board should disclose-

- whether internal audit personnel are free from any relationships or conflicts of interest, which could impair their objectivity and independence;
- the number of resources in the internal audit department;
- name and qualification of the person responsible for internal audit; and
- whether the internal audit function is carried out in accordance with a recognised framework.

Application :	Applied
, topined:	Присс
Explanation on : application of the practice	In ensuring independence of the function, GCAD is headed by Shariz Puteh who reports directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. GCAD is also independent of the activities and processes, which it appraises to ensure it discharges its duties in an objective manner in supporting the AC.
	In performing its function, GCAD has no direct responsibility or authority over any of the activities it reviews. Accordingly, they will not implement internal controls, develop procedures, install systems, prepare records, or engage in any other activity that may impair auditor's judgment.
	GCAD is made up of 10 personnel with four (4) of them being qualified audit professionals. The Head of GCAD is a professional member of the IIA Malaysia and he had graduated with a degree in Accounting and Financial Management. He is also a Certified Financial Services Auditor issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors.
	The IA function is carried out in accordance to the International Standards for the Professional Practices of Internal Auditing set by the Institute of Internal Auditors (IIA).
Explanation for : departure	
-	
Large companies are rec encouraged to complete th	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are e columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.1

The board ensures there is effective, transparent and regular communication with its stakeholders.

	,	
Application	:	Applied
Explanation on application of the practice	:	The Group continues to actively and regularly engage stakeholders which comprises of investors, analysts, regulators, shareholders, the media and the general public.
		Communication initiatives include sharing the Group's quarterly interim performance and full year financial results which are disclosed to regulatory authorities and the media as well as on www.ranhill.com.my. The Ranhill website has a dedicated webpage on IR at http://www.ranhill.com.my/investor-relations/.
		In addition, the Group issues press releases, holds media conferences, interviews or analyst briefings and participates in industry roadshows and other stakeholder engagement activities. Both Board members and Senior Management are involved in these engagements.
		Working together with corporate communications, the investor relations functions provides strategic support in the planning and organisation of stakeholder engagement and communications across the year.
Explanation for departure	:	
Large companies a encouraged to comp		quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are e columns below.
Measure	:	
Timeframe	:	

There is continuous communication between the company and stakeholders to facilitate mutual understanding of each other's objectives and expectations.

Stakeholders are able to make informed decisions with respect to the business of the company, its policies on governance, the environment and social responsibility.

Practice 11.2

Large companies are encouraged to adopt integrated reporting based on a globally recognised framework.

Amuliantian	Non Appliable
Application :	Non-Applicable
Explanation on :	
application of the	
practice	
Explanation for :	Given that this Practice is for large companies, the Group has
departure	yet to adopt this practice for the moment. However, in reflecting
•	its value creation process and principles, the Group has
	committed itself to sustainability reporting. The Group's approach
	to sustainability is detailed in its Sustainability Report which is
	available via www.ranhill.com.my.
	Readers are encouraged to read the Sustainability report
	together with Ranhill's CG Report to gain a more in-depth view of
	the Group's approach to good governance.
Large companies are re	equired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are
encouraged to complete t	•
encouragea to complete t	de columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.1

Notice for an Annual General Meeting should be given to the shareholders at least 28 days prior to the meeting.

Application	:	Departure
Explanation on application of the practice	:	
Explanation for departure	:	Our Notice to Shareholders will be issued to shareholders on 16 April 2018 with our AGM to be held on 8 May 2018, thus fulfilling Bursa Malaysia's Main Market Listing requirements ("MMLR"), which requires the Notice to be issued within 21 days of the AGM. Going forward, for FY2018, the Group is committed to meeting Practice 12.1 and will look to issue their Notice to Shareholders 28 days in advance of the AGM. This is to also afford shareholders additional time to better review the proposed resolutions as well as make arrangements to attend or to send proxies.
Large companies are required to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are encouraged to complete the columns below.		
Measure	:	To issue the Notice of AGM to shareholders days prior to the AGM.
Timeframe	:	FY2018

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.2

All directors attend General Meetings. The Chair of the Audit, Nominating, Risk Management and other committees provide meaningful response to questions addressed to them.

Application :	Applied
Explanation on : application of the practice	At the previous annual general meeting, all directors attended in person and personally addressed questions or issues raised by shareholders. The Chairman of the Board Committees were also present to address questions. These included the Chairman of the Audit, Nomination and Remuneration and Governance Risk Management Committees.
	The Board and Senior Management also addressed questions received from the Minority Shareholders Watchdog Group.
	The Chairman also encouraged shareholders to take full use of the opportunity provided to ask questions and seek clarification on matters pertaining to the Company's financial statements and other items for adoption at the meeting, before putting a resolution to vote. This was in line with stimulating a healthy culture of debate and discussion at the annual general meeting.
	In addition to this, The President / Chief Executive and relevant Senior Management were present to facilitate questions received from shareholders. The President also had delivered a presentation on Ranhill's business performance, its financial results, strategic initiatives and developments as well as future plans.
	Shareholders were also invited to submit additional questions via an enquiry box placed at the venue of the 3 rd AGM so that these could be addressed in writing post meeting.
	In ensuring that Directors continue to attend general meetings called by the Company, Ranhill's Company Secretaries will continue to provide all meeting dates one (1) year in advance.
Explanation for :	
departure	
Large companies are re- encouraged to complete th	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are see columns below.
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

Shareholders are able to participate, engage the board and senior management effectively and make informed voting decisions at General Meetings.

Practice 12.3

Listed companies with a large number of shareholders or which have meetings in remote locations should leverage technology to facilitate—

- including voting in absentia; and
- remote shareholders' participation at General Meetings.

Application :	Departure
Explanation on :	
application of the	
practice	
Explanation for :	Ranhill has over 16,000 shareholders consisting of institutional
departure	and retail investors. This is considered a large number of
departure	shareholders. Facilities that allow for voting in absentia were not put in place for at the previous 3 rd AGM.
	However, the Group continues to strive to ensure that as many shareholders as possible are able to attend its AGM and also participate actively during the meeting. In that regard, Ranhill has provided and will continue to provide electronic poll voting for shareholders as part of facilitating greater participation in General Meetings. The process is independently assessed by an external scrutineer.
	Alternative Practice: Shareholders are allowed to appoint any person(s) as their proxies to attend, participate, speak and vote in his / her stead at the annual general meeting if they are unable to attend the AGM in person.
Large companies are re	quired to complete the columns below. Non-large companies are
encouraged to complete th	
Measure :	
Timeframe :	

SECTION B - DISCLOSURES ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES PERSUANT CORPORATE GOVERNANCE GUIDELINES ISSUED BY BANK NEGARA MALAYSIA

Disclosures in this section are pursuant to Appendix 4 (Corporate Governance Disclosures) of the Corporate Governance Guidelines issued by Bank Negara Malaysia. This section is only applicable for financial institutions or any other institutions that are listed on the Exchange that are required to comply with the above Guidelines.

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