

THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in doubt as to the course of action that you should take, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser immediately.

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BCB BERHAD

(Company No.: 172003-W)
Incorporated in Malaysia

PART A

CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS

in relation to the

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS’ MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

PART B

SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT

in relation to the

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHARE BUY-BACK AUTHORITY

PART C

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

The Ordinary Resolutions in respect of the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders’ Mandate for Recurrent Related Party Transaction of a Revenue or Trading Nature and Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority will be tabled as special businesses at BCB Berhad’s Thirtieth Annual General Meeting (“30th AGM”) to be held at the Prime City Hotel, Venus Room, 6th Floor, 20, Jalan Bakawali, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim on Wednesday, 5 December 2018 at 10:30 am. Shareholders are advised to refer to the Notice of Thirtieth Annual General Meeting and the Form of Proxy which are included in the Company’s 2018 Annual Report despatched together with this Circular to Shareholders and Statement of Share Buy-Back. You are requested to complete the Form of Proxy and deposit it at the Registered Office of the Company at No. 4B, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Jalan Sentol, South Wing – Kluang Parade, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia, on or before the time and date indicated below should you be unable to attend the meeting. The lodging of the Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the meeting should you subsequently wish to do so.

Last date and time for lodging the Form of Proxy : 3 December 2018 at 10:30 am

Date and time of the 30th AGM : 5 December 2018 at 10:30 am

This Circular is dated 31 October 2018

DEFINITIONS

Except where the context otherwise requires, the following words and phrases shall apply throughout this Circular :

“Act”	:	Companies Act 2016 as amended from time to time and any re-enactment thereof
“AGM”	:	Annual General Meeting
“BCB” or “Company”	:	BCB Berhad
“BCB Group” or “the Group”	:	BCB and its subsidiary companies, collectively
“Board”	:	Board of Directors of BCB
“Bursa Securities”	:	Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad
“Bursa Depository”	:	Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn Bhd
“Main Market LR”	:	Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities
“Director(s)”	:	Shall have the meaning given in Section 2(1) of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and includes any person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months of the date on which the terms of the transaction were agreed upon, a Director of BCB or any other company which is its subsidiary or holding company or a chief executive officer of BCB, its subsidiary or holding company
“Major Shareholder(s)”	:	<p>A person who (which includes any person who is or was within the preceding six (6) months of the date on which the terms of the transaction were agreed upon) has an interest or interests in one or more voting shares in the Corporation (or any other corporation which is its subsidiary or holding company) and the nominal amount of that share, or the aggregate of the nominal amounts of those shares, is</p> <p>(a) 10% or more of the aggregate of the nominal amounts of all the voting shares in the Corporation; or</p> <p>(b) 5% or more of the aggregate of the nominal amounts of all the voting shares in the Corporation where such person is the largest shareholder of the Corporation.</p> <p>For the purpose of this definition, “interest in shares” shall have the meaning given in Section 8 of the Act</p>
“Persons Connected”	:	Persons connected with a Director or Major Shareholder as defined in the Main Market LR
“Proposed Renewal of Shareholders’ Mandate”	:	Proposed renewal of shareholders’ mandate for BCB Group to enter into RRPT as set out in Section 2.1.5 of this Circular
“Proposed Share Buy-Back”	:	Purchase by the Company of its own shares in accordance with Section 127 of the Act and the requirements of Bursa Securities and/or any other relevant authority
“Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority”	:	Proposed renewal of authority to enable the Company to purchase its own shares of an amount which, when aggregated with existing treasury shares does not exceed 10% of its total issued share capital

DEFINITIONS (CONT'D)

- “Related Party(ies)” or “Related Transacting Party(ies)” : A Director, Major Shareholder or Person Connected with such Director or Major Shareholder
- “Related Party Transactions” : A transaction entered into by the BCB Group, which involves the interests, direct or indirect of the Related Party
- “Recurrent Related Party Transactions” or “RRPT” : Recurrent Related Party Transactions of a revenue or trading nature and which are necessary for day-to-day operations of BCB Group
- “RM” and “sen” : Ringgit Malaysia and sen respectively
- “BCB Share(s)” : Ordinary share(s) in BCB

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PART A

CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS

in relation to the

**PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR
RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR
TRADING NATURE**



BCB BERHAD

(Company No.: 172003-W)
Incorporated in Malaysia

Registered Office:

No. 4B, 2nd & 3rd Floor
Jalan Sentol
South Wing – Kluang Parade
86000 Kluang
Johor Darul Takzim
Malaysia

Date : 31 October 2018

Directors:

Ash'ari Bin Ayub	<i>(Chairman/Independent Non-Executive Director)</i>
Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong	<i>(Group Managing Director)</i>
Tan Sri Datuk Seri Ismail Bin Yusof	<i>(Independent Non-Executive Director)</i>
Tan Lay Hiang	<i>(Executive Director)</i>
Tan Lindy	<i>(Executive Director)</i>
Tan Vin Sern	<i>(Executive Director)</i>
Low Kok Yung	<i>(Executive Director)</i>
Tan Kok Wee	<i>(Independent Non-Executive Director)</i>

To: The Shareholders of BCB Berhad

Dear Sir/Madam

BCB BERHAD

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE FOR RECURRENT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS OF A REVENUE OR TRADING NATURE

1.0 INTRODUCTION

On 18 October 2018, BCB announced that the Company proposed to seek shareholders' approval for the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate as set out in Section 2.1.5 of this Circular.

The purpose of this Circular is to provide you with the relevant details of the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate, to set out the views of your Board and to seek your approval for the resolution pertaining to the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM of BCB as Special Business. The Notice of the 30th AGM and the Form of Proxy are enclosed together with the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year ended 30 June 2018. The extract of the Notice of the 30th AGM is enclosed together with this Circular.

On 7 December 2017, the Company announced that the shareholders of the Company had, at the AGM held on 7 December 2017, approved the mandate for the Company and/or its subsidiaries to enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions with Related Parties which are of a revenue or trading nature necessary for the Group's day-to-day operations in the ordinary course of business and on terms not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders. The said shareholders' mandate shall, in accordance with the Main Market LR, expire at the conclusion of the forthcoming 30th AGM which will be held on 5 December 2018.

SHAREHOLDERS OF BCB ARE ADVISED TO READ THIS CIRCULAR CAREFULLY BEFORE VOTING ON THE RESOLUTION PERTAINING TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

2.0 DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

2.1 PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

2.1.1 The Listing Requirements

Under paragraph 10.09 of the Main Market LR, BCB is required to seek a mandate from its shareholders for recurrent related party transactions of a revenue and/or trading nature which are necessary for the day-to-day operations of the BCB Group subject to, *inter-alia*, the following:

- (i) the transactions are in the ordinary course of business and are on terms not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public;
- (ii) the shareholders' mandate is subject to annual renewal and disclosure is made in the annual report of the aggregate value of transactions conducted pursuant to the shareholders' mandate during the financial year;
- (iii) the circular to shareholders for the shareholders' mandate includes the information as may be prescribed by Bursa Securities. The draft circular must be submitted to the Bursa Securities together with a checklist showing compliance with such information;
- (iv) in a meeting to obtain the shareholders' mandate, the interested director(s), interested major shareholder(s) or interested person(s) connected with such director(s) or major shareholder(s); and where it involves the interest of an interested person(s) connected with a director or major shareholder, such director or major shareholder must not vote on the resolution to approve the transactions. An interested director or interested major shareholder must ensure that person(s) connected with him abstain from voting on the resolution approving the transactions; and
- (v) the listed issuer immediately announces to the Bursa Securities when the actual value of a Recurrent Related Party Transaction entered into by the listed issuer, exceeds the estimated value of the Recurrent Related Party Transaction disclosed in the circular by 10% or more and must include the information as may be prescribed by the Bursa Securities in its announcement.

Transaction entered into between BCB (or any of its wholly-owned subsidiaries) and its wholly-owned subsidiaries are excluded from the requirements of Part E of Chapter 10 of the Main Market LR.

2.1.2 Principal Activities Of BCB And Its Subsidiaries

The principal activities of BCB consist of investment holding, property development and hotel operations. The subsidiaries of BCB and their principal activities are as follows:

Subsidiary Companies	Effective Equity Interest	Principal Activities
Johbase Development Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development and letting of properties
BCB Management Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Provision of project management services
BCB Construction Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Provision of project construction services
BCB Concrete Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Manufacturing of concrete products
BCB Road Builder Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Provision of road construction services
BCB Furniture Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Furniture manufacturing
BCB Development Sdn. Bhd.	70%	Property development
BCB Resources Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development
BCB Land Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development
BCB Trading Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Trading of building materials
BCB Technologies Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development and letting of properties
Golden Power Construction Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Provision of landscaping services
Luna Starcity Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development and letting of properties
Laser Lagun Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development and letting of properties
Global Earnest Sdn. Bhd.	86.60%	Property development
BCB Heights Sdn. Bhd.	60%	Property development
Total Builder Generation Sdn. Bhd.	70%	Provision of project construction services
BCB Medini Development Sdn. Bhd.	75%	Property development
BCB Medini Residences Sdn. Bhd.	100%	Property development
BCB Ventures Sdn. Bhd.	75%	Property development and Investment

The BCB Group has entered and is anticipated to enter into recurrent transactions of a revenue or trading nature which are necessary in the ordinary course of business, with certain Related Transacting Parties. It is likely that such transactions will occur with some degree of frequency and could arise at any time. Such Recurrent Related Party Transactions have been / will be made on terms which are not more favourable to the Related Parties than those generally available to the public and are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders of BCB.

Your Board therefore proposes to seek the shareholders' approval for the renewal of shareholders' mandate obtained from the shareholders of the Company at the AGM held on 7 December 2017 for BCB Group to continue to enter into the Recurrent Related Party Transactions as set out in Section 2.1.5 of this Circular.

2.1.3 Validity Period

The Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate if approved by the shareholders of BCB at the forthcoming 30th AGM, will take effect from the date of the said 30th AGM until:

- (i) the conclusion of the next AGM of BCB following the forthcoming 30th AGM at which the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate is passed, at which time it will lapse, unless the authority is renewed by a resolution passed at the next AGM;
- (ii) the expiration of the period within which the next AGM is required to be held pursuant to Section 340(2) of the Act (but shall not extend to such extension as may be allowed pursuant to Section 340(4) of the Act); or
- (iii) revoked or varied by resolution passed by the shareholders of BCB in a general meeting before the next AGM;

whichever is earlier.

2.1.4 Classes of Related Party

The Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate will apply to the following classes of Related Party :-

- (a) Directors;
- (b) Major Shareholders;
- (c) Persons Connected with the Directors or Major Shareholders.

2.1.5 Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions

Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate are set out below:

BCB / Companies within the BCB Group	Transacting parties	Interested parties and nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	Actual value of the transactions from 7/12/2017 to 05/10/2018* RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions as previously disclosed in the Circular to Shareholders dated 31/10/2017 RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions from 7/12/2018 (date of the forthcoming 30th AGM) to the next AGM# RM' 000
BCB Construction Sdn Bhd ("BCSB")	Marvel Plus Development Sdn Bhd ("Marvel Plus")	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a	Provision of building construction services	3,504	20,000	20,000
		Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong ^d Tan Vin Sern ^e Chang Shao-Yu ^f	Hiring of machinery	58	2,000	2,000

2.1.5 Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions (CONT'D)

Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate are set out below:

BCB / Companies within the BCB Group	Transacting parties	Interested parties and nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	Actual value of the transactions from 7/12/2017 to 05/10/2018* RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions as previously disclosed in the Circular to Shareholders dated 31/10/2017 RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions from 7/12/2018 (date of the forthcoming 30th AGM) to the next AGM# RM' 000
BCB Berhad ("BCB")	Ju-Ichi Enterprise Sdn Bhd ("Ju-Ichi")	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Tan Vin Sern ^e	Provision of office rental	300 [@]	500	500
			Car park maintenance for shopping complex	-	240	240
BCSB	Ju-Ichi	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Tan Vin Sern ^e	Building construction services	-	15,000	15,000
BCB Resources Sdn Bhd ("BRSB")	Marvel Plus	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong ^d Tan Vin Sern ^e Chang Shao-Yu ^f	Hiring of machinery	80	1,500	1,500

2.1.5 Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions (CONT'D)

Details of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate are set out below:

BCB / Companies within the BCB Group	Transacting parties	Interested parties and nature of relationship	Nature of transactions	Actual value of the transactions from 7/12/2017 to 05/10/2018* RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions as previously disclosed in the Circular to Shareholders dated 31/10/2017 RM'000	Estimated value of the transactions from 7/12/2018 (date of the forthcoming 30th AGM) to the next AGM# RM' 000
Johbase Development Sdn Bhd ("JDSB")	Marvel Plus	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong ^d Tan Vin Sern ^e Chang Shao-Yu ^f	Hiring of machinery	-	500	1,000
BCB Land Sdn Bhd ("BLSB")	Marvel Plus	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Lindy ^b Tan Lay Hiang ^c Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong ^d Tan Vin Sern ^e Chang Shao-Yu ^f	Hiring of machinery	-	500	1,000
BCSB	Ibzi Development Sdn Bhd ("Ibzi")	Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong ^a Tan Vin Sern ^e	Provision of building construction services	754	10,000	1,000

Explanatory notes:

- * Actual value transacted from 7 December 2017 (the date of the last Annual General Meeting) up to 19 October 2018, being the last practical date prior to printing of this Circular.
- # The estimated values of Recurrent Related Party Transactions from the forthcoming 30th AGM to the next AGM based on the expected value of transactions estimated by the management of BCB Group. Due to the nature of the transactions, the actual value of the transactions may vary and subject to change from the estimated values disclosed above.
- @ Rental is payable on a monthly basis and lease period is for 3 years and renewable upon expiry.

There is no deviation resulted from the Actual Value transacted which exceeded the Estimated Value of the RRPTs as disclosed in preceding year's Circular to Shareholders dated 31 October 2017.

Nature of relationships of BCB Group with the interested related parties

- a Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong is a Director of BCB, BCSB, BRSB, JDSB, BLSB, Ju-Ichi and Ibzi and a deemed Major Shareholder of BCB. His spouse Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong and their children namely, Tan Vin Sern and Tan Lindy who are the directors and Major Shareholders of Marvel Plus. Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong is also a Major Shareholder of Ju-Ichi and Ibzi.
- b Tan Lindy is a Director of BCB, BCSB, BRSB, JDSB, BLSB and Ju-Ichi. She is the daughter of Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong and Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong, and sister of Tan Vin Sern. She is also a director and Major Shareholder of Marvel Plus.
- c Tan Lay Hiang is a Director of BCB, BCSB, BRSB, JDSB and BLSB. She is the sister-in-law to Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong, who is the director and Major Shareholder of Marvel Plus.
- d Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong is a deemed Major Shareholder of BCB. She is also a director and Major Shareholder of Marvel Plus and a Major Shareholder of Ju-Ichi.
- e Tan Vin Sern is a Director of BCB, BCSB, BRSB, JDSB, BLSB and Ju-Ichi. He is the son of Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong and Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong, and brother of Tan Lindy. He is also a director and Major Shareholder of Marvel Plus and Ibzi.
- f Chang Shao-Yu is a director of Marvel Plus. He is the spouse of Tan Lindy and son-in-law of Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong and Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong.

2.1.6 Amount Due and Owing to BCB Group by Related Transacting Parties

As at financial year ended 30 June 2018, the total amount due and owing to BCB Group which exceeded the credit term given arising from the RRPTs as per Section 2.1.5 of this Circular amounted to RM9,205,886.

A breakdown and an ageing analysis of such amount outstanding to BCB Group are as follows:-

Principal Sum # (RM'000)	Late Payment Interest # (RM'000)	Total Outstanding Amount As At 30/06/2018 (RM'000)	Ageing Analysis (RM'000)			
			≤ 1 year	> 1 year to 3 years	> 3 years to 5 years	> 5 years
9,206	-	9,206	4,967	4,239	-	-

The Group normally does not impose interest and late payment charges on trade debts in the course of its business operations. Going forward, the Group is planning repayment through debt restructuring.

Despite the outstanding amount owed by the debtors to BCB Group for a period of not more than three years, BCB Group has taken/will take the following course of action to recover the aforesaid outstanding amount:-

- (i) The Group is in contact with the debtors and foresees payment in cash or contra of the completed properties from the debtors in near future. In view that the acceptance of completed properties in settlement of debt owed by the debtors (if any) will be considered a related party transaction, BCB which ensure the compliance of Paragraph 10.08 of the Main Market LR in due course.

Based on the aforesaid course of action taken and/or to be taken by BCB, the Board is of the view that the collections shall be recovered in cash or contra of the completed properties in the near future.

2.1.7 Benefits

The services provided to the Related Transacting Parties by the BCB Group as set out in Section 2.1.5 are in the ordinary course of business, and on the Group's normal commercial terms which are no more favourable to the Related Transacting Parties than those rendered to unrelated third parties. As such, the transactions in the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate are beneficial to the BCB Group as they represent a source of income to the BCB Group.

2.1.8 Review Procedures for the Recurrent Related Party Transactions

The BCB Group has established various procedures to ensure that the Recurrent Related Party Transactions are undertaken on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms that are consistent with the BCB Group's usual business practices and policies, which are not on terms that are more favourable to the Related Parties than those extended to the public and, are not to the detriment of BCB's minority shareholders.

The review procedures established by the BCB Group for Recurrent Related Party Transactions are as follows:

- (i) All companies within the Group have been informed of the definition of Related Party and the review procedures applicable to all Recurrent Related Party Transactions;
- (ii) All companies within the Group shall only enter into Recurrent Related Party Transactions after taking into account the pricing, level of service, quality of product as compared to market prices and industry standards. Any Recurrent Related Party Transaction entered into shall be treated and processed on normal commercial terms consistent with the Company's usual business practices and policies and will not be detrimental to the minority shareholders;
- (iii) The transaction prices are determined by the prevailing market rates/prices that are agreed upon under similar commercial terms for transactions with third parties, business practices and policies and on terms which are generally in line with industry norms;
- (iv) At least 2 other contemporaneous transactions with unrelated third parties for similar products/services and/or quantities will be used as comparison, wherever possible, to determine whether the price and terms offered to/by the Related Parties are fair and reasonable and comparable to those offered to/by other unrelated third parties for the same or substantially similar type of products/services and/or quantities. Where quotation or comparative pricing from unrelated third parties cannot be obtained, the transaction price will be determined by the BCB Group based on those offered by/to other unrelated parties for the same or substantially similar type of transaction to ensure that the Recurrent Related Party Transaction is not detrimental to BCB Group;
- (v) All Recurrent Related Party Transactions, which are not covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate and have a value equivalent to or more than RM1,000,000 or 1% of any percentage ratio (as defined under Paragraph 10.02 (g) of the Main Market LR), whichever is higher, shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee before the transactions are entered into;
- (vi) For other Recurrent Related Party Transactions, which are covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate, the transactions shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee on a periodic basis;

- (vii) All the Recurrent Related Party Transactions covered under the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate within BCB Group will be reviewed and approved by the Group Managing Director, regardless of the amount;
- (viii) Any member of the Audit Committee may as he or she deems fit, request for additional information pertaining to the transactions including from independent sources or advisers;
- (ix) If a member of the Audit Committee has an interest, direct or indirect, in any particular transaction, he or she will have to abstain from any deliberation and also voting on the matter at the Audit Committee meeting in respect of such transaction;
- (x) Proper records shall be maintained to capture all Recurrent Related Party Transactions entered into pursuant to the shareholders' mandate to ensure accurate disclosure thereof. Disclosure will be made in the annual report of the breakdown of the aggregate value of the Recurrent Related Party Transactions during the financial year, amongst others, based on the following information:
 - (a) the type of Recurrent Related Party Transactions made; and
 - (b) the names of the Related Parties involved in each type of the Recurrent Related Party Transaction made and their relationship with the listed issuer;
- (xi) The annual internal audit plan shall incorporate a review of all Recurrent Related Party Transactions entered into pursuant to the shareholders' mandate to ensure that relevant approvals have been obtained and the review procedures in respect of such transactions are adhered to;
- (xii) The Audit Committee shall review the internal audit reports to ascertain that the guidelines and the procedures established to monitor Recurrent Related Party Transactions are complied with; and
- (xiii) The Audit Committee shall have the overall responsibility of determining whether the review procedures are appropriate, with the authority to delegate such function to individuals or committee within the Company as it shall deem fit.

2.1.9 Statement by Audit Committee of BCB

The Audit Committee has seen and reviewed the procedures mentioned in Section 2.1.8 above and is of the view that:

- (i) the said procedures are sufficient to ensure that the RRPT is not more favourable to the Related Party than those generally available to the public and hence are not to the detriment of the minority shareholders; and
- (ii) BCB Group has in place adequate procedures to monitor, track and identify RRPT in a timely and orderly manner and such procedures and processes are reviewed by the Internal Auditors on a yearly basis.

3.0 RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

3.1 Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate

The Recurrent Related Party Transactions entered or to be entered into by the BCB Group are recurrent transactions of a revenue and trading nature conducted in the ordinary course of business of the Group and which are likely to occur with some degree of frequency and arise at any time and from time to time.

These transactions may be constrained by the time-sensitive nature and confidentiality of such transactions may render it impractical to seek shareholders' approval on a case-by-case basis before entering into such Recurrent Related Party Transactions. As such, your Board is seeking the shareholders' mandate pursuant to paragraph 10.09 of the Main Market LR for the Recurrent Related Party Transactions described in Section 2.1.5 above to allow the Group to enter into such Recurrent Related Party Transactions made on an arm's length basis and on normal commercial terms and which are not to the detriment of BCB's minority shareholders.

By obtaining the approval of the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate on an annual basis, the necessity to convene separate general meetings from time to time to seek shareholders' approval as and when such Recurrent Related Party Transactions occur, would not arise. This will substantially avoid expenses associated with the convening of general meetings on an ad hoc basis and prevent administrative inconvenience.

4.0 FINANCIAL EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

The Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate is not expected to have any effect on the issued and paid-up share capital, consolidated earnings and consolidated net assets of BCB.

5.0 CONDITION OF THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHAREHOLDERS' MANDATE

The Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate is conditional upon the approval of the shareholders of BCB at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

6.0 INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AND PERSONS CONNECTED WITH THEM

As at 19 October 2018, the direct and indirect interests of the interested Directors, interested Major Shareholders and Persons Connected with the interested Directors and Major Shareholders of BCB are as follows:

	Direct		Indirect	
	No. of shares	%	No. of shares	%
Interested Directors				
Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong	-	-	231,767,400 ¹	57.89 ¹
Tan Lay Hiang	-	-	-	-
Tan Lindy	-	-	-	-
Tan Vin Sem	-	-	-	-
Interested Major Shareholder				
Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong			231,767,400 ¹	57.89 ¹
Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong			231,767,400 ¹	57.89 ¹

Notes:

1. Deemed interested by virtue of their shareholdings in Evergreen Ratio Sdn. Bhd pursuant to Section 8(4) of the Act.

Accordingly, the interested Directors namely, Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong, Tan Lindy, Tan Lay Hiang and Tan Vin Sem (collectively referred to as "Interested Directors"), have abstained and will continue to abstain from all Board deliberations and voting in respect of the transactions in which they have an interest as detailed in

Section 2.1.5 above. The Interested Directors will also abstain from voting in respect of their direct and indirect shareholdings on the resolution approving the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

The interested Major Shareholders namely, Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong and Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong (collectively referred to as "Interested Major Shareholders"), will abstain from voting in respect of their indirect shareholdings on the ordinary resolution deliberating or approving the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

The Interested Directors and the Interested Major Shareholders of the Company have also undertaken to ensure that the Persons Connected with them will abstain from voting in respect of their direct and indirect shareholdings on the ordinary resolution pertaining to the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

Save as disclosed above, none of the other Directors and Major Shareholders of BCB or Persons Connected with them have any interest, direct or indirect, in the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate.

7.0 DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

The Directors (except for the Interested Directors) having considered all aspects of the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate, is of the opinion that it is in the best interest of the BCB Group and accordingly the Directors with the exception of the Interested Directors who have abstained from making any recommendation on the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate, recommends that you vote in favour of the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

8.0 AGM

The 30th AGM, the notice of which is set out in the 2018 Annual Report, will be held at the **Prime City Hotel, Venus Room, 6th Floor, 20, Jalan Bakawali, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim** on **Wednesday, 5 December 2018** at **10.30am**, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the ordinary resolution to give effect to the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate.

If you are unable to attend and vote in person at the 30th AGM, you should complete, sign and return the enclosed Form of Proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon as soon as possible so as to arrive at the registered office of the Company at **No. 4B, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Jalan Sentol, South Wing – Kluang Parade, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia**, not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the 30th AGM or any adjournment thereof. The lodging of the Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the 30th AGM should you subsequently wish to do so.

9.0 FURTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders are requested to refer to the Appendix I for further information.

Yours faithfully,
For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
BCB BERHAD

Ash'ari Bin Ayub
Chairman / Independent Non-Executive Director

PART B

SHARE BUY-BACK STATEMENT

in relation to the

PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHARE BUY-BACK AUTHORITY



Building Communities & Beyond

BCB BERHAD

(Company No.: 172003-W)

Incorporated in Malaysia

STATEMENT IN RELATION TO THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF AUTHORITY FOR THE COMPANY TO PURCHASE ITS OWN SHARES IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 127 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2016 (“ACT”)

1. INTRODUCTION

BCB had on 18 October 2018 announced that the Company proposed to seek from the shareholders the approval for the renewal of the authorisation at the forthcoming 30th AGM for the proposed purchase by BCB of its own shares of up to ten per cent (10%) of its issued share capital during the authorised period.

The purpose of this Statement is to provide you with the details of the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority, to set out the views of your Board and to seek your approval for the resolution pertaining to the Proposed Share Buy-Back to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM of BCB as Special Business.

On 7 December 2017, the Company announced that the shareholders of the Company had, at the AGM held on 7 December 2017, approved the authorisation for the Company to purchase its own shares in accordance with Section 127 of the Act. The said authorisation shall, in accordance with the Main Market LR, expires at the conclusion of the forthcoming 30th AGM which will be held on 5 December 2018.

2. DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

At previous AGM held on 7 December 2017, the Company had obtained approval from its shareholders to purchase up to 41,250,000 BCB Shares, which represents ten per cent (10%) of the issued share capital of BCB then on the Bursa Securities in accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Articles of Association of the Company and Main Market LR.

As at 19 October 2018, the Company has purchased 12,142,200 BCB Shares which are currently held as treasury shares.

As the authority for the Company to purchase its own shares will expire at the conclusion of the forthcoming 30th AGM of the Company on 5 December 2018, the Company wishes to seek a renewal of mandate from the shareholders at 30th AGM for the Company to purchase such number of BCB Shares which, when aggregated with the BCB Shares already purchased and/or retained as treasury shares, amounts to not more than ten per cent (10%) of the existing issued share capital of BCB.

As at 19 October 2018, the total number of issued shares of BCB is 412,500,000, including 12,142,200 treasury shares held. As such, if approved, the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority would authorise the Company to purchase up to 29,107,800 BCB Shares, which when aggregated with the BCB Shares already purchased, would result in 41,250,000 BCB Shares or ten per cent (10%) of BCB's issued share capital being purchased.

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will be carried out on the Bursa Securities through an appointed stockbroker.

3. FUNDING FOR THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will be financed through internally generated funds and/or borrowings. The audited retained earnings of the Company as at 30 June 2018 is RM89,471,840. The maximum funding for the purchase of the Company's own shares must not exceed the level of retained earnings of the Company.

In the event the Company decides to utilise bank borrowings to finance the Proposed Share Buy-Back, it will ensure that it has sufficient financial capability to repay the bank borrowing and related interest expense. The bank borrowings will not have a material impact on the cash flows or earnings of the Company.

The actual number of BCB Shares to be purchased, the total amount of funds involved for each purchase and timing of the purchase(s) will depend on, inter-alia, the market conditions and sentiments of the stock market as well as the availability of the financial resources of the BCB Group at the time of the purchase(s).

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will reduce the cash of the BCB Group by an amount dependent on the purchase price of BCB Shares and the actual number of BCB Shares bought back.

4. RATIONALE, POTENTIAL ADVANTAGES AND DISADVANTAGES OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The Proposed Share Buy-Back is likely to benefit BCB and its shareholders in the following manner:

- If necessary in future, BCB may be able to stabilise the supply and demand of BCB Shares in the open market, thereby supporting the fundamental values of BCB Shares;
- If BCB Shares purchased by BCB are cancelled, shareholders may enjoy an increase in the value of their investment in BCB due to the increase in its earnings per share as a result of the reduction in its issued capital, all things being equal; and
- The purchased shares may be held as treasury shares and resold in the open market to reap the potential capital appreciation of the shares without affecting the total issued share capital of BCB. BCB may also utilise the treasury shares as future dividend payout to BCB shareholders, which would serve to reward the shareholders of the Company.

The disadvantages of the Proposed Share Buy-Back are as follows:

- The Proposed Share Buy-Back, if implemented, would reduce the financial resources of the Group. This may result in the Group foregoing future investment opportunities and/or any income that may be derived from alternative uses of such funds;
- The Proposed Share Buy-Back may also reduce the amount of resources available for the payment of cash dividends to shareholders of BCB. However, the financial resources of the Group may increase pursuant to the resale of the purchased shares held as treasury shares at prices higher than the purchase price; and
- The Proposed Share Buy-Back will reduce BCB's cashflow, which may otherwise be used as working capital to generate future profits.

Nevertheless, the Board will be mindful of the interest of BCB and its shareholders in undertaking the Proposed Share Buy-Back and the subsequent resale of treasury shares on Bursa Securities.

5. EFFECT OF THE PROPOSED SHARE BUY-BACK

The effects of the Proposed Share Buy-Back are summarised below.

5.1 Share Capital

Assuming the Proposed Share Buy-Back is implemented in full and all the purchased shares are subsequently cancelled, the effects on the issued share capital of the Company will be as follows:

	No. of Shares
Issued share capital as at 19 October 2018 (including 12,142,200 treasury shares held)	412,500,000
Less: Maximum number of shares that may be purchased pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back	(41,250,000)
Issued share capital after the Proposed Share Buy-Back	<hr/> 371,250,000 <hr/>

If the BCB Shares so purchased are retained as treasury shares, the issued share capital of BCB will not be reduced but the rights attaching to the treasury shares in relation to voting, dividends and participation in other distributions or otherwise will be suspended. While these BCB Shares remain as treasury shares, the Act prohibits the taking into account of such shares in calculating the number of percentage of shares or a class of shares in BCB for any purpose whatsoever including major shareholdings, takeovers, notices, requisitioning of meetings, quorum for meetings and the results of votes on resolutions.

5.2 Net Assets (“NA”)

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the NA per share of the BCB Group is dependent on the purchase price(s) of the BCB Shares. If the purchase price is less than the audited NA per share of the Group at the time of purchase, the NA per share will increase. Conversely, if the purchase price exceeds the audited NA per share of the Group at the time of purchase, the NA per share will decrease.

5.3 Earnings

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the earnings of the BCB Group would depend on the purchase price(s) and the number of shares purchased. The effective reduction in the issued share capital of the Company pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back may generally, all else being equal, have a positive impact on the consolidated earnings per share of the Company if the return on equity is higher than the cost of funds from the Proposed Share Buy-Back.

5.4 Working Capital

The Proposed Share Buy-Back will reduce the working capital of the BCB Group. The quantum of the reduction of the working capital of the BCB Group would depend on the purchase price(s) and number of shares purchased.

5.5 Dividend

The Proposed Share Buy-Back is not expected to have any material impact on the Board’s policy in recommending dividends to shareholders of BCB. The Board may have the option to distribute future dividends in the form of the treasury shares purchased pursuant to the Proposed Share Buy-Back.

6. DIRECTORS' AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' SHAREHOLDINGS

The effect of the Proposed Share Buy-Back on the shareholdings of the Directors and substantial shareholders of BCB based on their shareholdings as at 19 October 2018 assuming the Proposed Share Buy-Back is carried out in full is as follows:

Directors

Name	Existing as at 19 October 2018 (after taking into account shares purchased and held as treasury shares)				After Proposed Share Buy-Back (on assumption of buy-back of up to 10%)			
	< -----Direct----- >		< -----Indirect----- >		< -----Direct----- >		< -----Indirect----- >	
	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held
Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	57.89	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	62.43
Ash'ari bin Ayub	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Sri Datuk Seri Ismail bin Yusof	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Lay Hiang	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Lindy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Vin Sern	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tan Kok Wee	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Low Kok Yung	6,000	0.00	-	-	6,000	0.00	-	-

Notes:-

(i) Deemed interested by virtue of his shareholdings in Evergreen Ratio Sdn. Bhd. pursuant to Section 8(4) of the Act.

[^] Pursuant to Section 127(8) of the Act, while shares are held as treasury shares, the rights attached to them as to voting, dividends and participation in other distribution and otherwise are suspended and the treasury shares shall not be taken into account in calculating the number or percentage of shares, amongst others, in the company on substantial shareholding and the result of a vote on a resolution at a meeting.

Substantial Shareholders

	Existing as at 19 October 2018 (after taking into account shares purchased and held as treasury shares)				After Proposed Share Buy-Back (on assumption of buy-back of up to 10%)			
	< -----Direct----->		< -----Indirect----- >		< -----Direct----->		< -----Indirect----- >	
Name	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held	No. of shares held	% [^] held
Evergreen Ratio Sdn. Bhd.	231,767,400	57.89	-	-	231,767,400	62.43	-	-
Tan Sri Dato' Tan Seng Leong	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	57.89	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	62.43
Puan Sri Datin Lim Sui Yong	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	57.89	-	-	231,767,400 ⁽ⁱ⁾	62.43
Effective Strategy Sdn Bhd	38,609,000	9.64	-	-	38,609,000	10.40	-	-
Chan Toong Kit	-	-	38,609,000 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	9.64	-	-	38,609,000 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	10.40
Chong Shiung Foh	-	-	38,609,000 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	9.64	-	-	38,609,000 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	10.40

Notes:-

(i) Deemed interested by virtue of thier shareholdings in Evergreen Ratio Sdn. Bhd pursuant to Section 8(4) of the Act .

(ii) Deemed interested by virtue of theirshareholdings in Effective Strategy Sdn Bhd. pursuant to Section8(4) of the Act.

[^] Pursuant to Section 127(8) of the Act, while shares are held as treasury shares, the rights attached to them as to voting, dividends and participation in other distribution and otherwise are suspended and the treasury shares shall not be taken into account in calculating the number or percentage of shares, amongst others, in the company on substantial shareholding and the result of a vote on a resolution at a meeting.

7. PURCHASE OF SHARES

Please refer to Note 14 of the Notes to the Financial Statements section on page 75 of the 2018 Annual Report on the details of the Company's purchase of its own shares during the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

8. PUBLIC SHAREHOLDING SPREAD

Based on the record of depositors maintained by the Bursa Depository and the register of substantial shareholders of the Company, the public shareholding spread of BCB as at 19 October 2018 is 32.46%. In the event that the Proposed Share Buy-Back be carried out in full and all the BCB Shares are purchased from public shareholders, the public shareholding spread of BCB will be reduced from 32.46% to 27.17%.

9. IMPLICATIONS RELATING TO THE MALAYSIAN CODE ON TAKE-OVERS AND MERGERS, 2016 ("CODE")

Based on the Register of Substantial Shareholders of the Company as at 19 October 2018, there should be no implication with regard to the Code on the Company and its Substantial Shareholders arising from the Proposed Share Buy-Back even in the event that the Proposed Share Buy-Back is implemented in full.

10. DIRECTORS' AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

Save for the proportionate increase in percentage of shareholdings and/or voting rights of shareholders of the company as a result of the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority, none of the Directors and substantial shareholders or Persons Connected with them has any interest, direct or indirect, in the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority.

11. DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

The Directors are of the opinion that the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority is in the best interest of the Company. Accordingly, they recommend that you vote in favour of the resolution pertaining to the Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Authority to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM of the Company.

This Share Buy-Back Statement is dated 31 October 2018.

PART C

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY



Building Communities & Beyond

BCB BERHAD

(Company No.: 172003-W)

Incorporated in Malaysia

PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

1. INTRODUCTION

On 18 October 2018, the Company announced to Bursa Securities that it will seek shareholders' approval for the Proposed Adoption.

The purpose of this Part C of the Circular is to provide you with details of the Proposed Adoption and to seek your approval for the special resolution pertaining to the Proposed Adoption to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

SHAREHOLDERS ARE ADVISED TO READ THE CONTENTS OF THIS CIRCULAR BEFORE VOTING ON THE RESOLUTION PERTAINING TO THE PROPOSED ADOPTION AT THE FORTHCOMING 30TH AGM.

2. DETAILS OF THE PROPOSED ADOPTION

The details of the Proposed Adoption are set out in Appendix II of this Circular.

3. RATIONALE FOR THE PROPOSED ADOPTION

Pursuant to Section 36 of the Act, the Board proposes to adopt a new Constitution as the Constitution of the Company taking into account the following:

- (a) the Act which came into force on 31 January 2017; and
- (b) the updated Main Market LR which was issued on 29 November 2017.

The Company, being a public listed company is required to amend its Constitution to reflect the requirements under Chapter 7 of the Main Market LR by 31 December 2019. Additionally, the Proposed Adoption is primarily being proposed to streamline and be aligned with the Act and to take into account the amendments made by Bursa Securities to the Main Market LR, as at the date of this Circular. It is also to ensure that the rights, powers, duties and obligations conferred on the Company its Board of Directors and its shareholders are in compliance with the Act and the latest amendments to the Main Market LR.

4. EFFECTS OF THE PROPOSED ADOPTION

The Proposed Adoption will not have any effect on the earnings per share, net assets per share, gearing, share capital and substantial shareholders' shareholdings of the Company.

5. INTEREST OF DIRECTORS AND MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS AND PERSON CONNECTED TO THEM

None of the Directors or Major Shareholders of the Company and/or Person Connected with them has any interest, direct or indirect, in the Proposed Adoption.

6. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

The Board, having considered all aspects of the Proposed Adoption, is of the opinion that the Proposed Adoption is in the best interest of the Company. Accordingly, the Board recommends that shareholders vote in favour of the special resolution pertaining to the Proposed Adoption to be tabled at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

7. APPROVAL REQUIRED

The Proposed Adoption is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming 30th AGM.

8. AGM

The 30th AGM, the notice of which is set out in the 2018 Annual Report, will be held at the **Prime City Hotel, Venus Room, 6th Floor, 20, Jalan Bakawali, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim** on **Wednesday, 5 December 2018** at **10.30am**, for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing the special resolution to give effect to the Proposed Renewal of Shareholders' Mandate.

If you are unable to attend and vote in person at the 30th AGM, you should complete, sign and return the enclosed Form of Proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon as soon as possible so as to arrive at the registered office of the Company at **No. 4B, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Jalan Sentol, South Wing – Kluang Parade, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia**, not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the 30th AGM or any adjournment thereof. The lodging of the Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the 30th AGM should you subsequently wish to do so.

9. FURTHER INFORMATION

Shareholders are requested to refer to the Appendix I for further information.

FURTHER INFORMATION

1. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

This Circular has been reviewed and approved by the Directors of BCB and they individually and collectively accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained herein and confirm that after having made all reasonable enquiries and to the best of their knowledge and belief, there are no other facts, the omission of which would make any statement in this Circular misleading.

2. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There are no material contracts (not being contracts entered into the ordinary course of business) that have been entered into by BCB and/or its subsidiaries during the 2 years immediately preceding the date of the Circular.

3. MATERIAL LITIGATION

BCB Group has not engaged in any material litigation, claims or arbitration either as plaintiff or defendant, and the Directors of BCB have no knowledge of any proceedings pending or threatened or of any fact likely to give rise to any proceedings which might materially or adversely affect the financial position or business of the BCB Group.

4. DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

Copies of the following documents will be made available for inspection at the Registered Office of BCB at **No. 4B, 2nd & 3rd Floor, Jalan Sentol, South Wing – Kluang Parade, 86000 Kluang, Johor Darul Takzim, Malaysia**, during normal business hours from Monday to Friday (except public holidays) from the date of this Circular up to the date of the 30th AGM:

- (i) Memorandum and Articles of Association of BCB; and
- (ii) The audited consolidated financial statements of BCB for two (2) financial years ended 30 June 2017 and 30 June 2018.

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**THE COMPANIES ACT 2016
MALAYSIA**

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

CONSTITUTION

of

**BCB BERHAD
(Company No. 172003-W)**

Incorporated on the 13th day of July 1988

**THE COMPANIES ACT 2016
MALAYSIA**

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

CONSTITUTION

OF

**BCB BERHAD
(Company No. 172003-W)**

- | | | |
|----|---|---------------------------|
| 1. | The name of the Company is BCB BERHAD | Name |
| 2. | The registered office of the Company will be situated in Malaysia. | Registered
Office |
| 3. | The objects for which the Company are established shall include but not limited to the following: | Objects of the
Company |
| | (1) To carry on the business of an investment holding company and for that purpose to acquire and hold either in the name of the Company or in that of any nominee shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company wherever incorporated or carrying on business and debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioner, public body or authority, supreme, dependent, municipal, local or otherwise in any part of the world and to acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, notes, obligations or securities by original subscription, contract, tender, purchase, exchange, underwriting, participation in syndicates or otherwise, and whether or not fully paid up, and to subscribe for the same subject to such terms and conditions (if any) as may be thought fit. | |
| | (2) To purchase or otherwise acquire for investment or resale, sell and deal in lands, houses, factories, buildings, plantations and other immovable properties of any tenure or any interest therein, and any movable properties of any description or any interest therein, and to create, sell and deal in freehold and leasehold ground rents and to make advances upon the security of land or house, or other property or any interest therein and generally to sell, deal in, lease, charge or exchange or otherwise, property of every description, whether for valuable consideration or not. | |
| | (3) To develop land and carry on in all their respective branches all or any of the businesses of builders, property developers, masonry and general construction, decorators, dredgers, quarry men, quarry proprietors, refiners and smelters, victuallers, agents, dealers, manufacturers, contractors and hauliers and among other things to plan, construct, execute, carry out, equip, improve, work and advertise buildings, railways, refineries, roads, tramways, docks, | |

harbours, wharves, canals, watercourses, reservoirs, embankment, irrigation, reclamation, sewage, drainage and other sanitary works, water, gas and other supply works.

- (4) To do all things that are in the opinion of the Directors incidental or conducive to the attainment of all or any of the Company's objects, or the exercise of all or any of its powers.

4. The liability of the Members is limited.

Liability of
Members

5. 5.1. Definitions and Interpretation

Definitions

In this Constitution unless the subject matter or context dictates otherwise, the following words and phrases shall have the meaning assigned to them herein:

“Act” means the Companies Act 2016 and any statutory modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof and any and every other legislation for the time being in force made thereunder and any written law or regulation for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company;

“Alternate Director” means any person who has been appointed and for the time being holds office as an alternate director of the Company in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution;

“Authorised Nominee” means a person who is authorised to act as nominee as specified under the CD Rules;

“Applicable Laws” means all laws, regulations, rules, orders and/or official directions for the time being in force affecting or concerning the Company, including but not limited to the Act, the Securities Laws, the Listing Requirements, the CD Rules and any other directives or requirements imposed on the Company by any regulatory authority or body and “Applicable Law” shall be construed accordingly;

“Beneficial Owner” in relation to Deposited Securities, means the ultimate owner of the Deposited Securities who is the person who is entitled to all rights, benefits, powers and privileges and is subject to all liabilities, duties and obligations in respect of, or arising from, the Deposited Securities, and does not include a nominee of any description;

“Board” means the board of Directors of the Company whose number is not less than the required quorum acting as a board of directors, and if the Company only has one (1) Director, then that Director;

“CD Rules” means the Rules of the Central Depository;

“Central Depositories Act” means the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) Act 1991 and every statutory amendment, modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;

“Central Depository” means Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn. Bhd. and its successors in title and permitted assigns;

“Company” means BCB Berhad or such other name as may be adopted from time to time;

“Constitution” means this Constitution as originally framed or as altered from time to time by Special Resolution;

“Deposited Securities” means Securities standing to the credit of a Securities Account and includes Securities in a Securities Account that is in suspense;

“Depositor” means a holder of a Securities Account;

“Director” means a person who has been appointed and for the time being holds office as a director of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Act and this Constitution and, unless the context otherwise provides or requires, includes an Alternate Director;

“Electronic Address” means any electronic mail address or mobile or contact number used for the purpose of sending or receiving documents or information by electronic means;

“Electronic Communications” means a document or information is sent or supplied by electronic communication if it is sent initially, and received at its destination by means of electronic equipment for the processing (which expression includes digital compression) or storage of data, and entirely transmitted, conveyed and received by wire, by radio, by optical means or by other electromagnetic means. This includes the transmission of any notice, document or information via electronic mail or short messaging service or multimedia or social media program or application or such other mode, program or platform capable of performing a similar function and “Electronic Communication” shall be construed accordingly;

“Exempt Authorised Nominee” means an authorised nominee defined under the Central Depositories Act which is exempted from compliance with the provisions of subsection 25A(1) of the Central Depositories Act;

“General Meeting Record of Depositors” means the Record of Depositors as at the latest date which is reasonably practicable which shall in any event be not less than three (3) Market Days (or such other period specified by the Act, the Central Depositories Act, the CD Rules and/or Central Depository) before a general meeting or adjourned general meeting and issued by the Central Depository to the Company;

“Independent Director” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Listing Requirements;

“instantaneous communication device or mode” means any communication conferencing device or mode of communication, with or without visual capability (which includes radio, telephone, closed circuit television or other means of audio or audio-visual communications, multimedia or social media programs or applications) or any other device, program or platform capable of performing a similar function;

“Listed” means admitted to the Official List, and “listing” shall be construed accordingly;

“Listing Requirements” means the Main Market Listing Requirements of the Stock Exchange including any amendment or modification to the same that may be made from time to time;

“Market Day” means any day between Mondays to Fridays which is not a market holiday of the Stock Exchange or a public holiday;

“Member” means any person for the time being registered as the holder of shares in the share capital of the Company in the Register of Members (except Bursa Malaysia Depository Sdn. Bhd. in its capacity as bare trustee) and any Depositor whose name appears on the Record of Depositors and who has a credit balance of shares in the Company in the holder’s Securities Account who shall be treated as if the holder were a Member pursuant to Section 35 of the Central Depositories Act;

“Ordinary Resolution” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 291 of the Act;

“Office” means the registered office for the time being of the Company;

“Official List” means a list specifying all Securities which have been admitted for listing on the Stock Exchange and not removed.

“Record of Depositors” means a record provided by the Central Depository to the Company pursuant to an application under chapter 24.0 of the CD Rules;

“Register of Members” means the register of Members to be kept pursuant to the Act;

“Rule” means a Rule contained in this Constitution;

“the Seal” means the common seal of the Company;

“the Secretary” means any person or persons appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company and shall include a joint, temporary, assistant or deputy secretary;

“Securities” means Securities as defined in Section 2 of the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 or any modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;

“Securities Account” means an account established by the Central Depository for a Depositor for the recording of deposits of Securities and for dealing in such Securities by the Depositor as defined in the Central Depositories Act and/or the CD Rules;

“Securities Laws” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in the Securities Commission Act 1993, which shall include the Securities Commission Act 1993, Capital Markets and Services Act 2007, Central Depositories

Act and any guidelines, written notices and circulars issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia;

“Securities Regulations” means the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) (Foreign Ownership) Regulations 1996 or any modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force;

“Special Resolution” shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 292 of the Act;

“Stock Exchange” means Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad and its successors in title and permitted assigns;

“Year” means year from the 1st January to the 31st December inclusive.

- 5.2. Writing shall include printing, typewriting, photography, electronic storage transmission and lithography and any other mode or modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form. Interpretation
- 5.3 Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number, and vice versa and words importing the masculine gender only shall include feminine and neuter genders.
- 5.4 Words importing persons shall include corporations.
- 5.5 Transfer in relation to shares shall include a transfer of shares pursuant to the CD Rules.
- 5.6 Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Act shall, except where the subject or context forbids, bear the same meanings when used in this Constitution.

SHARES

6. The Company’s share capital is divided into ordinary shares. The shares in the original or any increased capital may be divided into several classes, and there may be attached to any of them respectively any preferential, deferred and/or other special rights, privileges, conditions and/or restrictions as to dividends, capital, voting and/or otherwise. Share Capital of the Company
7. 7.1 Subject to any Applicable Law and this Constitution, the Directors may issue shares in the Company to such persons and at such time and consideration and with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights, restrictions or exclusions, whether in regard to distribution, voting, return of capital, or otherwise and, on such other terms and conditions, as the Directors may determine PROVIDED HOWEVER that no shares in the Company shall be issued which shall have the effect of transferring a controlling interest in the Company without the prior approval of shareholders in general meeting. The exercise of the aforesaid rights shall be Authority of Directors to allot shares

without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any existing shares or class of shares.

7.2 Unless permitted by and subject always to any Applicable Law, the Directors shall not exercise any power to:

- (a) allot shares in the Company;
- (b) grant rights to subscribe for shares in the Company;
- (c) convert any Securities into shares in the Company; or
- (d) allot shares under an agreement or option or offer,

unless the prior approval by way of Ordinary Resolution has been obtained.

8. 8.1 Except in the case of an issue of Securities on a pro rata basis to Members or pursuant to a back-to-back placement or pursuant to a Dividend Reinvestment Scheme undertaken in compliance, there shall not be any issuance and allotment of shares or other convertible Securities in the Company to a Director, major shareholder, Chief Executive or person connected with any Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive (hereinafter referred to as "the interested Director", "interested major shareholder", "interested Chief Executive" or "interested person connected with a Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive" respectively) unless Members in general meeting have approved the specific allotment to be made to any of the aforesaid persons.

Approval of general meeting required for specific allotment to Directors

8.2 In a meeting to obtain Members' approval in respect of the allotment referred to under Rule 8.1 above:

- (a) the interested Director, interested major shareholder, interested Chief Executive or interested person connected with a Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive; and
- (b) where the allotment is in favour of an interested person connected with a Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive, such Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive,

must not vote on the resolution approving the said allotment. An interested Director, interested major shareholder or interested Chief Executive must ensure that persons connected with him or it abstain from voting on the resolution approving the said allotment.

8.3 The notice of the meeting referred to in Rule 8.1 shall state:

- (a) the number of Securities to be allotted;
- (b) the purpose of allotment;

- (c) the precise terms and conditions of the allotment;
 - (d) the identity and relationship of the persons connected with the Director, major shareholder or Chief Executive, where applicable
- 8.4 In this Rule, “major shareholder”, “Chief Executive” and “person connected with any Director, major shareholder, Chief Executive” or “Dividend Reinvestment Scheme” shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Listing Requirements.
9. 9.1 Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares already issued, any shares in the Company (whether forming part of the original capital or not) may be issued with or have attached thereto such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or such restrictions, whether in regard to distribution, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine, provided that:
- Preference shares
- The holders of preference shares shall have the same rights as the holders of ordinary shares as regards receiving notices, reports and audited accounts and attending general meetings of the Company but shall only have the right to vote in each of the following circumstances:
- (a) when the distribution or part of the distribution on the share is in arrears for more than six (6) months;
 - (b) on a proposal to reduce the Company’s share capital;
 - (c) on a proposal for the disposal of the whole of the Company’s property, business and undertaking;
 - (d) on a proposal that affects rights attached to the share;
 - (e) on a proposal to wind up the Company; and
 - (f) during the winding-up of the Company.
- 9.2 Subject to the Act, any preference shares may be issued on the terms that they are, or at the option of the Company, are liable, to be redeemed.
10. The Company must ensure that all new issues of Securities for which listing is sought on the Stock Exchange are made by way of crediting the Securities Accounts of the allottees with such Securities save and except where it is specifically exempted from compliance with Section 38 of the Central Depositories Act, in which event it shall so similarly be exempted from compliance with this Rule. For this purpose, the Company must notify the Central Depository of the names of the allottees and all such particulars required by the Central Depository, to enable the Central Depository to make the appropriate entries in the Securities Accounts of
- Crediting Securities Account of

such allottees. The Company shall, if required pursuant to the Listing Requirements, obtain an auditors' certificate that the issue of new Securities is in accordance with this Rule.

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| 11. | Subject and pursuant to any requirement of Applicable Law and Rule 12, the Company shall issue and allot the relevant Securities and provide notices of allotment to the allottees, and make an application for quotations of such Securities: | Allotment and Despatch of Notices of Allotment |
| | (a) within eight (8) Market Days of the final applications date for a public issue; or | |
| | (b) within eight (8) Market Days after the final applications closing date for a rights issue; or | |
| | (c) within eight (8) Market Days after the receipt of a notice of the exercise of an option pursuant to a share scheme for employees together with the requisite payment for the subscription of shares under the option; or | |
| | (d) within eight (8) Market Days after the date of receipt of a subscription form together with the requisite payment for conversion or exercise in respect of convertible Securities; or | |
| | (e) such other period as may be prescribed under the Listing Requirements or by the Stock Exchange from time to time. | |
| 12. | The Company must not allot or issue Securities which are to be Listed or cause or authorise its registrars to cause the Securities Accounts of the allottees to be credited with the additional Securities until after it has filed with the Stock Exchange an application for listing of such additional Securities and been notified by the Stock Exchange that such new issue of Securities has been approved in principle for listing. | Allotment or Issue of Securities |
| 13. | The Company may pay to any person a commission in consideration of his subscribing or agreeing to subscribe, whether absolutely or conditionally, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions, whether absolute or conditional for any shares in the Company, PROVIDED THAT such commission shall not exceed ten per centum (10%) of the price at which such shares are issued, or an amount equivalent to such percentage, and the requirements of the Act shall be observed. Any such commission may be satisfied in fully paid shares of the Company, in which case the provisions of the Act shall be duly complied with. The Company (or the Board on behalf of the Company) may also on issue of the shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful. | Power of paying commission |
| 14. | The Company shall not give whether directly or indirectly and whether by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase or subscription made or to be made by any person of or for any shares in the Company or in its holding company nor shall the Company make a loan for any purpose whatsoever on the security of its shares or those of its holding company, but nothing in this Rule shall prohibit transactions mentioned in Section 127 of the Act or the purchase by the Company of | Restriction of Use of Company Funds |

its own shares pursuant to Rule 71. The Directors may however in their discretion accept a surrender of shares by way of compromise of any question as to whether or not the same have been validly issued or in any other case where the surrender is within the powers of the Company. Any shares so surrendered may be sold or re-issued in the same manner as forfeited shares.

15. Subject to the restrictions and requirements in Section 130 of the Act being observed, where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any plant which cannot be made profitable for a lengthened period, the Company may pay interest on so much of such share capital as is for the time being paid up for the period and subject to the conditions and restrictions mentioned in the Act, and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of construction of the works, buildings or plant. Shares issued for the purposes of raising money for the construction of works or building
16. Subject to the Central Depositories Act and the Rules, where two (2) or more persons are registered as the holders of any share, they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint tenants with benefit or survivorship subject to the following provisions: Joint holders of Securities
- (a) The Company shall not be bound to register more than three (3) persons as the holders of any share except in the case of executors, or trustees of a deceased Member.
 - (b) The joint-holders of a share shall be liable severally as well as jointly in respect of all calls and other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.
 - (c) On the death of any one of such joint-holders the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to such share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they may deem fit.
 - (d) Any one of such joint-holders may give effectual receipts for any dividend and payment on account of dividend, bonus, return of capital and other money payable in respect of such share.

Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share or to receive notices from the Company and any notice given to such person shall be deemed notice to all the joint holders.

17. No person shall be recognized by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or required to recognize any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any right whatsoever in respect of any share other than an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder, except as by this Constitution otherwise expressly provided or as by Act required or pursuant to any order of Court. Trusts not to be recognised
18. No person shall exercise any rights of a Member until his name shall have been entered in the Register of Members or his name appears in the Record of Depositors and he shall have paid all calls and other moneys for the time being due and payable on any share held by him whether Rights of Members

alone or jointly with any other person provided that the Central Depository or its nominee company in whose name the Deposited Security is registered shall not be entitled to any such rights unless required by virtue of the Central Depositories Act or the Rules or the context of these Rules.

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| 19. | If, by the condition of allotment of any share, the whole or part of the amount or issue price thereof shall be payable on fixed dates every such amount shall, when due, be paid to the Company by the person who for the time being and from time to time shall be registered as the holder of the share whether in the Register of Members or the Record of Depositors, or his legal personal representatives. | Payment Allotment | of |
| 20. | <p>20.1 Subject to the provisions of the Central Depositories Act and the Rules, where by the exercise of reasonable diligence the Company is unable to discover the whereabouts of a Member for a period of not less than ten (10) years, the Company may cause an advertisement to be published in a newspaper circulating in the place shown in the Register of Members or the Record of Depositors as the address of the Member stating that the Company after expiration of thirty (30) days from the date of the advertisement intends to transfer the shares to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.</p> <p>20.2 If after the expiration of thirty (30) days from the date of the advertisement the whereabouts of the Member remains unknown, the Company may transfer the shares held by the Member in the Company to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance and for the purpose may execute for and on behalf of the Member a transfer of those shares to the Minister charged with responsibility for finance.</p> | Disposal of shares of Members whose whereabouts are unknown | |
| 21. | The Company may issue jumbo certificates in respect of Securities in favour of the Central Depository or its nominee as may be directed by the Securities Commission Malaysia or the Central Depository or as prescribed by the Central Depositories Act and the CD Rules. | Jumbo certificates | |

LIEN

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| 22. | Subject to any Applicable Law, the Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) and the distributions from time to time declared on such shares. The Company's lien on shares and distributions shall be restricted to unpaid calls and instalments upon the specific shares in respect of which such moneys are due and unpaid, and to such amounts as the Company may be called upon by law to pay and has paid in respect of the shares of the Member or deceased Member. | Lien on shares and distributions | |
| 23. | Subject to any Applicable Law, the Company may sell, in such manner as the Directors think fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable, and until the expiration of fourteen (14) days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default, shall | Power to enforce lien by sale | |

have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or by operation of law.

24. The proceeds of the sale shall be received by the Company and applied in payment of the unpaid calls, instalments payable and/or such amounts as the Company may be called upon by law to pay and has paid in respect of the shares of the Member or deceased Member in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and accrued and interest and expenses relating to the sale. If any share is forfeited and sold, any residue after the satisfaction of the unpaid calls and accrued interest and expenses, shall be paid to the person whose shares have been forfeited, or to his executors, administrators or assignees or any other person entitled to such payment by operation of law or as the person directs. Application of proceeds of sale
25. To give effect to any such sale, the Directors may authorise any person to transfer subject to any Applicable Law, the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall the purchaser's title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale. Power to transfer shares
26. No Member shall be entitled to receive any distribution or exercise any privilege as a Member in respect of any shares upon which any calls for the time being due and payable shall be unpaid. Restricted rights for unpaid shares
27. Whenever any law for the time being of any country, state or place imposes or purports to impose any immediate or future or possible liability upon the Company to make any payment or empowers any government or taxing authority or government official to require the Company to make any payment in respect of any shares registered in the Register of Members as held either jointly or solely by any Member or in respect of any dividends, bonuses or other moneys due or payable or accruing due or which may become due or payable to such Member by the Company or in respect of any shares registered as aforesaid or for or on account or in respect of any Member and whether in consequence of:
- (a) the death of such Member;
 - (b) the non-payment of any income tax or other tax by such Member;
 - (c) any other act or thing;
- the Company in every such case:
- (i) shall be fully indemnified by such Member or his executor or administrator from all liability;
 - (ii) shall have a lien upon all dividends, bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of the shares registered in the Register of Members and/or Record of Depositors as held either jointly or solely by such Member for all moneys paid or payable by the
- Imposition of liability by law

Company in respect of the same shares or in respect of any dividend, bonus or other moneys as aforesaid thereon or for or on account or in respect of such Member under or in consequence of any such law together with interest at the rate of eight per centum (8%) per annum thereon from date of payment to date of repayment and may deduct or set off against any such dividend, bonus or other money payable as aforesaid any moneys paid or payable by the Company as aforesaid together with interest as aforesaid;

- (iii) may recover as a debt due from such Member or his executor or administrator wherever constituted any moneys paid by the Company under or in consequence of any such law and interest thereon at the rate and for the period aforesaid in excess of any dividend, bonus or other money as aforesaid then due or payable by the Company to such Member.

CALLS ON SHARES

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| 28. | The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members as the Directors may think fit in respect of any monies unpaid on their shares, and not by the conditions of allotment of shares made payable at fixed times. Except in the case of calls payable at fixed times pursuant to the conditions of allotment, each Member shall be entitled to receive at least fourteen (14) days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment. | Call on shares and payment of calls |
| 29. | A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable in one lump sum or by instalments and at the time or times and place appointed by the Directors. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine. | When call made |
| 30. | The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to the payment of all calls, the instalments in respect thereof and any interest accrued thereon. | Joint holders jointly and severally liable to payment |
| 31. | If before or on the day appointed for payment thereof a call or instalment payable in respect of a share is not paid, the person from whom the same is due shall pay interest on the amount of the call or instalment at such rate not exceeding eight per centum (8%) per annum as the Directors shall fix from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment, but the Directors may waive payment of such interest wholly or in part. | Interest on calls in arrears |
| 32. | 32.1 Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment or at any fixed date, shall, for all purposes of this Constitution, be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment the provisions of this Constitution as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, and all other relevant provisions of this Constitution, shall apply as if such sum were a call duly made and notified as hereby provided. | Evidence in action for call |

- 32.2 On the trial or hearing of any action for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the Member sued is entered in the Register of Members or is recorded in the Record of Depositors as the holder of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minutes book, and that the notice of such call was duly given to the Member sued in pursuance of this Constitution; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor that the meeting at which any call made was duly convened and constituted nor any other matters whatsoever, and the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.
33. The Directors may, from time to time, make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders of such shares in the amount of calls to be paid and in the time of payment of such calls. Directors may differentiate between holders
34. The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member all or any part of the monies uncalled and unpaid upon any shares held by him, and upon all or any of the monies so advanced may (until the same would but for such advance become presently payable) pay interest at such rate, not exceeding (unless the Company in general meeting shall otherwise direct) eight per centum (8%) per annum, as may be agreed upon between the Directors and the Member. Any capital paid on shares in advance of calls shall not, whilst carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits. Except in liquidation, sums paid in advance of calls shall not, until the same would but for such advance have become payable, be treated as paid up in the shares in respect of which they have been paid. Payment of calls in advance

TRANSFER OF SHARES, REGISTERS, RECORD OF DEPOSITORS

35. Subject to any Applicable Law with respect to transfer of Deposited Securities, all transfers of shares: Form of transfer
- (a) to the Central Depository or its nominee company; or
- (b) prior to the listing and quotation of such shares on the Stock Exchange,
- may be effected by transfer in writing in the usual common form conforming with the Act and/or approved by the Stock Exchange, or such form as may from time to time, be prescribed under the Act or approved by the Stock Exchange.
36. Subject to this Constitution and any Applicable Law, there shall be no restriction on the transfer of fully paid-up Deposited Securities in the Company. No restriction on transfer of fully paid up Deposited Securities
37. The transfers of any Deposited Securities or class of Deposited Securities in the Company shall be by way of book entry by the Central Depository Transfer of Deposited

- in accordance with the CD Rules and, notwithstanding Sections 105, 106 or 110 of the Act, but subject to Subsection 148(2) of the Act and any exemptions that may be made from compliance with Section 148(1) of the Act, the Company shall be precluded from registering and effecting any transfer of the Deposited Securities. Securities by book entry
38. The Central Depository may refuse to register any transfer of Deposited Securities if it does not comply with the Central Depositories Act or the CD Rules. Refusal to register
39. Neither the Company nor its Directors nor any of its officers shall incur any liability for registering or acting upon a transfer of Deposited Securities although the same may, by reason of any fraud or other cause not known to the Company or its Directors or other officers, be legally inoperative or insufficient to pass the property in the Deposited Securities proposed or professed to be transferred, and although the transfer may, as between the transferor and the transferee, be liable to be set aside. In every such case, the person registered as transferee, his executors, administrators and assignees, subject to compliance with any Applicable Law, alone shall be entitled to be recognised as the holder of such Deposited Securities and the previous holder shall, so far as the Company is concerned, be deemed to have transferred his whole title thereto. Company and Directors not liable if transfer of Securities inoperative due to fraud
40. Subject to any Applicable Law, the instrument of transfer of a share lodged with the Company for registration must be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members. Instrument of Transfer
41. Subject to any Applicable Law, no share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any infant, bankrupt person of unsound mind, or a company in liquidation. Restriction of Transfer
42. 42.1 With the exception of transfer in favour of the Central Depository and subject to any Applicable Law, the Directors may subject to Rule 42.4 decline to register the transfer of any Securities (not being a fully paid Securities) and may also decline to register the transfer of any Securities on which the Company has a lien or if the registration of the transfer would result in a contravention of or failure to observe the provisions of a law in Malaysia.
- 42.2 Subject to any Applicable Law, the Directors may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer, unless:
- (a) Such fee, not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia Three (RM3.00) per transfer or such other sum as may be permitted by the Stock Exchange plus the amount of the proper duty with which each certificate is chargeable under the law relating to stamp duty as the Directors may from time to time require, is paid to the Company in respect thereof; and
- (b) The instrument of transfer together with the certificate is deposited at the Office or at such other place (if any) as the

Directors may appoint accompanied by such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person to do so.

- 42.3 Subject to any Applicable Law, all instruments of transfers which are registered may be retained by the Company.
- 42.4 Subject to the any Applicable Law, if the Directors decline to register any transfer they shall within ten (10) Market Days (or such other period specified by the Stock Exchange) after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferor, lodging broker and to the transferee written notice of refusal and the precise reasons thereof. Any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person who tendered the same for registration save and except in cases where the Directors suspect fraud.
43. Registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such period as the Directors may from time to time determine but so that no part of the Register of Members shall be closed for more than thirty (30) days in the aggregate in any calendar year. Ten (10) Market Days' (or such other minimum period as may be prescribed by the Stock Exchange) notice of such suspension shall be given to the Stock Exchange stating the purpose or purposes for the suspension. In relation to the suspension, the Company shall give notice, in accordance with the Central Depositories Act and the CD Rules, to enable the Central Depository to issue the relevant Record of Depositors. Suspension of registration of transfers
44. A Record of Depositors requested by the Company as at any specified date and/or for any specified purpose when made available to the Company may be treated as the final Record of Depositors as at the specified date and/or for the specified purpose. If there shall be more than one (1) Record of Depositors made available to the Company as at the specified date and/or for the specified purpose then the later or last of the Record of Depositors prepared by the Central Depository shall be the final Record of Depositors as at the specified date and/or for the specified purpose. Record of Depositors by Central Depository considered final
45. Subject to any Applicable Law, there shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration of any probate, letters of administration, certificate of marriage or death, power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title of any shares, such fee, not exceeding Ringgit Malaysia Three (RM3.00) or such other sum as may be permitted from time to time by the Stock Exchange. Fees
46. Nothing in these Rules shall preclude the Directors from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person. Recognition of renunciation of allotment
47. Subject to any Applicable Law, neither the Company or the Directors nor any of its officers shall incur any liability for registering or acting upon a transfer of Securities apparently made by sufficient parties, although the Limitation of Liability

same may, by reason of any fraud or other cause not known to, the Company or the Directors or other officers be legally in-operative or insufficient to pass the property in the Securities proposed or professed to be transferred, and although the transfer may, as between the transferor and transferee, be liable to be set aside, and notwithstanding that, the Company may have notice that such instrument or transfer was signed or executed and delivered by the transferor in blank as to the name of the transferee of the particulars of the Securities transferred, or otherwise in defective manner. And in every such case, the person registered as transferee, his executors, administrators and assignees alone shall be entitled to be recognised as the holder of such Securities and the previous holder shall, so far as the Company is concerned, be deemed to have transferred his whole title thereto.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

48. In case of the death of a Member or debenture holder, the persons recognised as having any title to his interest in the shares or debentures shall be:
- 48.1. where the deceased was a sole holder, the legal personal representatives; and
- 48.2. subject to Rule 16(c), where the deceased was a joint holder, the survivor or survivors,
- but nothing in this Rule shall release the estate of the deceased Member or debenture holder (whether sole or joint holder) from any liability in respect of any share or debenture which had been held by him alone or jointly with other persons.
49. A person to whom the right to shares or debentures are transmitted by operation of law may, upon such evidence of title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Directors (but subject to the provisions of the Constitution and any Applicable Law) elect:
- 49.1. to be registered as a shareholder or debenture holder in respect of the shares or debentures by written notice to the Company stating that he or it so elects provided that where the shares or debentures are Deposited Securities, the aforesaid notice must also be served on the Central Depository; or
- 49.2. to have another person registered as a shareholder or debenture holder in respect of the shares or debentures and testify such election by executing to that person a transfer of those shares or debentures, as the case may be, or such other instrument as the Central Depository may require.
50. All limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Constitution in relation to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares and debentures shall apply to any notice or transfer of shares or debentures as if the death or bankruptcy of the Member or debenture holder or the
- Death of holder of shares
- Right of election by holders of shares or debentures

event giving rise to a transmission of right by operation of law had not occurred and the notice or transfer were signed by that Member or debenture holder.

51. Any document which is by law sufficient evidence of probate of the will or letters of administration of the estate of a deceased person having been granted to a person shall be accepted by the Company as sufficient evidence of the grant provided always that where the share or debenture is a Deposited Security, a transfer of the share or debenture may be carried out by the person so becoming entitled, subject to any Applicable Law. Sufficient evidence of grant to a person
52. The Directors may at any time give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or itself or to transfer the shares and/or debentures and, if the notice is not complied with within sixty (60) days, the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until compliance has been made with the requirements of such notice. Notice requiring registration or transfer
53. A person entitled to shares and/or debentures in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member or by operation of law shall be entitled upon the production of such evidence as may from time to time be properly required by the Directors and the Central Depository in that behalf and subject to any Applicable Law, to receive and may give a discharge for all dividends and other moneys payable in respect of the shares and/or debentures, but the said person shall not be entitled to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any meeting, or, save as aforesaid, to exercise any of the rights and privileges of a Member or debenture holder, unless and until the said person shall have become a Member or debenture holder in respect of the shares and debentures. Where two or more persons are jointly entitled to any share and/or debenture in consequence of the death of the holder of the share they shall, for the purposes of the Rules, be deemed to be the joint holders of the share and/or debenture. Rights on death or bankruptcy
54. Where: Effect of secondary listing
- 54.1. the Securities of the Company are listed on another stock exchange; and
- 54.2. the Company is exempted from compliance with Section 14 of the Central Depositories Act or Section 29 of the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) (Amendment) Act 1998, as the case may be, under the CD Rules in respect of such Securities, the Company shall, upon request of a Securities holder and subject to compliance with all Applicable Laws, permit a transmission of Securities held by such Securities holder from the register of holders maintained by the registrar of the Company in the jurisdiction of the other stock exchange, to the register of holders maintained by the registrar of the Company in Malaysia and vice versa provided that there shall be no change in the ownership of such Securities

FORFEITURE AND SURRENDER OF SHARES

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| 55. | If any Member fails to pay the whole or any part of any call or instalment of call on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or instalment or any part thereof remains unpaid, serve a notice on him or on the person entitled to the share by transmission requiring him to pay such call or instalments, or such part thereof as remains unpaid, together with interest at such rate not exceeding eight per centum (8%), per annum as the Directors shall determine, and any expenses that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment. | Notice to pay calls |
| 56. | The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of seven days from the date of the notice) on or before which such call or instalment or such part as aforesaid, and all interest and expenses that have accrued by reason of such non-payment, are to be paid. It shall also name the place where payment is to be made, and shall state that, in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited. | Period of Notice |
| 57. | Upon failure to comply with the notice served under Rule 55 above, the shares in respect of which such notice has been given shall be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect unless the payment as required by such notice has been made before such resolution is passed. Such forfeiture shall include all distributions in respect of the shares not actually paid before the forfeiture, notwithstanding that they shall have been declared. The Directors may accept the surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder. | Forfeiture for non-payment |
| 58. | A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be re-sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto, or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit and whether with or without all or any part of the amount previously paid on the share being cancelled as paid. | Forfeited shares becomes property of the Company |
| 59. | A shareholder whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a Member in respect of the remaining forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all calls made and not paid on such shares at the time of forfeiture, and interest thereon to the date of payment, in the same manner in all respects as if the shares had not been forfeited, and to satisfy all (if any) the claims and demands which the Company might have enforced in respect of the share at the time of forfeiture, without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture. | Liability on forfeiture |
| 60. | The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction at the time of forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share, and all other rights and liabilities incidental to the share as between the shareholder whose share is forfeited and the | Results of forfeiture |

Company, except only such of those rights and liabilities as are by this Constitution expressly saved, or as are by the Act given or imposed in the case of past Members.

61. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid, the Directors may at any time before the forfeited share has been otherwise disposed of, permit the share so forfeited to be redeemed upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the share, and upon any further or other terms they may think fit. Redemption of forfeited shares
62. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company, and that a share has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the re-allotment or re-issue thereof shall constitute a good title to the share, and subject to any Applicable Law, the person to whom the share is re-allotted or re-issued shall be registered as the holder thereof, and his title to the share shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relative to the forfeiture, re-allotment or re-issue of the share. Subject to any lien for sums not presently payable, if any, any residue of the proceeds of reallocation or re-issue of shares which are forfeited after the satisfaction of the unpaid calls or instalments payable and accrued interest and expenses, shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares immediately before the forfeiture thereof or to his executors, administrators, or assignees or as he directs. Statutory declaration as conclusive evidence and sale of shares forfeited
63. The provisions of this Constitution as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable to the Company at a fixed time, as if the sum had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. Application of forfeiture provisions
64. When any share has been forfeited in accordance with these Rules notice of the forfeiture shall forthwith be given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to the share by reason of the death or bankruptcy as the case may be, and an entry of such notice having been given, and of the forfeiture with the date thereof shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members opposite to the share but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry aforesaid. Notice of forfeiture
65. In the event of any forfeited share on which the Company has a lien being sold or disposed of, the net proceeds of such sale or disposal after providing for the expenses of such sale or disposal and for the payment of any moneys owing to the Company in respect of which the lien exists shall be paid to the person whose share has been forfeited or his executors, administrators or assignees as the case may be or as such person shall direct. Proceeds of sale of forfeited shares

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

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| 66. | The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock and reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any number. | Conversion of shares into stocks |
| 67. | The stockholders may transfer the stocks or any part of the stocks in the same manner as the transfer of shares from which the stock arose may, before the conversion, have been transferred or in the closest manner as the circumstances allow. The Directors may fix the minimum amount of stock transferable and may restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum. | Holder of stocks may transfer their interests |
| 68. | The stockholders shall, according to the amount of the stock held by the stockholders, have the same rights, privileges and advantages with regards distributions, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if the stockholders held the shares from which the stock arose but so that none of such privileges or advantages except participation in the distributions and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding up shall be conferred by any such part of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privileges or advantages. | Participation in distributions and profits |
| 69. | Any reference in the Act and this Constitution applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall include "stock" and "stockholder" respectively. | Application of this Constitution |

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

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| 70. | Subject to any Applicable Law and this Constitution, any rights previously conferred on any class of shares, and any rules or guidelines of any relevant authorities (other than such of the rules and guidelines which is waived by the relevant authorities), the Company may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Members in general meeting, purchase its own shares. | Company may purchase its own shares |
| 71. | The Company shall not purchase its own shares unless: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 71.1. the Company is solvent at the date of the purchase and will not become insolvent by incurring the debts involved in the obligation to pay for the shares so purchased; 71.2. the purchase is made through the stock exchange on which the shares of the Company are quoted and in accordance with the relevant rules of the Stock Exchange; and 71.3. the purchase is made in good faith and in the interests of the Company. | Conditions for purchasing own shares |
| 72. | Notwithstanding Rule 71.2, the Company may purchase its own shares otherwise than through a stock exchange if the purchase is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 72.1 permitted under the relevant rules of the Stock Exchange; and 72.2 made in accordance with such requirements as may be determined by the Stock Exchange. | Purchase of own shares otherwise than through a stock exchange |

ALTERATIONS OF CAPITAL

73. 73.1. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution:
- Alteration of
capital by
Ordinary
Resolution
- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital, such that the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each subdivided share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the subdivided share is derived;
 - (b) convert all or any of its paid-up shares into stock and reconvert that stock into fully-paid shares;
 - (c) subdivide its shares or any of its shares, such that whatever is in the subdivision, the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each subdivided share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the subdivided share is derived. Any resolution whereby any share is subdivided may determine that, as between the holders of shares resulting from such subdivision, one or more of such shares may have such preferred or other special rights over, or may be given any preference or advantage as regards dividends, return of capital voting or otherwise over the other or others of such shares;
 - (d) increase its share capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amount as the resolution may prescribe; or
 - (e) subject to the provisions of this Constitution and the Act, convert and/or reclassify any class of shares into another class of shares.

73.2. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital in any manner authorised by the Act.

74. Anything done in pursuance of the last preceding Rule shall be done in the manner provided and subject to any conditions imposed by the Act so far as they shall be applicable, and so far as they are not applicable, in accordance with the terms of the resolution authorising the same, and so far as such resolution shall not be applicable, in such manner as the Directors deem most expedient.
- Alteration in
accordance with
conditions and
terms

INCREASE OF CAPITAL

75. The Company in general meeting may from time to time, increase its share capital by the creation of new shares, such new capital to be of such amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts and (subject to any special rights for the time being attached to any existing class of shares) to carry such preferential, deferred or other special rights (if any), or to be subject to such conditions or restrictions (if any), in regard to distribution, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the general meeting resolving upon such increase directs.
- Increase of
share capital

76. 76.1 Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in general meeting, any new shares or other convertible Securities proposed to be issued shall before they are issued be offered to such persons as are at the date of the offer entitled to receive notices from the Company of general meetings in proportion as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the amount of the existing shares or Securities to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares or convertible Securities offered and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and, after the expiration of that time or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares or convertible Securities offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares or convertible Securities in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise also dispose of any new shares or convertible Securities which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares or convertible Securities bear to shares or Securities held by the persons entitled to an offer of new shares or convertible Securities) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this Constitution.
- Issue of new shares to existing Members
- 76.2 Except so far as otherwise provided by or pursuant to the conditions of issue, any new share capital shall be considered as part of the original share capital of the Company, and shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise as the original share capital.
- New capital to be considered as part of the current share capital of the Company.

MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

77. Notwithstanding Rule 78 hereof, the repayment of preference share capital other than redeemable preference share capital, or any other alteration of preference shareholders' rights, shall only be made pursuant to a Special Resolution of the preference shareholders concerned, provided always that where the necessary majority for such a Special Resolution is not obtained at the meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of three-fourths of the preference share capital concerned within two (2) months of the meeting, shall be as valid and effectual as a special resolution carried at the meeting.
- Modifications of rights
78. If the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of that class may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied by a written consent representing not less than seventy five per centum (75%) of the total voting rights of the shareholders in that class, or by a Special Resolution passed by shareholders in that class sanctioning the variation.
- Variation of shareholders' rights
79. For the purposes of Rule 78:
- 79.1 any amendment of a provision contained in the Constitution for the variation of the rights attached to a class of shares or the rights of a

class of Members, or the insertion of any such provision into the Constitution, is itself to be treated as a variation of those rights; and

79.2 references to the variation of rights attached to a class of shares or the rights of a class of Members include an abrogation of those rights.

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| 80. | The provisions of the Act and this Constitution relating to general meetings shall apply to a meeting of holders of a class of shares convened to sanction a variation of class rights but the quorum shall be: | Quorum for sanctioning variation of class rights |
| 80.1 | for a meeting other than an adjourned meeting, two (2) persons present holding at least one-third (1/3) of the number of issued shares of that class, excluding any shares of that class held as treasury shares; and | |
| 80.2 | for an adjourned meeting, one (1) person present holding shares of such class. | |
| 81. | For the purposes of Rule 80, where a person is represented by a proxy or proxies, he is treated as holding only the shares held in respect of which the proxy or proxies are authorised to exercise voting rights. | Shareholders represented by proxy |
| 82. | At a variation of class rights meeting, any holder of shares of such class or any Member present in person or by proxy, as the case may be, may demand a poll. | Demanding a poll |
| 83. | A variation of class rights shall take effect in accordance with the Act. | Variation in accordance with the Act |
| 84. | The special rights conferred upon the holders of any shares or class of shares issued with preferred or other special rights shall not, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of such shares, as regards to participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or in all respects be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking <i>pari passu</i> therewith. | No variation of rights by issuance of new shares |

GENERAL MEETINGS

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| 85. | The Company shall hold a general meeting in every calendar year, which shall be held within six (6) months of the Company's financial year end and not more than fifteen (15) months after the last preceding Annual General Meeting, at such time and place as may be determined by the Directors, in addition to any other meetings held during that period, to transact the following business: | Annual General Meeting |
| 85.1. | the laying of audited financial statements and the reports of the Directors and auditors; | |
| 85.2. | the election of Directors in place of those retiring; | |
| 85.3. | the appointment and the fixing of the fees and benefits of Directors; and | |

- 85.4. any resolution or other business of which notice is given in accordance with the Act or this Constitution.
86. The above-mentioned general meeting shall be called an Annual General Meeting. All other meetings of Members shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. General Meetings
87. 87.1. A meeting of Members may be convened by: Convening of General Meetings
- (a) the Board; or
- (b) any Member holding at least ten per centum (10%) of the issued share capital of the Company.
- 87.2 The Directors shall call a meeting of Members once they receive a requisition to do so from Members representing at least ten per centum (10%) of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at meetings of Members of the Company excluding any paid up capital held as treasury shares.
- 87.3 The requisition referred to in Rule 87.2:
- (a) shall be in hard copy or electronic form;
- (b) shall state the general nature of the business to be dealt with at the meeting;
- (c) may include the text of a resolution that may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at the meeting; and
- (d) shall be signed or authenticated by the person making the requisition.
- 87.4 For purposes of Rule 87.2, the right of voting shall be determined as at 5.00 p.m. on the date the requisition is deposited with the Company.
- 87.5 The Directors shall:
- (a) call for the meeting within fourteen (14) days from the date of the requisition under Rule 87.2, and
- (b) hold the meeting on a date which is not more than twenty-eight (28) days after the date of the notice to convene the meeting.
- 87.6 If the request received by the Company identify a resolution intended to be moved at the meeting, the notice shall include the text of the resolution.
- 87.7 If the resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, the Directors shall be considered as not having duly called for the

meeting if the notice of the resolution is not given in accordance with Section 292 of the Act.

- 87.8 If the Directors are required to call a meeting of Members under Rule 87.2 and do not do so in accordance with Rule 87.5, the Members who requisitioned the meeting or any number of Members representing more than one half (1/2) of the total voting rights of all of the Members who requisitioned, may call for a meeting of Members. The meeting shall be convened by the Members on a date not more than three (3) months after the date on which the Directors received a requisition under Rule 87.2 to call for a meeting of Members. Such meeting shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are requisitioned to be convened by Directors of the Company.
- 87.9 Any reasonable expenses incurred by the Members requisitioning the meeting by reason of the failure of the Directors to call a meeting shall be reimbursed by the Company.
- 87.10 The Company may convene a meeting of Members at more than one venue using any technology or method that enables the Members of the Company to participate and to exercise the Members' right to speak and vote at the meeting. The main venue of the meeting shall be in Malaysia and the chairperson shall be present at the main venue
88. 88.1 Subject to any Applicable Law, the notices convening a meeting shall be given to all Members at least fourteen (14) days before the meeting or at the least twenty-one (21) days before the meeting where any Special Resolution is to be proposed or where it is an Annual General Meeting. The notice convening an Annual General Meeting shall specify the meeting as such, and the notice convening a meeting to pass a Special Resolution shall specify the intention to propose the resolution as a Special Resolution. At the same time as Members are notified, such notice shall be advertised in at least one nationally circulated Bahasa Malaysia or English daily newspaper and shall be sent to each stock exchange upon which the Company is listed. Provided that in respect of Deposited Securities:
- Notice of Meetings
- (a) the Company shall request the Central Depository in accordance with the Rules, to prepare a Record of Depositors to whom notices of general meetings or adjourned general meetings shall be given by the Company. Subject to Rule 44, the Record of Depositors requested under this Rule 88.1(a) when made available to the Company shall be treated as the final record of all Depositors who shall be deemed to be the registered holders of shares of the Company entitled to receive notice of the general meeting or adjourned general meeting;

- (b) the Company shall request the Central Depository in accordance with the Rules, to prepare a Record of Depositors as at the latest date which is reasonably practicable which shall in any event be not less than three (3) Market Days (or such other period specified by the Act, the Central Depositories Act, the Rules and/or the Central Depository) before the general meeting or adjourned general meeting; and
 - (c) Subject to Rule 44 and the Securities Industry (Central Depositories) (Foreign Ownership) Regulations, 1996 where applicable), a Depositor shall not be regarded as a Member entitled to attend any general meeting or adjourned general meeting and to speak and vote thereat by a person or proxy unless his name appears in the Record of Depositors requested for the purposes of such general meeting or adjourned general meeting.
- 88.2. An Annual General Meeting may be called by a notice shorter than the period specified in Rule 88.1 if agreed by all the Members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting.
- 88.3. A meeting of Members (other than an Annual General Meeting) may be called by a notice shorter than the period specified in Rule 88.1 if:
- (a) agreed to by the majority in number of Members entitled to attend and vote at the meeting; and
 - (b) the majority of Members specified in the Rule above hold not less than ninety-five per centum (95%) of the number of shares giving a right to attend and vote at the meeting.
- 88.4. Where special notice is required of a resolution under the Act, the resolution shall not be effective unless notice of intention to move such resolution is given to the Company at least twenty eight (28) days before the meeting at which it is to be moved. Where practicable, the Company shall give its Members notice of any such resolution in the same manner and at the same time as it gives notice of the meeting. Where it is not practicable to do so, the Company shall give notice of the resolution to the Members at least fourteen (14) days before the meeting by:
- (a) sending it personally or by post to the address provided by the Member to the Company for such purpose; or
 - (b) sending it in electronic form to the electronic address provided by the Member to the Company for such purpose; or
 - (c) advertising it in one widely circulated newspaper in Malaysia in the national language and one widely

circulated newspaper in Malaysia in the English language.

88.5. Notice of a meeting of Members must be given to every Member, Director, auditor of the Company and the Stock Exchange in any manner authorised by Rule 195. For the purposes of this Rule, the reference to a 'Member' includes any person who is entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member who, but for his death or bankruptcy, would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting and the Company has been notified of the person's entitlement in writing. Save as otherwise provided in these Rules or the Act, no other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.

88.6. Notice of a meeting of Members of the Company shall state:

- (a) the place, date and time of the meeting; and
- (b) the general nature of the business of the meeting and in the case of special business, shall be accompanied by a statement recording the effect of any proposed resolution in respect of such special business.

The notice of meeting of Members may include the text of any proposed resolution and other information as the Directors deem fit.

88.7. Notice of a meeting of Members shall:

- (a) be in writing and shall be given to the Members either in hard copy form, or in electronic form, or partly in hard copy and partly in electronic form in accordance with the provisions of Rule 195.
- (b) state prominently that:
 - (i) a Member shall be entitled to appoint one (1) or more persons as his proxy to exercise all or any of the Member's rights to attend, participate, speak and vote instead of the Member at a meeting of Members of the Company subject to the following provisions:
 - (1) save as provided for in Rule 88.7(b)(ii), the Act and any applicable law, each Member shall not be permitted to appoint more than two (2) proxies;
 - (2) where a Member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless the Member specifies the proportion of the Member's shareholdings to be represented by each proxy; and

- (ii) for the avoidance of doubt, and subject always to Rule 88.7(b)(i), the Act and any applicable law:
 - (1) there is no limit to the number of proxies which an Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds;
 - (2) an Authorised Nominee may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds to which shares in the Company are credited; and

88.8. Where notice of a meeting of Members is given by the Company by publishing on a website, the Company must notify a Member of the publication of the notice on the website and such notification shall be in writing and be given in hard copy or electronic form stating:

- (a) that it concerns a meeting of Members;
- (b) the place, date and time of the meeting; and
- (c) whether the meeting is an Annual General Meeting.

The notice shall be made available on the website from the date that notice is given under this Rule until the conclusion of the meeting.

88.9. In the case of joint-holders of a share, the notice, whether in hard copy or by electronic form, must be given to the joint-holder whose name appears first in the Register of Members.

88.10. When a meeting of Members is adjourned for thirty (30) days or more, notice of adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of the original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjourned meeting or the business to be transacted at such meeting.

88.11. The accidental omission to give notice of any meeting to or the non-receipt of the notice by any person shall not invalidate the proceedings at the meeting.

89.	89.1	Subject to any Applicable Law, the Directors or any agent of the Company so authorised by the Directors, may accept the appointment of proxy received by electronic communication on such terms and subject to such conditions as they consider fit. The appointment of proxy by electronic communication shall be in accordance with this Rule and shall not be subject to the requirements of Rule 111.	Appointment of proxy via electronic communication
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89.2. For the purposes of Rule 89, the Directors may require such reasonable evidence they consider necessary to determine:

- (a) the identity of the Member and the proxy; and
 - (b) where the proxy is appointed by a person acting on behalf of the Member, the authority of that person to make the appointment.
- 89.3. Without prejudice to Rule 89.1, the appointment of a proxy by electronic communication must be received at the electronic address specified by the Company in any of the following sources and shall be subject to any terms, conditions or limitations specified therein:
- (a) Notice calling the meeting;
 - (b) Instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting; or
 - (c) Website maintained by or on behalf of the Company.
- 89.4. An appointment of proxy by electronic communication must be received at the electronic address specified by the Company pursuant to Rule 89.3 not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the form of appointment of proxy proposes to vote, or in the case of a poll, not less than twenty four (24) hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 89.5 An appointment of proxy by electronic communication which is not made in accordance with this Rule shall be invalid.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 90. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting, and all that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting shall also be deemed special, with the exception of the declaration of dividends, the consideration of the accounts and balance sheets and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, and any other documents annexed to the balance sheets, the fixing of the Directors fees and benefits and the appointment and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors. Special business
- 91. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting. Three (3) Members present in person or proxy, or, in the case of corporations which are Members, present by their representatives appointed pursuant to these Rules, and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes. For the purposes of constituting a quorum, one (1) or more representatives appointed by a corporation shall be counted as one (1) Member or one (1) or more proxies appointed by a person shall be counted as one (1) Member. Quorum
- 92. The Company shall request the Central Depository in accordance with the CD Rules, to issue the General Meeting Record of Depositors. Subject to

the Securities Regulations (where applicable), a Depositor shall not be regarded as a Member entitled to attend any general meeting and to speak and vote thereat unless his name appears in the General Meeting Record of Depositors.

93. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the holding of a General Meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or such other day and at such other time and place as the Director may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Member or Members present shall be a quorum. Proceeding of quorum not present
94. If it appears to the chairman that the venue specified in the notice convening the meeting is inadequate to accommodate all Members entitled and wishing to attend, the meeting shall be duly constituted and its proceedings shall be valid if the chairman is satisfied that adequate audio-visual facilities are in place to ensure that a Member who is unable to be physically accommodated at the specified venue is able to: Accommodation of Members at meeting
- (a) reasonably participate in the business for which the meeting has been convened;
 - (b) hear and see all persons present who speak (whether by the use of microphones, loud-speakers, audio-visual communications equipment or otherwise), whether at the specified venue or elsewhere; and
 - (c) where such Member would be deemed to be present in person at the meeting, he shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum of the meeting accordingly.
95. The chairman (if any) of the Board or in his absence the deputy chairman of the Board shall preside as chairperson at every general meeting of the Company. If there is no such chairperson or deputy chairperson or if at any meeting the chairperson or the deputy chairperson is not present within fifteen minutes (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as chairperson, the meeting shall choose one Director to be chairperson, and if no Director is present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the meeting shall choose one Member present to be chairman. Chairman of general meeting
96. The chairman may, with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall if so directed by the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for thirty (30) days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the same manner as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, no Member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Chairman may adjourn meeting and notice of adjournment to be given

97. 97.1 Subject to Rule 104 below, at all General Meetings, resolutions put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands, unless before or upon the declaration of the resolution of the show of hands a poll be demanded: Voting on resolution and Demand for Poll
- (a) by the chairman;
 - (b) by at least three (3) Members present in person or by proxy;
 - (c) by any Member present in person or by proxy and representing not less than ten per centum (10%) of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (d) by a Member holding shares in the company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than ten per centum (10%) of the total paid up shares conferring that right.
- 97.2 Unless a poll be so demanded, a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried, a declaration by the chairperson that the resolution has been passed unanimously or with a particular majority or is lost, and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the proceedings shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
98. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a meeting shall be deemed also to confer authority to demand, or join in demanding a poll, and, for the purposes of the last preceding Rule, a demand by a person as proxy for a Member shall be the same as a demand by the Member. Authority of proxy to demand for a poll
99. If any votes shall have been counted which ought not to have been counted, or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it be pointed out at the same meeting or at any adjournment thereof and unless in the opinion of the chairman at the meeting or any adjournment thereof as the case may be, it shall be of sufficient importance to vitiate the result of the voting. Error in vote count
100. If a poll be demanded in manner aforesaid, it shall, subject to Rule 101, be taken at such time and place, and in such manner, as the chairman shall direct (including the use of ballot paper or voting papers or tickets), and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers for the purposes of a poll, and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the results of the poll. Taking of poll

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| 101. | Subject to Rule 97, a poll demanded on any question shall be taken either at once or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than thirty (30) days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded. | Time frame for taking poll |
| 102. | No poll shall be demanded on the election of a chairman of a meeting, or on any question of adjournment. | |
| 103. | The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business, other than the question for which a poll has been demanded. | Continuance of meeting of other business |
| 104. | For so long as the Company is Listed, and subject to the Listing Requirements: | Resolutions of listed issuer to be voted on by poll |
| 104.1 | any resolution set out in the notice of any general meeting, or in any notice of resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at any general meeting shall be voted on by poll; and | |
| 104.2 | the Company must appoint at least one (1) scrutineer to validate the votes cast at the general meeting. Such scrutineer must not be an officer of the Company or its related corporation, and must be independent of the person undertaking the polling process. If such scrutineer is interested in a resolution to be passed at the general meeting, the scrutineer must refrain from acting as the scrutineer for that resolution. | |

A declaration by the chairman of the meeting whether a resolution has, on a poll, been carried or lost, based on the poll results obtained, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

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| 105. | In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, as the case may be, shall have a second or casting vote. | Casting vote of chairman |
| 106. | 106.1. Subject to Rule 44 and any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at meetings of Members or classes of Members, each Member shall be entitled to be present at any general meeting of the Company either personally or by proxy or by attorney and to be reckoned in a quorum in respect of shares fully paid and in respect of partly paid shares where calls are not due and unpaid. | Voting Members or proxies |
| 106.2 | Subject to Rule 44 and any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached to any class or classes of shares by or in accordance with these Rules, on a show of hands every person present who is a Member or a Member's representative, or holder of preference shares or proxy or attorney shall have one (1) vote and in the case of a poll every Member, or holder of preference shares present in | |

person or by proxy or by attorney or other duly authorised representative shall have one vote for every share held by him upon which all calls due to the Company have been paid. Subject to Rule 44, the shares held or represented by a Member present in person or by proxy or by attorney or other duly authorised representative shall, in relation to shares of a Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Record of Depositors.

106.3 Where the capital of the Company consists of shares of different monetary denominations, voting rights shall be prescribed in such manner that a unit of capital in each class, when reduced to a common denominator, shall carry the same voting power when such right is exercisable.

106.4 On a poll taken at a meeting of Members, a Member entitled to more than one (1) vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses on a poll in the same way.

(a) A Member entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company, or at a meeting of any class of Members of the Company, shall be entitled to appoint one (1) or more persons as his proxy to exercise all or any of the Member's rights to attend, participate, speak and vote instead of the Member at a general meeting of Members subject to the following provisions:

(i) save as provided for in Rule 106.4(b)(ii), the Act and any applicable law, each Member shall not be permitted to appoint more than two (2) proxies;

(ii) where a Member appoints more than one (1) proxy, the appointment shall be invalid unless the Member specifies the proportion of the Member's shareholdings to be represented by each proxy.

(b) For the avoidance of doubt, and subject always to Rule 106.4(a):

(i) there is no limit to the number of proxies which an Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account (as defined in Rule 106.7) it holds;

(ii) an Authorised Nominee may appoint at least one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds to which shares in the Company are credited; and

- (iii) there shall be no restriction as to the qualification of the proxy. A proxy appointed to attend and vote at a meeting of a company shall have the same rights as the Member to speak at the meeting.
- 106.5 The appointment of a proxy to vote on a matter at a general meeting authorises the proxy to demand, or join in demanding, a poll on that matter.
- 106.6 Termination of a person's authority to act as proxy is upon the Company or the appointed share registrar of the Company receiving a notice of termination at least forty-eight (48) hours before the commencement of a meeting of Members or an adjourned meeting of Members.
- 106.7 Where a Member of the company is an Exempt Authorised Nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one securities account ("omnibus account"), there is no limit to the number of proxies which the Exempt Authorised Nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.
- 106.8 On a resolution to be decided on a show of hands, every Member who holds ordinary shares or preference shares who is personally present in person or by proxy shall have one (1) vote, and on a poll every Member who is present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall have one (1) vote on any question at any general meeting for every share held by such Member.
- 106.9 Any corporation which is a Member of the Company may in accordance with Section 333 of the Act, by resolution of its directors or other governing body, authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at a particular meeting or at all meetings of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member of the Company.
- 106.10 The authority given by a corporation to a representative may be for a particular general meeting or for all meetings of the Company. In the case of the latter, the person authorised shall be entitled to exercise his powers on behalf of the corporation until his authority is revoked by the corporation.
- 106.11 A certificate of authorisation by the corporation shall be prima facie evidence of the appointment or revocation of the appointment, as the case may be.

107. 107.1 A Member who is of unsound mind or whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee or by such other person as properly has the management of his estate and any such committee or other person may vote either personally or by proxy or attorney provided that such evidence as the Directors may require of the authority of the person claiming the right to vote shall be deposited at the registered office not less than four (4) days before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting. Vote of Members of unsound mind
- 107.2 The legal personal representative of a deceased Member or the person entitled under Rule 48 to any share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any Member may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he was registered as the holder of such share provided that forty eight (48) hours at least before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he proposes to vote he shall satisfy the Directors of his right to any share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of any Member unless the Directors shall have previously admitted his right to vote in respect thereof. Vote of legal personal representatives of Members
108. The joint holders of shares of the Company shall be considered as one (1) shareholder. Accordingly: Votes of joint holders of shares
- 108.1. if the joint holders purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as exercised in that way; or
- 108.2. if the joint holders do not purport to exercise the power in the same way, the power is treated as not exercised.
109. Subject to Rule 44 and any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached to any class or classes of shares by or in accordance with these Rules, a Member shall be entitled to be present and to vote at any general meeting in respect of any share or shares upon which all calls due to the Company have been paid and no Member shall be entitled to be present and vote at any general meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him in respect of shares in the Company have been paid. Voting allowed if shares have been paid up
110. No objection shall be raised as to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman at the meeting, whose decision shall be final and conclusive. Time objection for
111. 111.1 The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing or, if the appointor is a corporation, either under the corporation's seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. The Directors may, but shall not be bound to require evidence of the authority of any such attorney or officer. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll. Instrument proxy of

111.2 The Company shall be entitled and bound:

- (a) to reject any appointment of proxy if the Member is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Register of Members and/or subject to Rule 44 the Record of Depositors made available to the Company;
- (b) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy appointed by the Member is able to cast on a poll the aggregate number of shares which is entered:
 - (i) against the name of that Member in the Register of Members and/or subject to Rule 44 the Record of Depositors made available to the Company; or
 - (ii) in the case of a Member who is a Depositor and an authorised nominee, against the Securities Account number and name of the beneficial owner for whom the authorised nominee is acting as shown in the Record of Depositors made available to the Company whether that number is greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Member; and
- (c) ©where a Member of the Company is an authorised nominee, to accept the appointment of at least one (1) proxy in respect of each Securities Account it holds to which ordinary shares in the Company are credited. Each appointment of proxy by an authorised nominee may be made separately or in one instrument of proxy and shall specify the Securities Account number and the name of the beneficial owner for whom the authorised nominee is acting and where a Member of the Company is an exempt authorised nominee which holds ordinary shares in the Company for multiple beneficial owners in one Securities Account ('omnibus account'), to accept without limitation the number of proxies which the exempt authorised nominee may appoint in respect of each omnibus account it holds.

112. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe or approve. Form of proxy

113. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the registered office or at such other place as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote or, in the case of a poll, not less than Deposit of proxy

twentyfour (24) hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

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| 114. | A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy or attorney shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death or unsoundness of mind of the principal or revocation of the instrument of proxy, or of the authority which the instrument of proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the instrument of proxy is given provided that no intimation in writing of such death, unsoundness of mind, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office and/or at such other place as may be specified in the notice convening the meeting before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting (or in the case of a poll, before the time appointed for the taking of the poll) at which the instrument is used. | Validity of proxy |
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DIRECTORS

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| 115. | Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting, the Company shall have at least three (3) and not more than fifteen (15) Directors. Each Director must be a natural person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age. | Number and appointment of Directors |
| 116. | The Directors shall have power at any time to appoint any other person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Board, but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed by or in accordance with this Constitution. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting and shall be eligible for re-election at such meeting. A Director retiring under this Rule shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors or the number of Directors to retire by rotation at such meeting pursuant to Rule 131. | Directors' power to fill casual vacancies or appoint additional directors |
| 117. | The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto. Unless at that meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill the vacated office or a resolution for re-election of the Director retiring at that meeting is put to the meeting and lost or some other person is elected a Director in place of the retiring Director, the retiring Director shall, if offering himself for re-election and not being disqualified under the Act from holding office as a Director, be deemed to have been re-elected. A retiring Director shall be deemed to have offered himself for re-election unless he has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected. | When retiring Directors deemed re-elected |
| 118. | 118.1. A Director may appoint a person to act as his alternate provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) such person is not a director of the Company; (b) such person does not act as an alternate for more than one director of the Company; | Alternate Directors |

- (c) the appointment is approved by a majority of his co-directors; and
- (d) any fee paid by the Company to the alternate shall be deducted from that Directors' fees and benefits.

118.2 An Alternate Director shall (except as regards power to appoint an Alternate Director and fees and benefits) be subject in all respects to the terms and conditions existing with reference to the other Directors, and shall be entitled to receive notices of all general meetings and meetings of the Directors and to attend speak and vote and be counted for the quorum at any such meeting at which his appointor is not present.

118.3 Any appointment so made may be revoked at any time by the appointor or by a majority of the Directors, and any appointment or removal of an Alternate Director shall be by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Director or Directors making or revoking the appointment delivered to the Secretary of the Company.

118.4 An Alternate Director shall cease to be an Alternate Director if his appointor ceases to be a Director; but if a Director who is required to retire by rotation under this Constitution so retires and is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed, any appointment of an Alternate Director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment as if he had not retired.

118.5 Every person acting as an alternate Director shall be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him.

118.6 A Director shall not be liable for the acts and defaults of any Alternate Director appointed by him.

118.7 An Alternate Director shall not be taken into account in determining the minimum or maximum number of Directors required under this Constitution or the Act.

119. 119.1. Fees and benefits payable to directors shall be subject to annual shareholder approval at a general meeting provided always that:

Fees and benefits of Directors

- (a) fees payable to non-executive Directors shall be by way of a fixed sum, and not by way of a commission on or percentage of profits or turnover; and
- (b) any fee paid to an alternate Director shall be agreed upon between himself and the Director nominating him and shall be paid out of the remuneration of the latter.

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| 119.2 | The Directors may also be reimbursed for all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the Board or any committee of directors or general meetings of the Company or otherwise howsoever in connection with the business of the Company in the course of performing their duties as Directors. | Payment expenses | of |
| 119.3 | In case the Company be wound up for any reason or purpose whatsoever, a Director shall not be entitled to any compensation in respect of the period which elapses between the date of the said winding up and the date at which, if the Company has not been wound up, he would have retired under these Rules. | | |
| 119.4 | Fees and benefits payable to non-executive Directors shall be by a fixed sum, and not by a commission on or percentage of profits or turnover. Salaries payable to executive Directors may not include a commission on or percentage of turnover. | | |
| 119.5 | An Alternate Director shall not be entitled to receive any fees, compensation or benefits other than out of the fees and benefits of the Director who appointed him. | | |
| 120. | 120.1 The office of Director shall be vacated if the person holding that office: | Vacation Office of a Director | of |
| | (a) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; | | |
| | (b) has retired in accordance with this Constitution but is not re-elected; | | |
| | (c) is removed from office in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution; | | |
| | (d) becomes disqualified from being a director under sections 198 or 199 of the Act or Paragraph 15.05(1) of the Listing Requirements; | | |
| | (e) becomes of unsound mind or a person whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the Mental Health Act 2001; | | |
| | (f) dies; | | |
| | (g) is so removed by Ordinary Resolution at a general meeting; | | |
| | (h) has been absent from more than fifty per centum (50%) of the total number of meetings of the board of directors held from the date of his election or appointment to the end of any financial year of the Company (whether or not an Alternate Director appointed by him attended), unless otherwise exempted by the Stock Exchange on | | |

application by the Company;

- (i) is convicted of a criminal offence; or
- (j) is convicted by a court of law, whether within Malaysia or elsewhere, in relation to the offences set out in the requirements of the Stock Exchange.

If the office of a Director is vacated for any reason, he shall cease to be a member of any Committee or sub-Committee of the Board.

- 120.2 A Director of the Company shall not resign or vacate his office if by his resignation or vacation from office, the number of Directors of the Company is reduced below three (3). Any purported resignation or vacation of office by a Director in contravention of this Rule shall be deemed to be ineffective unless a person is appointed in his place.

MANAGING DIRECTOR

121. The Board may, from time to time, appoint one or more of its body to the office of managing director or Chief Executive or person(s) holding equivalent position(s) for such period and on such terms as the Board thinks fit and may revoke any such appointment. Appointment of Managing Director
122. The Board may entrust to and confer upon a managing director any of the powers exercisable by the Board upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as the Board may think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of the Board's own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of those powers. The managing director or a person holding an equivalent position shall be subject to the control of the board of directors. Powers of Managing Director
123. A managing director shall, subject to the Act and the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, receive such fees and benefits, whether by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly another, as the Board may determine. Fees and benefits of Managing Director

POWERS AND DUTIES OF DIRECTORS

124. The management and control of the business and affairs of the Company shall be vested in the Directors who in addition to the powers and authorities granted by this Constitution or otherwise expressly conferred upon them may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company and are not hereby or by the statutes or Listing Requirements expressly directed or required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the statutes and of this Constitution and to any regulations not being inconsistent with this Constitution from time to time made by the Company in general meeting provided that no regulations so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. Powers and duties of Directors

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| 125. | The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Rules) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him. | Power
Directors
to
appoint
attorneys
of the
Company |
| 126. | All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipt for money paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors may from time to time determine. | Signature
cheques
on
and
bills |
| 127. | The Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money or secure the payment of such money in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture stock of the Company, charged upon all or any part of the property of the Company (both present and future) including uncalled capital or by means of mortgages, bonds and dispositions in security or bonds of cash-credit, with or without power of sale, as the Directors shall think fit. If the Directors or any of them, or any other person, shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Directors may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or any part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or persons so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability. | Directors'
borrowing
powers |
| 128. | The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act, and particularly the provisions as to registration and keeping copies of mortgages and register of charges and other registers as required by the Act and entering all necessary particulars therein, and sending a copy thereof or a notification of any changes therein to the Registrar of Companies, and sending to such Registrar an annual return, together with the certificates and the particulars required by the Act notices as to increase of capital, returns of allotments and contracts relating thereto, copies of resolutions and agreements, and other particulars connected with the above. | Keeping
registers
of |
| 129. | 129.1. A Director who has an interest in a contract or proposed contract with the Company under Section 221 of the Act and/or the Listing Requirements:

<div style="margin-left: 20px;">(a) shall, if required under Section 221 of the Act, declare the nature of his interest in accordance with the said section; and</div> <div style="margin-left: 20px;">(b) subject to Section 222 of the Act and/or the Listing Requirements:</div> | Disclosure of
interest in
contracts,
proposed
contracts etc. |

- (i) shall not vote or participate in any discussion regarding the said contract or proposed contract (and if he has done so, his vote shall not be counted); and
- (ii) shall be counted only to make the quorum present at the meeting of the Board.

129.2 Subject to the Act and/or the Listing Requirements, Rule 129.1 shall not apply to:

- (a) any arrangement for giving to him any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or obligations undertaken by him for the benefit of the Company; or
- (b) any arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company for which he himself has assumed responsibility in whole or in part under a guarantee or indemnity or by the deposit of a security; or
- (c) any contract by him to subscribe for or underwrite shares or debentures of the Company; or
- (d) any contract or arrangement with any other company in which he is interested only as a director or other officer or creditor of or as a shareholder in or beneficially interested in the shares of the Company.

129.3. A Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company (other than the office of auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as, subject to any Applicable Law, the Directors may determine. No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any such other office or place of profit or as a vendor, purchaser or otherwise nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established provided always that relevant provisions of the Act and these Rules are complied with.

Director may hold any other office or place of profit

129.4. Any Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company, and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director, provided that nothing herein contained shall authorise a Director or his firm to act as auditor of the Company.

Right to payment for professional services

129.4. A Director, notwithstanding his interest may be counted in the quorum present at any meeting whereat he or any other Director is appointed to hold any executive office or other office or place of profit under the Company or whereat the Directors resolve to exercise any of the

rights of the Company (whether by the exercise of voting rights or otherwise) to appoint or concur in the appointment of a Director to hold any office or place of profit under any other company or whereat the terms of any such appointment are considered, and he may vote on any such matter other than in respect of his own appointment or the arrangement of the terms thereof.

129.5. The provisions in this Rule may at any time be suspended or relaxed to any extent and either generally or in respect of any particular contract, arrangement or transaction, and any particular contract, arrangement or transaction carried out in contravention of this Rule may be ratified by Ordinary Resolution of the Company.

130. Subject to the Act generally and Section 230 of the Act specifically, the Directors may procure the establishment and maintenance of or participate in or contribute to any non-contributory or contributory pension or superannuation fund or life assurance scheme for the benefit of, and pay, provide for or procure the grant donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances, benefits or emoluments to any persons (including Directors and other officers) who are or shall have been at any time in the employment or service of the Company or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or of the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary company, or the wives, widows, families or dependents of any such persons. The Directors may also procure the establishment and subsidy of or subscription and support to any institutions, associations, clubs, funds or trusts calculated to be for the benefit of any such persons as aforesaid or otherwise to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of its Members and payment for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscriptions or guarantees of money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object.

Pensions

RETIREMENT AND ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

131. 131.1. An election of Directors shall take place each year. At the first annual general meeting, all the Directors shall retire from office. At each annual general meeting in every subsequent year, one third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three (3) or a multiple of three (3), then the number nearest to one-third, shall retire from office PROVIDED ALWAYS that all Directors including Managing Director and Executive Directors shall retire from office once at least in each three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election. A retiring Director shall retain office until the close of the meeting at which he retires.

Election of
Directors

131.2. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between Directors of equal seniority, the Directors to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined from among them by lot.

132. No person not being a retiring Director shall be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting unless a Member intending to propose him has, at least eleven (11) clear days prior to the date of the

meeting, left at the registered office of the Company a notice in writing duly signed by the nominee, giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the office, or the intention of such Member to propose him for election; provided that in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election, nine (9) clear days' notice only shall be necessary, and notice of each and every candidature for election to the Board shall be served on the registered holders of shares at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting at which the election is to take place.

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| 133. | The Company in general meeting may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office. | Increase or reduce number of Directors |
| 134. | Except as otherwise authorised by Section 203 of the Act, the election or appointment of any person proposed as a Director shall be effected by a separate resolution and a single resolution purporting to elect or appoint two (2) or more persons to be Directors shall be ineffective and void. | Separate resolutions for appointment of Directors |
| 135. | Without prejudice to the provisions of Section 206 of the Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice is given remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in his place. The person so appointed shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he was appointed was last elected or appointed a Director. In default of such appointment the vacancy so arising may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy. | Removal of Directors before expiration of office |

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

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| 136. | The provisions of the Third Schedule of the Act shall not apply to the Company except so far as the same are repeated or contained in this Constitution. | Third Schedule excluded |
| 137. | The Directors may from time to time elect and remove a chairman and deputy chairman of the Board and determine the period for which they are respectively to hold office. The chairman so elected, or in his absence the deputy chairman, shall preside at all meetings of the Directors but if no such chairman or deputy chairman be elected, or if at any meeting the chairman or deputy chairman be not present within five (5) minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to act as chairman of such meeting. | Chairman |
| 138. | A Director, or if requested by a Director to do so, a Secretary, may convene a meeting of the Board by giving notice in accordance with Rule 195 below. | Convening of board meetings |
| 139. | A notice of a meeting of the Board shall be sent to every Director who is in Malaysia, and the notice shall include the date, time and place of the meeting and the matters to be discussed. Such notices shall be given in accordance with Rule 195. | |
| 140. | Any irregularity in the notice of meeting is waived if all Directors entitled to receive notice of the meeting attend the meeting without objection to the irregularity. | |

141. A meeting of the Board may be held either:
- Methods of holding meetings
- 141.1 by a number of Directors who constitute a quorum, being assembled together at the place, date and time appointed for the meeting; or
- 141.2 by means of instantaneous communication device or mode by which all Directors participating and constituting a quorum can simultaneously hear each other throughout the meeting; or
- 141.3 by a combination of both of the methods set out above.
142. Subject to any Applicable Law, the contemporaneous linking together by an instantaneous telecommunication device or mode, whether or not any Director (or his alternate) is out of Malaysia, shall be deemed to constitute a meeting of the Directors and all provisions of this Constitution relating to such meetings of the Directors shall apply to such meeting so long as the following conditions are met:
- 142.1 notice of meeting by radio, telephone, closed circuit television or other electronic means of audio or audio-visual communications or instantaneous telecommunication device has been given to the Directors;
- 142.2 each Director taking part in this meeting by radio, telephone, closed circuit television or other electronic means of audio or audio-visual communications or instantaneous telecommunication device or mode must be able to hear and/or see as the case may be, each of the other Directors taking part throughout the duration of the meeting;
- 142.3 at the commencement of the meeting, each Director acknowledges his presence for the purpose of the meeting to all of the other Directors taking part;
- 142.4 all information or documents pertaining to or circulated during the meeting must be made equally available to all Directors prior to or during the meeting.
143. A Director who intends to leave the meeting shall inform the chairman of the meeting prior to disconnecting his telecommunications device and a Director will be conclusively presumed to have been present and to have formed part of the quorum throughout the meeting unless he has informed the chairman of his departure.
144. 144.1. The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly entered in books provided for the purpose:
- Minutes
- (a) of all appointments of managers and secretaries.
- (b) of the names of all the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of Directors and of the Company in general meeting.

- (c) of all resolutions and proceedings of general meetings and of meetings of the Directors and committees of Directors.
- (d) of all orders made by the Directors and any committee of Directors.

144.2. Such minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting and if so signed, shall be conclusive evidence without any further proof of the facts thereon stated.

145. A meeting by the Directors conducted by instantaneous telecommunication device is deemed to be held at the place where the largest group of Directors participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is physically present.

146. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors shall be two (2). Quorum

147. No business may be transacted at a meeting of the Board if a quorum is not present.

148. The remaining Directors or a sole remaining Director may continue to act notwithstanding any vacancies in the Board but, if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with this Constitution, the remaining Directors or Director may except in an emergency, act only for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to such minimum number, or to summon a general meeting of the Company.

149. If at any time during a meeting of the Directors the quorum falls below the minimum number stated in Rule 146 above and a Board decision was made prior to the lack of quorum, that decision would still be valid notwithstanding that the quorum is insufficient.

150. Subject to Rule 129 above, every Director has one (1) vote. Voting

151. Subject to these Rules, questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes and subject to Rule 129 above, the chairman shall have a casting vote. However, where two (2) directors form a quorum, the chairman of a meeting at which only such a quorum is present, or at which only two (2) Directors are competent to vote on the question at issue shall not have a casting vote, whereupon, in the case of equality of votes, the status quo shall be maintained in respect of such matter or thing contained in the resolution as it stood immediately before the resolution was placed before the Board. The other business not affected by such resolution shall continue as usual.

152. A Director present at the meeting of the Board is presumed to have agreed to, and to have voted in favour of, a resolution of the Board unless he expressly dissents from or votes against the resolution at the meeting.

153. Where a resolution is passed at an adjourned meeting of the Board, the resolution shall, for all purposes, be treated as having been passed on the date on which it was in fact passed and shall not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date. Resolution passed at adjourned meeting

154. A resolution in writing signed by a majority of the Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Directors duly called and constituted provided that the signatories must include the chairman. All such resolutions shall be described as "Directors' Circular Resolutions" and shall be forwarded or otherwise delivered to the Secretary without delay, and shall be recorded in the Company's Minute Book. Any such resolution may consist of several documents in like form, each signed by one or more Directors or their alternates. The expressions "in writing" or "signed" include approval by legible confirmed transmission by facsimile or other forms of Electronic Communications. Resolution in writing
155. A resolution signed or assented to by a Director need not be signed or assented to by the Alternate Director, if any, appointed by him in that capacity and a resolution signed or assented to by an Alternate Director need not be signed or assented to by the Director who appointed him.
156. Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the Board may regulate its own proceedings. Other proceedings
157. The Directors may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in Malaysia or elsewhere, and may lay down, vary or annul such rules and regulations as they may think fit for the conduct of the business thereof, and may appoint any persons (whether or not a Director) to be members of any such committee or local board, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any such committee, local board, manager or agent any of these powers, authorities and discretion vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any such committee or local board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no persons dealings in good faith without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby. Power to establish committees etc
158. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two (2) or more members (whether or not a Director) shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by a regulation made by the Directors under the last preceding Rule. Meetings and proceedings of committees
159. A committee, local board or agency may elect a chairman of its meetings; if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting, the chairman is not present within thirty (30) minutes after the time appointed for holding of the meeting, the members present may choose one (1) of their number to be the chairman at the meeting. Chairman of committee
160. The Board may fix, determine and vary the powers, duties and remuneration of any person appointed as an associate director, but a person so appointed shall not have any right to attend or vote at any meeting of the Board except by invitation and with the consent of the Board.

VALIDATION OF ACTS OF DIRECTORS

161. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors or by any person acting as a Director, local board or agency shall notwithstanding it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they, or any of them were disqualified, or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of such committee, local board or agency as aforesaid and had been entitled to vote.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

162. 162.1 The Board may from time to time appoint any one (1) or more of their body to be the holder of any executive office or position (including but not limited to the office of Chief Executive, Managing Director, Joint Managing Director or Assistant Managing Director) for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit. Remuneration of executive officer
- 162.2 The appointment of any Director to an executive position under Rule 162.1 shall be subject to termination if he ceases from any cause to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 162.3 The Board may entrust to and confer upon such Director(s) appointed to an executive position under Rule 162.1, any of the powers exercisable by it upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit and *may* from time to time (subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case) revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers, provided always that the Chief Executive and/or the Managing Director shall be subject to the control of the Board.
163. The remuneration of the Director(s) appointed to an executive position under Rule 162.1 shall subject to the terms of any agreement entered into in any particular case, be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or otherwise or by any or all of these modes but such remuneration shall not include a commission on or percentage of turnover but it may be a term of their appointment that they shall receive pension, gratuity or other benefits upon their retirement. The remuneration of the Director(s) appointed to an executive position shall be determined by the Board and can either be in addition to or in lieu of his/their fee as a Director.

ASSOCIATE DIRECTORS

164. The Directors may from time to time appoint any person or persons to be an associate Director or associate Directors and may from time to time cancel any such appointments. The Directors may fix, determine and vary the powers, duties and remuneration of any person or persons so appointed and the number of associate Directors that the Company may have from time to time and at any time. Any person or persons so appointed shall not be required to hold any shares to qualify for appointment nor have any right to attend or vote at any meeting of Directors except by the invitation and with the consent of the Directors.

SECRETARY

165. The Secretary shall, in accordance with the Act, be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration, and upon such conditions as the Directors think fit and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them but without prejudice to any claim he or they may have for damages for breach of any contract of service with the Company. The Directors may from time to time by resolution appoint a temporary substitute for the Secretary who shall be deemed to be the Secretary during the term of his appointment.

THE SEAL

166. The Seal shall not be affixed to any instrument except by the authority of resolution of the Board or a committee of the Board and every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall, except in the case of certificates of title of shares, stock, debenture stock, debentures or any other form of security other than letters of allotment, be signed by two (2) Directors, or by one (1) Director and the Secretary, or by some other person appointed by the Directors.
167. The Company may also have a share seal pursuant to Section 63 of the Act. All forms of certificate for shares, stock or debenture stock or representing any other form of security other than letters of allotment shall be issued under the share seal and bear the autographic signatures of one or more Directors and the Secretary; provided that the Board may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or be affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.
168. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by Sections 62 and 63 of the Act and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.
169. The Company or the Directors on behalf of the Company may exercise the powers conferred by the provisions of the Act with regard to having official seals for use abroad and the powers conferred by the provisions of the Act with regard to the keeping of a branch Register.

The custody and the affixing of the Seal

Power to have official seal for use abroad

DISTRIBUTIONS AND RESERVE FUND

170. 170.1. Subject to the Act, the Company may make a dividend distribution to its shareholders out of profits of the Company provided that the Company is solvent.
- 170.2. Before a dividend distribution is made by the Company to any shareholder, such distribution must be authorised by the Directors. The Directors may authorise a distribution at such time and in such

Dividend distributions payable only if Company solvent

amount as they consider appropriate, if they are satisfied that the Company will, in accordance with the Act, be solvent immediately after the distribution is made.

- 170.3. If after a dividend distribution is authorised and before it is made, the Directors cease to be satisfied on reasonable grounds that the Company will be solvent immediately after the distribution is made, the Directors shall take all necessary steps to prevent the distribution from being made.
- 170.4. The Directors may fix the time that a dividend distribution is payable and the method of payment. A distribution can be paid in cash, by the issue of Securities, by the grant of options and by the transfer of assets to a shareholder.
171. Subject to the rights of persons (if any) entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividend distributions shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares in respect of which the distribution is paid, but no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purposes of this Rule as paid on the share. All distributions shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid on the shares during any part or parts of the period in respect of which the distribution is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for distribution as from a particular date, such share shall rank for distribution accordingly. Payment of distributions
172. The Directors may if they think fit from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company. If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes the Directors may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Directors act bona fide they shall not incur any responsibility to the holder of shares conferring any preferential rights for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights. The Directors may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by them any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if they are of the opinion that the profits justify the payment. Interim dividends
173. 173.1. The Directors may deduct from any dividend payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) immediately payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company held by him. Power to retain dividends
- 173.2. The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share other than fully paid shares on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.

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| 174. | Without prejudice to the powers of the Company to pay interest on share capital as hereinbefore provided, any dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of any share shall not bear interest against the Company. | Dividends shall not bear interest |
| 175. | <p>175.1. Subject to the provisions of this Act where any asset, business or property is bought by the Company as from a past date upon the terms that the Company shall as from that date take the profits and bear the losses thereof, such profits or losses as the case may be, shall, at the discretion of the Directors, be credited or debited wholly or in part to revenue account, and in that case the amount so credited or debited shall, for the purpose of ascertaining the fund available for dividend, be treated as a profit or loss arising from the business of the Company and available for dividend accordingly.</p> <p>175.2. Subject as aforesaid, if any Securities are purchased cum dividend or interest such dividend or interest when paid may at the discretion of the Directors be treated as revenue and it shall not be obligatory to capitalise the same or any part thereof.</p> | Asset, business or property bought by the Company |
| 176. | The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a Member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same. | Power to retain dividends in respect of transmission of shares |
| 177. | All dividends unclaimed for one (1) year after having been declared may be disposed of in accordance with the provisions of the Unclaimed Moneys Act, 1965. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof and any dividend unclaimed. | Unclaimed dividends |
| 178. | A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared on such shares before the registration of the transfer provided that any dividend declared on Deposited Securities shall accrue to the Depositors whose names appear on the Record of Depositors issued to the Company or the Company's Registrar pursuant to the Rules for the purposes of determining the Depositors who are entitled to the dividend declared. | Transfer does not affect right to dividend declared before registration |
| 179. | The receipt of a single person appearing in the Register of Members and/or the Record of Depositors to be the holder of any shares and where several persons appear in the Register of Members or to the extent permissible under the Central Depositories Act and the Rules, in the Record of Depositors to be the joint-holders of any shares the receipt of any one of such joint-holders shall be a sufficient discharge to the Company for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of such shares. | Receipt of dividends |
| 180. | Any dividend or other sum payable by the Company in respect of a share may be paid by fund transfer system or other similar means, or by cheque or warrant sent by post addressed to the holder at his registered address as it appears in the Register of Members or the Record of Depositors or, in | Payment procedure |

the case of joint-holders, addressed to the holder whose name stands first in the Register of Members in respect of the shares at his address as it appears in the Register of Members or addressed to such person and at such address as the holder or joint-holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or warrant shall, unless the holder or joint-holders otherwise direct, be made payable to the order of the holder or, in the case of joint-holders, to the order of the holder whose name stands first in the Register or the Record of Depositors in respect of the shares, and shall be sent at his or their risk and payment of the cheque or warrant by bank on which it is drawn shall constitute a good discharge to the Company. In addition, any such dividend or other sum may (subject to any restrictions which may be imposed by applicable law) be paid by any bank or other funds transfer system or such other means and to or through such person as the holder or joint-holders may in writing direct, and the Company shall have no responsibility for any sums lost or delayed in the course of any such transfer or where it has acted on any such directions. Any one (1) of two (2) or more joint-holders may give effectual receipts for any dividends or other moneys payable or property distributable in respect of the shares held by them. Where a person is entitled by transmission to a share, any dividend or other sum payable by the Company in respect of the share may be paid as if he were a holder of the share and his address noted in the Register of Members or Record of Depositors were his registered address.

181. Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may upon the recommendation of the Directors, direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets, and in particular of paid-up shares or debenture or debenture stock of any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payment shall be made to any Members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustee upon such trusts for the persons entitled to the dividend as may seem expedient to the Directors. No distribution, settlement, arrangement or adjustment so made by the Directors shall be questioned by any Member.

Payment of dividend in specie

182. The Directors may, before recommending any distribution, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as they think proper as a reserve fund or reserve funds, which shall at the discretion of the Directors be applicable for meeting contingencies, or for repairing or maintaining any works connected with the business of the Company, or for distribution by way of special distribution or bonus, or for such other purposes for which the profits of the Company may lawfully be applied as the Directors may think expedient in the interests of the Company, and pending such application the Directors may employ the sums from time to time so set apart as aforesaid in the business of the Company or invest the same in such Securities, other than the shares of the Company, as they may select. The Directors may also from time to time carry forward such sums as they may deem expedient in the interests of the Company.

Reserve fund of the Company

183. The Directors may establish a reserve to be called either “capital reserve” or “realisation account” and shall either carry to the credit of such reserve from time to time all moneys realised on the sale of any investments held by the Company in excess of the then book price of the same or apply the same in providing for depreciation or contingencies. Such capital reserve or realisation account and all other moneys in the nature of accretion to capital, whether on sale of investments held, or otherwise, shall be treated for all purposes as capital moneys and not as profits available for distribution. Any losses realised on the sale of any investments may be carried to the debit of capital reserve or realisation account except in so far as the Directors shall decide to make good the same out of other funds of the Company.
184. The Directors shall be at liberty to invest any sums carried to any reserve account or accounts upon such investments as they think fit, other than shares of the Company, and from time to time deal with and vary such investments and dispose of all or any part thereof for the benefit of the Company (save as hereinbefore provided) and to divide the ordinary reserve account or accounts into such special accounts as they think fit with full power to employ the assets constituting the ordinary reserve account or accounts in the business of the Company.
185. Every distribution warrant may, unless otherwise directed, be sent by post to the last registered address of the Member entitled thereto, and the receipt of the person whose name at the date of the declaration of the distribution appears on the register of Members as the owner of any share, or, in the case of joint holders, or any one of such joint holders, shall be a good discharge to the Company for all payments made in respect of such share. No unpaid distribution or interest shall bear interest as against the Company.

Capital reserve
or realisation
account

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES, ETC

186. The Company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution provided that such sum be not required for paying the dividends on any shares carrying a fixed cumulative preferential dividend and accordingly that such sum be set free for distribution amongst the Members who would have been entitled thereto if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such Members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such Members in the proportion aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
187. Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Directors shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Directors to make

Capitalisation on
recommendation
of Directors

Appropriations
and allotments

such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the Members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or (as the case may require) for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised of the amounts or any part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such Members.

ACCOUNTS AND RECORDS

188. The Directors shall cause proper accounts and records to be kept. Directors to keep proper accounts
- The accounts and records shall be kept at the office, or at such other place as the Directors shall think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.
189. The Directors shall from time to time determine whether, in any particular case or class of cases, or generally, and to what extent, and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and records of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of Members, and no Member (not being a Director) shall have any rights of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Act or authorised by the Directors or by a resolution of the Company in general meeting. Inspection of books by Members
190. The Board shall: Financial statements to be made-up and laid before the Company
- 190.1. prepare or cause to be prepared financial statements in accordance with the requirements of the Act;
- 190.2. cause the financial statements to be audited;
- 190.3. cause the audited financial statements and reports relating thereto to be sent at least twenty-one (21) days (or such shorter period agreed by all the Members entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting) before the date of the Annual General Meeting of the Company, to:
- (a) every Member;
 - (b) every person who is entitled to receive notice of general meetings of the Company;
 - (c) every auditor of the Company; and
 - (d) every debenture holder of the Company upon request being made to the Company,

in accordance with Rule 195 and the requisite number of copies shall at the same time be forwarded to the Stock Exchange upon which the Company's shares are listed, and

190.4. cause the audited financial statements and reports to be laid before the Annual General Meeting of the Company.

AUDIT

191. Auditors of the Company shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with Section 266 and Sections 271 to 287 of the Act. The Auditors' report to the Members made pursuant to the statutory provisions as to audit shall be open to inspection by any Member who shall be entitled to be furnished with a copy of the balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) and the Auditors' report in accordance with Section 266 of the Act.

Appointment of auditors and auditors' report

LANGUAGE

192. Where any accounts, minute books or other records required to be kept by the Act are not kept in Bahasa Malaysia or the English language, the Directors shall cause a true translation of such accounts, minute books and other records to be made from time to time at intervals of not more than seven (7) days and shall cause such translation to be kept with the original accounts, minute books and other records for so long as the original accounts, minute books and other records are required by the Act to be kept.

Accounts to be kept in English or Malay language

DESTRUCTION OF DOCUMENTS

193. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which shall have been registered at any time after a reasonable time from the date of registration thereof, and all share certificates and dividend mandates which have been cancelled or have ceased to have effect at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of cancellation or cessation thereof, and all notifications of change of name or address after the expiration of one year from the date they were recorded, and in favour of the Company it shall conclusively be presumed that every entry in the Register of Members which purports to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid certificate duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company provided that:
- (a) the foregoing provisions of this Rule shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without express notice that the preservation of such document was relevant to a claim;
 - (b) nothing contained in this Rule shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances

Power to destroy instruments of transfer etc.

which would not attach to the Company but for the provisions of this Rule; and

- (c) reference in this Rule to the destruction of any document include references to its disposal in any manner.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

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| <p>194.</p> | <p>Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Directors and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and, where any books, records, documents or accounts are kept elsewhere other than in the Office, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid.</p> | <p>Authentication of documents</p> |
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NOTICES, DOCUMENTS AND OTHER COMMUNICATION

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| <p>195.</p> | <p>Notice of general meetings of the Company and of meetings of the Board and any other communication between the Company and the Members and/or its Directors, including matters relating to resolutions, supply of information or documents or otherwise whether for the purposes of complying with the Act, the Listing Requirements or otherwise may be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) in hard copy;(b) in electronic form; or(c) partly in hard copy and partly in electronic form. | <p>Notice of general meetings and meetings of the Board</p> |
| <p>196.</p> | <p>A communication in hard copy shall be valid if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">196.1. sent to the Company through the post at the registered office; or196.2. served on the Member or Director personally, or, by sending it through the post at the last known address. | <p>Communication in hard copy</p> |
| <p>197.</p> | <p>A communication in electronic form shall be valid if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">197.1. sent to the Company at an Electronic Address provided for that purpose; or197.2. sent to the Member or Director by Electronic Communication at the last known Electronic Address provided; or197.3. served on a Member by means of publication on the Company's website provided that a notification of the publication of the notice or document on the website has been given in accordance with the Act and the Listing Requirements; or | <p>Communication in electric form</p> |

- 197.4. using any other electronic platform maintained by the Company or third parties that can host the information in a secure manner for access by Member provided that a notification of the publication or availability of the notice or document on the electronic platform via hardcopy or electronic mail or short messaging service has been given to them accordingly.
198. A communication partly in hard copy and partly in electronic form shall include the sending of any communication by any means while in electronic form. This shall include:
- 198.1. the sending to the Company through post at the registered office; or
- 198.2. the service on the Member or Director either personally or through the post at the last known address,
- of any notice or communication contained in electronic form such as CD-ROM, thumb drive or any other equipment or device used for the storage of data.
199. The address (including Electronic Address):
- 199.1. of a Member appearing in the Record of Depositors or Register of Members; or
- 199.2. of a Director appearing in the Register of Directors; or
- 199.3. provided by the Member or the Director to the Company for purposes of communication with him,
- shall be deemed as the last known address of the Member or Director for purposes of communication including but not limited to service of notices and/or documents to the Member or Director respectively.
200. A communication by hard copy shall be deemed to be served by the Company to a Member on the day the prepaid letter, envelope or wrapper containing such notice or document is posted. In providing service by post, a letter from the Secretary certifying that the letter, envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was addressed and posted to the Member shall be sufficient to prove that the letter, envelope or wrapper was so addressed and posted.
201. A communication in electronic form sent to the Director or Member by Electronic Communication shall be deemed to be served upon transmission of the same to the Electronic Address of the addressee provided that the Company has record of the electronic communication being sent and does not receive an automated delivery failure notice after the communication has been transmitted.
202. A communication by means of publication on a website shall be deemed to be served upon when the material was first made available on the website provided that a notification of the publication of the notice or document on

Communication partly in hard copy and partly in electric form

Last known address

Communication by hard copy deemed served

Communication in electronic form deemed served

Communication by publication on website deemed served

the website has been given in accordance with the Act and the Listing Requirements.

203. A communication via electronic platform maintained by the Company or third parties shall be deemed to be served on the date the notice or document is first made available thereon provided that the notification on the publication or availability of the notice or document on the relevant electronic platform has been given in accordance with the Act and the Listing Requirements.
204. A Member or Director who has no registered address within Malaysia and has not supplied to the Company an address within Malaysia for purposes of communication with him shall not be entitled to receive any notice or documents or communication through the post (whether in hard copy and/or electronic form) from the Company.

WINDING UP

205. The Company may only be wound up voluntarily by Special Resolution. If the Company is wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution, divide amongst the Members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (whether they consist of property of the same kind or not) and may for that purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how the division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of any such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the Members as the liquidator, with the like sanction, thinks fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any Securities whereon there is any liability.
- Distribution of assets upon winding up

Save that this Rule shall be without prejudice to the rights of holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions, the following provisions shall apply:

- 205.1. If the Company is wound up and the assets available for distribution among the Members are insufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital, such assets shall be distributed in such manner that reflects as closely as practical, so that as nearly as may be the losses borne by the Members in proportion to the capital paid up or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up on the shares held by them respectively; and
- 205.2. If in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the Members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the paid up capital at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed among the Members in proportion to the paid up capital or which ought to have been paid up, at the commencement of the winding up, on the shares held by them respectively.

SECRECY CLAUSE

206. Save as may be provided by the Act, no Member shall be entitled to enter into or upon or inspect any premises or property of the Company nor to require discovery of any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading, manufacturing or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors, it would be inexpedient in the interest of the Members of the Company to communicate to the public.
- Members not entitled to information of the Company

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

207. Subject to any Applicable Law, every Director, Auditors, Secretary and other officers (as defined in the Act) for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred or sustained by him in or about the execution of his duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto, and the Company may effect insurance for such persons against such liability.
- Indemnity and insurance in favour of officers and auditors of the Company

EFFECT OF LISTING REQUIREMENTS

208. The effect of the Listing Requirements shall be as follows:
- 208.1. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Constitution, if the Listing Requirements prohibit an act being done, the act shall not be done.
- 208.2. Nothing contained in this Constitution prevents an act being done that the Listing Requirements require to be done.
- 208.3. If the Listing Requirements require an act to be done or not to be done, authority is given for that act to be done or not to be done (as the case may be).
- 208.4. If the Listing Requirements require this Constitution to contain a provision and it does not contain such a provision, this Constitution is deemed to contain that provision.
- 208.5. If the Listing Requirements require this Constitution not to contain a provision and it contains such a provision, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision.
- 208.6. If any provision of this Constitution is or becomes inconsistent with the Listing Requirements, this Constitution is deemed not to contain that provision to the extent of the inconsistency.
- Effects of the Main Market Listing Requirements on this Constitution

COMPLIANCE

209. 209.1. Notwithstanding these Rules, the Company shall comply with all Applicable Laws in respect of all matters where applicable.
- 209.2. If any of the Rules in this Constitution is inconsistent with or in breach of any Applicable Law, then:
- (a) that Rule shall be read down to the extent necessary to comply with the provisions of the Applicable Law; and
 - (b) that Rule or those portions thereof which are inconsistent with or in breach of any provision of the Applicable Law shall be struck out and deemed not to form part of this Constitution.