UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the quarter ended 31 December 2016	Current P	eriod	Cumulative Period		
(All figures are stated in RM'000)	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Revenue	582,816	680,150	2,189,022	2,189,312	
Cost of sales	(502,687)	(585,971)	(1,845,775)	(1,836,459)	
Gross profit	80,129	94,179	343,247	352,853	
Operating expenses	(66,853)	(70,866)	(238,565)	(226,035)	
Finance costs	(9,583)	105	(33,703)	(15,146)	
Interest income	376	299	1,038	1,050	
Profit before zakat and taxation	4,069	23,717	72,017	112,722	
Zakat	-	-	(250)	(700)	
Taxation	(4,969)	(7,676)	(25,908)	(27,438)	
(Loss)/profit for the period/year	(900)	16,041	45,859	84,584	
(Loss)/profit for the period/year attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	(836)	16,062	45,599	84,044	
Non-controlling interests	(64)	(21)	260	540	
(Loss)/profit for the period/year	(900)	16,041	45,859	84,584	
(Loss)/earnings per share - sen					
- Basic	(0.32)	6.20	17.60	32.46	
- Diluted	(0.32)	6.20	17.54	32.46	

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Income Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying explanatory notes attached to these interim financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the quarter ended 31 December 2016	Current Pe	riod	Cumulative Period		
(All figures are stated in RM'000)	2016	2015	2016	2015	
(Loss)/profit for the period/year	(900)	16,041	45,859	84,584	
Other comprehensive income, net of tax					
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss					
Foreign currency translation difference of foreign operations	7,401	4,298	9,137	14,185	
Recognition of actuarial losses	(70)	(201)	(74)	(201)	
	7,331	4,097	9,063	13,984	
Total comprehensive income for the period/year	6,431	20,138	54,922	98,568	
Attributable to:					
Owners of the parent	4,912	18,714	53,009	93,506	
Non-controlling interests	1,519	1,424	1,913	5,062	
Total comprehensive income for the period/year	6,431	20,138	54,922	98,568	

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying explanatory notes attached to these interim financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	As at 31 December 2016	As at 31 December 2015
(All figures are stated in RM'000)		
ASSETS		
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment	420,465	406,184
Prepaid lease payments	2,616	2,628
Intangible assets	342,796	284,108
Receivables	12,236	9,587
Deferred tax assets	28,298	24,261
	806,411	726,768
Current assets		
Inventories	532,211	539,896
Receivables	256,289	195,255
Tax recoverable	17,743	11,186
Deposits, cash and bank balances	70,456	22,518
	876,699	768,855
TOTAL ASSETS	1,683,110	1,495,623
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company		
Share capital	129,688	129,441
Reserves	400,943	399,968
Shareholders' equity	530,631	529,409
Non-controlling interests	28,776	30,585
Total equity	559,407	559,994
Non-current liabilities		
Loans and borrowings	248	558
Payables	547	-
Deferred tax liabilities	48,105	33,419
Provision for defined benefit plan	8,593	7,501
Deferred income	4,190	-
	61,683	41,478
Current liabilities		
Payables	442,757	488,504
Amount due to immediate holding company	472	186
Current tax liabilities	1,703	5,652
Deferred income	424	196
Loans and borrowings	616,664	399,613
	1,062,020	894,151
Total liabilities	1,123,703	935,629
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,683,110	1,495,623

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying explanatory notes attached to these interim financial statements.

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Attributable to shareholders of the Company							
For the year ended 31 December 2016	Share Capital	* Share Premium	* Exchange Reserve	* Share Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total	Non- controlling Interests	Total Equity
(All figures are stated in RM'000)								
At 1 January 2016	129,441	11,751	7,842	-	380,375	529,409	30,585	559,994
Net profit for the financial year Foreign currency translation difference Recognition of acturial loss		-	- 7,477 -		45,599 - (67)	45,599 7,477 (67)	260 1,660 (7)	45,859 9,137 (74)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	7,477	-	45,532	53,009	1,913	54,922
Transactions with owners								
Accretion of interest in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	(8,549)	(8,549)	(3,425)	(11,974)
Acquisition of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	41	41
Share options granted under Share Option Plan	-	-	-	4,278	-	4,278	-	4,278
Shares granted under Long Term Incentive Plan	-	-	-	1,649	-	1,649	-	1,649
Issuance of new shares - Share Option Plan - Long Term Incentive Plan	100 147	1,014 1,501	-	(106)	:	1,008 1,648	:	1,008 1,648
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(51,821)	(51,821)	(338)	(52,159)
Total transactions with owners for the financial year	247	2,515	-	5,821	(60,370)	(51,787)	(3,722)	(55,509)
At 31 December 2016	129,688	14,266	15,319	5,821	365,537	530,631	28,776	559,407
At 1 January 2015	129,441	11,751	(1,730)	-	387,050	526,512	25,523	552,035
 Net profit for the financial year Foreign currency translation difference Recognition of acturial loss 	- - -	- - -	9,572 -	- - -	84,044	84,044 9,572 (110)	540 4,612 (90)	84,584 14,184 (200)
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	-	-	9,572	-	83,934	93,506	5,062	98,568
Transactions with owners								
Dividends	-	-	-	-	(90,609)	(90,609)	-	(90,609)
At 31 December 2015	129,441	11,751	7,842		380,375	529,409	30,585	559,994

^{*} Denotes non distributable reserves

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the quarter ended 31 December 2016

(All figures are stated in RM'000)	2016	2015
Operating Activities		
Cash receipts from customers	2,201,462	2,170,373
Cash payments to suppliers and employees	(2,108,947)	(2,112,478)
Net cash generated from operations	92,515	57,895
Interest paid	(31,856)	(15,527)
Tax paid	(25,958)	(35,272)
Zakat paid	(250)	(700)
Interest received	985	923
Net cash generated from operating activities	35,436	7,319
Investing Activities		
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(14,921)	-
Acquisition of a business	-	(1,400)
Advance to a corporate shareholder of a subsidiary	(17,960)	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(43,639)	(61,298)
Purchase of intangible assets	(69,825)	(56,387)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	164	240
Net cash used in investing activities	(146,181)	(118,845)
Financing Activities		
Issuance of shares	1,008	-
Dividend paid:		
- owners of the company	(51,821)	(90,609)
- non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	(338)	-
Net drawdown of borrowings	208,555	191,455
Net cash generated from financing activities	157,404	100,846
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	46,659	(10,680)
Effects of exchange rate changes	1,279	1,216
Cash and cash equivalent at beginning of year	22,518	31,982
Cash and cash equivalent at end of year	70,456	22,518
Analysis of cash and cash equivalents		
Deposits, cash and bank balances	70,456	22,518

The Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying explanatory notes attached to these interim financial statements.

Part A - Explanatory Notes Pursuant to Malaysian Financial Reporting Standard 134 ("MFRS 134")

A1. Basis of Preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 have been prepared in accordance with MFRS 134 Interim Financial Reporting, IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and paragraph 9.22 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Malaysia").

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2015. The explanatory notes attached to these condensed consolidated interim financial statements provide an explanation of events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the Group since the year ended 31 December 2015.

A2. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015, except for the adoption of the following new accounting policies and improvements and amendments to published standards that are effective for the Group's financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2016.

A2.1 New accounting policies

On 13 May 2016, the Board announced that pursuant to Paragraph 6.43(1) of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia, the effective date for the Option Plan and Long Term Incentive Plan under the Share Issuance Scheme has been fixed on 13 May 2016. Accordingly, the Group has adopted the following new accounting policies:

(a) Option Plan

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the options granted in exchange for the services of the employees are recognised as employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase to share option reserve within equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to hold shares for a specific period of time).

Non-market vesting conditions and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest.

The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of the reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market vesting conditions and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to share option reserve in equity.

In circumstances where employees provide services in advance of the grant date, the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised. When options are not exercised and lapsed, the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings.

(b) Deferred shares - Long Term Incentive Plan

The fair value of deferred shares granted to employees for nil consideration under the long-term incentive scheme is recognised as an expense over the relevant service period, being the year to which the bonus relates and the vesting period of the shares. The fair value is measured at the grant date of the shares and is recognised in equity in the share reserve. The number of shares expected to vest is estimated based on the non-market vesting conditions. The estimates are revised at the end of each reporting period and adjustments are recognised in profit or loss and the share reserve.

Where shares are forfeited due to a failure by the employee to satisfy the service conditions, any expenses previously recognised in relation to such shares are reversed effective from the date of the forfeiture.

In its separate financial statements of the Company, the shares granted by the Company over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary in the Group is treated as a capital contribution to the subsidiary. The fair value of shares granted to employees of the subsidiary in exchange for the services of the employees to the subsidiary are recognised as investment in subsidiary, with a corresponding credit to equity of the Company.

A2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A2.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective

On 1 January 2016, the Group applied the following improvements and amendments to published standards:-

Annual Improvements to Amendments to MFRS 7 'Financial Instruments', MFRS 119 'Employee Benefits'

2012- 2014 Cycle and MFRS 134 'Interim Financial Reporting'

Amendments to MFRS 116 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation

'Property, plant and Equipment' and MFRS 138 'Intangible assets'

Amendments to MFRS 101 Disclosure Initiative

'Presentation of Financial Statements'

The adoption of the above improvements and amendments to published standards did not have any significant impact on the financial statements of the Group.

A2.3 Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these interim financial statements, the following standards and amendments have been issued and are effective for financial year beginning after 1 January 2017:

a) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2017

i) Amendments to MFRS 107 'Statement of Cash Flows' – Disclosure Initiative introduce an additional disclosure on changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes.

Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flow will be, classified in the statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities. In addition, the disclosure requirement also applies to changes in financial assets (for example, assets that hedge liabilities arising from financing activities) if cash flows from those financial assets were, or future cash flows will be included in cash flows from financing activities.

One way to fulfil the disclosure requirements is by providing a reconciliation between the opening and closing balances in the statement of financial position for liabilities arising from financing activities. Where an entity discloses such a reconciliation, it shall provide sufficient information to enable users of the financial statements to link item included in the reconciliation to the statement of financial position and the statement of cash flows.

If an entity provides the disclosure required in combination with disclosures of changes in other assets and liabilities, it shall disclosure the change in liabilities arising from financing activities separately from changes in those other assets and liabilities.

ii) Amendments to MFRS 112 'Income Taxes' – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses clarify the requirements for recognising deferred tax assets on unrealised losses arising from deductible temporary difference on asset carried at fair value.

In addition, in evaluating whether an entity will have sufficient taxable profits in future period against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised, the amendments require an entity to compare the deductible temporary differences with future taxable profits that excludes tax deductions resulting from the reversal of those temporary differences. The amendments shall be applied retrospectively.

b) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2018

i) MFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' replaces MFRS 118 'Revenue' and MFRS 111 'Construction contracts' and related interpretations. The core principle in MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of goods or services and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the goods or services.

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of goods or services; that is, when the customer has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the goods or services.

A new five-step process is applied before revenue can be recognised:

- Identify contracts with customers;
- Identify the separate performance obligations;
- Determine the transaction price of the contract;
- Allocate the transaction price to each of the separate performance obligation; and
- Recognise the revenue as each performance obligation is satisfied

A2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A2.3 Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective (continued)

At the date of authorisation of these interim financial statements, the following standards and amendments have been issued and are effective for financial year beginning after 1 January 2017: (continued)

b) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2018 (continued)

i) MFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers' (continued)

Key provisions of the new standard are as follows:

- Any bundled goods or services that are distinct must be separately recognised, and any discounts or rebates on the contract price must generally be allocated to the separate elements.
- If the consideration varies (such as for incentives, rebates, performance fees, royalties, success of an outcome etc), minimum amounts of revenue must be recognised if they are not at significant risk of reversal.
- The point at which revenue is able to be recognised may shift: some revenue which is currently recognised at a point in time at the end of a contract may have to be recognised over the contract term and vice versa.
- There are new specific rules on licenses, warranties, non-refundable upfront fees, and consignment arrangements, to name a few.
- As with any new standard, there are also increased disclosures.
- ii) MFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' will replace MFRS 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.

MFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model in MFRS 139 and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income ('OCI'). The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are always measured at fair value through profit or loss with an irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in OCI (provided the instrument is not held for trading). A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest.

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the MFRS 139 requirements. These include amortised cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

MFRS 9 introduces an expected credit loss model on impairment for all financial assets that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in MFRS 139. The expected credit loss model is forward-looking and eliminates the need for a trigger event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

- iii) Amendments to MFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' deals with classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions. The amendments provides specific guidance on how to account for the following situations:
 - (a) the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments;
 - (b) share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and
 - (c) a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.
- iv) IC Interpretation 22 'Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration'

This Interpretation applies when an entity recognises a non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability arising from the payment or receipt of advance consideration. MFRS 121 requires an entity to use the exchange rate at the 'date of the transaction' to record foreign currency transactions. This Interpretation also provides guidance how to determine "the date of transaction" when a single payment/receipt is made, as well as for situations where multiple payments/receipts are made. The date of transaction is the date when the payment or receipt of advance consideration gives rise to the non-monetary asset or non-monetary liability when the entity is no longer exposed to foreign exchange risk. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the entity should determine the date of the transaction for each payment or receipt.

A2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

A2.3 Standards and amendments that have been issued but not yet effective (continued)

At the date of authorisation of these interim financial statements, the following standards and amendments have been issued and are effective for financial year beginning after 1 January 2017: (continued)

c) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2019

MFRS 16 'Leases' supersedes MFRS 117 'Leases' and the related interpretations. Under MFRS 16, a lease is a contract (or part of a contract) that conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

MFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases by the lessee as either finance leases (on balance sheet) or operating leases (off balance sheet). MFRS 16 requires a lessee to recognise a "right-of-use" of the underlying asset and a lease liability reflecting future lease payments for most leases. The right-of-use asset is depreciated in accordance with the principle in MFRS 116 'Property, Plant and Equipment' and the lease liability is accreted over time with interest expense recognised in the income statement.

For lessors, MFRS 16 retains most of the requirements in MFRS 117. Lessors continue to classify all leases as either operating leases or finance leases and account for them differently.

The Group is assessing the impact of the above standards and amendments to published standards on the financial statements of the Group in the year of initial adoption.

A3. Audit report in respect of the 2015 financial statements

The audit report on the Group's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2015 was not qualified.

A4. Seasonal or cyclical factors

The Group's operations are not subject to any significant seasonal or cyclical factors.

A5. Unusual items due to their nature, size or incidence

There were no unusual items affecting assets, liabilities, equity, net income, or cash flows during the year under review.

A6. Change in Estimates

During the financial year, in view of the ongoing negotiations to finalise the terms and conditions for the extension of the concession, the Group has revised the remaining estimated useful life of the expenses incurred for the rights to supply under the Concession Agreement from 4 years to 14 years. The revision has been accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and as a result, the amortisation charged during the financial year as disclosed in Note A16 was reduced by RM23.4 million.

Other than the above and as disclosed in the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2015, there were no other material changes in estimates of amounts reported in the current financial year or previous financial year.

A7. Debt and equity securities

The Group did not undertake any issuance and/or repayment of debt and equity securities, share buy-backs, share cancellations, shares held as treasury shares and resale of treasury shares in the current financial year other than the issuance of the following new ordinary shares of RM0.50 each pursuant to the Company's Option Plan and Long Term Incentive Plan.

	Exercise price per share RM	Number of shares issued	Cash proceeds RM'000
Option Plan	5.04	200,000	1,008
Long Term Incentive Plan	Not applicable	294,400	-

The new ordinary shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

A8. Dividends

On 25 March 2016, the Company paid a fourth interim dividend of 7.0 sen (2014: 12.0 sen) per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2015 amounting to RM18.1 million (2014: RM31.1 million).

On 28 June 2016, the Company paid a first interim dividend of 4.0 sen (2015: 7.0 sen) per share in respect of the financial year ending 31 December 2016 amounting to RM10.4 million (2015: RM18.1 million).

On 20 September 2016, the Company paid a second interim dividend of 5.0 sen (2015: 7.0 sen) per share in respect of the financial year ending 31 December 2016 amounting to RM13.0 million (2015: RM18.1 million).

A8. Dividends (Cont'd)

On 15 December 2016, the Company paid a third interim dividend of 4.0 sen (2015: 9.0 sen) per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2016 amounting to RM10.4 million (2015: RM23.3 million).

For the fourth quarter, the Directors have declared a fourth interim dividend of 3.0 sen (2015: 7.0 sen) per share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2016. The dividend will be paid on 17 March 2017 to shareholders registered in the Register of Members at the close of business on 9 March 2017.

A9. Operating segments

Operating segments information for the year is as follows:

RM'000	Logistics and Distribution	Manufacturing	Eliminations	Total
2016				
Revenue				
External revenue	2,152,532	36,490	-	2,189,022
Inter-segment revenue	9,743	383,380	(393,123)	-
Total revenue	2,162,275	419,870	(393,123)	2,189,022
Results				
Segment results	17,034	97,388	(9,740)	104,682
Finance costs	(33,255)	(1,501)	1,053	(33,703)
Interest income	1,401	690	(1,053)	1,038
(Loss)/profit before zakat and taxation	(14,820)	96,577	(9,740)	72,017
Zakat				(250)
Taxation				(25,908)
Profit for the year			_	45,859
2015				
Revenue				
External revenue	2,167,906	21,406	-	2,189,312
Inter-segment revenue	7,460	361,728	(369,188)	-
Total revenue	2,175,366	383,134	(369,188)	2,189,312
Results				
Segment results	24,326	111,564	(9,072)	126,818
Finance costs	(15,152)	(2,249)	2,255	(15,146)
Interest income	3,119	186	(2,255)	1,050
Profit before zakat and taxation	12,293	109,501	(9,072)	112,722
Zakat				(700)
Taxation				(27,438)
Profit for the year			_	84,584
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

A10. Carrying Amount of Revalued Assets

There has been no revaluation of property, plant and equipment during the current financial year.

A11. Subsequent Event

On 13 January 2017, Pharmaniaga Pristine Sdn. Bhd. ("PPSB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary, subscribed to the total issued and paid-up capital of the company, Paradigm Industry Sdn Bhd ("PISB") of RM2.00.

PISB was incorporated on 25 July 2016 with an authorised share capital of RM400,000.00 comprising 400,000 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each and a paid-up capital of RM2.00 comprising 2 ordinary shares of RM1.00 each. Presently PISB is dormant, but the intended principal activity is manufacturing and selling of food supplement. It is the intention that at a later date the paid-up capital of PISB to be increased to RM100,000.00 and that its shareholders to be PPSB (80%) and Sweetleaves Health Sdn Bhd (20%).

Other than the above, there was no other subsequent event as at 21 February 2017 that will materially affect the financial statements of the financial year under review.

A12. Changes in the Composition of the Group

There were no changes in the composition of the Group for the current financial year ended 31 December 2016 other than the acquisition of 10% equity interest in PT Errita Pharma and 70% equity interest in Bio-Collagen Technologies Sdn Bhd during the year.

A13. Contingent Liabilities

Following a final hearing of the claims made by E*HealthLine.com Inc. ("EHL") against Modern Industrial Investment Holding Group Company Ltd ("Modern") and Pharmaniaga Berhad ("Pharmaniaga") in April 2016 relating to a non-binding Memorandum of Collaboration which has lapsed, a Final Award was subsequently issued by the Tribunal on 2 November 2016. In the Final Award, the Tribunal dismissed all of EHL's claims against Modern and Pharmaniaga. The case is now closed.

Other than the above, there is no other contingent liability has arisen since the financial year end.

A14. Commitments

The Group has the following commitments as at 31 December 2016:

	Authorised and contracted for RM'000	Authorised but not contracted for RM'000	Total RM'000
Property, plant and equipment	39,199	2,190	41,389
Intangible assets	532		532

A15. Financial Risk Management

All aspects of the Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the audited financial statements as at and for year ended 31 December 2015.

Capitalised

A16. Intangible Assets

			development costs of work-	Manufacturing licence and	Rights to	
RM'000	Goodwill	Software	in-progress	trade name	supply	Total
Cost						
At 1 January 2016	145,671	3,965	6,101	21,428	177,157	354,322
Additions	-	-	6,679	-	57,501	64,180
Transfer from property,						
plant and equipment	-	-	293	-	-	293
Acquisition of a subsidiary	3,404	-	-	150	-	3,554
Foreign exchange adjustments	4,101	324	-	1,518	-	5,943
At 31 December 2016	153,176	4,289	13,073	23,096	234,658	428,292
Accumulated amortisation						
At 1 January 2016	-	3,183	-	4,023	50,355	57,561
Amortisation charged	-	561	7	2,174	11,766	14,508
Foreign exchange adjustments	-	321	-	453	-	774
At 31 December 2016	-	4,065	7	6,650	62,121	72,843
Accumulated impairment						
At 1 January/31 December 2016	12,653	-	-	-	-	12,653
Net carrying value						
At 31 December 2016	140,523	224	13,066	16,446	172,537	342,796
At 31 December 2015	133,018	782	6,101	17,405	126,802	284,108

On 23 May 2016, the Group completed the acquisition of Bio-Collagen Technologies Sdn Bhd ("Bio-Collagen"). As of the date of this report, management has yet to finalise the purchase price allocation ("PPA") for the business combination, as required by MFRS 3 "Business Combination". The excess of cost of business over the Group's interest in the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired arising from the business combination has been derived only on a provisional basis.

Based on the preliminary assessment, the goodwill on acquisition is estimated at RM3.4 million. Management has 12 months from the date of completion of the acquisition to complete the PPA and the initial accounting for the transaction. The results of the PPA exercise will determine the final value of goodwill arising from the acquisition of Bio-Collagen. Upon finalisation of the PPA, the Group will recognise any adjustments to the provisional values of the excess of the cost of business over the Group's interest in the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired from the business combination.

B17. Performance Review

Quarter 4 2016 vs Quarter 4 2015

For the quarter under review, the Group recorded a lower revenue of RM583 million compared with RM680 million in the previous year's corresponding quarter. This was mainly attributable to reduced orders from the concession business, notwithstanding improved contributions from the Group's Indonesian operations and private sector business. As a result of lower revenue and higher finance costs, the Group posted a lower profit before tax (PBT) of RM4 million.

Year ended 31 December 2016 vs Year ended 31 December 2015

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016, the Group registered a revenue of RM2.2 billion, consistent with the previous year. However, the Group recorded a lower PBT of RM72 million compared with RM113 million last year, primarily due to lower orders from the concession business coupled with higher operating costs such as finance, selling and distributions costs.

The Logistics and Distribution Division posted a loss due to higher operating costs as explained above.

The **Manufacturing Division** achieved a PBT of RM87 million, a drop compared with last year's PBT of RM100 million. This was mainly as a result of lower offtake for in-house products under the concession business.

B18. Material Changes in Quarterly Results Compared to The Results of the Immediate Preceding Quarter

The Group reported a higher revenue of RM583 million for the quarter under review, compared with RM515 million in the preceding quarter. However, the Group posted a lower PBT of RM4 million, a decline from RM20 million in the preceding quarter.

B19. Prospects

Moving forward, the healthcare sector continues to offer good prospects, both in Malaysia and in international markets.

This is further supported by the Government's initiatives highlighted in the 2017 National Budget for the building and upgrading of new hospitals and clinics across the nation, as well as the resupply of medicines to all Government hospitals and health facilities. As a leading pharmaceutical player, Pharmaniaga is indeed well-positioned to tap into these opportunities.

At the same time, the Group remains focused on strengthening its international presence, as its Indonesian operations have seen good growth.

B20. Notes on variance in actual profit and shortfall in profit guarantee

The disclosure requirements for explanatory notes for the variance of actual profit after tax and non-controlling interest and shortfall in profit guarantee are not applicable.

B21. Income Tax

	Current Pe	Cumulative Period		
RM'000	2016	2015	2016	2015
Taxation based on profit for the period/year:				
- Current	725	4,651	18,055	28,228
- Deferred	4,270	3,025	9,890	4,219
	4,995	7,676	27,945	32,447
(Over)/under provision in prior years:		•	·	•
- Current	(26)	-	(3,081)	(2,569)
- Deferred	-	-	1,044	(2,440)
	(26)	-	(2,037)	(5,009)
	4,969	7,676	25,908	27,438

The Group's effective tax rate is higher than the statutory tax rate of 24% principally due to losses of certain subsidiaries.

B22. Corporate Proposal

The disclosure requirements for corporate proposal is not applicable.

B23. Borrowings and Debt Securities - Unsecured

	31 December	31 December
	2016	2015
	RM'000	RM'000
Current:		
Bankers' acceptances	284,277	73,662
Revolving credits	230,000	245,000
Short term foreign time loan	101,921	80,384
Hire purchase	466	567
	616,664	399,613
Non-current:		·
Hire purchase	248	558

Short term foreign time loan of RM101.9 million (2015: RM80.4 million) is denominated in Indonesian Rupiah (IDR) and is equivalent to IDR306,069 million (2015: IDR258,469 million).

Included in bankers' acceptances is RM14.6 million (2015: RM4.2 million) Indonesian Rupiah (IDR) denominated which is equivalent to IDR43,970 million (2015: IDR13,673 million).

B24. Realised and Unrealised Profits of the Group

The retained profits as at 31 December 2016 is analysed as follows:

	31 December	31 December
	2016	2015
	RM'000	RM'000
Total retained profits of the Group and its subsidiaries:		
- realised profits	379,462	411,380
- unrealised losses	21,301	(14,549)
	400,763	396,831
Less: Consolidation adjustments	(35,226)	(16,456)
Total Group retained profits as per consolidated accounts	365,537	380,375

B25. Additional Disclosures

The Group's profit before zakat and taxation is stated after charging/(crediting) the following:

	Current Period		Cumulative Period	
	2016 RM'000	2015 RM'000	2016 RM'000	2015 RM'000
Net depreciation and amortisation	12,618	16,807	45,932	57,037
Net (reversal of)/provision for and write off of receivables	(116)	(6,796)	1,044	(6,630)
Provision for and write off of inventories	3,766	5,099	6,991	7,924
Net foreign exchange losses	611	305	125	3,372

Other than the items mentioned above which have been included in the consolidated income statement and consolidated statement of comprehensive income, there were no impairment of assets, gain or loss on derivatives, gain or loss on disposal of subsidiaries and exceptional items included in the results for the year ended 31 December 2016.

B26. Economic Profit Statement

	Cumulative	Cumulative Period	
	2016 RM'000	2015 RM'000	
Economic profit	(43,209)	(11,071)	

B27. Profit Forecast

No commentary is made on any variance between actual profit from forecast profit, as it does not apply to the Group.

B28. (Loss)/Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

(a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share

Basic (loss)/earnings per share of the Group is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company for the current period/year by the average number of ordinary shares in issue during the current period/year.

	Current Period		Cumulative Period	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000)	(836)	16,062	45,599	84,044
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	259,107	258,883	259,107	258,883
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (sen)	(0.32)	6.20	17.60	32.46

(b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

For the diluted (loss)/earnings per share calculation, the average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to assume the full conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The dilutive potential ordinary shares for the Group are Option Plan and Long Term Incentive Plan ("LTIP").

For the shares granted under the Option Plan, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to the outstanding shares under the Option Plan. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the shares under the Option Plan. The difference is added to the denominator as an issue of ordinary shares for no consideration. This calculation serves to determine the 'bonus' element in the ordinary shares outstanding for the purpose of computing the dilution. No adjustment is made to profit for the financial period/year for the shares granted under the Option Plan calculation.

For the shares granted under the LTIP, the outstanding number of shares granted to eligible employees is added to the denominator as an issue of ordinary shares for no consideration. No adjustment is made to profit for the financial period/year for the shares granted under LTIP calculation.

_	Current Period		Cumulative Period	
_	2016	2015	2016	2015
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000)	(836)	16,062	45,599	84,044
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	259,107	258,883	259,107	258,883
Assumed shares issued from the exercise of Option Plan ('000)	209	-	209	-
Assumed shares issued under Long Term Incentive Plan ('000)	582	-	582	<u>-</u> _
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000)	259,898	258,883	259,898	258,883
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (sen)	(0.32)	6.20	17.54	32.46

B29. Authorised for Issue

The interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 21 February 2017.

By Order of the Board

Kuala Lumpur 21 February 2017

TASNEEM MOHD DAHALAN (LS0006966)